#### TERMS:

The Comercen is published every Monday morning, by HENRY J. STABLE, at \$1 75 per annum if paid strictly in advance-\$2 00 per annum if not paid in advance. No subscription discontinued. unless at the option of the publisher, until all arrearages are paid.

ADVECTIONARY inserted at the usual rates Jos Painting done with neatness and dis

Orrica in South Biltimore street, directly opposite Wamplers' Tinning Establishment-"COMPILER" on the righ.

## Valuable Real Estate

T PUBLIC SALE.—The subscribers, Ex-ecutors of John Millers, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, on Thursday, the 27th day of September next the following valuable Real Estate of said decedent, viz:
THE MANSION FARM, situate in Reading township, Adams county, Pa., adjoining lands of Jacob Smith, Benjamin Malana, Michael and Peter Harbolt, and others, containing 169 Acres, more or less, with a sufficiency of first-rate

mostly of chesnut rails. It is one of the most productive Farms in the county.—
The improvements consist of a Two-story BRICK HOUSE, new Two-story Brick Back-building, large Bank Barn, Wagon Shed and Corn Crib, Carriage House, large Hop Pen. Spring House, Smoke House, and Dry House, and all other ne. Carriage House, large Hog Pen. Spring House, townstatrond, containing 130 Acres, more or Smoke House, and all other necessary out-buildings; two springs of never-fuling water convenient to the buildings, also a well, with a pump in it, in the barn yard; an excellent Apple Orchard, not excelled in the township, with other fruit, such as peaches, pears and cherries. There is a never-failing Shed, Corn Crib, Spring House, and all other greens of water through the farm.

Myers, and others, containing 44 Acres, more wishing to view the property are requested to or less-about 15 acres being Woodland. The call on the subscriber, residing thereon. running water through it.
On Friday, the 23th day of September nert, will

be offered, on the premises, A TRACT OF CHESNUT TIMBERLAND, estuate in Huntingston township, Adams county, adjoining lands of John Bream. Smith's heirs, and others, containing 5 Acres and 94 Perches. The tract is well covered with first-rate rail timber. Persons wishing to view either of the

terms made known by ADAM MELLER, SOLOMON MILLER, ADAM C. MILLER, Aug. 27, 1860. ts\*

· Executors.

## Public Sale.

deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the There is also on the farm a new and substan-premises, on Saturday, the 29th day of September that LIME KILN, with plenty of Lime Stone.first-rate Mendow and Timberland. The farm is in excellent cultivation, and good fencing.

The improvements are a large Two-story Brick Delling HOUSE, Large Tresiding on the farm.

Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib.

a pump in it; an Apple Orchard of choice fruit. Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call on the last named Administrator, residing on the premises. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M on said day, when attendance will be given and

OCTAVIUS CREEGER, JOSEPH M. CREEGER, Admirs. Br the Court-II. G. Wolv, Cierk.

#### Aug. 27, 1860. ts Register's Notice.

OTICE is hereby given to all legatees and he presented at the Orphan's Court of Adams

Hildebrand and Abner S. Hildebrand, Admin-istrators of the estate of William Hildebrand, deceased.
215. The first and final account of Jucob

Mundorff, Jr., Executor of the last will and testiment of Jacob Mundorff, deceased, settled by Adam Rebert and Charles B. Polley, Administrators of the estate of Jacob Mundorn, Jr. 216. Account of Incob Mundorst. Jr., tests-

mentary Trustee, under the Will of Jacob ff, Sr., deceased, for John Mundoeff and 818 Market St.,) Im-Mary Middlecoff, (afterwards Mary Albert) and porter, Manufacturer her children, settled by Adam Rebert and of and Dealer in all Charles B. Polley, Administrators of Jacob Mundorff, Jr., deceased.

217. The first account of Rufus Duttra, Administrator of Geo. W. Bittinger, deceased.

Store, 718 Arc.

ministrator of Geo. n. Description of David
118. The first and final account of David
Clapsaddle, Executor of the last will an i testament of Elizabeth Clapsaddle, late of Mountjoy
cownship, deceased.

Clapsaddle, Principle of Mountjoy
cownship, deceased.

Krise and John Musselman, Administrators of the estate of Christian Shully, deceased.
120. The first and final account of Samuel R. Russel, Administrator of the estate of Wm. G. Seitz, deceased.
ZACHARIAH MYERA 2:1ister. Register's Office, Gettys-burg, Aug. 27, 1860.

A Chance POR A SAFE AND PROFITABLE INVEST-MENT.—WARREN'S PATENT COM Planter, patented by D. WARREN. This is an agricultural implement which on account of its durability, simplicity and cheapness, will be generally adopted by Farmers. With it one man can do the work of three. Before a patent was procured it was thoroughly tested by a number of Farmers and in every instance gave perfect satisfaction. State, County and Township Hights for sale. Enterprising men can realize handsome profits by purchasing States or Counties and canvassing. Apply personally to township—the tracts adjoining each other.—
D. Warren and George E. Bringman. Com—
The land is in a good state of cultivation, and munications addressed to George E. Bringman, the fencing good. The improve-

1860. Fresh Spring Goods. 1860 HATS AND CAPS.—R. F. McILHENY David McMillan, Mrs. Shultz, John H. McClel-the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity to his lic lane. large and complete stock of Hats and Caps, | which he has just opened, embracing nearly said day, watch are covery variety of style now in the market, conterns made known by

EPHRAIM HANAWAY. which he has just opened, embracing nearly said day, when attendance will be given and sisting in part of Men's No. 1 Silk Hats, Men's broad-rim Russia Hats, Men's Felt and Soq Hats, Men's Scamless Caps, Boy's Soft and Wool Hats. Also, a gre and superior stock of STRAW GOODS, comprising Men's Straw, Leghorn and Panama Hats, Misses' and Infants' Hats, Flats, Bloomers and Shaker Hoods, all of the latest and most fashionable styles. Those wishing to save money and buy cheap will do well by calling op-bim before purchasing else-where, as he is selling very low for cash. April 23, 1860. R. F. McILHENY.

CALL AT A. SCOTT & SON'S and see the PATENT SELF-SEALING, SELF-TESTING, AIR-THEF FRUIT CANS and JARS, which are the most reliable and convenient vessels for preserving Fruits and Vegetables of all kinds which can be proven by the most reliable testi-

LARGE variety of fancy and plain Oval

Gilled Frames always on hand at the GUN COMBS, Gum II ir Pins, Gum Sleeve
Holders, all very cheap, at H. G. CARRS.

# THE COMPILER

A Democratic, Gews and Lamily Journal.

By H. J. STAHLE.

"TRUTH IS MIGHTY, AND WILL PREVAIL."

TWO DOLLARS A-YEAR.

## 42<sup>ND</sup> YEAR.

## GETTYSBURG, PA.: MONDAY, SEPT. 24, 1860.

## A Rare Chance!

wego township. Adams county, Pa., adjoining lands of Heirs of Jacob eller, deceased, and others, one mile from Hanover and the dame distance from M. Sherrystown, along the Littles-town Railroad, containing 130 Acres, more or

stream of water through the farm.

Also. A TRACT OF LAND, adjoining the of water at the buildings, and a young bearing Mansion Farm, containing 10 Acres, more or Apple Orchard, with other fruit, such as peach-less, about 3 neres being in timber. The im-es, pears, plums and chegries. The farm is we'll Friends' and Tom's creeks both pass through provements are a Two-story BRICK HOUSE, and Potter Shop—both new.

Also, A TRACT OF LAND, situate in the same township, adjoining lands of Adam Brown, George Gromer, George Fissel, William Chance to purchase is rarely offered. Persons

Myers, and others, containing 44 Acres, more wishing to view the property are requested to

cleared land has been well limed—granite soil. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on There is a good spring on the property and said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by MARCUS WORTZ. Aug. 27, 1860. 1:\*

#### A Limestone Farm

A T PUBLIC SALE.—The subscriber will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, on Tuesday, the 25th of September inst., the following described valuable property, viz:

A LIMESTONE FARM, situate in Hamilton-han top public Adams of the state o three first-mentioned properties are requested to call at the mansion house; and to view the chesnut timberland Mr. John Bream may be called upon.

Sole\_to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., and Meadow. The farm is in a good state on said days, when attendance will be given and the farm is in a good fencing. A state of cultivation and under good fencing.

or cultivation and under good fencing. A never-failing stream of water passes through the tract, making it very desirable for pasturing. The improvements are a Two-story LOG HOUSE, with Kitchen attached. Double Log Barn, new Wagon Shed and Corn Crib, Spring House Smoke House, large Hog N pursuance of an Order of the Orphan's and other out-buildings; a well of never-fail-Court of Adams county, the subscribers, Ad-ministrators of the estate of Joseph Cherger, chard, with other fruit.

next, the following valuable Real Estate, viz: The Lime-burning business has been carried A FARM, situate in Freedom township. Adams on on this Farm for a number of years, always ounty, on the Emmitsburg road, about Guiles with profit; and as the body of Lime Stone Persons desiring to view the property

are requested to call on the subscriber, at the Lime Fictory, in Gettysburg, or on the family. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M.,

and all other necessary out-buildings: three, on said day, when attendance will be given and never-failing springs of water, also a well with terms made known by GEORGE C. CRASS. Sept. 3, 1860. ts

> A Tract of Land, T PUBLIC SALE.—The subscriber, Executor of Phona Pinnson, deceased, will sold on said day, it will be for Rent.
> offer at Public Sale, on the premises, on Satur-

A TRACT OF LAND, situate in Latimore township. Adams county, adjoining lands of adjoining lands of Abraham Spangler, Isaac Wm. F. Bonner, Michael Lear, and others, con- Lightner, Esq., and others, containing 11 Acres, taining 33 ACRES, more or less, fully one in if more or less. This tract is for the most part being well-covered with Chesnut, and White, thickly covered with young and thriving chesother persons concerned that the Ad 111-istriction accounts herefasher mentioned will good surjug on the tract. good springs on the tract.

Persons wishing to view the property

county for confirmation and allowance, on are requested to call on the undersigned, or on Tuesday, the 25th of September next, at 10 o'clock, John A. Spesiman, in Petersburg. The tract terms made known by Will be offered together or in parts, as may best will be offered together or in parts, as may best suit purchasers.

3ARON SHEELY, JAMES Mell.VAIN, Sale to commence at I o'clock, P. M., on

said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by ISAAC E. WIERMAN, Executor.

#### Ladies' One Price HANCY FUR STORE!-JOHN FAREIRA, No. 718 Arch St., between 7th and 8th Sts.,

Philadelphia, (late of kinds of FANCY FURS. Having re-Store, 718 Arch St.,

I have marked at the

lowest possible prices consistent with a reasonable profit. I would solicit a visit from those in want of Furs for either Ladies' or Cuildrens' Wear, and an inspection of my selection of those goods, satisfied, as I am, of my ability to please in every desired essential.

Persons at a distance, who may find it inconvenient to call personally, need only name the article they wish, together with the price, and instructions for sending, and forward the order to my address-money accompanyingto insure a satisfactory compliance with their perches. This tract will be sold entire or in [Sept. 3, 1800. 3m

## Desirable Property

A T PUBLIC SALE.—The subscriber, intending to remove into town, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, on Saturday, the 6th day of October aczt, THE PROPERTY he now occupies, situated on the Getty-burg borough line, 8 acres and 36 perches being within the nt Gettysburg, Pa., containing postage stamp, will receive attention.

Agents wanted in every County and [July 9 1860. tf]

Link 9 1860. tf

Brick Back-building, Wash House, the property of the state of the property of an excellent well of soft water, a thriving young Apple Orchard, with a variety of peach, plum and cherry trees. The property adjoins David McMillan, Mrs. Shultz, John H. McClel-

> Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on Aug. 20, 1860. ts

## Notice.

OHN MILLER'S ESTATE.—Letters testael mentary on the estate of John Miller, late
of Reading township, Adams county, deceased,
having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them proper ly authenticated for settlement.

ADAM MILLER. SOLONON MILLER. ADAM C. MILLER, Aug. 13, 1860. 6t Executors

#### PORT'S CORNER. Public Sale

more or less, with a sufficiency of first-rate.

Woodland and Meadow. The Farm is in excellent cultivation, having been several times to reliquish farming, will offer at Public Sale, limed and the feneing is of the best quality, on the premises, on Wednesday, the 26th day of mostly of chesnut rails. It is one of the most spreador next, the following desirable property, productive Farms in the county.

YALUABLE LIMESTONE FARM AT PUBLIC Sale, on Order of the Orphan's Court of Adams county, will be offered at Public Sale, on the premises, on Wednesday, the 26th day of productive Farms in the county.

System of the following described Real Estate of the late Maxwell Shields and the late MANSION FARM, situate in Liberty township, Adams county containing 275 Acres, more or less, adjoining lands of the heirs of Hon. James McDivit, deceased, heirs of Wm. Flohr, deceased, John Nunemaker, and others, on the turnpike leading from the Maryland line to Waynesboro', and within two miles of Em-

mitsburg. The improvements are a large Two-story Rougheast Dwelling HOUSE, Log Barn, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, Spring House, with an excellent spring of water; there is also a Spring of water in the Barn-yard. There are upon the farm 2 Orchards, one of which is not

as the property must be sold. The farm will be sold cuttee or in parcels, as may best suit purchasers. A portion of the timber embracing about 70 es will be sold separately—either entire or its to suit buyers.

Persons desiring to view the property will call on either of the Administrators, re-

siding near Fairfield, or on John Nunemaker

terms made known by
JAMES II. MARSHALL, JOHN MUSSELMAN, Administrators.
By the Court-II. G. Wolf, Clerk.

A Good Farm,
A T PUBLIC SALE.—The undersigned, Executors of the last Will and Testament of Jacob Sheely, deceased, will offer at Public e, on the premises, ox Friday, the 12th day! October Next, THE VALUABLE FARM of or October Next, THE VALUABLE FARM of Notice and the negro is put upon an equality with the white man, of course slavery and the four out and the negro is put upon an equality. The Line of the Baltimore Turnpike, adjoining lands of Daniel Shafer, Peter Cownover, Jacob Schwartz, reason the Republicans insist so strenuously of the desired property of the strength of Perches, neat. The improvements consist of a la and commodious Two-story Stone Dwelling HoUSE, a Bank Barn, covered with pine.

from Gettysburg, adjoining lands of Jacob heavy, and of good quality, a rare chance is Brown, Henry Myers, and others, containing now offered to any one who may desire to con175 Aeres, more or less, with a sufficiency of tinue the business.

with plant, and of pood quality, a rare chance is shingles; Wagon Shedand Corn Urio attached, farriage House, Smoke House, Blacksmith Shop, and other out-buildings; an excellent will of water at the door, and two thriving Ap-Shop, and other out-buildings; an excellent will an expectation of another equal upon principles and making exceptants to it, where will it stop! If one man says it does now mean a negro, why rail fences, and the land, having been recently limed, is under a high state of cultivation.—

| Shop, and other out-buildings; an excellent that all men are equal upon principles and making exceptants to it, where will it stop! If one man says it does now mean a negro, why not another say it does now mean a negro, why not another say it does now mean some other man? If the limed, is under a high state of cultivation.—

| See Lincoln's edition.] There are about 20 acres first quality Meadow, with a fair proportion of Timber. This proper-ty, from its very desirable location, and from its many superior advantages, offers rare inducements for investment. Persons wishing to view said property will please call on Mr. Jacob Baker, its present occupant.

day, the 6th day of October west, the following be offered, A TRACT OF MOUNTAIN-LAND, at "[Delastes, page 2], Lincoln's e-lition.] of that term, as used in the Constitution of arise all. By all means have this matter attention of that term, as used in the Constitution of that term, as used in the Constitution of arise all. By all means have this matter attention. At Calculater the Constitution of the Co in Hamiltonban township, Adams county, about At Calcaburg he affirms these doclars 3 miles north-west from the "Virginia Mills," in the following most emphatic words: nut, and need only be seen to give entire satisfaction.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P M., on

Sept. 3, 1860. ts

Valuable Real Estate,

T PRIVATE SALE .- The subscriber, At-Children and Legal Representatives of PETER WEIKERT, deceased, offers at Private Sale, the following Properties belonging to the estate of said decedent, viz:
THE MANSION, or late residence of said de-

ceased, being a full Lot, fronting on South Baltimore street, bounded by lot of Chamberlin's that the lamp of liberty will burn in your be-heirs on the north and west, on the south by an some until there shall be no longer a doubt alley. The improvements are a good Two-story BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, with a onestory Brick Back-building, Wash-house, and two additional one-story Houses, one of brick and the other log, with a Frame Stable, Woodhouse, a well of excellent water in the centre of the lot, with some fruit trees. This property will be sold entire or in two parts, as may

est suit purchasers.
PROPERTY IN CUMBERLAND TOWNSHIP. -A Tract of Land, in Cumberland township, Adams county, containing in all 65 acres and 104 perches, bounded by the Gettysburg and Littlestown Turnpike, and lands of Nathaniel Lightner, Abraham Spangler, Mrs. Hagan, George Spangler and Wm. Patterson : part of The tract has been divided and will be offered in lots, as follows: No. 1, containing 21 acres 2 perches, at Pike; No. 2, 27 acres 143 perches; No. 3, 4 acres 152 perches; No. 4, 11 acres 27 chasers.

Attorney in Fact for the Widow and

Heirs of Peter Weikert, dec'd. Sept. 3, 1860. 5t

A Small Farm
A T PUBLIC SALE.—In pursuance of an Order of the Orphan's Court of Adams lat DAY OF OCTOBER NEXT, the following Real that

Estate of said decedent, viz:

A SMALL FARM, situate in Huntington township. Adams county, adjoining lands of John Sadler, Eli Gochenour, Thomas Stephens and others, containing 42 Acres and 80 Perches. The improvements are a Log DWEL-LING HOUSE, Spring House, Frame Stable, and an Orchard: a never-failing well and spring of water near the door. are two excellent STONE QUARRIES on the

premises, one of Slate Plag and the other Building Stone. A due proportion of Timber and Meadow.

Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call on the last-named Administra-tor, or on John Fickes, residing thereon.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M , on said day, when attendance will be given and terms JOSIAH FICKES,

. ISAAC B. WIERMAN, Administrators. By the Court-H. G. Wolr, Clerk. Sept. 10, 1869. ts

Notice.

TACOB LITTLE'S ESTATE.—Letters tes-tamentary on the estate of Jacob Little, late of Straban township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned. residing in the same township, he hereby OOD work and moderate prices are the gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate characteristics of the Excelsion Sky-light to make immediate payment, and those having Gallery.

TYSON & BRO.

ly authenticated for settlement. HENRY LITTLE. Sept. 3, 1860. Gt

## CAMPAIGN SONG.

The following, which we clip from the Chicago Times, will no doubt be copied by all the Black Republican papers in the country. For fear, however, that some of these papers may not see it, we will keep it "jogging: An "Old Abe" Song.

Tuxz-Uncle Ned.

There was an old Sucker and his name was Uncle Abe,

Uncle Abe,

Splitting rails long ago, long ago,

He wore an old tile seven foot 'bove de grade,

Ober de hole whar de corn-juice go.

Lay down the beetle and de crow, Fill up de gourd wid whisky O, Too much gum tree for poor old Abe, lie is up for a Sult River go. llis legs am so long as de pole of de bean, And his knee's am not werry short, He danced all night floatin' down stream, And he drink ob de corn-juice a quart.

Tie up de flat-boat to de shore,

Dance and go home wid de galls no more Juice hard to find up dar, Uncle Abe, For no coin grow on Salt River shore. When Old Abewon, Seward take 'em werry hard. And his tears run down like de rain, Old Massa Greeley-didn't look berry sad,

Kase he play de debil some again. Lay down de nigger and de rail, Hang up de cooney by de tail. Guv up de ground to poor Old Abe, He is going up Salt River to sail.

## MISCELLANY. LINCOLN'S RECORD.

His Abolitionism Proved—He is in Pavor

of Negro Equality. The doctrine of negro equality lays at the foundation of all Abolitionism; for when that doctrine is fully acknowledged and carupon that dictrine is because it is a sure drive to abolition everywhere; and no man has more strenuously insisted up in it than Mr. Lincoln, for in his celebrated Chibago speech he uses

the following extraordinary language:
"I should like to know if, taking this old

gro equality without qualification. And to show his vim in expressing his firm belief in the doctrine, he adds: "If that declaration is not the truth, let us pet of his, the negro: ect the statute book and lear it out! If it is not true, let un tear it out! Cries of no, no.]

Let us stick to it then ; let us sland firmly by "I believe that the entire records of the world from the date of the Declaration of Indi pendence up to within three years ago may be searched in vain for a single affirmation from one single man, that the negro was not in

cluded in the Declaration of Independence."-[See Debates, Lincoln's edition, page 178.] Which simply means that when our fathers, who were most of them slaveholders, declared themselves free, they were declaring the NEGROES FREE ALSO.

Again Mr. Lincoln not only declares that the Declaration of Indereddence includes the negro as created equal, but he adds that they are created free and equal, in the following eodicil to his benediction at Chicago:

"My friends, I could not without launch-

ing off upon some new topic, which would detain you too long, continue to-night. I thank you for this most extensive audience you have furnished me to-night. I leave you, hoping that all men are created FREE and equal." [See Lincoln's edition of Bebates, page 24.] Thus interpolating the Declaration of Independence, in order to carry out his Aboli-

tion dectrines.

That Mr. Lincoln desires to reduce this doctrine to practice is proved by turning to the Illinois Jaurnal of September 16, 1856, wherein we find him reported as declaring at

a banquet at Chicago:
"That central idea, in our political opinthe tract is covered with young timber, and there is also a spring of good water upon it.— working has been a steady progress towards working has been a steady progress towards our fires upon the foe. the PRACTICAL EQUALITY OF ALL MEN.

public. We can do it. The human heart is with us; God is with us. We shall again be better declaration, including both tenses and much more, that all men are created equal." county, the subscribers. Administrators of the should be placed where the public mind-estate of Daniel Ficker, deceased, will offer at should rest in the belief that it was in the

"I did not even say that I desired that slavery should be put in course of ultimate extinction. I do say so now, however, so there need be no longer any difficulty about that .-It may be written down an the great speech.' Webster says the word extinction means to put out," or "the set of putting out," destruction," or, in otherwords, Abolist.

At Charleston, Ill., Maximoln says:

"An elderly gentleman called upon me to know whether I was really in favor of a PER-FECT equality between the negroes and the white people."—[Debutos, page 136.]
And then he goes on to say that he is not

blacks. And truly adds : "I have never seen to my knowledge, a man, woman, or child who was in favor of producing a PERFEUT equality, social and

Gerrit Smith, Dr. Cheever, ar even Greeley or Giddings, are in favor of producing a perfeet equality, " restally and politically among the whites and blacks." But only a goldical equality. Not a perfect social equality.

Mr. Lincoln is a lawyor, and knows very well how to being obxoxious sentiments by a connected verlange. Why did he not say that he was not in favor of a political equal-

fring it with the word perfect. A perfect soon earth even among white men, for in the scale of morals and intellect one is higher or lower than another, as the case may be. At Alton, Mr. Lincoln said :

"I think the authors of that notable instru-ment intended to include all men, but they did not mean to declare all men equal in all respects. [Mr. Lincoln's italica.] They did not mean to say all men were equal to a color, intellect, moral development of a capacity. They defined with tolerable distinctness in what they did consider all men created equal—equal in certain inalienable rights, among which is life, LIBERTY, and the pursit of happiness."

In this speech. Mr. Lincoln gave his true sentiments, and it will be seen that the politi-cal equality of the negro and the white man is corefully and designedly left out. But his inalienable right to liberty he never for-In a speech Mr. Lincoln made at 'Peoria,

October 16, 1854, he explains himself as fol-"What I do say is, that no man is good enough to govern another man, without the other's convent. I say this is the leading principle, the SHEET ANCHOR of American

Republicanism. Our declaration of Indepen dence sava: "We hold these truths to be self-evident-That all men are created equal \$ that they are tuted among men, deriving their just powers

from the consent of the governed.'
"I have quoted so much at this time merely to show that, according to our ancient faith, the just powers of governments are derived from the consent of the governed. Now, the relation of master and slave is pro tauto a total violation of this principle. The master not only governs the slave without his consent, but he giverns him by a set of rules altogether different from those which he prescribes for himself. ALLOW ALL the governed AB EQUAL VOICE IN THE GOVERNMET :

Here the december of Lincoln, page 219.]
Here the december clearly taught, that, in order to have self-avernment, which Mr. Lincoln says he a "thousand times" favors, we must allow all the governed an equal voice is the government. (black as well as white.) This is truly the political equality of all men, and "Honest Abe" further adds that "this is the leading principle, the sheet anchor of Ameri-

Lincoln's edition. Line united declaration made by Mr. egg faid, that he was ever afterwards in the effort of covering up or explaining owny, in his debate with Judge Douglas, complains that the Supreme Court of the United States decided as follows in relation to that darling

can erer be a citizen of any State in the sense of that term, as used in the Constitution of Lincoln, "in order to deprire the negro, in every possible event of the beffefit of that provision of the United States Constitution which declares that The citizens of each State shall be entitled to all privileyes and immunities of eitizens in the several States." This decision of the Court is complained of by Mr. Lincoln because it has "deprived the negro," who has become a citizen of Mas-suchusetts, and is entitled to hold office, sit in juries, and voto there, when he emigrates to Illinois or Kentucky, deprives him of "oll the privileges and immunities of a citizen" of Illimois or Kentucky; or, in other words, he complains that the Court has thrown it out of the power of the negro slave, or a descendant sette, and by virtue of citizenship is politically equal to a white man in Illinois or Kentucky, to wif: the right to hold office, to sit on juries, to marry and intermarry, to vote at elections, and, indeed, every other political right that the white man has, and yet the depublicans say he is not for negro equality.

-Patriot & Union. Gen. Wm. A Stokes, one of the most brilliunt speakers in the State, and and an early, ardent and undeviating friend of Dougens, recently made a speech in Armstrong

county. From a sketch of his remarks we extract the following:

He spoke in terms of high respect of Mr. Breckingidge, and asserted the integrity of his intentions and of most of those who supalthough it was always submitted patiently, to whatever inequality there seemed to be as matter of actual necessity. ion, at the beginning was, and until recontly ported him in Pennsylvania. He urged upon continued to Le, the equality of men. And all the necessity of union against the common

Gen. S.okes discussed State politics, and "Let past differences as nothing te; and presented Gen. Foster—"brave Harry with with steady eye on the real issues, let us in his beaver up," as the chivalrie champion of augurate the good old central ideas of the Re-truth, a great lawyer, incorruptible politician -genial, eloquent, wise-one in whose keeping the Commonwealth and all her interests able not to declare that all the States, as and people would find unquestionable safety. States, are equal, nor yet that all citizens as Ail Pennsylvania should be proud to have citizens are equal, but renew the browler, such a man for Governor. Once at Harrisburg, Governor Foster would receive the homage of all men. In contemplation of his good-When pushed by Judge Douglas as to his dess and greatness, faction would be silent meaning when he declared that "it (slaver)) and the asperities of conflicting parties would besuftened. Gin, Stokes feared nothing from estate of Daniel Ficker, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, on Mosday, the course of ultimate extinction," he declares tory were hovering in the air ready to descend tory were hovering in the air ready to descend upon the Democratic lanners.

Profitable Patriotism.

The Republicans of the Chester and Delawate district have nominated John Hickman for re-election to Congress. Mr. Broomall, the numinee of Delaware county, was compelled to stand seide, in order that Hickman receive the reward of his apostacy. Hickman's patriotism is of the paying kind; he has never yet been compelled to testify his devotion to principle by sacrificing his personal ambi tion. Two years ago he professed to be Democrat of the etrictest order, and by dividing both the Democratic and Republican nor ever has been in favor of the perfect so- parties succeeded in being returned to Concial and political equality of the whites and grees; but finding that this game could not be successfully played over again, he joined the Republican party just in time to secure'a renomination. From a disorganizing free-soil Demograt he has become an open, decided political, between negroes and white men."\_ and bitter Abolitionist. His old associates still have a fellow feelings for him, and have determined to promote his election by running. Not even Lloyd Garrison, Wendell Phillips

parties will struggle desperately, the Republicans to keep Trumbuli in the seat, and the linear the Judge Doughts will not win in Democrats to turn him out.

The seat, and the seat, and the Democrats to turn him out. ty of the whites and blacks instead of coups licans to keep Trumbull in t ling it with a "cocial" equality, and quali-

# NO. 49.

Lincoln a Know Nothing.

19th of June last by Hon. Isanc N. Norris, of Illinois, we make the following extract. some four years ago that Mr. Lincoln was in Quincy, the city of my residence, attending a Know Nothing lodge. I saw him there at the time, and I have no doubt be went into the lodge. If his friends denv it. I am satisfied I can prove the fact. Mr. Lincoln has been seeking too shuck for popularity and place not to avail himself of the influence, when he could do it of an overalities or man who can take a more prominent position than the last man on the committee of Public Grounds: We will make good that resolution.—Chambersburg Times.

Riot at a Political Meeting.

Several Persons Injured.—On Friday evening a mass meeting of the Bell and Everett when he could do it, of an organization so powerful as that was for a time-more especially as its doctrines harmonized so well with his

natural proclirities.

what the editor says:
"The Know Nothing Element Triumphed. That the Know Nothing element in the Mack Republican party triumphed at Chicago, in the comination of a presidential candidate, is now generally well understood. The contest was narrowed down to Seward and Lincoln. So far as the slavery question was concerned, they both occupied about the same position.— There was no respect in which Lincoln was preferable to Seward with the Black Repubicans then and there assembled, except that That all men are ereated equal \$ that they are Lincoln had been a Know Nothing and Sewendowed by their Creator with certain inaliard had not. It is well known to many of enable rights, that among these are life, LIB- our citizens that Lincoln visited a Know Noth-ERTY, and the pursuit of happiness. That ing lodge in this city, the first year that orto secure these rights governments are instiguished was in existence, for they saw him. come out, and many of them saw and heard him address the lodge while he was in there. Mr. Seward had never been a Know Nothing. On the contrary, he was one of the first public men in the country to take a bold and open stand against the Knaw Nothing organization. And it was precisely this that boat him in the Chicago convention. It was a knowledge of the fact on the part of the members that convention that Lincoln had been a Know Nothing, and that Seward had not that nominated Mr. Lincoln."

Republicanism and John Brownism. The Republicans of Massachusetts have cominated one John A. Andrews for Gover-

Get Assessed in Time. We urge upon our friends everywhere to for a disturbance created by parties burraing for Bell and Everets at the Republican sereocratic voter at once. Delays are dangerous, from Africa, and no descendant of such slave, and if this work is neglected until the last moment, some unforescen difficulty may arise, which may prevent it from being done ded to at the earliest apportunity. Once done, it need not be looked after at the elev-

enth hour. All true Democrats are for Foster, and should be disposed to labor for his election. All true Democrats are opposed to Lincoln and should be disposed to labor for his defeat. Foster's success in October will be the procursor of the certain defeat of Lincoln in No-

vember. The duty, ther, of all true Democrats, is

# plain. It is, that they go to work at once.

Union and Harmony. The Berks county Democracy have set a good example. At their regular County Meeting, on Tuesday week, the friends of Breckinridge and Douglas acted together as a unit, and (without saying aught respecting Presidential candidates) ananimously passed resolate informed, to place "a clear Douglas electutions endorsing the nomination of Gen. toral ticket" in the field. As the friend of dential candidates) unanimously passed resoof union and harmony in the party. The both wings of the party, and the utmost good recommending the support of the compromite feeling prevailed. This is as it should be, at Cresson. Instead of this, the Committee follow the example of old Berks, we shall They seem to have utterly repudiated the idea ber and November.

Berks and Schuylkill counties had teld the people from the pulpit to vote for Forter for people from the pulpit to vote for Foster for and continue a division in the Democratio Governor. The Pittsburg Catholic denied ranks. the statement, and called for proof. The Gazette refuses to give names or dates, and says the editor of the Catholic should hunt ticket nominated at Reading is certainly the them up himself. This is an old dodge of the only authorized and regular ticket of the Dem-Gazette. The editor makes a charge against ocratic organization of the State. We do not Catholics, which he knows to be false, and fails to respond to the call for proof. This is in accordance with the morality of the Gazette, but has never yet found favor among Harrisburg movement will mees with a loan gentlemen. - Greensburg Democrat.

gentlemen.— Greensburg Democrat.

Old Abe's Own State.—The Black Republicans brag "a good bit" about their ability to carry Illinois. The first gun" from that

The Cresson Compromise gives every Dou-State, however, does not seem to indicate that their claim is well founded. A special election glas man an apportantly to vote for Mr. Doughas man an apportant man an apportant man apportant Treasurer, and the Republicans made special ple arrangement it allows those who do not efforts to carry it, but were not successful, with to vote for Mr. Douglas to express their the Democrats electing their candidate by preference for another, without granting more than the usual majority. Galena is the centre of a strong Republican district.

The Boston Traveller says the crop of apples in the New England States, this season, will be larger and of better quality than for ten or twelve years past, provided the trees State disorganization, openly admit that they are not shaken heavily by Sentember onless prefer Mr. Lincoln to any other Democrat are not shaken heavily by September gales. At the present time, in the Boston market, apples bring \$2 a \$2 50 per barrel.

A Good Sign .- We notice in the Crawford

P. Frazer Smith as a straight-out Dauglas candidate. John H. Brinton, Esq., an able and life-long Democrat, is the candidate of the regular Democrat, is the candidate of the regular Democrat, is the candidate of the party, earnestly endorsing the Cresson Compromise, and pledging themselves to support that Abraham Lincoln.

The Illinois Lagislature, to be elected this year, will have to elect a United States Senature to succeed Mr. Trambull. This makes its composition of some importance, and both party are such. This is a good sign, and indicates that the efforts its composition of some importance, and both party are such. The composition of some importance, and both party are such. The composition of some importance, and both party are such. This to forment divisions and suborthiness in the ranks of the Democracy in Pennsylvania for the cuise of reculier the benefit of Lincoln, and those wife so miles to the Democracy of that country signed by two or three hundred of the party, earnestly endorsing the Creason Compromise, and pledging themselves to support that Abraham Lincoln.

We warn our friends at the outstart, not be misled by this Harrisburg movement.

John Forney is at the head with the Republicant party of the party, such a few others, to transfer the ranks of the Democracy in Pennsylvania for the party of the case of the Democracy of that country, signed by two or three hundred of the party, earnestly endorsing the Creason Compromise, and pledging themselves to support the make an Abraham Lincoln.

We warn our friends at the outstart, not be misled by this Harrisburg movement.

The Illinois Lagislature, to be elected this names we recognise many friends of Douglas and we doubt not a majority are such. This is not be misled by this Harrisburg movement.

John Forney is at the head with the Republicant party of the party of the

### Hon. William P. Schell.

Our nominee for Congress is a native of Bedford county, and is now about forty years of age. He was a poor boy, compelled to earn his daily bread; having educated himself wholly by his own exercions, he read law, was admitted to the bar, and subsequently practiced his profession in the counties of Fulton and Bedford. He was choses for two successive years to represent Bedford county in the Lower House at Harrisburg, one of which years he was elected Speaker of that body, and served afterwards a full term in the State Senate, from the same place. He is a fine lawyer, a parliamentarian of great quickness, an honest and unexceptionable gentic-man, and one who will represent this District in Congress with credit to himself and his

contituents.

It is a pleasure to advocate the election of man like Mr. Schell for other reasons in addition to his superior qualifications. For unlike the cold, selfish politician who now represents us, Mr. Schell is a warm hearted, gen erous, amiable gentlem in. Every one who meets him will like him.

At the Conference it was resolved, that weelect Mr. Schell. From what we learn, Bedford, From a speeh delivered in Congress on the Fulton and Juniata will come up nobly. Mc-Pherson can scarcely hold his own in Adams. In Franklin he has lost friends by his impru-I remember very well to have heard it said dence whilst many others desire to be repre-ome four years ago that Mr. Lincoln was in sented by a man who can take a more promi-

ing a mass meeting of the Bell and Ererett party in Philadelphia, at the corner of Broad and South streets, was broken up by parties belonging to a Republican club. The Lodger has the following account of the affair: natural proclivities.

The Quincy Herald, a Democratic newspaper, uses the following language bearing upon this point. There is a heap of truth in the procession of the proce by, cheers were given for Lincoln and Hamlin on one side, and for Bell and Everett on the other, but there was not any fighting. In a few minutes, stones were thrown from a crowd that had gathered on the southwest corner of Broad and South streets, and this was kept up until the Bell and Everett men railied in sufficient force to drive them back.

The speaking was then resumed, but it was not long before it was again interrupted in a similar manner. The speaker was stoned, and most of those on the stage were struck and injured, among whom were reported to be the Hon, Edward King and David Paul Brown, Esq. The assailants were now in sufficient force to drive off the Bell and Everett men, and did so for a considerable distance up Broad street. Orders were then sent to the Bell and Everett headquarters for reinforcements, which, upon arriving succeeded in beating back the rioters. A running fight followed, in which brickbats and stones were thrown and pistols were fired. A few policemen were on the ground when the attack was

made, but they did not remain. Finally, after more than an hour's hard fighting, the Bell and Everett men were driven off and the meeting bruken up. The offi-ers and speakers were stoned and pelted with rotten eggs, and after they were obliged to leave, the stage was demolished. Reports were current that several men were shot, and from the number of reports of pistols they nor, the man who justified John Brown. In were no doubt true, but the names of the in-November last in a speech he said:

"I pause not to consider, because it is wholly outside of the duty or the thought of this assembly, to night, whether the enterprise of John Brown and his asseciates in Virginia was wise or foelish, right or wrong. I knew only that whether the enterprise itself was the one or the other, John Brown himself. n close and arrested nine of the alleged rioters. The whole affair was one of the most diagraceful attempts to interfere with can States, they are for old John Brown, dead the right of free discussion that has ever taken place in this city-and the rioters should be made an example of. It is supposed that the outrage was in retaliation nade to Mr. Sherman on Wednesday even-

On Saturday the parties arrested had a hearing before Alderman Coulter. Their names are as follows: Thomas Phillips, Lesley Irving, John Haddinger, Lewis List, Samuel Brown, John Reilly, Thomas Gender, Joshua Russel. There was no positive evidence against any of the defendants, and they were held to bail to keep the peace.

## FROM THE CHAMBERGEURG VALLET SPIRIT-DOCOLMS.

The Right Talk. We commend to the earnest consideration of all our readers the following excellent article, which we copy from the Pittsburg Post and which we not only endorse but adopt as our own. The Post is the leading Douglas paper of Western Pennsylvania, and is doing good service for the party in the present campaign. We set all to read its production and be convinced that the union men, and not the "straights," are the true friends

of Douglas-The Committee appointed by Hendrick B. Wright, Chairman of the Mass Convention, held at Harrisburg, met at that place on the 15:h, and resolved, in secret ses HENRY D. POSTER, and urging the importance Mr. Douglas, and an ordent desirer of his success, we condemn this movement. It was in the power of this Committee to have rendermeeting was addressed by gentlemen from ed a very great service to the Democracy by and if the Democracy everywhere will but has taken such action as will assist the Rehave no trouble in carrying the State in Octo- of any effort to preserve the Democratic organization of the State, and by declaring against it, have given great satisfaction to the The Pittsburg Gazette, week before Opposition. By openly going over to the Republican ranks, this Committee could suit

No true friend of Mr. Douglas can, with any consistency, favor this Harrisburg move-ment. It is, in fact, a bolter's ticket. The

However, we are well assured that this and slender support from the friends of Mr.

there is a division in the party, and by a simthat that other is in any sense entitled to claim a single Democratic vote. Under no contingency which can possibly arise under the resolution, can the Cresson movement possibly be of any benefit to any other candidate for President than Mr. Douglas.

But those who still hold out in favor of than Mr. Douglas. Their particanship for the man has swallowed up their fealty to the a Democratic party. As for us, Democracy is first and Democratic men afterwards. There is no Democrat of good personal character and reasonable capacity whom we would apt