THE COMPILER.

H. J. STABLE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

TUESDAY MORNING, JAN. 9, 1860.

From Harrisburg.

Both Houses of the Pennsylvania Legislature were only organized last Tuesday. In the Senate, WILLIAM M. FRANCIS, (Opposition,) of Lawrence county, was elected Speaker, and RUSSEL ERRETT, (Opposition,) of Pittsburg Clerk. In the House, W. C. A. LAWRENCE, (Opposition,) of Dauphin, was elected Speaker, and Mr. RAUCH, (Opposition,) of Berks county, Clerk. JOHN PICKING, of this county, has been re-appointed one of the Engrossing Clerks of the House.

The Governor sent in his Message on Wednesday, when it was read, and the usual number of copies ordered to be printed.

Gov. PACKER's Message to the State Legislature will be found on the next page of this paper. The Message is devoted mainly to State affairs, and contains a number of important recommendations. We hope all of our readers will peruse it.

No Speaker at Washington yet. The Black Republicans have the plurality and try to blame the Democrats for not doing what the Republicans cannot. But that game is "up."

Great Union Meetings.—The Easton *Argus* says that the Democrats of that region of country intend holding a grand Union meeting around the ballot-boxes in the autumn of 1860, when they will kill off Abolitionism very effectually—not with Connecticut pikes, *but with little Dutch and English paper bullets.*—We are strongly inclined to the opinion that similar meetings for the same purpose will be general throughout the entire Union about that time.

The Portland *Argus* says that Joseph Bartlett, the member of the Republican National Central Committee from Maine, is not only opposed to the fugitive slave law, but openly pronounces John Brown a *martyr*. He will do to go with Mr. Fogg, the New Hampshire member, who thinks that the only way to free the Slaves is "to foment rebellion." These are the men who have signed a call for the next Republican National Convention, representing that party as "in favor of preserving the integrity of the Union and the supremacy of the laws!"

Omission.—The call of the Republican National Committee for a convention to nominate candidates for President and Vice President, while it embraces a variety of subjects, omits entirely to say a word in behalf of a protective tariff. Will the Pennsylvania tariff Republicans explain this? Can they unite with an anti-tariff party?

Republican Defeat Anticipated in 1860.—Under the head of "The Struggle of 1860," the N. Y. Tribune discusses at length the condition of the Republican party. We quote:

"At the risk of being denounced as croaking and faint-hearted, we tell the Republicans of these United States that we believe they are to be beaten, and we fear badly beaten, in the Presidential contest now opening, unless they soon organize in their several States, counties and township or election districts, and take comprehensive measures to place their views and objects so clearly and fully before the great body of their fellow-citizens as to secure thousands of votes that will otherwise be cast against them. Let us be specific."

The "specific" part of the article is the giving away of the public lands.

The *Star*, in its eulogies of the insurrectionist, John Brown, pronounced him "great," "heroic," "a martyr!" The subjoined extract from a private letter from the Western Reserve, Ohio, published in the Hartford *Times*, will serve to exhibit the kind of material out of which the Dark Lantern Abolition managers manufacture "heroes" and "martyrs"—"for political purposes." Read:

"As John Brown has been compared to Jesus Christ, I will give you one fact in his history which will illustrate his character.—He lived the last eighteen years before going to Kansas, within eighteen miles of here, and I have been informed the other day by a gentleman in this county, who is a man of undoubted integrity, that when he lived in Hudson, eighteen years ago, a magistrate there sentenced Brown and his four boys to thirty days' imprisonment in Akron jail for *burning a neighbor's fences and haystacks*. Brown had a lawsuit with a neighbor in reference to a piece of land, and the court decided against him, and to gratify his amiable disposition, he burned *his neighbor's property*. This is the man whom the Republican party compares to Washington."

The lower class of Opposition organs, (among them the *Star*,) seek to throw the responsibility of the delay in organizing the House of Washington upon the Democrats. The patriot exposes itself, because any one who knows that Congress is in session at Washington knows that the Opposition have a large majority of the members, and so having, could have organized long ago. It is a new doctrine that minorities should be held responsible for the short comings of majorities. Let those who govern look to it.

Union Station, a sound sheet, has changed hands, enlarged to about the size of the Compiler, and presents a decidedly improved appearance. We congratulate you on this evidence of prosperity, friend NEIDIGH, and hope you may never lack for plenty of good paying subscribers.

The Maryland Legislature convened at Annapolis on Wednesday last, and both branches are Democratic throughout.

The Hon. John Letcher, Governor of Virginia, entered upon the duties of his office on Thursday last.

The Election to-day.

"Wise and Patriotic Motives."

"No Union man in Congress could do otherwise than vote against such men as Bocock, Millson, and the like. We are glad to see that our Representative, Mr. McPherson, has done so, in every instance, from the most wise and patriotic motives."—*Adams Sentinel.*

Let us "post the books;" probably a clearer view of these "wise and patriotic motives" may then be had.

Messrs BOCOCK and MILLSON were *Democratic* candidates for Speaker—hence it was "wise and patriotic" in Mr. McPHERSON to vote against them, in the *Sentinel's* estimation. This is complimentary (left-handedly) to those Democrats who by their votes assisted Mr. McPherson to his present seat.

Mr. McPherson votes for Mr. SHERMAN for Speaker. This, we infer, the *Sentinel* considers "wise and patriotic." Indeed, no other inference is left us; and if correct, it will require the "showing up" of but one act of Sherman's political life to demonstrate the exact extent of the "wisdom" and "patriotism" of this "motive" spoken of by the *Sentinel.*

Mr. Helper *alias* Helfer, a native of North Carolina, who some years ago, left his State for his State's good, published a book in which he expressed the following sentiments:

"*No man can be a true patriot without first becoming an Abolitionist.*" * * * *

"Henceforth, sirs, we are demandants, not supplicants. We demand our rights—nothing more, nothing less. *It is for you to decide whether we are to have justice peaceably or by violence; for, whatever consequences may follow, we are determined to have it one way or the other.*" * * * *

"Inscribed on the banner which we here with unfurl to the world, with the full and fixed determination to stand by it or die by it, unless one of more virtuous efficacy shall be presented, are the mottoes which, in substance, embody the principles, as we conceive, that should govern us in our patriotic warfare against the most subtle and insidious foe that ever menaced the inalienable rights and liberties and dearest interests of America:

"1. Thorough organization and independent political action on the part of the non-slaveholding whites of the South.

2. Ineligibility of pro-slavery slaveholders; never another vote to any one who advocates retention and perpetuation of human slavery.

3. No co-operation with pro-slavery politicians; no fellowship with them in religion; no affiliation with them in society.

4. No patronage to pro-slavery merchants; no guest-ship in slave-waiting hotels; no fees to pro-slavery lawyers; no employment to pro-slavery physicians; no audience to pro-slavery parsons.

5. No more hiring of slaves by non-slaveholders.

6. Abrupt discontinuance of subscriptions to pro-slavery newspapers."

This book, containing the above extracts, recommending treason and insurrection, the abolition by violence of an institution which fifteen sovereign States of the Union approve and maintain, under the express sanction and guarantees of the Constitution; and the excommunication of all who uphold that institution, and their exclusion from social, religious, and business fellowship,—has been openly and emphatically endorsed, and a hundred thousand copies of it circulated by the leaders of the Black Republican party, including sixty-eight members of Congress, whose names we append—among them this very Black Republican candidate for Speaker whom Mr. McPherson so "wisely" and "patriotically" supports, JOHN SHERMAN:

Schuyler Colfax,	J. F. Farnsworth,
Anson Burlingame,	C. C. Knapp,
Owen Lovejoy,	R. E. Fenton,
Amos P. Granger,	Philemon Bliss,
Edwin B. Morgan,	Mason W. Tappan,
Galusha A. Grow,	Charles Case,
Joshua R. Giddings,	T. Davis, (Iowa,)
Edward Wade,	James Pike,
Calvin C. Chaffee,	Homer E. Royce,
William H. Kelsey,	Isaac D. Clawson,
William A. Howard,	A. S. Murry,
Henry Waldon,	Robert Ball,
JOHN SHERMAN,	Val. B. Horton,
George W. Palmer,	Freemen H. Morse,
Daniel W. Gooch,	David Kilgore,
Henry L. Dawes,	William Stewart,
Justin S. Morrill,	Samuel R. Curtis,
I. Washburne, Jr.,	John M. Wood,
J. A. Bingham,	John M. Parker,
William Kellogg,	Stephen C. Foster,
E. B. Washburne,	Charles B. Hoard,
Benjamin Stanton,	John Thompson,
Edward Dodd,	J. W. Sherman,
C. B. Tompkins,	William B. Drayton,
John Covode,	James Buffington,
Cad. C. Washburne,	O. B. Matteson,
Samuel G. Andrews,	Richard Mott,
Abraham B. Olin,	George R. Robbins,
Sidney Dean,	E. P. Walton,
Nathaniel B. Durfee,	James Wilson,
Emory B. Pottle,	S. A. Purviance,
DeWitt C. Leach,	Charles J. Gillman,
John F. Potter,	F. E. Spinner,
T. Davis, (Mass.,)	S. M. Burroughs.

But, say the Republicans, Mr. Sherman denies complicity with the Helper infamy.—Let us see how he does it. When interrogated, on the floor of the House, in regard to the matter, he said:

"I do not recollect signing the paper referred to; but I presume from my name appearing in the printed list that I did sign it. I therefore make no excuse of that kind."

Mr. Sherman then *refused* to answer the question directly put to him by Mr. Leake, *whether he disavowed the document to which he put his signature.* He was repeatedly pressed to reply to the simple interrogatory, *but maintained a studied silence!* Mr. Leake spoke as follows, but failed to elicit a word from Mr. Sherman:

MR. LEAKE.—I warn gentlemen on the other side that the "Impending Crisis at the South" has got to be met, and we of the South are going to settle it as we go. What is the issue that the gentleman from Iowa makes now? Even the gentleman from Ohio, the candidate, the recognized exponent of gentlemen upon that side of the House, the gentleman for whom they vote for Speaker, acknowledges that he signed that paper, but puts in the plea of *non est factum*—"please God, I did not know what I signed." It will be his duty, as Speaker, to sign your bills when they are enrolled. If you elect him, he must certify to them before they can have the force of law, and he will hereafter seek to evade responsibility by saying—"signed the bill, but did not know what the face of the bill contained upon it." That is the position of the gentleman from Ohio. He signed this paper, but did not know what was in it. I hold that a man is disqualified when he puts in a plea of utter ignorance in assigning such an important a paper as this. Here is a paper containing incendiary principles, and bearing upon its face a declaration of war, internecine war, internal war, social war, domestic war upon the South, and we are told by Mr. Tyson, of Silver Spring, that his candidate for Speaker of this House signed this paper involving the highest and holiest political principles known to American citizens without knowing what he did. Sir, ignorance of the law excuses no man; it is a maxim as old as the common law itself, and I hold that a man who puts in that plea is disqualified for the chair, and I would vote against him for that reason, if for no other.

Whether or not it is "wise and patriotic" in Mr. McPherson to support John Sherman, the public will be able, from the facts here

Helper Defended.

The New York *Tribune*, the great organ of the Republican party, enters into an elaborate defence of Helper's infamous book, and says that the "Impending Crisis of the South is entitled to a place among the most valuable books of the day." The *Star* pronounces it very "*dispassionate*" and "full of *sound political inferences!*" When we consider that this work declares that *no man can be a patriot without first becoming an Abolitionist*, and is filled with the most treasonable and inflammatory sentiments, we are not at a loss to ascertain the true intentions of the leaders of the Republican party. "But Mr. Helper is himself a Southern man, and his arguments are addressed exclusively to the non-slaveholding whites of the South. Not a line of it is intended for negroes," say his defenders.

Now this excuse is both base and disingenuous. The Republicans engaged in its circulation did not subscribe for one hundred thousand copies for the purpose of enlighting the non-slaveholders of the South, among which class they well knew it would be repudiated with the scorn its, to them, palpable falsehoods, merit; but it was printed and intended for circulation among the Northern people, to excite their prejudices against the South, to deepen sectionalism, and to implant ideas at war with the harmony of the States. For one copy of this work that has found its way to the South, more than a thousand have been distributed in the North. It was written for the North, printed at the North, and the Republicans have circulated it at the North; and yet when detected in the act, they resort to the lame excuse that it is the work of a Southern man addressed to Southern people.

An Index of Public Opinion.

Below we publish a letter to the editor of the *Pennsylvanian*, from the pen of a prominent citizen of Philadelphia. Mr. MELLON is somewhat advanced in years—a retired merchant in affluent circumstances—and is well known as an active and enterprising Director of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. He belonged to the old Whig party, but cannot consent to be transferred to the "Abolitionists," and has, therefore, attached himself to the great National Democratic party. The letter is short and pointed, and coming as it does from a gentleman who is no office-seeker and who would not accept one if it was tendered him, will be read with interest:

To the Editor of the Pennsylvanian.

DEAR SIR:—Believing that the Democratic is now the only National and Constitutional party in our country, and that your paper is the most conservative published in this city, and as my old Whig paper has become Abolitionized, (in disguise,) I wish to subscribe for your paper, and also for three copies of your weekly for my country relations.

We have only to let the South alone, and not meddle with our neighbors' affairs, mind our own business, and all will be well again between the North and the South.

Yours, &c., THOMAS MELLON,
716 Spruce street.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 29, 1859.

How the Opposition Govern.

Ever since the advent of President Buchanan's Administration, the Opposition curs of every hue and color, mongrel, puppy, whelp and hound, Tray, Blanche and Sweetheart, have kept up a continuous yelping and whining about the mal-administration of the affairs of the nation. To hear their direful ululations, one would imagine that Mr. BUCHANAN was worse than LAFITTE, and his Cabinet a set of pirates that out-Kidd KIDD himself. It was, therefore, not strange that the piteous complaints of the holy saints of the Opposition should have so wrought upon the weak-minded and the susceptible as to give them a majority in Congress. The blessed fools that thought to benefit their country by sending Opposition demagogues to Congress, were numerically sufficient to place the Democrats in a minority in that body. And what is the result? Why weeks on weeks are frittered away in the attempt to organize this Opposition Congress. The Opposition have a clear majority of 40 votes in that body and yet they cannot agree upon a candidate for speaker. The time of the session is consumed in fruitless attempts to elect a presiding officer, whilst the interests of the people are suffering from wanton and premeditated neglect. What say the people to this great reform instituted by their beloved Opposition Congressmen? What say the mail contractors who are longing for the passage of the postal Appropriation bill? If the Democrats had the majority in Congress, the House would have been organized long ago and the business of the country would have been under process of transaction. Such facts need no comment.—*Bedford Gazette.*

Circumstances Alter Cases.

When the troubles in Kansas were being promoted by abolition demagogues for political effect, and when outrages were being committed through the bad feeling between Northern emigrants and pro-slavery men, caused mainly by the insulting and offensively officious intermeddling of the Republican leaders with the affairs of the Territory, every wrong act of the pro-slavery men, thus provoked, was charged by the Republicans upon the Democratic party. That party was held responsible for everything said or done by any of those men, whether those men were Democrats or not. This, says the New Haven Register, was the only electioneering staple the Republicans had in 1856, and so industriously did they work up the material, that they came near electing Fremont. The churches of the North were turned into Arsenals for the furnishing of Sharpe's rifles, and men were sent by the Emigrant Aid Society to shoulder them, and while every appliance was resorted to to keep up the ferment, and old Brown and others were carrying the war over the slave border into Missouri, they attempted to saddle the Democratic party with the acts of their pro-slavery opponents. But how is it now—when a band of "Republican philanthropists," as they call themselves, are taken with arms in their hands, murdering peaceable citizens of Virginia, and inciting the slaves to rise and cut the throats of their masters—how quickly the tune is changed—and how different a view do they take of party responsibility for the acts of individual members? There is this difference, too, in the cases. While such acts of the pro-slavery men in Kansas, as were criminal, were vigorously denounced by the Democratic party, there is abundant evidence not only that the Harper's Ferry outbreak is tolerated, with fearful distinctness, by the doctrines of Republicanism, as enunciated by their most popular preachers and speakers, but that prominent members of their party were actually partakers in the [illegible] Republicans? The inquiry is a [illegible]

Local Affairs.

The Fair!

"*The Work Goes Bravely On!*"—The preparations for the Fair, complimentary to the Citizens' Band, are going actively forward, and give promise of high success. The tables of Needle Work and Fancy Articles will be graced with an unusually large, tasteful and elegant variety of goods, whilst the number of attractive and diverting novelties will be presented never seen here before. The "Post Office Department" will be in good hands, and everybody will be sure to get their letters, whether the mails fail or not.—The Book tables will be highly attractive, and in this branch we suppose will be included the sale of about forty splendid Photographs of the Democratic Band Wagon, taken by TYSON & BRO., in the highest style of the art, and placed in rich gilt frames. The Eating department is also in first rate hands, and will be sure to please everybody patronizing it—which, *of course*, everybody will do. *The* Supper will come off on Monday evening.

The Fair will commence on Monday next in Sheads & Buehler's large Halls, and will continue three or four days. It is expected that ladies and gentlemen from all parts of the county will come to the Fair, as to miss this would be to miss one of the rarest affairs of the kind ever gotten up in this region of country.

The Ladies solicit contributions of turkies, geese, ducks, chickens, butter, eggs, vegetables, &c., to the Fair, and ask that all such articles be sent to the Produce Store of Z. MYERS, Esq., Southeast corner of the Diamond, Gettysburg. The object is a meritorious one, and we hope our friends in town and country will be liberal in giving. But, above all, COME TO THE FAIR!

Gas Meeting.

An adjourned meeting on the subject of lighting the town with Gas, was held in the Arbitration Room of the Court House, on Friday evening last—Hon. J. B. DANNER President and Hon. S. R. RUSSELL Secretary.

ABRAHAM MYERS, Esq., of Philadelphia, who is largely experienced in the construction and management of Gas Works, was present, and in response to a call, addressed the meeting at some length, and in a most satisfactory manner—going into a variety of interesting details, and making many suggestions which will doubtless prove of value to the Company about being formed. At the conclusion of his remarks, a unanimous vote of thanks was tendered him.

The Charter Committee reported that the draft for an Act of Incorporation is now at Harrisburg.

The Stock Committee reported $10,650 actually subscribed, with $1,400 conditional, which will soon be made good. No more than $13,000 will be required to finish the works and put them into full operation.

Mr. Myers thinks that the works might be completed by the first of August next, if not earlier, provided a fair start be made in the Spring.

Church Services.

We are requested to state that Rev. Dr. DALES, of Philadelphia, will preach the opening sermon in the United Presbyterian Church in this place, on Saturday, the 14th inst., at 11 o'clock. The public are invited to attend. Dr. DALES will also preach on Sabbath morning, the 15th, and assist in the Communion services; and in the evening, at 6½ o'clock, in the Presbyterian Church.

Call Accepted.

Rev. J. MARTIN, Pastor of the Evangelical Lutheran Congregation at York Sulphur Springs, Adams county, Pa., has accepted a call at Westminster, Md., and will enter upon his duties sometime in February next.

Painful Accident.

Mr. LEVI PITZER, of Franklin township, met with a painful accident, on Tuesday week, as he was returning home from Gettysburg, with his five-horse team. When within half a mile of his residence, and whilst in the act of mounting the saddle horse, his foot slipped upon the ice, and he was thrown under the wagon. One of the front wheels passed over his body, and one of the hind wheels over his leg, breaking it between the ankle and knee. The horses went home with the wagon, and when search was made for Mr. Pitzer it was found that he had worked himself on his hands and knee to within a few rods of his house. We are glad to hear that he is doing as well as could be expected under the circumstances.

Distressing Accident to a Lad.

On Christmas Monday a son of Mr. Wenver, residing on the Conowago Chapel farm, was accidentally shot in the right arm, close to the shoulder. The accident occurred at Guesman's store, on the Gettysburg road, about six miles from Hanover, and resulted from the premature discharge of a gun in the hands of a brother of the injured lad, who at the time was adjusting a percussion cap.—The wound is a terrible one indeed, and justifies the most serious apprehensions. He is attended by Drs. Eckert, of Hanover, and Lilly, of McSherrystown.—*Hanover Spectator.*

Sleighing.

For a week past we have had pretty good sleighing, and right good use have our people been making of it. Everything that could be put on runners has been brought into requisition, from a store box up to the most dashing and costly equipage. The merry jingle of the bells rings in our ears from early dawn to midnight. Old and young seem to be enjoying themselves, and we can only say go it while you can.

—Since writing the above, rain has set in, and the sleighing is, per consequence, effectually spoiled.

A Freak.

A singularly shaped Hen's Egg was sent to our office, last week, by Mr. JOHN HESS, Sr., residing in the neighborhood of Heidlersburg. The Egg is of ordinary size, but has much the shape of a pear, with a projection at the point closely resembling the stem of a pear. We "never looked upon its like" before.

A Large Tree.

Mr. JOHN GROVE, Jr., of Antrim township, Franklin county, had a tree cut down upon his land lately, which, upon being cut up, turned out 14 cords of wood and 7,100 staves; it was a red oak, and measured 7 feet across the stump. We would like to have 50 acres of land well covered with just such *saplings.*

We are under obligations to Gov. PACKER for a pamphlet copy of his Message. Also to Messrs. SCHEM and McCLURE, of the Senate, and Mr. DENNISON, of the House, for copies of the Auditor General's Report.

Hon. J. W. GRIMES, of Oregon, has taken his seat in the United States Senate, for which he has our thanks.

Sudden Death of Bishop Neuman.

The Right Rev. JOHN N. NEUMAN, D. D., the esteemed Catholic Bishop of this (the East Pennsylvania) Diocese, died very suddenly in the street, in Philadelphia, on Thursday last. The deceased was the successor of Archbishop Kenrick, of Baltimore, and was consecrated Bishop of this Diocese on the 28th of March, 1852. He was distinguished for his ability, and universally respected, not only in the church, of which he was a devoted Bishop, but by all of every denomination who enjoyed his acquaintance.

Real Estate Sales.

Sheriff LIGHTNER, on Friday last, sold the property of Mr. GEO. F. BECKER, in New Oxford—Mr. JOHN BECKER purchaser, at $2,120.

GEO. ARNOLD, Esq., has sold his Fair view Farm, near this place (111 acres and 70 perches,) to Messrs. DAVID and JOHN FORNEY, for $3700 cash.

Mr. GEO. CHRITZMAN, has sold a house and lot on West Middle street, to Messrs. HIRAM and THOMAS WARREN, jr., for $500 cash.

Mr. C. W. HOFFMAN has sold his house and half lot of ground on Chambersburg street, 30 feet front, adjoining property of Mr. Abraham Scott, to Mrs. ELIZA HARPER, for $1700 cash.

January Court.

As Court will commence in this place next Monday, an opportunity will be afforded to those indebted to this office to settle up. The amounts due us from many are not large, and on that account easily paid; but in the aggregate they amount to a large sum. Let all, then, who know themselves to be in the back-ground, step forward and do that which people should do regularly—*pay the printer.*

Alms-house Appointments.

The Directors of the Poor, on Monday last, re-appointed the old officers, viz: Steward Jacob Culp; Treasurer, J. B. Danner; Counsel, Wm. McCleau; Clerk, D. C. Brinkerhoff; Physician, H. S. Huber.

Cold Snap.

The weather was unusually cold last week. On Sunday morning the mercury in the thermometer went down to five degrees below zero—on Monday to four—on Tuesday to nine—and on Friday to *ten* below.

Cotillion Party.

We are informed that a Grand Hop will come off in Sheads & Buehler's large Hall, on Thursday evening week, the 19th inst. The Harrisburg Cotillion Band, one of the best in the State, will be engaged for the occasion, to discourse the music and the "figures." A brilliant party and a delightful time may be anticipated.

Deeds executed in this State must be recorded within six months, otherwise to be deemed fraudulent and void against subsequent purchasers or mortgages for value; unless recorded before the deed under which the purchaser claims.—*See Purdon's Digest.*

Our Carrier requests us to express his thanks for the *substantial* reception given him on Monday morning last. His anticipations were fully realized.

Communicated.

A Call for Universal Concert of Prayer.

Some twelve months ago, Missionaries of the Cross, laboring in India, sent out to the Christian world an earnest invitation to unite with them in devoting the second week in January, 1860, to importunate prayer, that God would pour out his spirit upon all flesh and cause the ends of the earth to see his salvation. In compliance with this request, and feeling, moreover, the necessity of the Holy Spirit's influences, in making the word preached and taught mighty to the pulling down of the strongholds of Satan, and in causing the word of God to have free course, and be glorified both at home and abroad; we, the pastors of the respective congregations of Gettysburg and vicinity, call upon our people to assemble together in the capacity of a United Prayer Meeting for the object above stated.

The time, place and manner of conducting these meetings to be as follows: First meeting to be held in the Presbyterian Church, on Monday evening, at 6 o'clock, Rev. Mr. Bucher presiding—subject, Sunday Schools. This subject is selected for this evening owing to the fact that it is the regular evening for the meeting of the S. S. Teachers' Association. Second meeting on Tuesday evening at 6 o'clock, in the Methodist Church, Rev. Mr. Keiser presiding—subject, The Revival of God's work in the Hearts of Believers. Third meeting on Wednesday evening at 6 o'clock, in St. James' Church, Rev. Dr. Krauth presiding—subject, Our Children and Youth, in both Christian and Heathen lands. Fourth meeting on Thursday evening at 6 o'clock, in the German Reformed Church, Rev. Mr. McElwee presiding—subject, The Progress of the Gospel, Obstacles Removed, &c. Fifth meeting on Friday evening at 6 o'clock, in the College Church, Rev. Mr. Dill presiding—subject, Intercession for all Men, especially for those in Authority, our National and State Legislators, for Colleges and Seminaries, and for the Islands of the Sea. Sixth meeting on Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock, in the United Presbyterian Church, Rev. Mr. Warner presiding—subject, Pleading Earnestly for the Ministers of Jesus Christ Everywhere, and for the Fulfilment of the Promise, "That they all may be one, &c." Seventh meeting on Sabbath afternoon at 3½ o'clock, in St. James' Church, Rev. Dr. Baugher presiding—subject, Praise and Thanksgiving.

Order of Exercises—Praise, Prayer, Reading the Scripture, Remarks—standing or kneeling in prayer, according to the custom of the Church in which the meeting is held. Matter of praise, that found in the Union Hymn Books, generally used at Union Prayer Meetings.

J. R. KEISER,
WM. MCELWEE,
T. P. BUCHER,
J. R. WARNER,
J. ZIEGLER,
C. P. KRAUTH.

A Singular Case of Sudden Restoration of Hearing and Speech.—A young man named Joseph Wheeler, who has been deaf and dumb for some four years back, and who has been looked upon as a kind of a pet by Lieut. Gastine, of the second district police, where he slept at night, was, through the means of an accident, yesterday, perfectly restored. During the firing of the salute yesterday in front of Jackson Square, he went up very near the mouth of the cannon, and before those around could interfere to take him away, the cannon was touched off, and the concussion knocked him down, throwing him fifteen feet. He was picked up senseless and taken over to the police station, where some water was sprinkled on his face. To the utter surprise and astonishment of all around, as soon as he opened his eyes, he spoke as fluently as any body, and heard and answered all questions put to him; holding up to this time watching language out of strange dumb [illegible] *N. O. Delta, 27th.*

A Short Almanac for 1860 will be found on the fourth page.

Married.

On the 5th inst., by the Rev. Jacob Ziegler, Mr. JOHN S. LOWER, of Butler township, to Miss HANNAH WERT, of Straban township.

On the same day, by the same, Mr. JOHN BENDER, of Straban township, to Miss LUCINDA E. LINARD, of Butler township.

On the same day, by the same, Mr. JOHN HOFFMAN, of Menallen township, to Miss ANNA MARIA SCHLOSSER, of Franklin township.

On the 11th of Sept., 1859, by the Rev. J. B. Keiser, Mr. GEORGE M. COOK to Miss AMANDA McGRAIL, both of Menallen township.

On the 1st inst., by the same, Mr. LEWIS NEWHOUSE, of Marion county, Ind., to Miss ELIZABETH J. PROTZMAN, of this place.

On the 3d inst., at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. H. G. Dill, Rev. A. E. TAYLOR, of the East Baltimore Conference, to Miss CLEOPATRA F. DIEHL, daughter of Capt. Frederick Diehl, of Franklin township.

On the 20th ult., by Rev. J. M. Mickley, Mr. HENRY S. JACOBS to Miss ELIZABETH ADAMS, both of Ickesburg, Perry county, Pa.

On the 22d ult., by the Rev. Mr. Hoffheins, Mr. LEVI HARMAN to Miss SUSANNA SHETTER, both of this county.

On the 8th ult., by Rev. L. Gerhard, Mr. GEORGE B. MILLER, of York county, to Miss ELIZABETH ASPER, of Adams county.

On the 29th ult., by the same, Mr. SAMUEL MYERS to Miss MANDILLA M. HERSHY, both of New Oxford.

On the 1st inst., Mr. WILLIAM MIRICK to Miss EMMA F. JONES, both of Littlestown, Adams county.

On the 29th ult., by the same, Mr. SINGLETON W. RIEGLE, of the vicinity of Petersburg, Adams county, to Miss CAROLINE M. HERMAN, only daughter of Mr. David Herman, of Adams county.

On the 22d ult., by Isaac Robinson, Esq., Mr. WILLIAM IZER to Miss ELIZABETH FRAIM, both of Hamiltonban township.

On the 1st inst., by the Rev. P. Scheurer, Mr. NOAH WERNEIM, of Carroll county, to Miss MANDILLA JOSEPHINE ICKES, of Adams county.

On the 29th ult., by the Rev. Jacob Sechler, Mr. REUBEN FLICKINGER to Miss SARAH A. BROWN, both of Hanover.

On the 27th ult., by Rev. Mr. Gerhart, Mr. JOHN WOLFORD, of Hanover, to Miss AMELIA ROBERTS, of Abbottstown, Adams county.

Died.

On the 2d inst., Mrs. LEAH MARGARET THOMAS, wife of Mr. Geo. Thomas, of Arendtsville, aged 26 years 9 months and 9 days.

On the 13th ult., in Adams county, Mrs. CATHARINE YOUNG, widow of John Young, deceased, aged 83 years and about 10 months.

In Hunterstown, on the 6th inst., EDMUND GALBRAITH, son of Samuel and Maria Freeman, aged 2 years 8 months and 20 days.

On the 4th ult., Mr. EZEKIEL PISOL, of Menallen township, aged about 33 years.

In Hancock county, Ohio, on the 3d ult., SARAH ANN CATHARINE, daughter of John Sillik, formerly of this county, aged 13 years and 7 days.

On the 21st ult., in Adams county, MARGARET SHEELY, aged 29 years 2 months and 28 days.

On the 26th ult., in Adams county, EMMA CATHARINE, infant of Mr. Hanson Stonesifer, aged 11 months and 25 days.

On the 29th ult., in Hanover, Mr. JOHN NEWMAN, aged 75 years 3 months and 4 days.

On the 6th ult., in Hanover, Mrs. E. R. ESSICK, wife of Prof. A. Essick, aged 40 years.

In Darke county, Ohio, on the 19th ult., Mrs. SARAH CAMPBELL, wife of David Campbell, and daughter of John Walker.

Communicated.

OBITUARY.—On Monday night, the 2d inst., at 12 o'clock, JOHN WM., aged 2 years 4 months and 29 days; on Tuesday morning, at 6 o'clock, MARY A., aged 4 years 4 months and 13 days; and on the 16th inst., LEWIS JOSEPH, aged 7 years 5 months and 16 days—children of Aloysius and Catharine Hemler—all of scarlet fever.

Dear children, you have left us, and gone to Heaven above.
From death naught could release you, not even a parent's love—
But He who giveth all things, hath taken you away
To join the blessed angels; you could no longer stay.
We miss your lovely voices, around our hearth by night;
You rise no more to greet us, in the pleasant morning light;
Your toys are now forsaken, in the cold damp grave you lie,
Your sufferings now are ended, you never more will sigh.
In the dawning of the new year, and the morning of your life,
Your Savior called you from us, and from this world of strife;
Though bitter is our sorrow, to think from us you're gone,
We bow down in submission, and say "Thy will be done."
We soon must follow after, perchance a few more years
To struggle on in sorrow, through this wretched vale of tears.
And then again united, in sweetest bonds of love
We hope again to meet you, within the realms above. D. C. S.

Communicated.

On the 31st ult., Mrs. ANNA MARGARET HAHN, wife of Henry Hahn, of Franklin township, aged 32 years 4 months and 10 days.

Weep no more, she is not dead,
But our sister only sleepeth—
And her sainted soul has fled
Where there is no eye that weepeth.
There in that bright world above,
All her sins are now forgiven,
Singing to her Savior's love—
Would you call her back from heaven?
Peaceful be thy silent slumber—
Peaceful in the grave so low—
Thou no more will join our number,
Thou no more our toil shall know.
Why should I vex my heart or fast?
No more she will visit me—
My soul will mount to her at last,
And dwell in perfect love. J. S.

The Markets.

GETTYSBURG—SATURDAY LAST.

Superfine Flour	4 50 to 4 87
Rye Flour	3 50
White Wheat	1 10 to 1 25
Red Wheat	1 05 to 1 10
Corn	65 to 75
Rye	78
Oats	35
Buckwheat	56
Buckwheat Meal	2 00
Clover Seed	4 75 to 4 87
Timothy Seed	1 75
Flax Seed	1 20
Barley	60
Plaster of Paris	6 00
Plaster ground, per bag	95
Pork	6 25 to 6 50

BALTIMORE—FRIDAY LAST.

Flour	5 25 to 5 37
Wheat	1 22 to 1 47
Rye	93 to 1 00
Corn	64 to 90
Oats	45 to 50
Clover Seed	5 12 to 5 37
Timothy Seed	2 00 to 2 50
Beef Cattle, per head	5 00 to 8 50
Hogs, per head	6 50 to 7 25
Hay	16 00 to 19 00
Whiskey	26 to 27
Guano, Peruvian, per ton	62 00

HANOVER—THURSDAY LAST.

Flour, from wagons	4 87
Do. from stores	5 00
Wheat	1 12 to 1 20
Rye	82
Corn	68
Oats	36
Clover Seed	4 75
Timothy Seed	1 75
Plaster	6 50

YORK—FRIDAY LAST.

Flour, from wagons	5 00
Do. from stores	5 75
Wheat	1 10 to 1 23
Rye	80
Corn	70
Oats	37
Clover Seed	5 00
Timothy Seed	1 75
Plaster	6 50

IT IS NO SECRET—Go to the Cheap Watch Store at Anything, and you will soon discover the fact why it is that goods are sold so cheap at SAMSON'S.

Duck Shooting.—One of our townsmen made quite a successful foray among the wild ducks some days since, in the neighborhood of Bush river, on the Chesapeake Bay, Md. Our friend lagged forty Canvas Backs, fifteen of which he brought home, and sold the others to some Baltimorians, hunters, but not so successful, for twenty-five dollars. We understand Ducks are plenty this season down the Chesapeake Bay, and a goodly number are or have been about Pench Bottom, for some time past, but very few, as yet have extended their winter visit this high up the noble Susquehanna.—*Wrightsville Star.*

A Boy's Head Blown Off.—A little boy, residing in Union county, Ky., had his head blown off one day last week. He bored a hole in a log and put powder in it, ramming the powder down with a stick. He then laid a coal of fire on the hole, and before he could get away it exploded, the stick striking him on the head, knocking the upper portion off, and killing him instantly.

The American Horse Tamer.—The fame of John S. Rarey has traveled to Egypt and fired the zeal and ambition of the equestrian lords of the desert. The Viceroy has sent Mr. Rarey an offer of twenty-five blooded horses if he will come to Cairo and give instructions in his art to him, his ministers and army officers.

Hon. JAMES COOPER has located at Frederick, Md.

List of Letters.

REMAINING in the Post Office, Gettysburg, Jan. 9, 1860.

Burkholder Jacob	McRoy Peter
Benjamin Miss Mary J.	McMyer P.
Braidy Mrs. Isabella	Miller Henry
Bermath J.	Musser John
Cownce Frederick Po	Myers Miss Martha B.
Cook J. E. & Sons	Pendorff Harry M.
Everhart Jacob	Rider James
Getty M. G.	Ried John O.
Gray Miss Jane	Schriver Mrs. Mary
Group John	Shaffer William
George Hon. John W.	Shanabrook Israel
Howard Steward	Shriver Nicholas
Hugher H.	Sower Miss Juliann
Howerter Reuben	Stover Jacob
Hoffman A. V. & Michael	Smith Joseph
Kauner Henry R.	Sheets Daniel
Kuefauver Jacob, of C.	Stonbaugh Dr. John G.
Kuhns A. F.	Thompson Leroy 2
Kloss Daniel	Trosalle D.
Leonard Daniel	Freese Richard
McAlister Geo.	Walter John
McClintock Wm.	Walker Hannah
McHale Richard	German Letter.
McHenry Hugh	Jacob Muller.

GEORGE GEYER, *P. M.*

Persons calling for letters in the above list will please say they were advertised.

Public Sale

OF A FARM.—In pursuance of an order of the Orphan's Court of Adams county, will be offered at Public Sale, on the premises, *on Wednesday, the 1st day of February next*, the following