

GRTTYSBURG, PA: MONDAY MORNING, JULY 11, 1859.

Democratic State Cicket.

For Auditor General, RICHARDSON L. WRIGHT, of Philadelphia. For Surveyor General, JOHN ROWE, of Franklin county.

Nows, etc.

Hon. Jaz. Burnside, president judge of the 25th district of Pennsylvania, composed of the counties of Centre, Clearfield and Clinton, was thrown from a buggy at Bellefonte on Friday week and tor Cameron, and had filled many public positions of responsibility.

From thirty to thirty-five passports continue to be issued daily from the State Department. about three-fourths of them to naturalized citi-

The flon, Rufus Choate, who sailed from Boston in the steamship Europa on Wednesday of last week for Liverpool, was obliged to leave the steamer at Halifax on account of the feeble state of his health.

Gen. Pierce expects to return home next month, recent indications in Mrs. Pierce's heretofore.

The wife of Hon. Edward Everett died in Boston on Saturday night week.

1859, there was a white frost at New Boston village and in West Goffstown, N. H. The City Councils of Cincinnati have passed

On Friday morning, the first day of July,

creased numbers of visitors. A meeting was held at Ephrata, Pa., last week, for the purpose of organizing the Reading and Columbia railroad, being the last link and Baltimore and Washington, via the East Penasylvania railroad. The county of Lancaster, the cities of New York, Reading and Columbia, and the villages along the route were largely represented. The meeting by a unanimous vote directed the commissioners to open the

pyrotechnist establishment, corner Tenth and works for the 4th, was burned to death. He was a young man and had only recently mar-

townships. York county.

igious paper properly at any time, but especial- ernment, and all enlightened in ly when he has the rheamstism." We think it true American statesmanship. requires a good deal of grace to edit any sort of a paper this hot weather, rheumatis or no

Sunday week, from the effects of eating green apples the day before. Boys will do well to take warning from his sad case, and save themselves an early grave. There is a negro in Philadelphia who is dis-

tinguished for the size of his feet. They measure 31 inches in length.

tract—they have been expanding too much.

straight line—by leaning against the fence. Miss Smith says she will never marry

is down on second-hand children.

The attempt of the big Know Nothing, Inc. Minor Botts, of Va., to make capital out of Gen-Botts has broken down in the first heat. Sir Walter Scott admits that the battle of

thousand widows. It is probable that the recent battle of Magenta has created at least twenty thousand widows and sir'y thousand orphans.

The Great Battle! thousand Allies were engaged, the battle wounded and missing, and the French 12,000 with killed and wounded. It is reported that the Prench suffered so severely as to be anable to

resume offensive operations. Breadstuffs were dull and declining,

The Postmaster General is cutting all over the country -not in one State, but all of them-South as well as North, To make a little party capital, however, the Know to seart that the mail service is only reduced among the States. We have sedulously and legally and fairly expressed will of a majority —but as forbear, leaving the whole sedulously guarded the Public Treasury from of actual residents, and whenever the number to the sober invention and supposed to the sober invention

Rev. W. K. Zieren, of Tiffin, Ohjo, fore parelyed a ununimpus cull to the Pastorate of the German Reformed Congregation at Hanner, and his acceptance is highly pro-

ed in Cleveland pest spring.

Address of the State Committee. ed at their meeting in Harrisburg, on Wednesday week. We can only remark that it amply repay perusal. The principles govthey are constantly assailed more feeble, than after a calm survey of the field, accompanied by a vigorous exposition of the fundamental

the State directly has been followed in the past by the happiest effects, and we trust that private reputation to the same consequences may flow from this they have acquired in the service of the State after a doubtful and dangerous contest, as the ably written address. ADDRESS.

Pellow-Cilizens of Pennsylvania: We are happy to address you at a moment in all quarters of the Commonwealth. You health, it is said, being less encouraging than the State Central Committee, although com-

Philadelphia, July 3d.—Samuel Jackson's and National aspects, upon which we have quired the very Territory in question, as so now fairly entered, and the precise import of the issues that have been lormed in this pend-Reed street, was entirely destroyed this after- ing controversy. The line which divides the noon by an explosion of fire works on hand.— two contending parties, whether drawn on the Is it not admitted by all to be with the Feder-Mr. Beck, who was employed in finishing fire map of the State, or that of the Union, is too al Government? Where shall we look for the deep and striking to escape the eye of any one | right and power to ascertain and fix all Terriwho may not wilfully choose to be blind. On torial boundaries? Is it not to the Federal one side of this line stand the Democracy of Government? Where shall we seek the right heartiest commendation of every citizen who criticism; while on the opposite side you per- government of a Territory is lodged the Exe- tests the miserable evasions and dishonest Van Amhargh's elephant tried to swim the ceive two factions—the Black Republicans cutive authority? It is lodged in the hands and Know Nothing-composing the Opposi- of a Federal Governor. Where is the judicial Appomatox on his way to Petersburg the other tion, each afraid to ayow its ultimate designs, power of a Territorial Government?

every professing Democrat who values consis-

broad, plain and inviting. No one can be so

yesterday, composed of the shreds and patches ernment of the United States, excluding the prejudices, or peculiar interests of any section, of all opinions, and intended to serve, not the pretensions of Squatter or Territorial legislator or State, North, South, East and West.

masses who may be deceived by its empty tive sovereignty, or Popular Sovereignty Wespeak somewhat warmly, fellow citizens, We learn from the Pittston Gazette, that a masses who may be deceived by its empty tive sovereignty, or Popular Sovereignty sprightly lad, seven or eight years of age, named promises, but the politicians, who have in- when used as a convertable torm with these. Patrick Finsty, whose parents reside on Butler vented it for their profligate purposes. We as being alike untenable in fact, and propos-Hill, Luzerne county, died very suddenly on speak in the same language used by the found- i terous in logic. ers of our glorious party sixly years ago .-No candid man will deny that, from the in-No candid man will deny that, from the in-auguration of Mr. Jefferson to the present a despot, or arbitrary ruler; and here is the date, the Democratic party has been the real difference between our doctrine and that of the representative party of the genius, character. honor and interests of our free institutions.-It has been so recognized by the people of the from which it derives its life and its every forget it, we always remember than Junes United States, who have so constantly imposed upon it the duties and burdens of government. strict impartiality, the rights and interests of A bill is pending in one of our western legis- It has happily eliminated the leading truths all parties concerned, these parties being the with the highest reputation in the most reslatures to empower women to make contracts. of the Constitution, embodied them in simple States and people of the States respectively. ponsible trust under the Government, is They should by all means be authorised to con- though imperishable formulas of doctrine, and Now the Government of a Territory is not inseparably a part of our State's glory; and applied them firmly and efficiently in practi- natural and indefeasible, but derivative from The Milwaukee News states that they have tual reflex of all the great constitutional prin- inhabitants of a Territory, after its acquisirecently formed a military company in Chicago, ciples, at the basis of our republican system. tion by purchase, or as indemnity for war Magistracy of the Union. and that after drilling only six times a week for Its ancient creed is unchanged, and remains expenses perhaps, would have the right to Minor Botts, of Va., to make capital out of GenJew or Gentile, but permitting "every man to cept in flagrant usurpation of powers not
gral Cass's late letter on naturalized sitizens worship God after his own heart;" a third delegated, but reserved to the States. returning to their native countries, is already an invoked, as it now invokes in the shape of We are opposed, however, to the introducit now requires, territorial expansion to meet bellion, in the shape of resistance to an act of dizement-arising out of the natural, inevita- other legitimate acts done in and by virtue of

the noble Jeffersonian conception of universal nel rights of citizens that may be thereby inat Salferino. Two hundred and eighty thous | was and is proclaimed the grand principle of for the movement, as looking to the necessity license and disunion. and Anatrians and probably two hundred equal rights, before the laws, of all citizens, of its own preservation. But I clove the hap- In the year 1857, a commercial and finanlasting sixteen hours. The Allies were rictoria a strict construction of the necessary powers | Territorial Government, the presumptions are ons. The Anstrians lost 35,000 men killed, of government, as being alone compatible all in favor of a legal and pageoful course of

to betray and destroy it. Under this head on this question, and at all times, the fundathe labors of the Democracy have been inval- mental principle of the equality of the States. destroyed them and established the Independ- relinquishment, in the name of squatter sovdown the expenses of his department in every fully resisted the imposition on the people of splunia, as one of the sovereign proprietors, of its credit, and without any addition to the heavy faderal taxes by excessive dates on, of all the public domain or Territorial proper-taxes, or permanent increase of the public imports, and have obtained the concurrence ty of the United States, and we still occupy, of a large majority of the country in the rule without any change of opinion, the ground that taxes shall be limited to the demands of held by the following resolution of the Cinrevenue alone, with incidental protection, by cinnati Convention of 1856, to wit: Nothing Black Republican presses go down We have defeated all propositions for the discussion and shanderous attacks of those who degrade so low into the depths of falsehood, as tribution of the proceeds of the public lands | Kansus and Nebraska, acting through the contemptible devices an extension of the proceeds of the public lands | Kansus and Nebraska, acting through the contemptible devices an extension of the proceeds of the public lands | Kansus and Nebraska, acting through the contemptible devices an extension of the proceeds of the public lands | Kansus and Nebraska, acting through the contemptible devices an extension of the proceeds of the public lands | Kansus and Nebraska, acting through the contemptible devices an extension of the public lands | Kansus and Nebraska, acting through the contemptible devices an extension of the public lands | Kansus and Nebraska, acting through the contemptible devices an extension of the public lands | Kansus and Nebraska, acting through the contemptible devices an extension of the public lands | Kansus and Nebraska, acting through the contemptible devices are extension to the contemptible devices and the public lands | Kansus and Nebraska, acting through the contemptible devices are extension to the contemptible devices and the contemptible devices are extension to the contemptible devices and the contemptible devices are extension to the contemptible devices and the contemptible devices are extension to the contemptible devices and the contemptible devices are extension to the contemptible devices and the contemptible devices are extension to the conte

ments in working order. A more deliberate cases admitted to be not general or National, stitution with or without domestic slavery, falsehood never was penned-s falsehood but special and local in their character. And and be admitted into the Union upon terms knows to be such by every one of the unprincipled aditors who gives it circulation. The
constant and the public money,
and the public money.

This resolution distinctly represents the
squandering millions of acres of the public docfforts of the first squatters in a new Terrinounce, in appropriate language, the marking

no change of sentiment whatever in the Dem- and quiet exercise of the rights of Sovereigney, ocratic party since its sarliest records were by the people of a territory in the formation favor of the pet Black Republicas ductrins of ham Guise.

made, but we think we have already said of a State Constitution with or without domestic and the pet Black Republicas ductrins of ham Guise.

Reading—Henry A. Picking, Samuel Orndorff. enough to convince every intelligent citizen tie Slavery, as they may determine. In the negro reperiority. But we feel that we have Cumberland—lease Shriver. enough to convince every intelligent citizen to chartery, as they may be convince and every aspersormy. Due we feel that we have desirous to know this imparisal truth, that meantime, the girkets of each and every already sufficiently occupied your attention, desirous to know the imparial truth, that meantine, the citizens of each and every already summently possible your attention.

So As asylum for inchristes will be openof a great and glorious party, not of an other under the Constitution, take their say for another occasion.

Constitution of a great and glorious party, not of an other under the Constitution, take their say for another occasion.

ROBERT TYLER, Ch'n.

that we represent on this occasion a party Territory, and while in a Territorial condition We publish, to the exclusion of other matter, as venerable for its age as it is useful and they and their property are all equally problem. The Address of the State Committee, adoption of the catalogue of the State Committee, adoption of the United States of the Extraordinary services it has so long, so honestly and so ably and the Drei Scott decision. We thus stand and the Drei Scott decision.

the voters of Pennsylvania. As regards the personal character and Union. doctrines of the great constitutional party of qualifications of our numinoes for Auditor. A little more than two years ago Pennsyl the country. The time-honored custom of the General and Surveyor General of the Com- vanis had the proud satisfaction to witness State Committee in addressing the people of monwealth, Messrs. R. L. Wright and John the elevation of her most distinguished Statestion of our fellow citizens to their and lemished

the positions to which they now aspire. when unmistakable manifestations of return. But there is one question comparatively ed. Unfortunate and unmeaning dissensions briefly to express our views regarding it. We successful that it is agreed, almost by commi have entirely disappeared. In earnost of this, presume that every true Democrat will yield consent, the country unfriendly and unprofitable discussions on ir- assumptions of "Squatter Screreignty." properly directing their undivided and powertency and principle, the path of duty is now political sepacity independent of, or inconsisignorant as to pretend to misunderstand the n of parties in this State; the the States, through an expenditure of their mportance of the contest, both in its State treasure, and it may be, their blood, have acmuch public domain or "common property." Where, let us ask, resides the right of domain over a Territory of the United States?

Pennsylvania, harmonious in our deliberations and power and duty to dispose of all lands scorns the petty, personal, paltry politics of day. A bull dog chased him midway of the or its present distinctive characteristics; each keeping of a Federal Jud.ciary. Where is stream. The elephant quietly submerged the emasculated of its original distinguishing the Legislative power? Every one knows it seriously and truthfully, can point his finger dog with his trunk and then tossed him ashore. quality; each declaring itself opposed to the did not exist, and that it could not legally to a single case in which he has not endeavor The editor of a denominational paper at the West, says: "A man needs grace to cdit a retime discount of the constraint of them in a Territorial Government, we be- popularity at the expense of the Constitution; We do not approach you, fellow citizens, in hold the direct, positive and tangible evidence the name of a "People's Party," concocted on of the presence of the sovereignty of the Gov-

> But it must be borne in mind that the Federal Government cannot act in a Territory as a great and venerable man, the purity of function, and it is bound to respect, with Buchanan is a Pennsylvanian born and bred one of its articles watched with faithful vigi- United States. But Congress, when estab-

among the States. We have sedulously and legally and fairly expressed will of a majority and the States. We have sedulously and legally and fairly expressed will of a majority and the soler investigation and serious judgments to the soler investigation and serious judgments charges for internal improvements in of their inhabitants justifies it, to form a comment of the people.

We have sedulously and legally and fairly expressed will of a majority to the soler investigation and serious judgment of the people.

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performed. Can it not be asserted as an un-

questionable i. i, that no party ever yet exist- the Law, which sternly and justly deny the discusses the political issues now before the oil in any country on the face of the earth, arbitrary power of one set of settlers to compeople with ability and clearness, and will that can justly claim to have rendered the fiscate the property of another set. We thus same amount of valuable services to that avoid too, those contexts between settlers, by 1859—being again the first to do so! By the fact that the area of patriotism still burn country, which the Democratic party has ren- which the people are kept in a constant state, plying the tax thus promptly a handsome brightly on the store of the large state. erning the Democratic party never appear dered to ours? On any issue therefore in- of common and turbulence, with murder, stronger, and the misrepresentations by which volving honorable historical antecedents, or a rapine, burnings and all kinds of violent acts, consideration of general merits in the past or throughout their entire Territorial existence present, we shall appeal with confidence to and to the prejudice of their interest, and of every tax-payer. the peace and harmony of the States of the

in various responsible offices, and to the ad- candidate of the National Democracy of the mitted integrity and efficiency, marking their Union, over the nomince of a sectional moveentire official lives, as officing the strongest ment suddenly springing into its calamitous collectors in the several boroughs and town-excellent music of a stirring character. The guarantee of their fitness, in all respects, for existence on a single fanatical idea, avoyed! confined it its operations to one moiety of the Confederacy, and in its reckless disregard of ing confidence and courage on the part of the new to the country, in the form in which it is the Constitution seeming to indicate, as its Democracy are beginning to exhibit themselves presented, that has occasioned some diversity proximate design, the total ruin of the counof sentiment among us, and which has not try. Having sustained himself, during the have already seen with what unanimity the been settled authoritively, as some Democrats period which has elapsed since he entered on instantly killed. He was a son-in-law of Sens- State Convention, which assembled at Harris- contend, by the highest councils of the party. the duties of the Presidency, against the most in the cases taken from this district and arburg on the 16th of March last, passed reso. We refer to what is commonly known as the extraordinary opposition that any Chief Maglations affirming the principles and policy to Territorial question. The most ingenious istrate ever yet encountered and survived which we hold ourselves pladged before the and labored efforts have been made to confuse the Administration of James Buchanan stands country, and how it pronounced, by acclama- the public mind on this subject, but when res- now above the impotent reach of its enemies. tion, in favor of our excellent and unexcep- cued from the incomprehensible jargon of the strongly entrenched in the confidence and tionable candidates. With an occasional ex- demagogues, it merely raises an enquiry respect of the conservative masses of the naception, in the nature of an amicable protest which should be calmly and candidly met, as tion. Inducted into his great office as the or suggestion, the proceedings of the Convent to the nature and extent of the Legislative chosen representative of law, of union, and of tion have been in the highest degree satisfactower possessed by the inhabitants of a the true principles of the Government, he has, tory to the entire Democratic party of the Territory of the United States, in the political, in his official conduct, fully justified the confi-State. Since its adjournment there has been relations of such Territory to the Government | dent expectation of a large inejority of those an almost perfect restoration of cordial good and States of the Union. We do not now whose votes were given for him. The foreign feelings among Democrats, where they had propose to discuss this question at any con-policy of the Administration has not been been in some instances temporarily interrupt- siderable length, or to say much more than inerely satisfactory; it has been so eminently ms ready adhesion to the principle of Popular sition so enviable in the estimation of foreign posed of forty-one members, representing Sovereignty, when rightly interpreted and States. Although opposed most carnest every district in the State, and some of whom applied. But real Popular Sovereignty is not and indefatigably throughout; and in many you will doubtless recognize in their long and a spurious political idea, indefinite, vagrant instances meanly, treacherously and vindic faithful connection with the Democratic or and accidental. It is, when properly defined, tively by his opponents, he has consummated ganisation, have been found an unit in the nothing more nor less than the right of self- measures in the direction of the diplomacy of resolute purpose to sustain that organization government pervading our entire system, but the Government that stamp his Administraat all hazards, against open or secret hostili- expressly limited in its action by the Constity. The county meetings, wherever they have tution and the laws. It cannot exist legiti- The Paraguay expedition, notwithstanding a city passenger railway bill, giving the con- spoken, have shown themselves fully conscious mately outside of these. Otherwise, instead its failure was so confidently predicted by the tract to the highest bidder.

The fashionable watering places are nearly all opened for the season, and daily receiving in
trust, invincible determination to crown the large trust and its large trust as connected by the large trust and its large trust as connected by the large trust as a lar canvass with the success that can hardly fail limited, Popular Sovereignty is equally in- |del empire; the treaty with China, by whose to attend their zealous and efficient exertions. compatible with the rush proceedings of a careful provisions, besides covering the entire We are glad to state, also, that the Democration, as with the edicts of a tyrant. We can ground of commercial advantages, the light of ic press have dropped, with one accord, all not, therefore, subscribe to the illegitimate christianity, for the first time, is permitted to complete the connection between New York relevant topics and settled issues, and are are clearly of opinion that a Territory of the the Chinese world; the consummate skill and United States can in no respect whatever, be judgment with which, in the face of never ful energies against the common enemy. For regarded as either a Foreign or Sovereign coasing difficulties and surprising complica-State. Nor can it enjoy, by possibility, any tions, the Cantral American questions have been managed, now just on the eve, apparenttent with, the government of the Union estably, for producing their well nigh invaluable lished by the States, by whose agency they, fruits; and, above all, the final settlement of ly, for producing their well nigh invaluable the Right of Search question with Great Britain, clearly on American principles; all make up a chapter of history which, should contain an account of nothing else of note, would secure for President Buchanan's

Administration a prominent and glorique place in our annuls. When we turn to Mr. Buchanan's domestic Administration, so far from its affording reaexpedients of office seeking politicians. While the President may have offended, in some in In the stances, the morbid sentiments of particular such affairs. localities, we aver that no one who speaks honestly accuse him of having sought personal or that he has at any time deserted his rigid

ecause we have been and are conscientional indignant at the course of misropresentation and vituperation adopted by the Opposition, 6 feet 31 inches! Any one doubting this can as the electioneering trick of a party, against whose private life, or public conduct, cannot Wilmot Processites. It must govern in a on honorable grounds. Besides, we wish to Territory in the sense of the Constitution, declare that, if to their discredit, others may that his fame as a statesman, while serving that by force of his virtues and anlended abilcal administration, until it has become the ac- the Congress; otherwise, the few thousand ities, he is the first and only Pennsylvanian to whom the nation has accorded the Chie

When he assumed office, it is well known to not more than a year, they can now form a substantially at this day what it has ever been, set themselves up as a foreign state, if they us, and to all, that two important Territories More than half a century ago, as at this hour, so liked, and to deny the jurisdiction of the of the United States were in a condition of revolt and civil war. We need not point out lance, over the rights of the States and the lishing a Government in a Territory, cannot the fact that both of these Territories are now widower with a family, and for this reason she union of the States; another insisted then, as impart to it authority to do, by feeble Terris at peace with themselves and obedient to the now, on civil and religious freedom for all torial enactments, what Congress itself can- Government. It is in every one's recollection, classes and seets, discriminating for nane and not undertake to perform under the Constitution, how angry and perilous was the exciteagainst none, whether Catholic or Protestant, tion, and can pever venture to undertake, ex- ment prevailing both North and South on the subject of negro slavery ;-an excitement constantly fanned into a flame by "Kansasshricking" inventions, and other sensation abortion. Many papers of the Opposition, in generous laws, a liberal hospitality towards tion of any provision particularly protecting appliances of the same sort, until patriotic abortion. Many papers of the Opposition, in generous laws, a mostal application of the opposition, in generous laws, a mostal application of the opposition, in generous laws, a mostal application of the opposition, in generous laws, a mostal application of the opposition, in generous laws, a mostal application of the opposition, in generous laws, a mostal application of the opposition, in generous laws, a mostal application of the opposition, in generous laws, a mostal application of the opposition, in generous laws, a mostal application of the opposition, in generous laws, a mostal application of the opposition, in generous laws, a mostal application of the opposition, and to turn patrionic classification of the opposition, and to turn patrionic mental applications of the opposition, and to turn patrionic mental applications of the opposition of men began to fear the worst, and to turn rale and a love of liberty; a fourth demanded, as But if a Territory attempt uullification, or re- to sny that he has restrained the wild and vicious spirit of faction with a strong handall exigencies, whether military, or commer- Congress, or to judicial decisions in their prop- moderate in its grasp, though strong-until, Waterloo erested in the British empire fifteen cial-for security, defence, or national aggran- er logical and legal consequences, or to any at last, the whole Judu tary of the land, Federal and State, at Washington, in Ohio, in Georble and benevolent progress of American civ- the Constitutional authority of the United gia, in South Carolina and claewhere, may be ilization, and hence it has happened that every States over the same, then the Federal Government seen coming to the rescue of the Government foot of Territory annexed to the Union has ment should at once interpose and put it down, while in the august presence of the Courts, the been acquired by the Democratic party; in a not so much for the sake of the slave, or any storm of political violence begins sensibly to fifth article of our faith was and is presented other kind of property, or even of the persosha noble Jeffersonian conception of universal and rights of citizens that may be thereby in.

The Sheriff and Commissioners, on Saturly encouraged and supported by all our
ly encouraged and supported by all our Another great battle is reported in Italy, suffrage with universal education; in a sixth vaded, though constituting a sufficient reason of the law begins to conquer the hydra of master unreason, and the victorious presence |-io wit:

rich or poor—native or naturalized; in a pening of any such act of nullification, or recial revulsion, overwhelming as it was sudden, sepanth was and is announced the doctrine of bellion, and at the time of organizing a swept over the country, threatening not only private, but public solvency. No one will think of seeking to hold the President in any sound political morals, and in the un- political conduct on the part of the inhabi- way responsible for this extensive and disaswith sound pointing inorms, and in the distribution of way responsible for sine extensive and disas-wise relaxation of which debt, extravagance, tank of a Territory; scherens the doctrine of trous convulsion of business and credit. But tyranny and corruption would soon find their Congressional interception would assume the we believe that we have a right to insist that way into the very citadel of the Constitution, receive. In fine, we are disposed to maintain all proper acknowledgment should be made for the angacity, prudence and tact characterizing the proceedings of the Administration, unble. We have opposed National Banks, We are distinctly opposed to any compulsory by means of which the Government was taken through an unexpected crisis of profound destroyed them and established the independent reminding in this rights of the State of Pennembarrassment, without the least depreciation

the purpose, in defence of the President and his Administration from the scurrifous gossip

fellow citizens, to other topics; to offer some suggestions in reply to the inisrepresentations peners in the interest of the Opposition. It main, on objects whose usefulness and legality tory to abolish Negro Slavery or to prevent amendment of the Constitution of Maintain the introduction of Slave property into the section of Maintain the introduction of Slave property into the section of Maintain the section the section of Maintain the section the section the section that the section the section the section the section that the section the section the section that the section the section the section that the section the section that the section that the section that t main, on objects whose usefulness and legality tory to about a person clavery or so prevents amendment of the Constitution of Makethlushave been alike questionable.

The introduction of Slave property into the setts, effected by the votes of the Opposition the introduction of the Opposition of the O States, and an expressive demonstration in favor of the pet Black Republican ductrins of Local Affairs.

Payment of State Tax. Adams Aguin First in the Field!-The Treasurer of this county, Hon. J. B. Dannen, our country on Monday last. From all quaron Thursday last, paid the entire quota of Tax ters our exchanges come freighted with nodue the State by this county for the year tices of the doings on that day, demonstrating of visiting the ornament of your borough, , paying the tax thus promptly a handsome brightly on the altar of the Nation. abatement, amounting to upwards of \$000, is No general celebration was had here, but saved to the county, a fact which will gratify the day was observed as a heliday by all. At

Notwithstanding the boasted wealth of other counties, some of them nearer the scat were disturbed by the sound of martial music of government too, Adams is still ahead in and the ringing of bells. At 4, the Blues the prompt liquidation of her portion of the assembled at their Armory, and after a few monwealth, Mesars, R. L. Wright and John the elevation of ner most distinguished State's dues, over which we have an honest preliminaries adjourned for breakfast. At man to the Presidency. This important for right to "crow," in the name of our sterling 51 they re-assembled, and marched to the little county.

the treasury has been pretty well drained, and marched well, and the Band discoursed ships are expected to make and return col- train left at 6, amidst the cheers of a large lections without unnecessary delay.

Supreme Court of Pransylvania. At its late session in Philadelphia, the

gued at May Term, 1859. Samuel Fahnestock, appellant, vs. Robert Sheads, P. A. & S. Small, et al, appellees .-Appeal from Common Pleas of Adams county. Judgment affirmed. Opinion by Reed,

James A. Thompson and Robert Smith, plaintiffs in error, vs. Bank of Gettysburg, defendants in error. Writ of error to Common Pleas of Adams county. Judgment af-

firmed. Opinion by Thompson, Justice. Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, ex relatione, Jno. L. Tate, et al, plaintiffs in error, versus John II. McClellan, et al, defendants in error. Writ of error to Common Pleas remarks on all sides. [Prof. TROYER, of this of Adams county. Judgment affirmed .-Opinion by Lowrie, C. J. [The Railroad Quo Warranto case.

George II. Merkline, plaintiff in error, ve William Trapnell, defendant in error. Writ graph caken and would have numerous locks of error to Common Pleas of York county .-Judgment affirmed. Opinion by Thompson,

Appeal from the decree of the Court of Paradise township and constituting Jackson township, which was argued at the May Term, has not yet been decided.

Major General. The commissioned officers of the 4th Division, (York and Adams,) on Monday last, voted for a Major General. Major John Scorr received in this county 19 votes, and we were told on Monday evening at York that Major George Hay had there received 19 repay the many kind attentions received

Pic Nic.

Pic-nic-ing promises soon to be the order of the day. We understand that Prof. HARRY is at the head of a project for a grand union Pic Nic, in this vicinity, in which the Singing Associations of Fairfield, Hanover and Locusts have made their appearance in large and fearless in the exposition of our views, ambraced in the Territory? The answer is, the hour, who admires the conceptions and Gettysburg, with numerous citizens of the numbers, in portions of Hellam and Manchester with a platform and ticket challenging honest in the Federal Government. Where in the practice of real statesmanship, and who dethree places, are expected to join. A pleasant time will of course be had. No one known better than the Prof. how to get up

> Still They Come! Mr. Jacob LITTLE placed upon our table, the other day, a stalk of Timothy measuring

Mr. Joun HERBST sends in a pair of Timothy stalks, the longest measuring 5 feet 61 mones,-grown on his farm, in Cumberland

Mr. FRANCIS W. ORNER, the other day, pulled, on his father's farm, in Menallen township, a stalk of Timothy which measures see the stalk at his father's residence. Old Menallen is hard to beat. Mr. Jephthan Duns, of Hamiltonban town

ship, contributes to our " Museum " several very fine heads of Oats, one of them containing nearly 300 grains—which he very properly styles " sound Democratic oats."

Frank M'Laughlin, at Chambersburg, was dollars for his appearance to stand his trial

W. B. McClellan, Esq., has purchased

The School Directors, on Saturday last, ner of High and Washington streets, for \$350.to Mr. BANKARD, who intends erecting a three-story brick dwelling thereon.

A Congregational Meeting will be held in the German Reformed Church, in this place, on Saturday, July 23d, at 1 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of renting the pews.

. Jurers for August. The Sheriff and Commissioners, on Satur-

Straban-Fleming Gilliland, Jacob Bucher, Wm. Stallsmith, Jeremiah Shriver. Franklin-Wm. Toot, Samuel Swope. Cumberland-Henry Eyler, Jno. F. Currens. Mountpleasant—Geo. Hagarman, David Biehl. Huntington—Philip Myers, Jno. D. Becker, Frederick Bowers.
Conowago—Ambrose Eline, Jacob M. Wortz. Mountjoy - Watson Barr. Menallen -- Jesse A. Hutton.

Union-Peter Long, Edward Rebert. Gettysburg-James A. Thompson. Freedom-W. Ross White, John N. Moritz. Hamiltonban-Jesse P. Topper, Moses Seabrooks.

GRYRRAL JURY. Mountiey-Michael Trostle. Berwick tp.-Abraham Myers. Huntingtun-Joseph Bream, Daniel Menges. Gettysburg-Joseph H. Little, Jesse Culp, Rob ert Cobean, Robert D. Armor, Henry J. Stable. Latimora-Nathaniel Smith, Amos Myers.

Union-Michael Kitzmiller.

Compwago...Jacob Adams. Jonas Routzong.

Germany—George Gonder, Henry Spalding,
George Stonesifer.

Straban-Cornellus Lott, Henry Herbst. Franklin-James Russell, Peter Ketteman, Frederick Diehl, Joseph Rebert. Mountpleasant-Alexander Shorb, Sam'l. Shorb. George Rex, John Hancs, John Bream, Jacob Appleman, Hamilton—Joseph Woods, Daniel Baker. Liberty—John Musselman, Joseph Creager.

Hamiltonban-Robert Watson, Isaac Robinson Oxford-Elias Slagle, Joseph J. Smith. Berwick tp.-John Elder.

A boot-jack, like a sore finger, has to

The Fourth. The 83d Anniversary of the Declaration of American Independence was celebrated with rather more than usual spirit throughout

an early hour in the morning, in the "wee

sma' hours ayant the twal," our slumbers Depot, accompanied by the Citizens'(or Demo-In order to make the full payment so early, cratic) Band, is uniform. The Blues looked of man never trod a lovlier spot, crowd; and arrived at Hanover in due season, where two more cars, (making five) were attached, containing the Hanover Rifles, com-Supreme Court made the following decisions manded by Capt. H. GATES MYERS. This and interesting ornaments of taste and order. Company also made a fine appearance. The cars likewise contained a considerable number of the citizens of Gettysburg, Oxford, of affection, or to decofate places consecrated Hanover, &c. Upou reaching York, the two companies were received by the Worth Infantry, Capt. Ziegle, and York Rifles, Capt. McInting, with two splendid Bands, and trees of native growth, and the whole area marched to Main street, where the line was formed, by the addition of the Independent Greys, Lieut. Sixpson commanding, and the Lafayette Guards, Capt. Brown, both of a circular range of rocks, artificially placed and the command given to Col. EGERTON, of Baltimore. The procession made a very imposing appearance, and elicited commendatory place, brought up the rear, and was the "obhis eye over the picture book of Nature, word to say of or to him, and he so won upon the Baltimoreans that they had his photoof his hair.] After murching through several streets, the military partook of a well gottenup collation at Washington Hall. An hour after, the line of march was resumed, and Appeal from the decree of the Court of Quarter Sessions of York county, dividing continued through the principal streets. At more of the elements of rare richness and G P. M. the excursion train for Gettysburg beauty—true, here and there, may be found hearty cheers and warm wishes of an immense throng of military and citizens assembled at the Depot. The train arrived here at about 9 o'chek, all well pleased with the day's doings. The Blues and Band were delighted with the treatment they received at York, and will seek some fitting occasion to votes-making a tie, if our information be at the hands of the military and citizens of

that place. A celebration of an interesting character came off at Pennsylvania College, a report of which will be found in this issue.

The Pourth at Pennsylvania Callege.

MR. EDITOR :- Dear Sir-The celebration of the Fourth at the College, which was announced by the town papers of the week pre- ment, in the time of Abraham. When Sarah. vious, passed off in a manner alike befitting the spouse of Abraham, had attained the ago the occasion, and creditable to the Committee of one hundred and twenty and scren years. of Arrangements. A neat rostrum was creet- she died "at Kirpath-arba; the sums is Heed and seats were provided under the shade bron in the land of Canaan," and Abraham of the surrounding trees. The speeches de- c ntracted for the "field of Ephron, which livered by those called upon, evinced much was in Machpelah, the field and the care talent, and the speakers did much honor, both | which was therein, and all the trees that were to themselves and the Institution. The new in the field, that were in all the borders and beautiful Flag which the exercises were round about, were made sure unto Abraham to inaugurate, was unfuried to the breeze from for a possession of a burying place, by the a neat flag staff on the College cupola. Du-sons of Heth," and therein were the dead of ring the exercises a national salute was fired Abraham buried, at intervals of 10 minutes. The College Glee | The Hebrews, however, were not the only Club assisted to entiren the occasion with pa- people who exercised reverence and solicitriotic odes and choice selections of music .- tude for the burial places of their dead. The The order of exercises was as follows:

few appropriate remarks by Theo. Heiling, of tions, have, from time immemorial, displayed Tamaqua. After singing of Hail Columbia, the strength and refinement of their social an excellent Oracion was delivered by D. L. affections, by unwearied attention to the se-Treasler, of Loysville. The Fing was then lection and decoration of rural places of inhoisted, with the firing of the cannon and sing- terment. "To confident repose in God and ng nearly 300 grains—which he very propering of "Star Spangled Banner." Dr. Baugh-reverence for the day of man," has ever, and or, President of the Institution, was then called will ever, well-up the breast of humanity.

Wm. Glean, the man charged with shooting usual happy and instructive manner. He was be regreited that every city and town has not followed by J. B. Reimensnyder, of Milton, lits consecrated spot, rural and ornate, sereleased from jail on Monday last, by giving and H. W. Roth, of Prospect. After the sings cluded and inviting, as a place of resort for security in the sum of two hundred and fifty ing of that famous old College song, "Gaude" the citizen, oppressed with the sorrows, or amus Igitur," the following gentlemen being wearied with the toils of life; and for the at the August Court. M'Laughlin is now called upon responded :- Mesurs. M. H. Rich- stranger sojourning by the way. Such places pronounced out of all danger from the effects ards, of Reading, S. A. Holman, of Harris- of resort serve reverently to honor the dead. burg, and A. J. Weise, of Hagerstown, Md. perpetuate the memory of their virtues, and Music-"The Mariners." The next gentle- confirm a just estimate of their good deeds. men called upon were G. M. Brinkerhoff, of whilst they reflect honor on the living, and of Perez Sheads, deceased, in W. Middle Street, for \$1,235.

Hunterstown, and W. B. Eyster, of Gettys bear testimony to the cultivation of the best burg. The audience having been invited to feelings of our nature. visit the Halls of the College, the exercises | The rural and ornate Cemetery in the vi-

still the Patriot Band." manner, and with much credit to all concern- mon mother which receives at last, in no unable audience assembled on the occasion.

The glorious Fourth was ushered in at New Oxford by martial music and the firing Cemetery grounds; it is the Christian's comof musketry. . The citizens of the town, when they arose in the morning, found that a libsquare during the previous night-the national ensign floating gaily from its top. The New Oxford Fencibles paraded during the add the skill of the sculptor, the graceful tasta day, and performed evolutions that older companies would be surprised at. They were architect, and let the genius and talents of out with their muskets, and upon their next public appearance will no doubt be in uniform. A Brass Band is also talked of in that feeling." place, to which, as well as the Company, we

Caledonia Apringa.

wish abundant success.

celebrated watering place, in this style : Away up among the mountains, in Adams exquisite beauty and interest, and it shall be county, a few miles from Chambersburg, and my pleasure, in some future numbers of the the same from Gettysburg, there stands, beautiful in its seclusion, one of the most delight-fully cool houses, in the mider of the wildest and most romantic secuery you can imagine, that it is right and highly proper, that the and surrounded with everything in the way of running streams, shady walks and all the et celeras of a real country life; while within I arid path through the flary desert of desire have found society of the most social and refined character—every body doing just us they crated spot around which affection may fondchoose, and nobody choosing to overstep the ly linger, and its embellishments, those bounds of propriety in any way.

These Springs are under the management of proper and meet. Mrs. H. M. Cooren, formerly of this place, en route for the Barings.

The grain and grass crops so badly injured by the hail in the vicinity of New Oxford, some time ago, have slightly recovered. Tuesday for two. - Hanever Specialor.

Pen-Droppings for The Compiler

The same of the sa

EVER GREEN CEMETERY. A friend, and myself, under the guidance of a gentleman of your acquaintance, Mr. Stable, a short time since, had the pleasure Ever Green Cemetery, and, indeed, the incidonts of that visit, in connection with the urbanity, and well-timed kindness of our conductor, served greatly to enhance our already high estimate of Gettysburg, her anvirons.

and her citizens. This Cemetery is, I believe, within the confines of the borough of Gettysburg, immediately south thereof, and a walk of less than a mile brings the pedestrian to the tasteful and unique Lodge, Gateway or Entrance, to this "City of the Dead," than which thereigh

Its extensive and commodious grounds are abundantly planted with rare and choice trees of indigenous and foreign growth, and traversed by winding and spacious avenues, whose samoness, and necessarily rather dull formality, are fully atoned for by the many which an improved and refined exercise of social feeling has there reared as mementoes

by holy remembrances. The southern surface of Ever Green, is, to some extent, covered with a wood of rigorous thereof, naturally circular, and sloping gracefully with an upward inclination from its circumference to its centre, is thereat suffiin the perpendicular and oblique positions, and wearing the ancient, moss-covered, and mysterious air of the Druidical Stone Henge.

of England. spread out before him-let him look around. and he will instantly realize the fullness and scope of the enchanting and ever varying landscape—he may trace a series of views so full, so entire, so grand, sublime, and magnificent, that hardly, if at all, can Nature present any other effort of her plastic hand to excel them, or, in any wise, possessing single and isolated catches of scenery, some of which, perhaps, may be more beautiful is their aspect of terror and dreary desolation, others, in the tameness of their simplicity, and, others again, in the awful sublimity of their grandeur, but no great combination of views so entire, with a continuity so extended, with landscape so splendid, and with a finishing of such rare and exquisite beauty, can elsewhere he shown. Some of these views we may hereafter sketch in detail, if it so please you, Mr. Editor-but for the present, quantum mefficit.

The idea of rural burial places of the dend is not of modern origin, but rather a revival of an ancient custom. In Genesia xxiii, we learn of their use, if not of their establish-

Egyptiane, Greeks, Etruscans, Turks, with The object of the meeting was stated in a their Cypress-covered tombs, and other na-

sold the old school house and lot en the corupon which all parties can meet in forgive-Every thing passed off in the most pleasing ness and harmony; it is the lap of the comed, and to the delight of the large and respect- kind embrace, all her children, however widely sundered in their lives by the jarring controversies of their day. Let no man tread with levity or profaneness the mazes of the mentary on the truths and the hopes he holds most sacred. Let these grounds be reverent-

To the beauties of nature let us continue to of the florist, the chastened design of the the land throw around the whole their most

In this paper, already too long, I have not attempted to confine myself to a description of the beautiful and interesting charac-A correspondent of the Harrisburg Patriot teristics of Ever Green Cemetery, nor to those and Union has been to Caledonia Cold of the surrounding country; they are, how-Springs, and writes to the editor about this ever, neither few nor barren, but multitudinour and richly fraught with the elements of Compiler, to describe, as best I may, this and disappointment," should be the conse which love and remembrance may deem

Typhoid Forer .- We are sorry to learn that be found anywhere. The number of visitors typhoid fever prevails to an alarming extent now exceeds that of any former time. A in East Berlin and visinity. It has carried party from Gettysburg spent several days of several of their prominent citisens. Mr. there last week, while not a day passes but George Schwarts, termerly of this place, fell parties from abroad arrive here on the cars a viotim on Monday last. Separal young men in the prime of life have likewise fallen before this terrible disease. The hell rang on Sunday for three, on Monday for two and on