



H. J. STARRS, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. GETTYSBURG, PA. MONDAY MORNING, MAY 1, 1869.

Democratic State Circuit.

For Auditor General, RICHARDSON L. WRIGHT, of Philadelphia. For Superior General, JOSE ROWE, of Franklin county.

News, etc.

With the exception of Virginia, which will hold its election on the 20th of May, there will be no more State elections held until August, when the States of Alabama, Arkansas, Kentucky, Missouri, North Carolina, and Texas will elect.

Four inches of snow fell at St. Clairsville, Ohio, last Saturday week. There was a snow also at Pittsburg on the same day, and at Norfolk a violent gale of wind prevailed, blowing down fences, chimneys, and partially unroofing one or two houses.

Sister Mary Teresa (Green), who has been 43 years a Sister of Charity, died at St. Joseph's, Emmitsburg, on the 12th ult., aged 72 years.

A verdict of \$1,250 has been obtained against W. C. Bosley, of Erie, Pa., for the destruction of the "Constitution" newspaper office during the "railroad war" at that place, in the spring of 1856.

A divorce case is now on the tapis in Cincinnati between two parties, both young, and married but three years, whose disagreement arose out of a nightcap which the wife insisted upon wearing in spite of her husband's wishes, petitions, tears, oaths, and commands.

Canadian Cents.—These coins, which have been lately thrown off at the British mint, possess a remarkable peculiarity. They are not only tokens of value, but also standards of weight and measure; 100 cents weigh exactly one pound, and one cent measures one inch.

Four children belonging to Mr. Jones, of Harrisburg, Pa., were bitten by a mad dog on Friday week.

President Buchanan was 68 years of age on Saturday week.

The Texas papers are talking of dishes of strawberries and cream and "corn waving breast high."

Rev. Dr. Chapin's society, in New York, have voted him a salary of \$6,000. He earns about \$3,000 by lecturing, and is not in his pulpit more than half the time.

A letter from Constantinople states that the first thing Noury Pasha did, after he was married to the Sultan's daughter, was to borrow \$200,000 from his father-in-law's banker.

On Saturday night the train on the New York and Erie Railroad was detained two hours by a fall of snow. In some places it was two feet deep.

Mr. Robert Kennicut left Chicago last week on a journey overland to the North Pole. He is an ardent naturalist.

A Frenchman named Jean Gelout Hinason, aged fifty years, and Francois Ismand, a native of Germany, aged fifty likewise, were joined in the holy bonds of wedlock at St. Louis on Tuesday. The beauty of the joke is that the old bachelor cannot speak a word of German, and the old maid cannot speak a word of French.

A boot and shoe firm in Alexandria, Va., are doing quite an extensive and profitable trade with Hong Kong, China.

The musquito season has already commenced in the various towns on either side of the Ohio river.

Death of the President's Niece.—Miss Fanny J. Yates died at Dr. Seely's Water Cure in Cleveland, Ohio, on Thursday week, of consumption, in the 23d year of her age.

The Plaideler says she is the daughter of Dr. Charles M. Yates, of Meadville, Pa., and the niece of President Buchanan, with whom she was a great favorite, occupying almost the relation of an adopted daughter.—She had been at the Water Cure about a year.

The editor of the Portland Eastern Argus found, on Monday, the defeated candidate for Mayor in the composing room of that paper, busily "setting up" the inaugural of his successful competitor, and criticizing it as he went along. So philosophic a citizen should not spoil his contentment by going into office.

Proceedings for a divorce have already been commenced in the New York Courts, by the Hon. Daniel E. Sikes.

The barn on the premises of Adam L. Hoover, at Pitsburg, was burned on Saturday night week. Two horses perished in the flames. Loss about \$1,000, and no insurance.

The Legislature of California, at the suggestion of Governor Weller, in his annual message, has passed an act appropriating one thousand dollars annually for the completion of a national Washington Monument.

Cincinnati, April 25.—A special dispatch to the Commercial says that the steamer St. Nicholas, from St. Louis, bound to New Orleans, exploded her boilers last night near Helena, Arkansas. Seventy-five lives are said to be lost.

There are now one hundred and fifty Young Men's Christian Associations in the country.

A horse 16 1/2 hands high, and weighing 1,300 pounds, is offered for sale in Cincinnati. It seems to be a cross between an elephant and a steam engine.

The President of the United States has appointed Hon. Jas. W. Quiggle, of Philadelphia, to be Consul to Antwerp and Belgium. Mr. Q. is well known in this State, having represented the Lycoming District in the State Senate a few years since.

The Future of the Democratic Party.

We bear a great deal from the Black Republican and Abolition journals and speakers, says the Uniontown Genius of Liberty, about the demoralization and disorganization of the Democratic party. In reply to all this we point to the workings of the past. There hasn't been a year since the Abolitionist party became formidable that it was not predicted that the Democratic party was disorganized and broken up. And long before the Abolitionists had acquired any respectable show of strength, it was stoutly affirmed by the then existing opposition that the Democratic party was disorganized and powerless to re-quitte. It was so after the election of Jefferson, Madison and Monroe; it was so after the election of Jackson and Van Buren. It was so after the election of Polk and Pierce. And now, that James Buchanan occupies the executive chair, we hear the same old croaking piping their doleful ululations. To all the enemies of the Democratic party, in the name of the past glories and triumphs of that honored old party, we send greeting, that the Democracy are sure to rally in the future as they have done in the past, and the ballot boxes, while attesting the strength of the party, will at the same time place the usual temporary quietus upon the motley voiced croakers. It is not worth while to refer to the disintegrated, disjointed and distracted condition of the opposition, and commend to a careful hearing of their own breaches, for the opposition do not aspire to be considered anything more than a number of cliques and factions, all out of joint as respects anything like concentration upon well defined principles. They are the opposition, but not a party.

We predict a Democratic triumph at the next general election in Pennsylvania, and then, in 1869, when the old national flag of the Democracy will be hung upon the outward wall, it will infuse the ancient Democratic fire into the bosoms of the masses the country over, and victory, glorious victory will again follow the eagles of Democracy, and everything like opposition, Know Nothing, Abolition, nigger whipping, nigger marrying, spiritual rapping, and kindred evils will be totally overthrown and forgotten, until they come up again in the shape of old croakers all croaking.

End of the Sickness Trial.

Verdict "Not Guilty."—The trial of Daniel E. Sikes for the murder of Philip Barton Key, which engaged the attention of the Criminal Court in the city of Washington for twenty days, was concluded on Tuesday last, and the jury after an absence of about forty minutes returned into Court with a verdict of "Not Guilty." The verdict seems to have been anticipated for as soon as it was pronounced a shout went up and hats and handkerchiefs were waved to testify its popularity. The scene was a wild one and great enthusiasm prevailed.

Military Elections.

The elections for all commissioned officers, of the Volunteers throughout the State, except Major Generals, will take place on the first Monday of June next. These officers are elected for five years. The Major Generals are elected in July following by the commissioned officers. An oversight existed in the late militia law, by which all the Major Generals were continued in office for one year succeeding the election of commissioned officers. It being desirable that the terms of the Major Generals and other commissioned officers should be nearly uniform, an amendment to the law was passed by the Legislature a day or two before the close of the session, providing for the election of the Major Generals in the month following the election of the commissioned officers.

Appropriation to the Pennsylvania Volunteers.

It appears that the statement which found its way into The Compiler, along with other papers, that the Legislature had made an appropriation of \$200 to each of the two regiments of Pennsylvania Volunteers who served in the war with Mexico, is altogether erroneous. The section itself, which led to the belief that such an appropriation had been made, is so ambiguously worded, that it might be easily misunderstood. We now learn that its object is merely to make up a small deficiency in the fund which was applied to the payment of the expenses of the soldiers on their way to the seat of war, under the provisions of the Act of 29th March, 1851.—The whole amount required was but \$200, and this sum only has been appropriated for that specific purpose.

Fruit Prospects at the West and South.

Mr. Price, the well known fruit grower of Cincinnati, informs the editor of the Gazette that the prospects for a good crop, on his 6,000 or 7,000 trees, is so fine that if all the fruit now on the trees remain to maturity, the limbs will require props to keep them from breaking. Our exchanges in Mississippi report the fruit crop in good condition nearly all over the State.

Railroad Companies Liable for Baggage.

The Wilmington and Manchester railroad company have a rule that denies the liability for the loss of baggage to an amount over \$100. A passenger recently sued them in the court at Darlington, S. C., for \$500, which he proved to be the value of his trunks and contents, and recovered that sum. The judge instructed the jury that a railroad company could not limit its own liabilities.

Pound GUILTY.—Thomas Smithson, Jr., aged 22, has been convicted at Pittsburg, of shooting and attempting to kill Miss Eleanor Henry, aged 17. Smithson had been paying attentions to Miss Henry, a beautiful girl, and because she avoided his company, visited her mother's residence, and shot her, inflicting a very dangerous wound.

Very Unwell.—Gov. Packer was too seriously indisposed to address the "Patriot Convention" at Harrisburg, although invited by resolution to address it. He was laboring under a very severe attack of the gonorrhea Democratic Convention, for which the Doctor looks provide no remedy.

The Know Nothing Convention of York County, has unanimously recommended General Simon Cameron for the next Presidency.

Unfortunate.—We fear the Democracy of Franklin will suffer a great deal in "respectability" and "patriotism" by their neglect to send a representative to Packer's Convention. The omission was a most unfortunate one. What a splendid chance they missed of getting into respectable society!—Valley Spirit.

The State's Rights Democracy.

After the charter of the Bank of the United States had expired, application was made to the Legislature of Pennsylvania to re-charter it. The bill was passed, but it was strenuously resisted by the Democratic party. Now, notwithstanding its opposition, and the clearly expressed will of the people, a charter was obtained. To secure that result it became necessary to purchase the votes of certain Senators, and these had been openly bought by their duty and allegiance to resist the Bank by their own real and power. They were false, bad men, and betrayed their party and were paid for their treason. The history of that session of the Legislature has not been equalled by any since that time but the one that just adjourned. Those who chartered the Bank were publicly bought and paid for, and with shameless impudence made open capital of their treason. No candid, conscientious man can answer in the affirmative.—Why, then, do these men antagonize the party and strive to effect its ruin? The answer is, they have sold themselves to the Opposition. Forney failed to secure office in the Democratic party through the treatment of Wagnonsler and Mearns, the prototypes of himself, Knox and Hickman) and he is now bidding for favors from his former political enemies. Knox's vaunting ambition overleaps Democratic appreciation of his merits, and he goes justly on Opposition to the honors. The gubernatorial Chair of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania haunts his visions, and the promise of the Black Republicans to lift him upon its coveted cushions, was the ayon upon that lurid him to his apostasy. As for Hickman, he has already received his hire. The price of his treason was a sufficient number of Black Republican votes to secure his election to Congress. These are the secret springs from which flow the bitter waters—the wormwood and gall—of the Democracy's drink. Forney, Knox and Hickman have sold themselves, and are attempting to transfer the Democratic party to the men they have repeatedly denounced as the enemies of their country! To fulfil the terms of their contract, the next holds Congress, issue addresses, make up the stump, and scatter the seeds of their infidelity as widely as possible. Therefore, let Democrats be on their guard! Let them beware of the falsehoods which these men will promulgate! Trust not their specious speeches.

Thus do all traitors; If their purgation did consist in words, They are as innocent as grace itself.

The Democratic party has stood forth before the country for the Gibraltar of the Constitution and the Union. It was born with the Government to protect and preserve it, and it has thus far faithfully discharged its mission, and we believe it will continue to do so.

We have no apprehensions for the future. We believe the intelligence of the people will prevail, and that the Democratic party will defeat all the schemes of the Know Nothings, however deep they may be laid, and present an insuperable front to all the thrusts and assaults of the common enemy. True, it may suffer temporary defeats—so may truth, justice and virtue—but they will rise again, assert their supremacy, power and majesty, and so will the Democratic party. It is founded upon solid national principles, and never can be conquered, unless the American people become too degenerate, feeble, imbecile and corrupt to sustain a Republican Government. This we cannot believe will ever be the case. The Democracy is a national party, and must be a powerful organization, and will in the future, as in the past, triumph over all sectional factions.

Mailing Letters at the Cars.

The privilege of mailing letters at the cars has been so much abused at many points upon the lines of railroad that the Postoffice Department has found it necessary to issue a circular to route agents on the subject. Hereafter they are to receive only such letters as they have good reason to believe were written after the usual hour for closing the mail at the local postoffice, and also such as could not, with ordinary diligence, have been mailed at the postoffice in time for the outgoing mail. The Constitution says:

The mailing of letters in any considerable number by route agents necessarily occupies the time which they should devote to the careful distribution and delivery of way mail, and is likely to interfere with the more perfect discharge of their duties. Another important consideration is the effect it has upon the income of local Postoffices, in diminishing the commissions of the Postoffice clerks, the letters should properly be mailed.—There is much complaint from postmasters of this evil.

The Japanese Ministers on their way to the United States.

The Japanese Ministers on their way to the United States.—The news of the departure of the Japanese Ministers on their way to the United States, are Nagai Genbo-no-Kami, Governor of Accounts and Minister of the Navy, and Twa Say Higo-no-Kami, Imperial Inspector.

The said Twa Say Higo-no-Kami is an intelligent man and well educated, having been instructed by some of the Dutch navy at Desima in algebra, mathematics and navigation. In 1857 he conducted the steamer Something, the first ever possessed by the Japanese, from New-York to New Orleans, and returned to Japan and sailed without mishap to the European aid. Twa Say Higo-no-Kami is also an intelligent man, and has acquired some knowledge of foreign politics from his intercourse with Mr. Harris especially, and from the Dutch and other foreigners. They are the best left in New Orleans at the time of the late war, and in form of moderate stature, erect size, black hair and black eyes, and sharp nose, the whitest and most perfect teeth, with a sooty, dark complexion. Most ardent, inquisitive and inquisitive. He is not a proper name, or part of it, but an honorific title borne by the highest nobles, meaning, literally, "of Heaven"—as the old Japanese made their highest dignitaries, gods, or deities of them from the gods.

An Abolishing Cautious Caught in Texas.

Last October, James A. McCorkle, cashier of the People's Bank, Richmond, Ind., suddenly disappeared, carrying with him some \$15,000 belonging to the bank. Mr. W. J. H. Robinson, Deputy Sheriff of the county, was employed to ascertain the whereabouts of the absconding cashier, and has been absent the whole winter in this undertaking. News has just been received that after a long chase he found McCorkle at San Antonio, Texas, and that he left New Orleans on the 11th of the present month with his trunk, and returned to Richmond. Previous to this affair, McCorkle had sustained an unblemished reputation, and was a member of the Episcopal Church. His relatives in Ohio and Indiana are said to be of the highest respectability. The whole matter until now has been kept profound secrets, and the blow will be a heavy one to his relatives and friends.

Determined to Avenge Him.—The Detroit Free Press says the young girl, whose elopement from Pontiac with the negro Joe some time since caused considerable talk, is now in Canada living with him, having again deserted her home and friends. On the occasion of her former elopement, her father and brother reclaimed her with difficulty, and took her to Indiana, where a divorce was obtained. She went home with them, and remained until last week, when she again left, with or without the consent of her parents, and came to Detroit. Crossing the river, she found Joe, and she and her father were married for the second time, and are now living in the most of comradship happiness. Joe having sold his horse and cart, and bought some furniture with the proceeds.

From the States, Canada.

Three Judges, each one thrice wiser than Judas. The trio of miserable traitors whose names stand at the head of this article, were the prime movers and leading spirits in the late disorganizers' Convention. What has the Democratic party done, that these men who are its creators, should be so very broad in their mouths, should thus, like so many pariahs, attempt to destroy it? Has it abated one jot or tittle of the principles it held when they declared themselves proud of their connection with it? Has it repudiated any of the doctrines which formed its creed when they pretended to be loyal to its organization? Has it retracted its opposition to Know Nothingism, to sectional fanaticism? Has it falsified its professions in any particular, or in any respect? No candid, conscientious man can answer in the affirmative.—Why, then, do these men antagonize the party and strive to effect its ruin? The answer is, they have sold themselves to the Opposition. Forney failed to secure office in the Democratic party through the treatment of Wagnonsler and Mearns, the prototypes of himself, Knox and Hickman) and he is now bidding for favors from his former political enemies. Knox's vaunting ambition overleaps Democratic appreciation of his merits, and he goes justly on Opposition to the honors. The gubernatorial Chair of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania haunts his visions, and the promise of the Black Republicans to lift him upon its coveted cushions, was the ayon upon that lurid him to his apostasy. As for Hickman, he has already received his hire. The price of his treason was a sufficient number of Black Republican votes to secure his election to Congress. These are the secret springs from which flow the bitter waters—the wormwood and gall—of the Democracy's drink. Forney, Knox and Hickman have sold themselves, and are attempting to transfer the Democratic party to the men they have repeatedly denounced as the enemies of their country! To fulfil the terms of their contract, the next holds Congress, issue addresses, make up the stump, and scatter the seeds of their infidelity as widely as possible. Therefore, let Democrats be on their guard! Let them beware of the falsehoods which these men will promulgate! Trust not their specious speeches.

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From Washington.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—This afternoon Senor Mata was formally presented to the President by Secretary Cass. In delivering the address which accompanied the body and returned by the extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of the Mexican republic to the government of the United States, he conveyed to the President, at the same time, the sentiments of friendship and high regard which the constitutional government of Mexico entertained for the American republic. Senor Mata continuing, said: "The first, and certainly the most gratifying of my duties, in the act of presenting myself to your Excellency, in my official character, is to assure you of the sincere desire with which I shall endeavor to draw into closer unity the relations of your Excellency's government and those of the government of my own country. The desire by which I am actuated in so doing, is the extent of my ability to the development of the interests of both countries, as also by the hope which I cherish that the two Republics, already united by common principles and like interests, will become daily more so, until they shall be united by the ties of the glorious victory of two nations connected by the ties of perfect brotherhood. It is peculiarly gratifying to me, Mr. President, to have in my power to be able to present to your Excellency, on this occasion the well deserved tribute of a profound respect for your person; and to give expression to the fervent wishes which I entertain for the advancing march of the people of the United States, under your Excellency's wise administration, in the path-way of freedom, civilization and progress, in which they so nobly entered." The President, in his reply, said that the government and the people of the United States had always regarded with the deepest concern the events transpiring in the sister republic. Their desire had always been to see the relations of the two countries on a basis of peace and good neighborhood; and to fully develop their mutual reciprocal interests.

In recognizing the constitutional government of Mexico, he had followed the course heretofore pursued, and this was done as soon as the opportunity offered. The government was capable of maintaining its authority and was sustained by the people. He was gratified that for the first time in their history they had so generally declared for the constitution and laws, and that the revolutionary movements of a few rash chiefs had been so signally defeated.

The interview is represented as being of a highly gratifying character.

No dispatches have been received from Minister Lohm by either of the last two arrivals from Nicaragua. The government on his part is a serious disappointment to the government.

Convicted.

PHILADELPHIA, April 28.—Ex-Judge Vandewater, of Lancaster, was convicted in the U. S. District Court on two indictments for forging fraudulent pension claims. Four other indictments against him are barred by the statute of limitation.

Further News From Utah.

Utah, March 15th brings information that the weather was the severest ever known in the Territory, tremendous snow storms having occurred in the South Pass; that four or five thousand persons will leave for the States this week, and that a great deal of property has been lost between the Mormons and the troops stationed there by Judge Cradlebaugh to protect the United States Court. The act of the judge, in ordering up troops in his support, has created a bitter feeling among the Mormons.

The Progress of the Paraguay Expedition.

The Paraguay expedition, which has terminated so successfully for the government, in obliging the Dictator Lopez to indemnify the United States for the loss of property which he had wrongfully taken from them, and to give satisfaction for the outrage committed upon the American steamer Water Witch, cost but an inconsiderable sum. The Washington Constitution says it will not cost the government a dollar more than the ordinary expenditures of the Department, except for the purchase of seven low priced steamers, which were required by the navy, at a cost of \$289,000, which has been sanctioned by Congress.

Atrocious Murder.—On Saturday evening week, an atrocious and bloody murder was committed at the house of Pat Hughes, Williamsburg, two miles above East Birmingham, Pa. At this same drinking house a murder was committed about six months ago. The murderer's name is Charles Slack, a black man, who had wrongfully taken from them, and to give satisfaction for the outrage committed upon the American steamer Water Witch, cost but an inconsiderable sum. The Washington Constitution says it will not cost the government a dollar more than the ordinary expenditures of the Department, except for the purchase of seven low priced steamers, which were required by the navy, at a cost of \$289,000, which has been sanctioned by Congress.

A New Bank Lock without any key or key-hole.

The Albany Journal contains a description of a new bank lock of a peculiar construction. It is thus described:—Around the circumference of a brass index on which are numbers from 1 to 100. You lock the door and then set the index to any number you please (say 57) by turning it to the right. You then set it to the second number (say 95) by turning it to the left, and then the third number (say 18) by turning it to the right again. You then give it a twist and go off and leave it, and no person in the world can open it without he knows the precise figures, which can be varied each time it is fastened.

Will Saltpetre Explode.—This ponderous question, after all that has been said and done pro and con to decide it, is still involved in smoke and confusion. A circumstance occurred, not long ago, in London, which really proved the point, and the same will explode in spite of all that has been said to the contrary. In the report (for 1858) of Mr. Braidwood, the Superintendent of the London Fire Department, it is stated that a fire took place on the point of the dock warehouse last summer, and that the cause was the saltpetre, a violent explosion took place, by which the centre of the building was blown to atoms, the division walls forced in, and the floors of the adjoining warehouse set on fire. Mr. Braidwood appears to have settled this question for London, although it is well known that saltpetre may be roasted over an open fire without raising a single puff.

Some boys who were fishing along the bank of the Conestoga River, near the second bridge on the Hornesville and Attica Railroad, recently discovered, near the edge of the water, several musket balls, and upon digging into the bank they found about three hundred in all. These bullets were of the pound, the same size, as will explode in the old Queen's Arm musket used in the Revolutionary war. It is supposed by many that some of the Indians who participated in the massacre of Wyoming, descended the Conestoga River, and that the bullets which these relics were lost during the expedition.

Mr. Beale, wishing to go from Galion (Ohio) to Crestline, on the C. C. and C. R. R., some two years ago, got on the train and intended the conductor to take him to Crestline for the four miles travel. Twenty cents was demanded; five being added to the ticket, because he had not bought a ticket.—This Mr. B. refused to pay, and the conductor, stopping the train, got him down from the train, and he was taken to the Court of Common Pleas. The case was on for trial recently and resulted in a verdict for the plaintiff of \$8.00.

Local Affairs.

Boy Drowned.—A little son of Mr. Jacob McClain, aged about 6 years, was drowned in Conowing creek, on Monday last, while attempting to cross a log in the vicinity of Gitt's Mill, in Oxford township. The child not coming home at the usual time, search was made for him and his cap found about a quarter of a mile down the stream. Upon the fact being communicated to the neighbors the search was continued until a late hour, but without success. The search was resumed on Thursday morning and the body of the unfortunate child, was not far from where he fell in.

Drowned Near Friend.—Yesterday afternoon Coroner Barr was called upon to hold an inquest upon the body of an unknown man, who was found floating in the Susquehanna river, about half a mile below the Paxton creek. The coroner summoned a jury who examined the body and returned a verdict that the unknown had come to his death by drowning. The body had the appearance of having been in the water for a length of time, his head and breast being considerably bruised and much discolored. The bruises, it is supposed, were produced by the body washing against the stones along the river. He was dressed in a short monkey jacket, with brass buttons; black cloth vest; dark grey pants and moccasin shoes. In his pantaloons pocket was found a purse, but nothing in it. A fine tooth comb, a lead pencil and three coppers were found in his vest pocket. The man is supposed to be about fifty-five or sixty years of age; has black hair and grey whiskers; and about five feet nine or ten inches high. The remains were taken to the Poor House for interment.—Harrisburg Patriot of Monday.

The above answers somewhat to the description of JOSEPH DEARDORF, who escaped from the State Asylum at Harrisburg on the 22d of December last, since which time nothing has been heard of him by his family, residing in Butler township, this county.—The proper persons have gone on to examine the body.

We understand that the "Adams County Mutual Fire Insurance Company" has promptly paid Mr. EPHRAIM MILLER \$1300 for the loss sustained by the burning of his barn last fall. Mr. M., by thus paying out a few dollars for insurance, receives back in cash \$1300 to make good his loss. He has rebuilt a fine barn. This payment has been made without assessment, and we understand that the company have still on hand about \$4,000 in cash, besides Premium Notes to the amount of about \$90,000. The economical working of this company—paying all expenses and losses without assessment, during the eight years of its operations—tells well for its judicious management.—Star.

The Boards of Directors of the Seminary and Trustees of the College, met on Tuesday and Wednesday. We understand that the sessions of both were harmonious, and that important business bearing upon the interests of these prosperous institutions was transacted.

It is expected that the attendance at the fall exercises of these Institutions will be unusually large. In addition to the ordinary attractions, there is to be a grand reunion of the Alumni of both Institutions—with Dinner, Speeches, &c. An efficient Committee have the matter in charge.

The Compiler has a much larger circulation in this county, with a rapidly increasing subscription list. The Compiler goes to every Post Office in the county, and is regularly read by hundreds, thus affording an excellent advertising medium for merchants, mechanics, manufacturers and others.

Read the following opinion of STARRS GIRARD on advertising:—"I have always considered Advertising—liberally and long—to be the great medium of success in business, and the prelude to wealth. And I have made it an invariable rule, to advertise in the dulllest times, long experience having taught me that money thus spent is well laid out; as my keeping my business continually before the public, has secured me many sales that I otherwise would have lost."

Workmen were engaged for several days last week in removing the furniture, clock, bell, &c., from the old Court-house; and on Thursday Messrs. WARRICK commenced pulling down the building, and it soon will be numbered with "the things that were."

Rev. HENRY SLICZKA, the distinguished Presiding Elder of the West Baltimore District of the M. E. Church, was present at the Quarterly Meeting in this place on Sunday and Monday last, and preached three sermons during that time, to densely crowded audiences.

Postmasters over the county should make it an object to obtain subscribers for their own county papers, as they are allowed out of the post office 10¢ for every county paper received at their office.

The act authorizing the Courts of Common Pleas to change the names of persons, has been signed by the Governor since the adjournment of the Legislature.

Zion's Classis of the German Reformed Church, will meet in Gettysburg on the 13th of May, at 7 o'clock, P. M.

The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be administered in the German Reformed Church, in this place, on next Sabbath week, (the 15th)—preparatory services on the previous afternoon.

At a meeting of the Directors of the Gettysburg Railroad on Wednesday last, Mr. C. X. MARTIN, of this place, was appointed Conductor.

Mr. NAT. LUTHER, was on Saturday week, awarded the contract for re-modelling the United Presbyterian Church in this place.

There is still a promise of a large fruit crop in this quarter. The growing grain, too, hardly ever looked better.

Answer to last week's Enigma—"William H. Prescott."

Much has been said of the Eastern Ecclipses labor for the sick; not one half has yet been told of the indomitable perseverance of the same, and how he has been a relation of the French poet and belonged to the F. F. V's.

Shortly after retiring to his room, he sent the following note to the laundress:—"In your next morning's paper, No. 43, to the Clerk—Dear Sir: I am very unwell and do not expect to recover, will you be so kind and send for a Minister to come to my room. I