THE COMPILER.

H. J. STABLE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

GETTYSBURG, PA:

MONDAY MORNING, MARCH 28, 1859.

Democratic State Ticket.

For Auditor General,
RICHARDSON L. WRIGHT, of Philadelphia.

For Surveyor General,
JOHN ROWE, of Franklin county.

NEWS, ETC.

☞The Harrisburg correspondent of the *York Gazette* speaks favorably of the Hon. Jeremiah Shindel, State Senator from the Northampton and Lehigh district, as a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Governor in 1860. He says:—"Mr. Shindel is a native of Northumberland county—a fine English and German scholar—a high-bred Pennsylvania German, with a character as high as it is pure, and with manners so pleasing and agreeable as to win upon all who approach him. He is the very man to bring the Democratic party back to the days of Andrew Jackson and Francis R. Shunk."

The Legislature of Illinois has made a law that no person shall serve oftener than once a year upon a jury.

Monday next has been fixed on for the trial of the Hon. Daniel E. Sickles.

Gen. George P. Morris, poet, warrior, and editor, has just been appointed consul to Havre.

It is reported that Governor Packer and Adjutant General Wilson have under consideration the propriety of selecting a site for another encampment of the volunteers of the State. If such should be their intention, we hope they will succeed better than they did at Williamsport, or what would be more sensible, abandon the project altogether.

The election in York, on Friday week, resulted in favor of the Republicans and Know Nothings, as it did the year before. A. Forry has 136 majority for Burgess, over E. H. Weiser.

The *Eco d' Italia* of March 19 learns from good authority, which it is not allowed to name, that the Hungarian patriot Kossuth passed through France, with the consent and connivance of the French Government, and arrived *incognito* at Genoa. It is supposed that he will place himself at the head of the Hungarian soldiers now in Lombardy. It is a well known fact that during the last ten years Kossuth has been studying military science.

A New York morning paper says: "Within one week we have had but five murders, three rapes, eight suicides, forty-two burglaries, one hundred and twenty-two ordinary robberies and not more than five hundred assault and batteries."

The Gov. of New Jersey has offered a reward of $500 for the arrest of a clergyman named Hauck, charged with causing the death of his wife by poison.

The New Orleans *Delta* gives the following extraordinary occurrence: On Monday, the day after the Princess disaster, an infant, about seven months old, was picked up in the river, at Mr. Peniston's plantation, below the scene of the explosion, floating with a life preserver made fast to it. It was alive, and is now in a healthy condition, having been delivered to its mother.

About $42,000,000 were appropriated by the late Congress for the support of the Government for the present year.

On Saturday morning week, a freight engine, on the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad, blew up, near Elkton, Md., killing the engineer, Mr. Hall, a native of Littleton, Mass., and the fireman, belonging to Chester..

In addition to the above, we have another railroad accident, more serious in its results, to chronicle. The express train on the Great Western railroad ran off the track near Hamilton, Michigan, on Friday night week, killing four or five persons, and demolishing the engine and several of the cars attached.

A gentleman in Cincinnati, a few days since, emptied his pockets of a parcel of letters and papers which he had accumulated there and burnt them. The next morning he discovered that among them was one containing $500 in bills which he had intended for the mail.

It having been charged that Ex-President Pierce, now absent in Europe, was anxious to secure the Democratic nomination for the next Presidency, he has written a letter to a friend in Boston, in which he declares that under no possible circumstances will he again permit the use of his name in connection with any public office.

Bernard McGaffney, a pedler, unfavorably known to the police, was arrested in New York on Saturday, on suspicion of having been concerned in the death of Mike Walsh. He was seen in the vicinity where the body was found early on Thursday morning, and Mr. Knapp, a witness at the coroner's inquest, says he resembles one of the men whom he saw running from the spot immediately after he heard the cry of "murder."

Be sure to read the political matter on the first page.

The Boston Traveller says, with great truth, that "it is easier to get twenty good writers, than one good editor." This fact is not, however, generally appreciated.

"Why don't you hold your head up in the world as I do?" asked a haughty lawyer of a sterling old farmer. "Squire," said the farmer, "see that field of grain; the well-filled heads hang down, while those only that are empty stand upright."

"Little boy, can I go through this gate to the river?" inquired a fashionably dressed lady.

"P'raps so; a load of hay got through this morning."

The arms of a pretty girl wound tight around one's neck has been discovered to be an infallible remedy in case of a sore throat.

An exchange publishes two lines of the great epic upon General Jackson, written by a Western hand:—

"Hickories see their eyes glisten, then,
Shoulder their rifles, fire!"

The last dying words of A. Jackson, Napoleon:

"Wonder are never stronger than when they arm themselves with their weakness."

THE STATE CONVENTION.

The following article, copied from the *Reading Gazette*, is true in all its statements, and worthy of the endorsement of every Democrat in the State. Read it:

A condensed report of the proceedings of the Democratic State Convention, which met at Harrisburg on Wednesday last, will be found in this week's *Gazette*. The ticket nominated is an excellent one, and cannot fail of giving universal satisfaction. We may say, without a particle of exaggeration, that better candidates, both as regards character and qualifications, were never presented to the suffrage of the people by any party.

Mr. Wright, our candidate for Auditor General, is a native of Philadelphia, and a resident of what was the borough of Frankford under the old municipal division of the county. He has served for seven years in the State Legislature—four as a member of the House (the last as Speaker of that body,) and three as a Senator. During this long term of public service, he has become perfectly familiar with the affairs of our State government, in all their multitudinous details, and has earned for himself a reputation for honesty, fidelity, and conscientious devotion to Democratic principles, of which any public man might well be proud. Mr. Wright possesses all the qualifications that are so essential to the important position of the chief of the Accounting Department of our Government. He has capacity, experience, and above all, that fearless integrity of character which insures an adherence to the strict line of duty under all circumstances and in every emergency. In short, he is a man whom the people can *depend* upon, and to whom they may entrust their affairs in the most implicit confidence. If qualifications so requisite in all public servants, are yet estimated at their proper value, he will be elected by a triumphant majority.

Maj. Rowe, our candidate for Surveyor General, is a resident of Franklin county.—He is already well known to the people of the State, having been elected to this office in 1856. The fidelity and efficiency with which he has discharged his public duties, have earned for him the unlimited confidence and respect of all parties. His nomination for a second term, is the best possible endorsement that the Democracy of Pennsylvania could give him, and his past course is an earnest of what may be expected of him in the future. The people will hardly consent to a change which will deprive themselves of the tried services of so valuable an officer.

The Convention, as will be seen, repudiated the State Administration, by the decisive vote of 84 to 37. We would have been better pleased had no such vote been taken.—For the sake of conciliation and peace, we would have preferred to see the question of endorsing Governor Packer waived for the present, so that he might have had an opportunity, if so disposed, to retrace his steps, and repair the damage his factious course has inflicted upon the organization of the Democratic party in Pennsylvania. But as the test was presented *by one of his own friends*, in the face of an unmistakable sentiment against him, it had to be met boldly, and in such a way as to involve no compromise of principle, or of fealty to party discipline and party usage. The Governor has only himself to blame for the sentence of condemnation which has been passed upon him. His own acts have provoked it. Nominated and elected by the votes of an united Democracy, they had a right to expect of him a faithful adhesion to the party, and an ardent direction of the influence of his administration toward maintaining unity of feeling and harmony of action among its members. But he chose to make a troublesome national question—with which, as a State Executive, he had no concern—the pretext for arraying himself against the great majority of his political friends, and for encouraging the disorganization and division in our ranks which have conspired to bring about our recent defeats. At the last general election, in parts of this State, two or three honorable exceptions, were found arrayed in open hostility to the regular nominees of the party, and in many instances, in union with the Opposition which defeated them. If these acts were not advised and sanctioned by the Executive, they at least were quietly acquiesced in by him; and it is an established rule of ethics, that when a man permits to be done what he has the power to prevent, he is justly chargeable with its results. If the existence of the Democratic party is to be preserved, it must purge itself of all the factious and turbulent elements which have been too long suffered to distract its councils and impair the unity in which alone its strength consists. Better to meet defeat boldly, with its organization intact, than to purchase a questionable ascendency by yielding to those who have shown, by their previous acts, that they are ready to betray the party into the hands of the enemy whenever their own selfish interests happen to be thwarted.

—This emphatic rebuke will not be relished by Governor Packer and his mutinous adherents. But the honest and true Democracy of the Commonwealth, in whom, after all, is our only reliable hope of future success, will approve it.

From the Pennsylvanian.

The Democratic State Convention.

The Democratic State Convention which assembled at Harrisburg on the 16th, was undoubtedly one of the most important ever held in this Commonwealth. It was composed of tried and approved party men from all sections of the State, men who are Democrats not from a desire to bask in the sunshine of that success which with brief intervals has attended the party, since the organization of this Government—but because they believe the principles of the Democratic organization to be essential to the Union of the States, and the prosperity of each separate member of the Confederacy. These men accepted the agency of their districts from a conviction that bold, upright, fearless party action was necessary to meet the circumstances which surround the Democracy of Pennsylvania at this time. They saw the danger which threatened the unity of the Democracy if designing men were longer allowed to mislead the unthinking by advocating the principles of the Opposition and supporting their tickets while wearing the garb of party men and holding places obtained by Democratic votes and influence. Pennsylvania, old staunch Democratic Pennsylvania, was being scandalized by the action of those who represented her Democracy in other sections of the Union, while at the same time these men were plotting against the National Administration, and thus giving aid and comfort to the enemy. These facts stared all true party men in the face. They demanded action. Either the party must be purified by repudiating the corrupt and dishonest schemers, or fall into their tracks, suffer an ignominious and deserved defeat at home, and forfeit that proud position which the Democracy of the old Keystone have always occupied in the National councils of the party. When this idea was fairly presented to the Democracy, there was no hesitancy as to the course necessary to be pursued. There was scarcely a district which did not at once declare for the party and the National Administration, and the proceedings of the Convention demonstrate with what singular unanimity Democratic sentiment was expressed from all sections of the State. There was no attempt on the part of the National Democracy to revive decided issues. They did not seek to ostracise men who had differed with their political brothers within the *lines of party fealty and party action*. They did not withhold the hand of fellowship from such as had contended with honest zeal *before nominations*, but fought the common *enemy after*. The party did not do this in the State Convention.—But they did what was right and proper, what the Democracy demanded should be done. They repudiated those men who acted with the common enemy, who spoke at Black Republican meetings, and who used official position for corrupt and selfish purposes. The Democratic Convention did these things, and in so doing represented most faithfully the wish and demand of the party in Democratic Pennsylvania. * * *

A resolution was presented, endorsing the State policy of Governor Packer, which gave rise to considerable discussion. The few who advocated it, disclaimed any approval of the Governor's conduct in reviving the Lecompton question in his last message, and in other respects lending himself to the purposes of party disorganization. The course of his Attorney General, Knox, was expressly repudiated by the delegate who offered the resolution. The majority, however, could see neither policy nor propriety in giving any such expression of opinion as proposed by the resolution. The Governor must be looked upon as having voluntarily arrayed himself, like McKean and Shultze, against the party which elected him. He retained in office men who were making open war upon the Democratic party and its organization. He had but recently turned out of office a sound and true Democrat, to make room for a man not a citizen of the State, who, but last fall, was openly in the field in support of Black Republican candidates, and who publishes a paper which makes weekly assaults upon the President and the National Democracy of the Country. And, moreover, he has given his sanction to acts clearly prejudicial to the interests of the Commonwealth and her citizens.

Although there appear to have been thirty-seven of the Convention who were willing, as a matter of supposed policy, to vote for the resolution of endorsement, it is well understood that scarcely a man of them has any confidence whatever in the Governor, either as an officer or a Democrat. They, with all other party men, look upon him as having placed himself with Knox, Hickman, Forney & Co., outside the Democratic organization, and as ready to approve any kind of legislation that he may believe calculated to advance the interests of the speculating crowd with whom he is known to be associated.

Under all the circumstances of the case, we cannot but think that the Convention acted wisely in this matter. It was not a question of Lecomptonism and Anti-Lecomptonism. That issue is dead and gone, and Democrats everywhere are disposed so to regard and treat it. The Convention, in passing over in silence the State Administration, acted in a spirit of harmony and conciliation, not expressing any opinion as to by-gone action, and allowing the Governor to make up a fresh and better record for himself. If he really was mistaken and misled by his friends, as his advocates desired the Convention to believe, he has now an opportunity to show this by deeds. We would be exceedingly gratified if the action to which the Convention has been very unwillingly led, should end in such a result.

From the York Gazette.

Our Platform.

James Buchanan Vindicated by the Democracy of Pennsylvania!—In another column will be found the resolutions adopted by the late Democratic State Convention. They are eminently and thoroughly national in their character, and gloriously vindicate the wise and patriotic policy of James Buchanan. The resolutions are well written, and decided in their tone and character. Speaking, as they do, the honest sentiments of the true Democracy of Pennsylvania, they exhibit the earnest and unfaltering devotion which exists in the hearts of the people of his native Commonwealth, to the great and good man who now occupies the Presidential chair.—For months past efforts have been made to rob him of his well-earned fame. His policy has been grossly misrepresented, his public acts have been ruthlessly assailed, and his private motives have been shamefully impugned. With a malignity unparalelled in the history of partisan rancor, the Opposition have attempted to destroy his position as a statesman and his character as a man.—But it has all been in vain. The recent Convention repelled the assaults, and sternly resented the insults; and one fact was clearly demonstrated by that body—a fact that should be well and carefully pondered upon—that the Democracy of Pennsylvania have a confidence in James Buchanan, which perfidy cannot shake, nor falsehood steal away. * * *

This Convention will teach a wholesome lesson, in all time to come, to those in place and power. Had Governor Packer properly rebuked the unpardonable treason of his Attorney General, when he preached disorganization to the Democrats of Chester, he would not now be left naked to his enemies. "There was the weight that pulled him down." It was "a blunder, worse than a crime," not to set openly and fearlessly his mark of disapprobation upon the unwarrantable course of the man he had taken into his counsels. No one is too high to escape the evil which results from a contact with bad advisers. The stream will not remain pure, if the waters flowing into it are poisoned. The Convention over, it now becomes the duty of every true Democrat to rally round his party standard. A desperate attempt will be made to defeat us at the next election. The recruiter will be sent forth by the Opposition to steal from our ranks the weak and wavering. A victory in October next, they proclaim, will be a victory in 1860. THEY MUST BE FOILED! We had Waterloo last year—let us show them Buena Vista, when we meet them again in battle.

From the Juniata Register.

☞We were present during the entire deliberations of the Convention, and can safely say that Gov. Packer's administration had but very few friends in that Convention, and that the Governor has lost the confidence and friendship of the Democratic party. The causes which produced this result, when attributed to his *Lecompton views*, is an unmitigated falsehood. Read the proceedings of the Convention and you cannot find one word to warrant such a conclusion. Consult the majority of his appointments, some of his official acts, the company that he is found in, and the character of the men who delight to do him honor, and you have the cause. They are such distinguished political traitors as Attorney General Knox, Hineline and John W. Forney—a man whose very breath is pollution to the cause of Democracy. These, sirs, are some—we might say—of his daily advisers and companions. Could the Democratic party reasonably expect any wholesome admonitions from such putrid sources? The answer is an emphatic no! Let them go their own way, and as for the Democratic party when relieved of their presence and their *dead weight*, will like a young tree when lopped of its dead and fruitless branches, gather renewed strength by being freed from all that which before hindered its growth.

☞Mr. Monaghan made the charge in open Convention that Gov. Packer accepted two hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars less for the Delaware Division of the State Canals than he could have had for it, and that the bid was made to the Governor whilst the door to take it was still open. The charge was not denied.

The Resolutions

Adopted by the recent Democratic State Convention are received with high favor by the Democratic press of the State. All accept them, as sound planks well riveted, and upon which all Union-loving citizens may securely stand. With a staunch platform, unexceptionable candidates, and THE GOOD OLD CAUSE to battle for, victory will not fail us, though the field be the more hotly contested by reason of traitors assisting the common enemy. "RIGHT IS RIGHT!"

Don't Like It!

Forney and the whole Republican pack are sorely disappointed because the President has decided not to call an extra session of Congress. It deprives them of a little anticipated political capital, by knocking at least one spoke out of their "extravagance" wheel.

☞Irish potatoes grown this season have made their appearance at Pickens Court House, S. C.

A "Call" for a Bogus or Forney State Convention.

WHO ARE THE SIGNERS?

Forney's Press of Monday contained a call for a Convention at Harrisburg on the 13th of April next, to rebuke the Democratic State Convention held in that place on Wednesday week. This is a mere disorganizing trick of Forney and the disappointed office-seekers around him to play openly into the hands of the Opposition. Last fall they performed the same "good service" for the Black Republican Know Nothings, only a part of them did it secretly. The Philadelphia *Pennsylvanian* shows up, in their true colors, the leaders in this despicable business. That paper says:

But as the "Call" has been issued, and gentlemen have seen fit to place themselves upon the record in opposition to the party, a brief history of some of the more prominent and aspiring individuals who are engaged in this treasonable plot against the Democracy of Pennsylvania is necessary. From this City, which is the head-quarters of the conspirators, there is quite an array of names.—Among them stands John W. Forney, editor of the leading Opposition journal of this State, the man who opposed the regular nominations of the party last fall, spoke at Black Republican meetings in favor of Black Republican candidates for Congress, urged in his paper the election of Black Republicans in place of true and staunch Democrats, and at this time is the head of the Black Republican party in this City and State. His paper is sustained by the *money and influence of Black Republicans*, and the *editor* is on the same political platform with Greeley, Hale, Giddings and Garrison. Then comes W. E. Lehman, who opposed the party last fall, spoke at Opposition meetings, voted the irregular ticket, and contributed money for the defeat of the Democratic nominees. David Webster also signs this "call." Mr. Webster has acted with the *Opposition* for years, and last fall was especially active against the whole Democratic Ticket. Voted against Mayor Vaux. E. G. Webb was one of the most active and bitter opponents of the Democratic party in the First Congressional District during the last election. He spoke at meetings called to oppose and if possible defeat the candidates of the Democratic party, and on the day of election voted for the irregular candidate, and against the party nominees. J. Luther Ringwalt also acted with the opponents of the Democratic party in the First Congressional District, addressed meetings convened to oppose the party and was prominent in the ranks of that band of disorganizers which infested the lower part of our City, and acted in concert with the Black Republicans. G. W. Nebinger was the irregular Democratic candidate for Congress in the First District, spoke in company with Col. Forney at a *Black Republican meeting in Montgomery county*, urged his friends to defeat the Democratic ticket in his own district, traversed the lower part of the City in company with notorious Black Republican politicians, was engaged in like treasonable transactions during the administration of Gen. Pierce, and at the present time is heading a party of discontented men with a view of aiding the opposition at the coming municipal election in our City. He is a confirmed chismatic. Those are the leaders in this attack upon the action of the Democratic party so far as our City is concerned. Among the smaller fry who figure in the "Call," we notice Charles Barnes, disappointed office-seeker, who voted in City Convention, February, 1857, to sustain the policy of Mr. Buchanan; Charles T. Pancoast, a Free Soil Abolitionist; E. J. Megonegal, who was *expelled* from City Convention for opposing Richard Vaux when a candidate for the Mayoralty, and voting for the Black Republican People's candidate; E. T. Tyson, a Know Nothing disorganizer; W. R. Powers, supported Millward, the Black Republican candidate for Congress in the Fourth district; Fred. Genth, another Nineteenth Ward disorganizer; *J. J. McElhone, J. G. L. Brown, James Sheridan, John H. Cunningham, M. C. Hart, W. H. Severn* and *Joseph Keefe*—the last seven *attachees* of the *Press* office, and of course opposed to the principles and candidates of the Democratic party.

From the Country the names appended to the "Call" are of the same character. Look at a few specimens: John Hickman, of Chester county, elected to Congress last fall by the Black Republicans and Know Nothings,—he, himself, voting the whole Black Republican State and County tickets. George W. Pearce, W. A. Moore, N. M. Ellis and Samuel Ringwalt did the same thing.

Joseph R. Morris and H. B. Edwards, finding themselves in a small minority in the Democratic Convention of Delaware county, seceded and organized in opposition to the regular nominees of the party. W. H. Eagle was removed from office because of his open opposition to regularly nominated candidates. Henry L. Cake, a notorious disorganizer of Schuylkill county, a tool of Senator Cameron, who is used by the Opposition whenever they desire to injure the Democratic party in the county in which he resides. A. Jordan Schwartz, of Reading, one of the leaders of the Opposition to the Democratic ticket in Berks county at the last general election.—Diller Luther, at all times an unrelenting opponent of the Democratic party. Ran on the Opposition ticket for Congress in the Ninth District, and on the same ticket for other offices. Never voted the Democratic ticket in his life. D. K. Jackman, one of the managing men in the corrupt bargain by which the State Works were given to the Sunbury and Erie Railroad Company.

The list of Berks county names attached to this "Call" is well worthy the attention of Democrats. We give a few:—George Heckman, member in full standing of a Know-Nothing lodge; Daniel Pottieger, a candidate of the Opposition at the last general election; Daniel Mauger, Know-Nothing; S. L. Young, editor of the Lauman German organ; Joseph Henry, a defeated candidate for County Treasurer, opposed the Democratic ticket last fall; A. G. Green, a Know-Nothing, Republican, *never a Democrat*; Jas. Donagan, a *factious Democrat*; D. H. Hottenstein ran against the Democratic ticket in October last; Isaac Sheets wanted to be Coal Agent—did not get it, voted for the Opposition; D. L. Beiber expelled from the party, for joining a Know-Nothing lodge, acts with the Opposition; D. Neff on the Opposition ticket in October: John Green never a Democrat, except for office, he acted with all parties; Isaac Ely, Geo. Kline, Dr. L. Spatz, W. Diehl, D. Weant, all five Know-Nothings, and supported the Opposition ticket last fall; Henry Flannery supported the Opposition ticket at the same time.

We might extend our notice of the men who figure in this "Call," but that is not necessary. Those gibbeted are fair samples of their comrades. None of them are reliable party men. This is not their maiden effort in the line of infidelity to the usages of the party. They have aided the enemy before, if not by direct votes by side-door operations—and their object is now to duplicate their former actions. But the effort to dignify this party movement with the name of a Democratic State Convention is ridiculous. It has none of the elements of a Convention of the Democratic party. It is called by those who are and have been in open antagonism to the principles, usages and candidates of the Democracy not only in this State but in the Nation. It is intended to benefit the Black Republican party, by misleading, if possible, some portion of the Democracy of Pennsylvania. But the intent of its leaders will not be realized. The party men of the old Keystone will not follow the recruiting officers of the Opposition into the camp. They know that any movement headed by Forney, Knox, Hickman, Lauman, and their *familiars*, is not honest, does not mean good for the Democratic party, and hence they will repudiate both the men and their efforts. The action of the Democratic State Convention is fully endorsed by the party, and this bogus movement is but an effort of a few disorganizers to aid the Black Republicans.

The Carlisle *Volunteer* says: Most of the men engaged in this attempt at disorganization, are those who were applicants to Mr. Buchanan for favors. Their *patriotism* and *honesty* must be apparent to every one.

The Bedford *Gazette* says: "As to the spirit which prompts this revolt against the party, it is the same which moved the traitors who last fall gave the victory to the Know Nothings and Black Republicans. It is the spirit of doomed and desperate politicians—of men whose vaulting ambition overleaps every usage canonized in the hearts of the Democracy, and essays to trample under foot not only the men but the principles of the party. *It is the spirit of enmity to the Democratic organization.* The true and steadfast Democracy of the old Keystone know how to rebuke this spirit, and they will do it.—Let traitors tremble!"

The *Easton Argus* says: "It is an undeniable fact, that Governor Packer no longer enjoys the confidence of the Democrats of the 10th Legion, who supported him so warmly in 1857. It is not his course on the Kansas question either, that has brought about this change, although there was nothing in that to commend, but his open and shameless infidelity to his pledges on matters of greater interest to the tax-payers of Penn'a. than a thousand miserable Kansas fights. *In the Court House here in Easton, he said that "if the Public Works were to be sold he was in favor of putting them up at public sale and selling them to the highest and best bidder!" And yet it is notorious that he was the very head and front of the gang of speculators and public plunderers, through whose influence, aided by outrageous, damnable corruption, such as seldom disgraces the Legislative halls, the infamous bill was passed, to transfer the Delaware Division and all the other public works to* A BANKRUPT CORPORATION, *that had not one dollar in its treasury. The Delaware Division would have brought $500,000 more, if it had been put up at a fair public sale, and that* IS HARD CASH, *instead of the bonds of a broken-down Railroad Company. It was the greatest and most unblushing swindle that any set of men ever forced through the Legislature; and all who were concerned in it, from the Executive down, can never again enjoy the confidence of the honest German Democrats of Northeastern Pennsylvania.* The truth is, we need another old Shunk to rescue the State from the hands of the Philistines, into which it has fallen."

☞It is a *significant* fact that whilst nearly every Democratic paper in the State is boldly out-spoken in denunciations of Gov. Packer's appointments, his Sunbury and Erie policy, &c., the whole Opposition press *defend* him!

Correct Information.

To show how utterly groundless is the charge which Forney and the rest of the Opposition editors make, that Lecomptonism controlled the recent Democratic State Convention, we quote the following from the Pennsylvanian, for the entire correctness of which we unhesitatingly vouch:

"In the Platform of Resolutions reported by the Committee to the Convention, and adopted WITHOUT A DISSENTING VOICE by that body, containing one hundred and thirty-three members, and representing the County Conventions respectively of every county in the State, nothing whatever was said for or against Gov. Packer. It was found to be utterly impossible, without the slightest reference to any supposed principle involved in the Lecompton controversy, to bring a majority of the Delegates to the point of consenting to endorse his course and conduct. Consequently, it was thought best to say nothing whatever about him, leaving him a chance in the future to retrieve himself. But after the passage of the resolutions, a member of the Convention, first apologising for certain indefensible conduct of the Governor's, offered a general resolution is his behalf, on which a ballot was taken. On this vote, by yeas and nays, thirty-seven persons voted for the resolution, and of them, *a majority were what have been called Lecompton Democrats!* Of the two nominees for the post of Auditor General, the one, Richardson L. Wright, was what has been called a Lecomptonite, the other, Jacob Ziegler, was what has been known as an Anti-Lecomptonite. Now, of the twenty-seven votes received by Mr. Ziegler, *a majority were what have been called Lecompton men*, and of the votes received by Mr. Wright, a considerable number were of those known as Anti-Lecomptonites. Mr. Rowe, who received the compliment of a unanimous nomination, was either uncommitted on the question, or else was possessed at one time with the Anti-Lecompton view of the old [dead] Lecompton issue."

Mr. Turney, of Westmoreland, one of the two Anti-Lecompton Democratic State Senators, and who was a member of the Convention, voted *against* the resolution proposing to endorse Gov. Packer!

☞In the recent Democratic State Convention, Henry J. Myers voted for Richardson L. Wright for Auditor General, and H. J. Stahle for Jacob Ziegler. On the resolution to endorse Gov. Packer, both voted in the negative—though they preferred that no resolution in regard to him be introduced. But the question once up, and exposures made, they saw but one course to pursue.

☞Greeley's *Tribune* appears to sympathise deeply with the Pennsylvania "Bogus" Conventionists, and seems to think that Packer may be a proper man for a Peoples' candidate for Governor.—*Pennsylvanian.*

Nebraska Election.—Democracy Triumphant.—At an election held at the city of Omaha, Nebraska, on the 6th inst., the Democrats carried their entire ticket, Mayor, Treasurer, Assessors, Marshal, Aldermen, and all by a handsome majority. Nebraska is "O. K."

☞At the election in Bristol, Bucks county, on the 16th, the Democracy carried their whole ticket by a large majority. At the last election the Democrats were beaten by fifty majority in the same place. This is a clean triumph.

The Opposition have carried Reading, as they have uniformly done for the last six or eight years—and yet their editors would have the people believe that this is something new. B. Keim, Opposition, but running without a formal nomination from his party, beats Dr. J. K. McCurdy, for Mayor, about 900. The Democrats elect several of the city officers.

☞The bill to prevent marriage between white and black persons has been *killed* in the House, at Harrisburg, by an *indefinite* postponement. Mr. Durboraw voted for the postponement.

The Waverley Novels.

The well-known firm of T. B. Peterson & Brothers, 306 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, are now engaged in publishing a remarkably cheap edition of these unapproachable works of fiction. The first, "Ivanhoe," appeared on Saturday of last week: the next, "Guy Mannering," will issue to-day; "Rob Roy," next, and so on; one novel will be published regularly on each and every coming Saturday, until the whole number of volumes—twenty-six—is completed. The low price fixed by the publishers for them is only 25 cents a volume, or the whole twenty-six volumes for five dollars. A complete set will be forwarded, *free of postage, by mail*, to any part of the United States, to any one, by the publishers, on receiving a remittance of five dollars for the twenty-six volumes: or a remittance of three dollars will pay for the first twelve volumes; or a remittance of one dollar will pay for the first four volumes. The novels will be neatly printed, and each volume will contain about 125 pages, printed on fine white paper, and neatly bound with paper cover.—The revised uniform Edinburgh edition, from which this is reprinted, comprises forty-eight volumes, the cost of which is *seventy-two dollars*; and this edition will contain every word of the Edinburgh edition. We commend the determination of this enterprising Philadelphia firm, to furnish the works of an author like Walter Scott, at a price so reasonable, that all persons whatever may possess a full set, and direct the especial attention of our readers to the fact, and would advise them all to make a remittance of Five Dollars at once, per first mail, to the publishers, for the entire set, who will send them complete to any one, *free of postage*, on receipt of that sum.

Local Affairs.

TOWNSHIP OFFICERS.

ADAMS COUNTY O. K.!—We annex a list of the persons elected to office in the several boroughs and townships of this county on the 18th instant—for assistance in making out which we acknowledge ourself much indebted to the obliging Clerk of the Courts, H. G. WOLF, Esq.

In several of the districts, in which a warm "square-up fight" was made by both parties, the Democrats came off nobly victorious. In Reading, for instance, where the Democratic majorities range from 45 to 69—and in Berwick township, where the Democrats have run up to 30 and upwards in majorities.

In two or three of the most decided Democratic districts the Woollies and Dark Lanternites did not show their faces at the polls, yielding the field without a blow—well knowing "'twant no use." The heaviest Opposition districts come short of their usual majorities. Taking the county all in all, the Democrats have great reason to rejoice. We say to our political brethren, keep your armor bright!

GETTYSBURG.—Judge, David Sweeney; Inspectors, Jerome Walter, Charles M. Tate; Assessor, Nicholas Weaver; School Directors, J. L. Schick, Solomon J. Welty; Burgess, William King; Town Council, Jacob Sheads, James A. Thompson; Constables, John Barrett, Solomon E. Taylor.

BERWICK BOR.—Judge, George H. Baker; Inspectors, Nicholas Carns, Edward Wenschoff; Assessor, John M. Wolf; School Directors, Edward Spangler, Wm. L. Gitt, Emanuel Hahr.

BERWICK TWP.—Justice of the Peace, John Elder; Judge, Michael Carl; Inspectors, Edward Emlet, Elijah Kepner; Assessor, Jacob Hull; School Directors, Jesse Kalebaugh, Samuel Brown, Bernard Noel 2 years, John McConley 1 year; Supervisors, Jacob Sterner, Cyrus Wolf; Auditor, Jonas Rinehart; Clerk, Daniel Bucher; Constable, John Miller.

BUTLER.—Justice of the Peace, George B. Hewitt; Judge, Wm. Crum; Inspectors, Noah Miller, Daniel Menges; Assessor, Henry Carson; School Directors, Stephen Weidner, and a tie between Jonas B. Orner and Elias Gardner; Supervisors, Peter Lupp, Jacob B. Trostle; Auditor, a tie between C. B. Hanes and Samuel Hoffman; Clerk, Jacob Pensyl; Treasurer, Henry Fehl; Constable, Henry Pensyl.

CONOWAGO.—Justices of the Peace, John Busbey, Jr., Michael Reily; Judge, Thomas McKinney; Inspectors, A. Aulabaugh, Thomas A. Wyman; Assessor, John Small; School Directors, George Krug, John Herr; Supervisors, Jacob Adams, John Metzler; Auditor, Abraham Keagy; Clerk, Francis Krichten; Constable, Anthony W. Clunk.

CUMBERLAND.—Justices of the Peace, Henry Clutz, David Shriver; Judge, David Heagy; Inspectors, John Keefauver, George B. Stover; Assessor, Isaac D. Shriver; School Directors, James McCullough, John Currens; Supervisors, Edmund Sandoe, George Culp; Auditors, Jeremiah Biesecker, John Musser 1 year; Clerk, William G. Flack; Constable, Jacob Kuntz.

FRANKLIN.—Judge, Abraham Hart; Inspectors, Adam Rebert, Jacob Bushey; Assessor, Israel Little; School Directors, Peter Ketteman, Jacob Mark, James Linn 2 years, Joseph Rebert 1 year, Benj. Deardorff 1 year; Supervisors, Henry Deardorff and a *tie* between Jacob Lady and Jacob Keckler; Auditor, Thomas F. Grammer; Clerk, George Benner; Constable, Israel Mickley.

FREEDOM.—Judge, Jacob Myers; Inspectors, Daniel D. Hesson, James Bigham; Assessor, John Cunningham; School Directors, John McCleary, Daniel Sheets; Supervisors, Jacob Myers, George W. Scott; Auditor, John McCleary; Clerk, James A. Currens; Constable, John Crouse.

GERMANY.—Judge, Paul Koontz; Inspectors, Lewis Stonesifer, Solomon Sell; Assessor, John G. Byers; School Directors, Martin Steffy, Jacob King, Daniel Sell 2 years; Supervissors, Martin Huff, William Fraser; Auditor, Wm. F. Crouse, Chris. Alonzo Sanders; Constable, Christian Reck.

HAMILTON.—Judge, William Wolf; Inspectors, Silas Miller, John H. Flickinger; Assessor, George A. Jacobs; School Directors, Emanuel Hull, Albert Storm, Daniel Bair 1 year; Supervisors, John Snyder, George Moul; Auditor, Charles Rebert; Clerk, A. K. Stoner; Constable, George Moul.

HAMILTONBAN.—Judge, Phineas Rodgers; Inspectors, Daniel Snyder, Ebenezer McGinley; Assessor, Robert Watson; School Directors, James H. Marshall, Enoch Kepner; Supervisors, Augustus Hartzel, Jacob Hoke; Auditor, David Stewart; Clerk, E. T. Rinehart; Constable, Charles J. Sefton.

HUNTINGTON.—Justice of the Peace, James Davis; Judge, Francis Coulson; Inspectors, John Deardorff, Moses Bower; Assessor, William Peters; School Directors, John Day, J. H. Neely; Supervisors, Peter Myers, Abraham Shafer; Auditor, A. A. Wierman; Clerk, John H. Stephens; Treasurer, John Gardner; Constable, Peter F. Smith.

LATIMORE.—Judge, George Albert; Inspectors, John C. Hoecht, Michael Asper; Assessor, Andrew L. Coulson; School Directors, Moses Vanscyoc, Abraham Ziegler, Washington Powers 1 year; Supervisors, Howard Heikes, Samuel Fickel; Auditor, George Robinette; Clerk, Jonathan Breneman; Treasurer, Nathan Smith; Constable, Wm. F. Bonner.

LIBERTY.—Judge, E. R. A. Moore; Inspectors, Samuel Krise, Joseph Bollinger; Assessor, David Martin; School Directors, E. R. A. Moore, and a *tie* between John Clark and S. C. Walker; Wm. A. Grayson 2 years, John Welty 1 year; Supervisors, John Smith, Henry Wortz; Auditor, Jeremiah Overholtzer; Clerk, Grier N. Grayson; Constable, John Shank.

MENALLEN.—Justices of the Peace, Thomas Blocher, John Burkholder; Judge, Elijah Wright; Inspectors, Wm. Rice, Paul Powers; Assessor, Solomon Beamer; School Directors, Andrew Bittinger, Josiah Wickersham, John Walhey; Supervisors, Wm. B. Wilson, Jago Doyle; Auditor, Jacob Pitzer; Clerk, John Cullings; Treasurer, Michael Bender; Constable, John McCreary.

MOUNTJOY.—Judge, James Reaver; Inspectors, Beter Baker, Josiah Bowers; Assessor, Wm. Eline; School Directors, John Eckenrode, John Miller, John Sheely 2 years; Supervisors, Jacob H. Feeser, Edward Collins; Auditor, John Rebert; Clerk, John Larimer; Constable, Abraham Garber.

MOUNTPLEASANT.—Justice of the Peace, Joseph Lilly; Judge, Rufus Weaver; Inspectors, George Y. Hoffman, George Y. Hemler; Assessor, Henry J. Hemler; School Directors, Samuel Shorb, Andrew Little; Supervisors, John Sneeringer, Peter Stallsmith; Auditor, Phineas Marsden; Clerk, George Hagarman; Constable, Jacob Cashman

OXFORD.—Judge, John Ginter; Inspectors, Daniel Felix, James Hersh; Assessor, Lawrence Oaster; School Directors, John Clunk, Simon Slagle; Supervisors, Peter Clunk, Andrew Wolf, Sr.; Auditors, John Lawrence, Richard Adams; Clerk, James Robinson; Constable, Edward Weigle.

READING.—Justice of the Peace, Henry A. Picking; Judge, Lewis Chronister; Inspectors, John Shriver, William Deardorff; Assessor, Emanuel Neidich; School Directors, Thomas N. Dicks, John King—for Hampton district, John L. Brenizer, Jacob Wolf; Supervisors, Samuel Orndorff, Abraham Chronister; Auditor, Michael Philips; Clerk, Samuel Heinard; Treasurer, Peter Aulabaugh, Jr.; Constable, George H. Dutteret.

STRABAN.—Judge, D. C. Brinkerhoff; Inspectors, Walter T. Hoffman, John Haverstock; Assessor, Jacob Toot; School Directors, John Bushman, Moses C. Benner; Supervisors, John Taughinbaugh, Thomas Bower; Auditor, Samuel Gilliland; Clerk, Jesse McCreary; Constable, Lewis A. Bushman.

TYRONE.—Justice of the Peace, Peter Hummer; Judge, Henry Spangler; Inspectors, Jacob N. Bollinger, Uriah Gardner; Assessor, William Spangler; School Directors, Jonas Sterner, George Yeatts; Superv