



Monday Morning, Nov. 29, 1866.

Chit-Chat. It is rumored that the Secretary of State has demanded that the Spanish minister should explain the object of the demonstration now being made by Spain against Mexico.

Mr. Governor Samuel Medary has signified his willingness to accept the Governorship of Kansas which was tendered him a week ago. The State ticket in Illinois has been carried by the Opposition by a majority of 1500 or 2000.

The Committee on Elections in the next House of Representatives will be the most important Committee of the body, as its decision may control the political complexion of Congress. There will be no less than five contested seats.

Mr. P. Willis "hates the build of a trotting sulky, with a driver looking as if his spine was cracked into the axle-tree—a man with wheels put to him."

The Democratic party is, in truth, the only People's Party that has ever had an organization in this country. All others are bogus.

Mr. Richard Ten Broeck has returned home after a long sojourn in England. It is Mr. Ten Broeck's intention to go back to England in the spring, and to take with him some fresh American horses to test their qualities against the English turf.

A witness of this State, Mr. George Washington Belding, of Potomac, has, it is said, accepted Tom Mier's challenge to fight any man in the world for \$10,000.

The pay of U. S. Senators elect from Oregon, Smith and Lane, have arrived at Washington and will take their seats as soon as the new State is admitted.

Mr. John B. Perdue, of Worcester county, Md., has his garden on onion roots year in and year out. It has been there 14 years and is still growing.

The dead letter branch of the General Post Office has just closed another quarter's work. During the three months which terminated on the 30th ult., there were found two thousand seven hundred and twenty-nine letters, which contained money amounting in the aggregate to \$12,931.82.

A Southern paper thinks the neutrality of the Atlantic Cable, which was so earnestly hoped for by President Buchanan, has been fully established. It hasn't a word to say on either side.

The Indianapolis Journal relates how a heartless desertion of an expectant bride took place in that city on Thursday evening. The supper was prepared, the guests came, the lady—a widow—was waiting in her bridal attire, and the expected bridegroom came not.

As daylight can be seen through the smallest holes, so do the most trifling things show a person's character. He is happy whose circumstances suit his temper; but he is happier who can suit his temper to his circumstances.

A big spelling match is announced in Covington, Ohio, at the high school, when the lad that stands longest on the floor, and spells the biggest words without scratching his head, is to receive a fine present.

Not to be Remembered! Not only in Illinois, but in all the States wherever the greatest ignorance prevails, there the Democratic majority is the largest.—Star.

The Star managers, then, would like the public to believe that the Know Nothings and Black Republicans constitute the "all-the-intelligence and all-the-democracy" party? A pretty crew, indeed, to set up such a claim. Democrats, "stick a pin there."

A Singular Vote.—At the late election in Massachusetts, the town of South Dummer voted as follows, for Governor:—

The Bedford Gazette, elections have been held in a number of States, North and South. From the results of these elections, we may form some idea of the relative strength of the different political parties and of the probable condition in which they will severally enter into the great battle which is to be fought two years hence.

Since the first of August last, says the Bedford Gazette, elections have been held in a number of States, North and South. From the results of these elections, we may form some idea of the relative strength of the different political parties and of the probable condition in which they will severally enter into the great battle which is to be fought two years hence.

But in the North, parties and politics are in an unsettled condition. A combination of the isms opposed to the Democracy, has triumphed in two of the five Northern States that voted for Mr. Buchanan, viz: Pennsylvania and New Jersey. The remaining three, Indiana, Illinois and California, (the last named by a largely increased majority,) are still Democratic.

The Republicans of Pennsylvania may judge from these outgivings of the Post, what amount of support their protective policy will receive from their brethren in the East. The Ironmasters also can estimate the value to themselves of the late Republican victories in the North, to which they contributed so greatly.

The people would not believe it, though it was told to them, that the Republicans in the Congress which expired the day Mr. Buchanan took the Presidential chair, had reduced the Tariff of 1846. It was true, however, and if the people will just pay attention to the proceedings of Congress hereafter, they will see that the Republicans of the East and the West are no more friendly to protection than the Democracy of the South.

Let Kansas Alone. A Mysterious Disappearance.—Our Kansas correspondent informs us that the Free-State party in that Territory has suddenly disappeared.

There is no question as to the fact, that the people of Kansas, irrespective of political opinions, desire a season of peace and quietness after the stormy struggle through which they have passed. The experiment which the Emigrant Aid Society of Massachusetts tried upon this unfortunate Territory, like many other experiments, have been both costly and unprofitable.

Sensible Talk. The Boston Traveller, an opposition paper, usually has an eye to the windward, and now evidently foresees the defeat of sectionalism in 1860. It admits that the Democrats "are sensible men," and adds:

"It is one of the felicities of the Democratic party that it generally gets beaten at the right time, and becomes wise under the rod. It has a vast vitality, and is so hard to kill that its destruction is one of those things that are never thought to be possible."

The Reading Gazette says that the number of applicants for the several Clerkships of the House of Representatives, at Harrisburg, which the mutations of politics have placed at the disposal of the Opposition for the coming session, is truly surprising. Their name is legion.

The last Know Nothing "Roor-back" is—that the lowest of the cut-throats in Baltimore are Democrats! The assertion bears the lie upon its very face, for if they really were Democrats their "chanks would have been put out" long ago by the secret assassins who compose the "Plug Ugly" and "Blood Tab" clubs of that city.

Hon. THOMAS L. HARRIS, member of Congress from the Sixth district in Illinois, died on Wednesday last, of consumption, after a long illness.

Win. Heyser, Esq., has been elected President of the Bank of Chambersburg, and G. B. Mendenhall, Cashier.

Gambrell and Ford were both sentenced to be hung in Baltimore, for the murder of police officers.

The New York Evening Post, one of the leading Republican journals of the country, is, out strongly against an increase of the Tariff. It discourses particularly of the persistent efforts of the Ironmasters to secure protection to their interests, without regard to "the immense mischief to agriculture and to industries of every kind which dear iron inflicts."

Notwithstanding this is an age of wonders and anomalies, still I could like to see the experience of that intelligent Catholic that talked thus to one of the most malignant persecutors of Catholics here ever had in this country—one that has done all in his power to make the very name of Catholic a by-word of ridicule and reproach; and one that now, on finding it unprofitable even to the Know Nothing cause, to continue their open enemy, "face to face," is thus fawningly endeavoring to "nestle near their bosom," so that he may be enabled to command their votes, obtain their patronage, and regain the power of betraying them whenever his interest or his malice may induce him again to "change his ground."

Four years ago, when he was a Whig to Whigs, and anything else to "Sam" and "Sambor" in the dark, and while feeling at the bottom of his face might have been the ranking of the heart, he conceived the idea of singling out and addressing his "Catholic friends" an exclusive "word of advice," through the columns of his paper. In this address he first appealed to their fidelity as Whigs to stick to their ticket. Next he recounted in glowing terms the favors and uniform impartiality that they were the recipients of at the hands of the fathers of the great conservative Whig party; and finally he forewarned them of the awful consequences that their desertion of the Whig party in his hour of extremity would draw down upon them and their posterity, even to the remotest generation.

The very time our friend was "nestling" thus "near the bosom" of the Whig party, and flattering, as he thought, the vanity of the "intelligent Catholic," he was nightly meeting the sworn enemies of both in the bowels of the earth, plotting and planning the most effectual mode of destroying the very name of the other. After a "winning" campaign of four years, and on finding that the majority of the people of Adams county are opposed to proscriptive of any kind, this bigot has now the hardihood to endeavor to persuade the intelligent Catholics that he is their friend, rather than one who has never treated them as christian brethren, and as equals in all things.

But, says the editor of the Star, "the day of humbuggery is past—that a people after being fooled once or twice are not so easily gulled again," to which the Whig party, had it not been garroted to eternal silence by such Know Nothings as the editor of the Star, would sigh its last Amen; and to which Wm. B. Wilson, Esq., in view of the inducements that were held out to him, and the success that was promised him, although the assurance comes late, might justly respond *dixit*; while the *scolding* should not have undergone any change, the subject in the last three years, would undoubtedly join in the chorus.

Time, however, must prove the aptness of the prediction, since it is so well known by past experience that the prophecies of the Star must be received and treated with caution and due allowance.

I perceive the editor of the Star admits he has been making ugly faces at you. This is candid in him, since he and everybody else knows that unless he has lately undergone a physical improvement, he could not have made pretty faces at you, handsome as you are, or at anybody else.

You should let him off on the Paddy, the Banner and the Bell question by all means, now that you have "gored him enough," and since he has again changed his ground in regard to the Catholics. If he keeps on in his present track, at the speed he has recently adopted, one year after this he will be crying as lustily "for the man" that dared to carry that Paddy, ring that Bell, or burn that bloody Banner, as the hero in the fable was "for the man that struck Billy Patterson." Adieu for the present, "S—," Ja.

Beyond all question the wisest set of men in the nation, are the Washington correspondents of the newspapers. They know all that is going on, and a great deal more. Their investigations are carried into every branch of public affairs, and their information is consequently as unbounded as their impudence. Their productions are of course very effective, whether consisting of profound essays upon abstract politics, or interesting tittle-tattle, concerning the President and members of the Cabinet. The difficulty with these corresponding gentry is, that they know entirely too much. They afford varied and amusing miscellany to order, according to the state of the scandal market, which must either be derived from the most intimate intercourse with governmental officials, or acquired by patiently applying the ear to key holes. How else could it be known that Mr. Cobb is seriously meditating the folly of proposing a tax on tea and coffee, as a means of replenishing the exhausted Treasury? or that the President is favorable to a specific duty upon iron, and other members of the Cabinet opposed to it? or that Erastus Corning has been sent for to supplant Mr. Cobb? or that Mr. Buchanan looks sover and troubled, stamps his foot in a passion, and exhibits evidence of ungovernable rage at every newspaper article that is pronounced not to accord with his views? And yet these wise correspondents daily afford the public the most accurate details of what is occurring at Washington, from great political movements to the precise course of the President's temper and conduct. As for the members of the Cabinet, they are not even permitted to think as they please. The sensation manufacturers manage that job for them—so we know exactly what Judge Cabell and Cobb and Gen. Cass think of each other, and they of the President, and the President of them, long before they know it themselves. This is one of the

manifest advantages of the fast press of these days. Now, if it had not been for this peculiar penetration, the world would have remained entirely ignorant of the fact that a (Gloucester has returned to Reading (from Washington) a most unhappy man." Paul Perry discovered the great truth, and certainly deserves the thanks of the country therefor.—Harrisburg Patriot & Union.

John & County Affairs.

The First Locomotive in Gettysburg! A Sight to be Remembered!—"The good time," so long anticipated by the people of this region, is now near enough reality to be classed among the things that are.

On Friday last, the first Railroad Locomotive entered within our borough limits. Not a visionary, impalpable concern, but a regular, "live," puffing and snorting "Iron Horse," with friend FULLER as "driver."

The train came probably three hundred feet west of the bridge across Rock Creek, laden with iron for the completion of the track to the Kagine House. Scores of our citizens were attracted to the spot, and when the cars departed, their elated feelings gave vent in three rousing cheers. It was indeed a gratifying sight, and the 28th of November, 1858, will long be remembered by those present.

Railroad Items. The Engine House and Freight Depot are under roof, and workmen are engaged inside to prepare them for use as soon as possible. The Turn Table is nearly completed; and the mason work upon the Passenger Station is being pushed with commendable vigor.

To answer a hundred inquiries at once, we state that the President and Directors of the Gettysburg Railroad Company have resolved not to have the formal "Opening" of the road, until it shall be fully completed and in running order, so that a regular business may be done upon it after the day fixed.—From the forwardness of the work on the track and the several buildings, we suppose the exact time for the "Opening" will be announced shortly.

Express. One of the Superintendents of Adams & Co's Express was in town on Friday last, and effected an arrangement with the Railroad Company for the carrying of Express matter over their road—the arrangement to go into effect as soon as the regular running of trains shall commence.

Messrs. SHREDS, BURKHA & KURTZ will have the Express Agency. Mr. ALEXANDER KOEHLER has been appointed the Agent of the Gettysburg Railroad Company at this place. Possessed of good business qualifications, a proper degree of energy, and an accommodating disposition, we doubt not he will make a most efficient and popular officer.

He will have charge of the Passenger and Freight business. A Call. The German Reformed Congregation of this place, at a meeting held on Friday last, resolved to extend a call to the Rev. C. Z. WHELAN, of Gettysburg, Pa. Mr. W. preached here and at Plodi's on Thanksgiving day, and gave great satisfaction to the numerous congregations in attendance.

Painful Accident. We regret to learn, as we do from the Hanover Spectator, that our friend Mr. JOSEPH J. SMITH, residing in the neighborhood of Irishtown, met with a serious accident on the 18th inst., while occupied at threshing with a machine. It appears that his foot was caught in the power and before it could be extricated was dreadfully mangled. This gentleman met with a distressing accident a few years ago. He was thrown under a wagon, the wheels of which passed over one of his legs and broke it in two places.

We call the attention of the trade, and Adams county dealers particularly, to the card of Messrs. WARR & SWOZE, who are in the wholesale Boot, Shoe, Hat and Cap business, at the N. W. corner of Baltimore and Howard streets, Baltimore, Md. Their house is not only conveniently located, but at all times contains a heavy stock, in all its varieties, to be disposed of to the trade throughout the country on the most inviting terms. Beside this, the proprietors and their employees are clever and accommodating, and ready to do the best for customers which the state of the market will afford. Those who purchase there on, are generally so well pleased as to patronize the house thereafter, which is certainly a flattering recommendation. The junior partner formerly resided here, and he would be especially glad to have his Adams county friends call in and take a look at the stock.

Mr. JOSEPH THOMAS, of Straban township, left at our office on Monday last, a mammoth Radish, weighing twelve pounds! Old Straban boasts the largest.

Mr. SCOVILLE, a man remarkable to step in and take a look at his new stock of Dress Goods, just received from the cities.

Immediately after the adjournment of the Court of Quarter Sessions of York county, on Saturday, the 6th inst., the President Judge, Hon. ROSS J. FISHER, left York for the Northern Central Railway, for Clearfield county, having been engaged to hold a special court in that county.—Clearfield county is a portion of the twenty-fifth judicial district, and the Hon. James Burnside is President Judge. Judge Fisher made a very favorable impression in his brief visit.—The Clearfield Republican, of the 11th inst., uses the following complimentary language in reference to him:

"The special court called for this week is now in session. The cause of Patchin vs. Larnsbury occupied the time and attention of the Court until last evening when a verdict was rendered in favor of Patchin. The cause was tried before his honor Judge Fisher of York, who won the esteem and good wishes of the Bar and of all others who formed his acquaintance, by his affable and unassuming manners and superior legal attainments."

Judge Fisher.—This able jurist and accomplished gentleman, President Judge of the judicial district composed of the counties of York and Adams, presided at our Court this week, in the trial of special causes, in which Judge Burnside while at the bar had been engaged as counsel. Judge Fisher made many friends during his brief visit to this place, and bore away with him the good wishes of all who were fortunate enough to make his acquaintance. We hope this may not be his last appearance among us.

Fatal Accident. On Wednesday evening, the 17th inst., Mr. JEREMIAH WILDEZ, residing at Calodonia Furnace, while engaged in repairing one of the Furnace buildings, met with an accident which resulted in his death a few hours afterward. While nailing a board on the forge building his foot slipped, and he was precipitated down an embankment about six feet. The back of his head struck a post, injuring him in such a manner that he died from the effects in twelve hours. He leaves a wife and four children to mourn his sudden death. He was aged 36 years and 7 months.

Property Sold. The property at New Oxford, belonging to the estate of Mrs. Caroline M. Martin, deceased, was sold on Saturday week, by Dr. J. P. Smith, the executor, for \$1,065. Purchaser, Philip Hemler.

Rev. Henry Clipping has sold the house in which he formerly resided, in Baltimore st., for about \$1,275. Hon. Moses McClean and Samuel Withrow purchasers for Anna McGinley. The Denwidie property, on South Baltimore street, has been purchased by the St. James Lutheran Congregation, for a Parsonage—price \$1,700.

GEORGE SWOZE, Esq., has been re-elected President of the Bank of Gettysburg, T. D. CARSON Cashier, and JNO. H. McCLELLAN Teller. It is needless to say that these gentlemen have performed their several duties with entire acceptability, and that their continuance is a compliment well deserved. That the institution is among the soundest in the State is demonstrated by its monthly statements, published in the papers of the borough.

MR. DANIEL MARTZ, whose sudden death by falling from a horse, occurred last week, was a brother of Rev. Mr. MARTZ, of Harrisburg, formerly of our Seminary, and Missionary to India.

The Store of Mr. LEWIS ELDER, near Emmitsburg, was entered on the night of Thursday, the 18th inst., by the thieves boring a panel out of the door, and robbed of a considerable number of valuable articles.

The sale advertised by Shreds, Burkha & Kurtz, (horses, wagons, &c.), will take place at 10 o'clock Wednesday morning.

Charles Callahan, (colored), convicted at the late term of Court of the larceny of a watch from Mr. J. Briegner, was sentenced to six months' imprisonment in the County Jail and to pay the costs of prosecution. A mistake occurred in this particular in last week's report.

Four inches of snow yesterday morning—here.

Answer to Problem in last week's paper—Four miles.

U. S. Senators Elected.—The North Carolina Legislature, on Monday, elected Governor BRAGG for the long term and ION, Thomas L. Clingman for the short term (both Democrats), U. S. Senators from that State.

Hon. Henry Bodinger, ex-Minister to Denmark, and formerly a distinguished member of Congress, died suddenly at Shepherdstown, Va., on Friday last.

A Very Young Mother.—In the return of indigent children supported by the town of Taunton, recently made to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, the overseers certify that "Elizabeth Drayton was eleven years old the twenty-fourth day of May, 1858; and became the mother of Horace White Drayton, on the first day of February, 1858—three months and twenty-four days before she was eleven years old." and on the 30th of September of the present year, the mother and child were living as the public charge, in the town of Taunton, Massachusetts.

There is said to be more Lager Beer drank in Philadelphia than in any city in Germany.

T. B. Peterson & Brothers, No. 206 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, have just published a copy of "Courtship & Marriage; with other Sketches from the Experiences in Social Life," by ROSS J. FISHER, Esq., editor of the Philadelphia Pennsylvania Inquirer. Complete in one large volume; of paper, bound—price \$1 25. Read of the Home Journal says of it: "These days, it is gratifying to find a volume, like the present, wherein taste is unvitiated and sense undestroyed; and which simplicity of style and elegance of expression are retained, and which is written, not to excite the imagination, but to inculcate lessons of wisdom, as well as to draw to laughter. We are reminded, in reading these essays, of the genial-hearted Goldsmith. They contain the delicate fancy, the good sense, and the quiet humor which characterize Goldsmith's writings; and they are, moreover, written with like correctness of language."

The Petersons have also published under obligations for a copy of "The Four Sisters," a Tale of Social and Domestic Life in Sweden. By FRANCES A. BAXTER, author of "The Neighbors," "Nina," "The II— Family," &c. Translated by MARY HOWITT. Complete in one large duodecimo volume, bound—price \$1 25. The Saturday Evening Post has the following remarks in regard to this, one of the best of Miss Bromer's productions: "The Four Sisters," by Miss Bromer, is one of those novels, by this genial author, which have so pleasantly opened to us the doors of Swedish homes, warmed our hearts in their cheerful fireside glow, and made us familiar with the lights and shadows of Swedish life. The subject of the story is a woman's life and a woman's fate. The novel is full of rich humor, clever character painting, and felicitous descriptions of town life and country life, and in-door and outdoor scenery in Sweden. The translation has been made by Mary Howitt, who seems born to do two things remarkably well—write admirable stories of her own, and admirably translate the stories of Miss Bremer. We would advise all of our readers to obtain it and read it. It is published by T. B. Peterson & Brothers, Philadelphia, who will send a bound copy of it to any one, per mail, free of postage, on sending \$1 25 in a letter to them."

Getting Their Eyes Opened. The New Hampshire Statesman, a Republican paper issued at Concord, speaking of the slavery agitation, says: "Now let us inquire, in the name of common sense, of what avail is it to prove by statistics that we pay three-fourths of all the revenues of the Government, while Southern consumers are our largest customers? Of what avail is it to prove, to the satisfaction of every politician, that we supply the South with all that they wear, from a top knot to a shoe latchet; with all that they use, from a steam engine to a friction match, when this very process feeds our manufacturers? The South is as necessary to the North as the North is to the South. Massachusetts alone makes annually six millions of dollars' worth of slaves. The South is her best customer. When the shoe business declines, hang hungers stalks through the streets of her flourishing villages."

New England is extensively engaged in the manufacture of cotton. We buy the raw material of the South and pay it in goods. When our spindles cease to whirl, the operatives are threatened with starvation. It is the spirit of a hyena that bites the hand that feeds it. It is high time to cultivate fraternal feelings between the different sections of our country. Neither cotton, nor manufactures nor agriculture can flourish while the two hostile portions of our country endeavor to cripple and injure each other. Supposing we succeed in convincing the South of their dependence on us for all they eat, and wear, and use, and thus stimulate them to establish manufactures for themselves or divert their trade into other channels, are we gainers by the process? Suppose we prove that they are indebted to us for all their literature and all their teachers, and thus rouse their hostility to our books and teachers, are we benefited in anywise? No good has come, or ever will come, from this mutual enmity and recrimination. It neither strengthens the party nor hastens the downfall of slavery. We hold that every State has a right to determine the institutions it will adopt. Why, then, hoist the banner of "No more slave States," when the very cornerstone of our political fabric rests upon the principle that a majority of the people of every State, new or old, shall decide that question for itself?

A Premature Agitation. Several of our Democratic contemporaries in various sections of the Union are already agitating the subject of the next Presidency, and urging their movement altogether premature. It will be time enough a twelve month hence to actively canvass the election; certainly, the ensuing session of Congress should be permitted to pass, before anything is said on the subject of the succession. Mr. BRUCE's term is not yet half round, nor has his policy, foreign and domestic, been fully enunciated, which, we presume, will be done in his next Annual Message. Let that be first made known, and then rally as one man in support of the administration, so that all troublesome questions, may if possible, be postponed to the next year, and so that the claims and qualifications of successful gentlemen who cast a long shadow upon the White House, may be intelligently considered.

Be civil to the woman who has the ends of her gloves.