A 10 10 10 10 10

expressed their approbation of these annual expenditures on the third page cannot convince the people of your sin- may make to this end, and all he has to wo are now passing is justly chargeable eratiments, and it should be cause of of his spoech. Since that time we have cerity. Cease your denunciations, give, do is to introduce his measures at the to individual impradence, and not to gratulation with all that the President acquired the Floridas, Texas, New us the details, bring forward your mos- carliest practical moment. He has been governmental action. We live in an has adhered to them with an inter the firm. Mexico and California, and the Gada-sures of retrenchment and reform, and rather dilatory heretofore, considering age of the world characterized most ness and courage. His course at this den purchase. Under these circum-thus furnish practical evidence of your the magnitude and importance of the strongly by individual and social extravness and courage."

would have been usclessly expended. be made in regard to the expenditures of er existing evils in the administration ple time during the next session to ac- ment in poverty, and our commercial, It has given to the country cleaner a child, and those of the full-grown man. of the government and in our system of complish all that may be needed to in- mechanical, agricultural, and manfacappropriation bills than we have here-The gentleman is a recognized leader legislation. appropriation bills than we have here. The gentleman is a recognized leader logislation. In angurate his reign of economy. Ituring incerests, as well as all other in-tofore had during my service in Con- of his party, and to this position he is Another question which has attract. There is still another point-the terests in the country, are suffering greas. Ho has in this respect inaugu- fairly entitled by his intelligence and ed a large share of public attention is "endless jobs and contracts"-to which that punishment which impradence in which is ordered to meet in this place reflecting credit upon all concernedrated a policy that will insure results character. He was a member of the the proper disposition to be made of the gentleman has referred.' What expenditure has brought upon them. on the 2d of August, and upon which whilst several of the speakers evinced important to wound legislation, and of last Congress, and I desire, as he is now the public lands. It is undeniably true these "jobs and contracts" are I have Economy, energy, industry, and a delasting benefit to the people. It is a preaching economy, to call his attent that the opposition in the North and no means of knowing, and the gentle- termined spirit will relieve us from our practical measure, well calculated to tion to some of the legislation of that Northwest, as a party, are committed man has not informed me. For all pecuniary trials, and restore to us that a county ticket for (defeat at) the fall the programme: bring about a much-needed economy in Congress in which he participated, and to the policy of railroad grants. In "jobs and contracts" that were to let, 'prosperity which has been so suddenly election. pable expenditures. For it he de- for which he and his party, so far as the the Thirty-fourth Congress, when the 1 imagine at least one bidder could have dost, and the loss of which has been ac-

bey will be gratefully accorded. a great extent at least. this House, the House Committee on the last Congress. The results of the ing and anguish of mind. Be true a friend to economy has The submarine telegraph bill appro. Public Lands reported seven bills, mak-investigation at the close of the last. The democratic party and the counthe President shown himself, and so priated \$70,000 per annum to that ing grants of alternate sections of land, session showed very conclusively that try demand a stable policy on this subanxious is he to scenre it in his ad-scheme until the interest on the invest- six sections in width on each side of some of the republicans kept an eye ject. The government must raise its tornism; but the trick is too stale-the ministration of the government, that ment should reach 6 per cent., and then the respective roads, to the States of wide open to "the main chance," and revenue mainly by duties on imports, he has again, this day, in a special \$50,000 for twenty five years. The Iowa, Florida and Alabama, Louisiana, that they were the recipients of such and those duties should be fairly imhe has again, this day, in a special \$50,000 for twenty nvo years. The towa, containing message, endeavored to impress upon company had the use of two of our best. Wisconsin, Michigan, and Mississippi. plunder as was to be appropriated posed with reference to the amount of Congress his views on this interesting vessels and their crews. But six Dem-sabiect. Who can fail to endorse these occuts voted for the bill.

only eleven Democrats voted for it. his entire approval?

country will be involved in serious financial to it. "Ender any form of government extrava- The bill creating a Licutenant Gen- nays 60. Of the yeas 60 were Repub- government.

gance in expensiture must be the natural con- eral, and increasing the pay of the offi- licans, 18 Democrats, and 9 Fillmoronumber of years our condition previously to the late monetary resultion in the country. party in this House. Fortunately, at least for the cause of public During the Thirty bills, as well as those made by private bills, over and above the estimates of the different

The gentleman, then, charges that During the same congress into an of of all. beyond all precedent, and that they are \$745,000, were passed by the opposition In 1848 the opposition raised the cry fallen off more than fifty per cent, as the expenditures now are extravagant wholly inexcusable upon any fair and vetoed by President Pierce, greatly of extravagance against the Democratic compared with last year, as the followground. Before proceeding to reply to the annoyance of the gentleman party, and, in the then existing condi-'ing facts demonstrate most conclusively. the views which he presents in this and his party. At the first session of the not ton of the public mind, succeeded in Exports from January to May, in-part of his argument, I desire to call the same Congress appropriations a. Obtaining possession of the government. clusive, in the year 1857, amounted attention to some historical facts that mounting to \$3,188,739 were passed for Taylor and Fillmore were elected to to forty-one custom-houses, court-houses, the Presidency and Vice Presidency of For 1858 are important in this connexion, and which are indispensable to a correct post offices, & marine hospitals. Of this the United States, and entered upon Importations of foreign goods, inclujudgment upon the issues he has tend-

And, first, as to the number of States and organized Territories, and their ations for the same purpose were made penditures and reform abuses which For 1858 area, in 1815; and the number of States and Territories, and their area, in 1858. At the former period we had eighteen administration. States, covering an area of 504,414

square miles, and five organized Territories, (exclusive of the District of Columbia,) covering an arena of 254,452 square miles. In 1858 we have thirtyswo States, covering an area of 1,602,-**000 square** miles, six organized Territories. (exclusive of the District of Co. Jambia,) covering an area of 1,401,000 890 each, and chairs at \$70 each, for the penditures amounted (exclusive of the into the treasury; and hence the nocesaquare miles. Besides this, we have the new hall of the House of Represental public debt) to \$165,381,026 58-being sity of borrowing an amount of money Mesilla Valley, embracing 78,000 square tives.

miles, and the Indian Territory, cinbracing 187.000 square miles. In 1815, therefore, the States and Territories, covered 758,864 square miles, while in third Congress amounted to \$903,100 56. to \$165,683,650 48-being an annual ted activity. That time is coming, and heation of the York Gazette. Mr. W. 1858 they cover 3,268,000 square miles. The appropriations for the same objects average expenditure of \$41,420,912 62. by the month of August or September is a graceful and spirited writer, and an an area four times and one-third larger for the Thirty-fourth Congress ran up The Whig administration, therefore, we shall in all probability have a prot- ardent Democrat. We heartily wel**now than in 1815.**

In 1815 the strength of our army the House, who had the majority, to \$75,656 04 a year more, in a time of improve to the first of the next year. now than in 1815. In 1815 the strength of our army the sum of \$1,087,770, showing an in-strength is 17,984 men. In 1858 its strength is 17,984 men. In 1858 its the sum of \$1,087,770, showing an in-strength is 17,984 men. In 1858 its the sum of \$1,087,770, showing an in-strength is 17,984 men. In 1858 its the sum of \$1,087,770, showing an in-strength is 17,984 men. In 1858 its the sum of \$1,087,770, showing an in-strength is 17,984 men. In 1858 its the sum of \$1,087,770, showing an in-strength is 17,984 men. In 1858 its the sum of \$1,087,770, showing an in-strength is 17,984 men. In 1858 its the sum of \$1,087,770, showing an in-strength is 17,984 men. In 1858 its the sum of \$1,087,770, showing an in-strength is 17,984 men. In 1858 its the sum of \$1,087,770, showing an in-strength is 17,984 men. 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In 1858 its the sum of \$1,087,770, showing an in-strength is 17,984 men. In 1858 its the sum of \$1,087,770, showing an in-strength is 17,984 men. In 1858 its the sum of \$1,087,770, showing a At the last session of the Thirty- in that instance, may we not reasona- the manufacturers. The tariff of last dons all pretentions to search American our negro-loving, white-foreigner-hacers, of all grades, (including marines.) At the last session of the Thirty-in that instance, may use not result if the oppo-The 1858 the officers had increased to 1. fourth Congress the Senate returned to bly anticipate a like result if the oppo-tion had increased to 1. fourth Congress the Senate returned to bly anticipate a like result if the oppo-tion had increased to 1. fourth Congress the Senate returned to bly anticipate a like result if the oppo-tion had increased to 1. fourth Congress the Senate returned to by anticipate a new route in the next Presi-this House the sundry civil bill with sition shall succeed in the next Presi-the by a measure more highly protec-acknowledgment in all cases where her pro-slavery, opponents, to adopt this 886. In 1815 the number of men cannot be ascertained, but, from the best 103 amendments, covering appropria- dential strugglo? The same men who tive-a measure something like that of tions to the amount of \$3,771,816 45. clocted Taylor and Fillmere now con- 1842. The manufacturers of cottons, evidence that can be obtained, the number was about 5,370. Now the number It came to this House on the last night stitute the body of the opposition ar-woolens, and the iron and coal interof the session, when we had no oppor. rayed against the present eminoutly cats of the nation imperatively require is 8,500. In 1816 we had 52 vessels, tunity even to read the amondments in patriotic administration. a change that will give them greater JAMES BUCHANAN and LEWIS CASS at carrying 1,119 guns; 25 vessels with It is known to this committee that protection. From the complaints the head of government. This is one no armament; 4 bomb, and 11 gun. the House. On the recommendation boats-making 92. In 1858 we have of the Committee of Ways and Means, during my entire service in this body I made by the gentleman from Rhode 10 ships-of-the-line, carrying 872 guns; the House rejected all the amendments, have labored zealonsly to reduce ex- Island we would be naturally brought 10 frightes, carrying 500 guns; 21 and the bill and amendments thus re- penditures. So decided has been my to the conclusion that the manufactusloops of war, carrying 426 guns; 3 jected went to a committee of confer- public action on this subject that it has ring interest was the only one that had so regarded when it is remembered that brigs, carrying 16 guns; 1 schooner, ence, who reported the next morning subjected me to the fierce denunciations been affected by the financial storm the efforts of many years have failed to carrying 3 guns; 8 screw-steamers of that the Senate should recede from its of agents and all others interested in that has swept over the country. But accomplish what has just been done in disagreement as to the residue. When large expenditures of the public money. it is not so. All other interests have the first class, carrying 268 guns ; 6 of the second class, carrying 89 guns; 2 the reading of the amendments was Indeed, many of my political associates suffered and are as greatly depressed. n fow weeks. called for, Speaker Banks decided that in the House, whose views upon this In the South, the East, and the West. of the third class, carrying 11 guns; 3 they could not be read, and the House subject are more liberal than my own, all business is seriously depressed, and side-wheel steamers of the first class, was brought to a vote on the adoption not unfrequently complain of the course they could with as much propriety carrying 24 guns; one of the second of the conference report—and thus, which a sense of duty to those I repro-without any knowledge of what they sent constrains me to pursue. While I relief from their pecuniary embarrass Roberts, Esq., has been chosen Presi-were doing, the members voted away have resisted all appropriation for ments. If the tariff of 1857 prostrated dent of the Western Maryland Railroad the field and control of the tariff class, carrying six guns ; 2 of the third class, carrying six guns-making a to-tal of 2,221 guns. Besides these there \$3,058,560 44 of the public money, by custom-house, marine hospital, court- the iron and coal, cotton und woolen Company. are two tenders for the screw steamers, 87 yeas to 67 nays. Of the 87 yeas, 58 honse, post office, territorial and district interests in the North, what has and one tender for the side-wheel buildings which are now dotted over caused the embarrassment and debelonged to the opposition. Resigned.-Rev. J. N. Unruh, for the sicamers, and five permanent store and If I had the time, I would refer to this District, the States and Territories, pression in these and all other branches remaining ships. past six years pastor of the Lutheran some of the votes on the Senate's and in the construction of which mil- of industry and trade in the other Capt. Wright, of the Engineer Dechurches of Boonsboro', Beaver Creek amendments to the sundry civil bill at lions of dollars have been most profili- sections of the Union? I do not propartment, to whom I applied for inforthe present session. For the custom gately dissipnted, the opposition in this pose to enter into a general discussion mation on the subject of fortifications, house and marine hospital amendments House at the last ecssion of the last of this subject at the present time. I charge, to take effect on the last of It was taken on deposit at one of the A83'8 ; -for the amendment directing the pay. Congress succeeded in appropriating will content myself with a few facts in August next. "I am not aware of any records in this office ment to the State of Maine of usurious for these objects no less a sum that \$5,- regard to the production of iron in our string the number of fortifications in the ment to the State of Maine of usurious for these objects no less a sum that of, regard to the production of iron in our United States in 1815, and believe it would be interest on money borrowed to carry 445,651 48. The appropriations for own country, to show that, whatever s work of much labor and time to ascertain on the Aroostook war-for the amend- "these objects alone, during the Thirty- embarrassment may now attend this with certainty what the number was. Many ment appropriating to Gales & Seaton, fourth Congress, amounted to the mon- interest, it is not justly attributable to of the works bearing the name of forts were \$340,000 for the unblication of the strous sum of \$8,633,390 48!! The the tariff local time in the test Congress. \$340,000 for the publication of the strous sum of \$8,633,390 48!! The the tariff legislation in the last Congress. merely improvised held works or batteries; American State papers, and other country will be astonished to learn that In 1869 the production of iron of all while others, like those on Staten Island for smendments that might be enumerated, for the Capitol extension, the dome, kinds in our country was about 50,000 illness. the defence of the entrance to the harbor of a decided majority of the yeas came and a few works of art, \$4,970,000 havo tons. In 1820, owing to the war, it New York. were State works." from the opposition side of the House, been appropriated since 1852. An ran down to about 10,000 tons. Be-As to the number of fortifications in The gentleman complairs that our enormous amount has also been appro- tween the years 1820 and 1826 it ross 1858, Captain Wright says : "There are at the present time under the foreign intercourse expenses have run priated to the aqueduct, that can only steadily until it reached 100,000 tons. there are at the present time under the print of the Engineer Department 56 distinct up to an enormous figure. The gentle, be told in millions. I have resisted all In 1828 it rose to 110,000 tons; in 1830, permanent works of fortifications on the Atlan-nan ovidently does not understand the these things to the extent of my feeble to 190,000 tons; in 1833, to 210,000 is, Gulf, and Pacific coasts, and on the north-subject. It will be recollected that ability, but who of the opposition has tons. In this year the compromisean lake frontier, which are either completed awards paid under treaties and other come to my aid? Now and then, some tariff measure was adopted, under the these, appropriations were made at the last payments of a like character are em-regular sension of Congress for ten additional braced in this expenditure. By way position, but it is undeniable that an regularly reduced each rear Batween orks, on which little or nothing has been of illustration, I take the year ending overwhelming majority of that party the years 1833 and 1840 the production dene toward the commencement." June 30, 1849, when the appropriation has voted for them. The 19th amend- steadily increased, until in the latter York Press. The number of light-houses and light- for this object was \$6,908,996 72, made ment of the Senate to the civil bill at year it reached 310,000 tons. In 1842 venacls prior to 1815 was 49. In 1858 under a Democratic administration this session made appropriations for it dropped down to 240,000 tons. Belights of all kinds, including beacon and the year ending June 30, 1853, eleven custom houses, in different parts tween the years 1842 and 1846, after been appointed to the chair of Anatomy hights and light-vessels, existing and made under an opposition administra- of the country, and on agreeing to that the railroad fover had broken out in in the Medical Department of Pennagel suthorized to be built, number 602.- tion, when the appropriation was \$950,- amendment the vote was-yeas 50, our country, it rose to 775,000 tons.-Aboat 88 have not been finished, but 871-30. In the former year \$6,565,354. (democrats 18, opposition 32,) mays 73, The production continued to increase **the in the course of construction**. **In 1815 we had 99 collectors of the with the Mexican republic, the King of resisted the increase of salaries, and the In 1848 it suck to 640,000 tons; in 1850,** are in the course of construction. revenue, and 77 surveyors, and in 1821 the Two Sicilies, and the republic of multiplication of officers and govern- to 560,000 tons; and continued to fall we had 631 inferior officers in the re-! Pera, leaving a balance of \$343,641 93. ment employees; and have, in all fair until, in 1852, it had reached 500,000 vonue service. In 1858 the number of In the latter year only \$297,155 57 and honorable modes, ondeavored to tons. In 1853 it rose rapidly to 650, collectors is 116, and the number of was required to pay awards, leaving a reduce the expenditures to the lowest 000 tons; in 1851, 800,000 tons; and con-parveyors 110, making 226. The num- balance of \$653,715 73 for foreign in-practicable amount consistent with a timed to rise until, in 1855, it reached her of inferior officers employed in the tercourse proper-almost double the proper regard to the public interest and 1,000,000 tons. If the theory of gen- in public confidence and favor. amounts used for this purpose in 1849, an effective administration of the gov- tlemen now contended for be true. I auligation of the revenue is 3.088. The number of land offices in 1815 How will the gentleman explain this in- ment. call upon them to explain how it was Such has been my course as a repro- that, under the operation of the tariff crease under opposition rule? was 19. The number in 1858 is 86. sentative of the people, and I now ten- of 1846, the production sunk from 800,-The expenditure for the Indian ser-Sweeping charges of extravagance, the in 1815 uncented to \$111,750. - such as the gentleman has indulged in, der to the gentleman my cordial co-op- 000 tons in 1848 (two years after the The same service now requires an ex. do not strike my mind as the most sat- eration in all wise, just, and proper bill was passed) to 500,000 tons in 1852; infactory mode of discussing this ques-measures which he or his friends may and, again, I call upon them to explain week, in this place, and brought \$58 for now doing well, 14 1815 the number of pensioners tion. If the charges are well founded propose for the reformation of abuses how (under the operation of the same \$50 paid in. One lot ran up to \$58 50. Hanover Gazette. infactory mode of discussing this ques- measures, which he or his friends may and, again, I call upon them to explain week, in this place, and brought \$58 for now doing well, and may recover.-is the particular of persistences the interest of the charges are were reduction of expenditures. I tariff) the production rose, in the short is the them was \$16,000. It this gentlemen to designate the items in the think the expenditures may be curtail- space of three years, from 500,000 tons the masser has increased to 13, annual appropriations that are not jus-ed without detriment to the public ser- in 1852 to 1,000,000 tons in 1855 !-These facts thus presented, elearly measures, let them be examined, and, if the barries facts thus presented, elearly measures, let them be examined, and, if the area for the present to the sondition and extent of our they are wise and just, you can rely the prompt, intelligent, and faithful dis-the sondition and extent of our they are wise and just, you can rely the prompt, intelligent, and faithful dis-ferritory, the larger portion of which upon our support to aid in their pass-position of the pablic business. The charges the depression of the iron in-the sonder to the sonder to a support to aid in their pass-position of the pablic busines. The charges the depression of the iron in-lot, and expects to receive them this has been acquired since 1815, the peri- age. If you are in carriest, you will do gontleman will find this side of the terest to the tariff legislation of the last ins been acquired since 1010, the peri- age. If you are in carness, you will do generate the second all efforts he congress. The resultion through which evening.

augurate his reign of economy. pablic expenditures. For it no do for which no and his party, so has a the the and a undisputed control in been found among the republicans in companied by so much physical suffer-show with he groutofully accorded. a great extent at least. (this House, the House Committee on the last Congress. The results of the ing and anguish of mind.

were Democrats, 9 Republicans, and 2 "jobs and contracts," with no small tions should be considered in adjusting "Adversity teaches useful lessons to nations as well as individuals. The habit of extrava-canter will be involved in serious financial only eleven Democrats voted for by both in the negative were all Democrats. The 10 who voted degree of surprise, from the gentleman the details of the measure, to the end the same dark road of defeat and dis-comfiture—a new movement is instituand as amended was passed by yeas 87, tice he has done to the officers of the

sequence when those who authorize the ex- cers and men in the army, was passed Americans. Of the nays 22 were Ro- in the House during the present session, penditare feel no responsibility in providing by the last Congress, and was most publicans, 28 Democrats, and 10 Fill- voto for expenditures, and thus create the means of payment. Such had been form by the last Congress, and was most publicans, 28 Democrats, and 10 Fill- voto for expenditures, and thus create anymet of verse our condition previously to cordially supported by the opposition more-Americans. If I had time I the necessity for a revival of the docwould refer to the votes on such bills, trine of protection for "protection's During the Thirty fourth Congress, on other occasions, to show that the sake." The opposition have voted aconomy, the case is now reversed; and to the \$16,022 was appropriated to pay per opposition cannot be relied upon to item's of expenditure not recom-extent of the appropriations, whatever these diem and mileage to Archer, Fouke, husband the public lands, and so to mended, either by the President or the may be, engrafted on the different appropriation diem and initiage to Artendy, Louist, manage them that they may be a source heads of the departments. Complaint for contesting the seats of members re- of revolue to the government. In my has succeeded complaint that a high departments, it will be necessary for Congress turned to that Congress; and in all view, such dispositions of the public protective policy has not been recomto provide the means of payment before their those cases the contests were decided lands are wrong in principle, unjust to mended by the administration. If it adjurnment. Without this, the treasury will against them. The yeas and nays show the old States, and of mischievous policy, had been recommended and successfully the public credit will be seriously impaired.— This disgrace must not fall upon the country." this expenditure. This disgrace must not fall upon the country." this expenditure. This disgrace must not fall upon the country." During the same Congress river and individual interests and the equal rights Our exports have fallen off more than twenty per cent., and our imports have

846.460.641

86,516,465 number. only eleven were recommend. the discharge of their daties on the 4th ding specie, from January to May inclued by the administration. At the third of March, 1849. They came into power sive, for the year 1857, amounted session of the same Congross, appropri- avowing their purpose to retrench ex- to \$105,560 501

51,668 192 to thirty-one buildings of a like kind, were alleged to exist under the admin- Our revenue is mainly derived from amounting to \$2,084,000, only four of istration of their predecessors; and the imports; and, if the importations fall which had the recommendation of the people were induced to believe that off, the receipts of the government these great results would be attained. ---- must be reduced in a corresponding ra-During the same Congress appropri- During the administration of Mr. Polk, tio. Under the recent revulsion, which ations amounting to the sum of \$2,270,- the duty of carrying on the war with prostrated commerce, trade, and busi-000 were made for the extension of the Mexico devolved upon him, and, as a ness, the importations were necessari-Capitol, the dome, and works of art .-- necessary consequence, the annual ex- ly reduced to so great an extent that It was out of this appropriation for the penditures were much larger than, un the revenue from that source fell great- piler shall fall. A more successful ex-Capitol extension, if I am rightly in- der other circumstances, they would ly short of the sum which, under ordi- position of Know Nothing and Black formed, that desks were purchased at have been. In the four years his ex- nary circumstances, would have flown an annual average expenditure of sufficient to supply the deficiency until subject. The appropriations for the several \$41,345,256 59. In the four years of the financial storm should blow over. items of the contingent fund for the Taylor and Fillmore the expenditures and commerce, trade, and business of all House of Representatives for the Thirty- (exclusive of the public debt) amounted kinds should again resume their won-

under the action of the opposition in of Taylor and Fillmore, cost the people ty lively trade, and it will continue to

A Call to the Isms.

The Knew Nothings and Black Romention has saved millions of dollars that stances, no fair or just comparison can disposition to remedy what you consid- work before him, but still there is am-agance. Extravagance has its punish- Committee," published in the Star, large audience of ladies and gentlemen

They will attempt again to sail under a new name, for the purpose of im-

posing upon the unwary, just as they did with their midnight dark lanparties concerned in it are too well known ! Had their proscriptive "Sam" been successful, and continued so, they would still be following his bloody banhad to economy in expenditure. All ner and preaching up his impious

Who can besitate to accord to them 85-for books for members of Congress, by ayes 32, noes 10. Of the ayes, 21 I heard this remark, in regard to the interests of the nation and all sec-tenets. That hobby having, however,

comfiture-a new movement is instituted-a new name, the " People's party," The Compiler. the self-same set of political tricksters .----The dodge will take noone by surprise, and will, before a twelve-month, end as its predecessors have ended, in-smoke. sound drubbing.

prepare to give the mongrels another "They Will Lie." More shameless and unblushing slanders were never aimed at a National Administration that are now directed

at that of President BUCHANAN by the Black Ropublican and Know Nothing presses. No falschood is too gross for hem to retail-no injustice too glaring for them to be guilty of. The truth is ocabulary.

There is this comfort, however, for the friends of Justice and Democracy. The Administrations of JEFFERSON and JACKSON were assailed with equal rancor-abused and belied with an equal disregard of truth-and yet the world

cessful or brilliant Administrations than those of the patriots and statesman we have named. As they, whilst in office, were misrepresented and slandered, but ever after applauded and honored, so will it be with our present wise and patriotic Chief Magistrate. The three will occupy the same niche in the temple of this world's fame. Mark it.

The "Mulatto" Party. The Pennsylvanian christens the pro-

nosed conglomeration of the opposition factions, the "Mulatto Party." The

out at Mt. St. Mayer's Calles

Star Starte Salatar

The Annual Commencement of Mt. publicans of this county are summoned Mary's College, near Emmitsburg, took by a call from the "Union County place on Wednesday last, attracting a (signed CHARLES HORNER Chairman and from all points of this widely-extended Wm. F. Walter Secretary,) to select country. The exercises were throughdelegates to a County Convention, out of a highly interesting characterwill devolve the work of "hatching" rare cultivation and ability. Weannex

March. (orchestra.)......Dielman.

JAMES M. SLEVEN, Piniadelphia. Overture-Der Freynehutz, (orchestra.) C. M. V. Weber. Oration on National Character, FERDMAND E. CHATARD, Baltimore,

Variations, (piano.)......T. Valencine. John McGuire, Wilmington, N. C.

JOHN TEXOY, Albany.

Oration on Eloquence, JOEN GROGAN, Uebana, Ohio.

Violet Rondo, (piano.).....Fowler. William Burnham, Havana.

Oration ou Education, JAMES A. MCGUIGAN, York, Pa. adopted—but, mark it ! all by one and Overture, (orchestra.)...... Dielmant. Conterring of Degrees.

Charles O'Renty, Moone, Am. Valedictory, -JANKS M. SLEVIN, Philadelphin. Sixtet, -Plaintive, -(arranged by). . Dislimation Distribution of Premiums. Distribution of Premiums. Bishop Lynch, of Charleston, was

present, and made a very happy address to the students. The music, by the St. Cecelia's Society of the College, was under the direction and leadership of Dr. Dielman, and, of course, was first rate.

Distribution at Mt. Josephia.

The Annual Distribution of Premiums at St. Joseph's occurred, as usual, on the day following. Here, too, a large not sought after-indeed, it appears to and brilliant auditory had assembled, be utterly ignored-stricken from their crowding the hall to its utmost capacity. The order of exercises follows :

Entrance March-Die'man : Pianos-Misses C. Judik, M. A. Dougherty, M. Blois, M. Green, E. Dielman J. Dougherty. Hurps-Misses E. Landry, L. Masi, H. Game, L. Smith.

ACADEMIC HONORS.

In the Senior Class, the highest Honors of the Academy, consisting of a Gold Medal and Crown, are conferred on Miss Pauline Stamp, of Baltimore, Md., for general pro-ficiency in her studies, and uniform excellence of conduct.

CORONATION. Senior Circle-First Honors. -- Misses M. Chatard, M. Knox, N. Wildman, J. Bildwin, A. Gernon, L. Masi, Mgt. Hartman, S. Burnham, M. R. Bean, E. White, M. Chassaing, M. Callahan, R. Grace, E. Mattingly, M. D. Lee, C. Judik, A. Keene, E. Doylo, J. Keene, M. E. Smith. R. McCar.hy, J. McBrids, M. Thomas, M. A. Bowling, S.

J. Galbraith, E. Judik, E. Morse. Second Houors.-Misses M. Dare, C. Taney, S. Trigant, M. Huckett, E. Jenkins, M. Carey, J. Barry, M. D vereux, O. Tarner, E. Hamilton, E. Lundry, D. Flynn, M. Raborg, M. Blos, K. Key, M. Walsh, E. Juneau, J. Ducatel, G. Clagett, L. Muttison, G. Jenkins, E. Bione, E. Kuiz, L. Whelan, S. Winchester, M. McNeil, S. Gough, C. Miles.

Junior Circle-First Honors.-Misses D.Wild-man, M. Allan, J. Dougherty, E. Dielman, Second Honors. -- Misses J. Jones, E. Digges, C. Eld.r. D. Ross. PRIMARY DEPARTMENT --- REWARDS Misses A. Northrop. W. Plant, F. Marquis, A. Deuther, L. Mullan, E. Cocke, A. Dus bant, F. Eyre. Coronation Ode .--- (c'orus.) Dielman ; accom-

R.J. Stahle, Editor and Proprietor GETTYSBURG, PA. Monday Morning, July 5, 1858. DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

JUDGE OF SUPERME COURT. WILLIAM A. PORTER, of Philadelphia. CANAL COMMISSIONER.

WESTLEY FROST, of Fayette county.

Marge portion of our space to concedes that the history of this favored day is devoted to the Speech of Mr. country does not furnish two more suc-LETCHER, of Va, on the "Public Expenditures." Read it, everybody into whose hands this number of The Com-Republican falsehood could not be wished. It goes to the very marrow of the

Hon. W. H. WELSH has become

associated with Mr. SNALL in the pub-

come him into the corps editorial.

commanders may have exceeded their name by all means.-Beilford Gazette. duties

So much for having such mon as Jown & County Affairs. New Consterfeits. of the greatest diplomatic triumphs of Petersons' Detector, for July, mentions this contury,-and especially will it be

the following among a batch of forty new counterfeit notes: Bank of Gettysburg, Pa., 5's, spurious

-vig. three females; Washington on right. York County Bank, Pa., 5's, imitation-

John Smith, Esg., has been elect--the engraving poor in head of Penn, ed President of the Farmers' and Moand the head and bonnet of woman in chanics' Bank at Westminster. Wm. circle on the lower left corner; horses Roberts, Esq., has been chosen Presi- in vig. have no eyes. The eyes on all

Cumberland Savings' Bank, Md., 5's. -vig. female seated on a rock, steamer,

&c.; female on each end; imitation of genuine. A new counterfeit on the State Bank of Okio, of the denomination of \$10,

has made its appearance in Cincinnati. and Funkstown, Md., has resigned his leading banking houses in that city on

The Hon. Robert T. Conrad and and most dangerous counterfeit now in the Hon. Job R. Tyson, two well-known country will undoubtedly be flooded

died on Sunday ovening, after a brief with them. Several have been sent here, already, from New York, where

Died in the Field .- Mr. Henry Kindig, all notes of ten dollars on the branches of Farewell-(words by Miss P.Stamp.)Dielman. of Spring Gardon township, died very the State Bank of Ohio. A very dangerous counterfeit on the suddenly on Friday week, while at York Bank, Pa., of the denomination of work in the field. He was on a wagon 10's, has made its appearance, and Is loading hay and was suddenly seized being circulated throughout Pennsylvawith an illness and almost immediately nia. We have not seen or received a expired. The supposition is that he description of the note, but advise all was overcome with the extreme heat of our patrons to keep a sharp look-out for any 10s offered. that day, and died from its effects .--

Accident.

Dr. J. H. B. McCLELLAN has RENCE MANGEN and another workman, were approaching this place, on the in the Medical Department of Pennsyllate Dr. Goorge W. McClellan, and of course has had advantages in acquiring professional knowledge such as few others can enjoy. The choice will serve to elevate the institution still higher

Thirty-eight shares of Gettys- and able physicians, Dr. Eckort and it, set fire to Miss Seiss' under iteres burg Bank stock, bolonging to the es- Dr. Smith, have succeeded wonderfally and rendored her insensible for some tate of Mrs. Mary M. Motter, late of in dressing the gash, so that, although hours. Mr. S. was also stammed, by Emmitsburg, were sold on Tuesday his case seemed hopeless at first, he is the shock, but speedily recovered.

The cutting of grain has been We are told that Mr. SANUEL promise of an abundant yield. The hay crop, too, was never better, nor secured in better condition.

This issue of our paper is printed on Saturday, (the 3d.)

panied by Misses E. Lundry, II. Game, Premiums in thomposition, Grammar, Orthography, Read-ing, Bhetoric, Logic, Moral Philosophy.

Harp of Tar .- Chipp: Harp-Miss E Landry. Premiume in Merrol and Proface Bictory, Mythology, Ame cient and Modorn Gongraphy, and use of Globas Romance Favorite, --arranged by Bichsa;

Planus-Misses J. Ballwin, G. Jenkins, E. Hamilton, F. Long, R. McCarthy, E. Nesle, C. Judik, S. Burnham. Harps-Misses E. Landry, L. Masi, H. Game, L. Smith. Premiums in Astronomy, Chemistry, Botany and Natarab Philomophy.

Pestal,-(juvenile circle.)-Bissell ; Pianos -Misses C. Elder, M. S. Gallagher. A. Rooney, A. Muse, E. Northrop, E. McNeil, E. Cocke, A. Deuther.

Cavatina-Rossini ; sung by Miss M. Knox; accompanied by Miss E. Hamilton.

Premiums in Arithmetic, Algebra and Bank-keeping Pot Pourri,-Auguerra ; Gaitar-Miss II. Gamie.

Overture Della Scmirsmide,-arranged by Bochsa ; Harp-Miss E. Laudry. Piuno-Miss L. Masi.

Premiums in Latin, French, Spanish, Italian and German On to the Field of Giory .-- (chorus.) D.a zet-ti; accompanied by Misses G. Jenkins, H. Game.

Monday week, and it is pronounced by Grand Duo,-Wels; Pianos-Misses E. the best judges to be the best executed Landry, L. Masi.

Promiums in Writing, Drawing and Painting. circulation. The Gazette says: The Al Dolce Canto-Rode; sung by Miss J. Bride; country will undoubtedly be flooded accompanied by Miss E. Landry.

Premiana in Instrumental and Yocal Music, Home -Thalberg ; Piano-Miss L. Masi. they were received as gennine. Refuse Premiums in Plain Nordle Work, Tapester. Embroilery, But the of tan dollars on the branches of Shell Work, and Artificial Flower Making.

March-Dielman; Pitnos-Misses J. Baldwin, E. Hamil on, L. Smith, S. Burnham. Harps-Misses E. Landry, L. Masi, H. Game, F. Long.

The young ladies acquitted themselves admirably in every part assigned them, exhibiting marked gracefulness and proficiency. Dr. Dielman had the musical directorship, and contributed On Monday morning last, while Law- no little to the pleasure of the occasion.

Freak of Lightning.

As Mr. OSCAR SEISS and his sister Littlestown Railroad, in a hand-car, by were riding in a buggy near Emmitason of the distinguished surgeon, the some mishap, the former lost his hold of burg, during the storm of Sunday af the lever, which at the next revolution, ternoon week, the horse became retive struck him, and threw him in front of at the vividness and noise of the thunthe car, one of the wheels passing over der and lightning, and Mr. Seiss alighthis breast, severing his nether lip, dash- ed to lead him. At that moment the ing out his incisive teeth, and cutting a electric fluid struck the horse on the deep gash in his skull, which was laid shoulder, killing him instantly, and open and exposed. Our very officient passing thence to the buggy, shatlered

> Beath from Son Strains At 50'elock on Wednesday afternood, a man named HARE, waller forking hay commenced in this county, with the upon the farm of Er. Samuel Bowman, on the York Road SI miles from Hanover, was stricion down by the heat and died in the course of one hour i statu inda i statu Spectator. . . .

> > Broodom's birth day, July 4, 70.