[illegible] Economy.

[illegible] plow by the plough would thrive, [illegible] either hold or drive."

[illegible]

In certain districts, were rabbits so [illegible], and are not worth securing [illegible] market or at the stores. They become very destructive to young trees when the ground is covered with snow, and their usual supply of food is cut off. We believe, however, that they have a particular liking for the bark of young trees, and will select it in preference to other food, even when there is an abundance. A tame rabbit, which was premitted to run about our premises, two or three winters ago, which had a full supply of succulent cabbage and other vegetables, commenced eating the bark of several fruit tree, and had it not been removed, would have destroyed them.

We copy the following hints as a protection to their attacks, which we find in other journals.

The first remedy, which we find in the Massachusetts Plowman, is this:

"To prevent rabbits from barking young fruit trees, give the body of the tree a thorough rubbing with soft soap. This not only prevents the rabbits from barking them, the rough scales off, softens the bark, and renders them much more thrifty than they would be otherwise. This simple recipe will be of vast value to the farmers in many parts of the West. Greasing will prevent rabbits from barking fruit trees, but it will injure the tree.

The next we find in the Valley Farmer, from E. A. Rives:—

"I tear up old newspapers in strips fifteen or eighteen inches long, and wrap them around the body of the tree, commencing at the ground, and securing it with common twine. The paper will withstand all the rain that falls on it, and I never knew a tree injured by rabbits that was thus protected. Another advantage of the plan is that it can be so quickly done—one person can tie up a hundred trees in two hours.

The Seckel Pear.

The Seckel is the best native pear known; it has a high, spicy, honeyed flavor. It bears its fruit in clusters at the ends of the branches; it ripens from the first of September to the last of October. It was sent to Europe by Dr. Hosack, in 1819, and the fruit was pronounced by the London Horticultural Society exceeding in flavor the richest and best of their autumn pears. The fruit is very small, except on rich land. The following account is given of the origin of this pear: "About eighty years ago there was a well-known gentleman and cattle dealer in Philadelphia who was familiarly known as Dutch Jacob. Every season, early in the autumn, on returning from his shooting excursions, Dutch Jacob regaled his neighbors with pears of an exquisitely delicious flavor, the secret of whose place of growth, however, he would never satisfy their curiosity by divulging. At length the Holland Land Company, owning a considerable tract south of the city, disposed of it in parcels, and Dutch Jacob then secured the ground on which his favorite pear tree stood, a fine tract of land near the Delaware. Not long afterwards it became the farm of Mr. Seckel, who introduced this remarkable fruit to public notice, and it received his name. Afterwards the property was added to the vast estate of the late Stephen Girard. The original tree still exists (or did a few years ago) vigorous and fruitful. Specimens of its pears were quite lately exhibited at the annual show of the Pennsylvania Horticultural Society.—*Country Gentleman.*

More Sorgho Sugar.

Since our last issue, says the Scientific American, we have received another sample of crystalized sugar, made from the juice of the Sorgho sugar cane, by D. M. Cook, of Mansfield, Ohio. By the use of a peculiar evaporator, he states that he found no difficulty in crystallizing the syrup of this cane. He asserts that the Sorgho can be ripened throughout all the Northern States, and that its juice is as crystallizable a saccharine product as that of the common sugar cane. He also affirms that with proper cultivation it will yield 5000 pounds of sugar to the acre, and may reach double this amount.

Sheep.

The proper management of sheep is a matter of very great importance to the farmer. He may procure the best breeds, and yet a bad location and bad management may soon destroy them.—They require high, dry, upland, and soft water; without these the wool becomes coarse, the sprightliness of the animal is lost, disease follows, and it dwindles down into a mere apology for a sheep—and a poor apology too.—Lime soils, and lime water are injurious to them, as by absorbing or destroying the oil in the wool, it renders the fibre living and brittle.

The plants, too, in such soil, are strongly impregnated with lime, and the water hard, which soon produces rheumatism and disease of the skin. Oil in abundance of food, in linseed, or cake, will increase the quantity, length and fineness of wool, but unless the quality, that is, length, in large quantities will increase the weight of the body, but injure the texture of the wool. Let the land on which they are kept be high, dry, destitute as far as possible of lime, liberally supplied with sulphur, the grass short and sweet, and the flock will amply repay.—*Ohio Farmer.*

[illegible]

[illegible] rope to his fore foot and go [illegible] He will follow [illegible]

The Humorist.

"A little humor, now and then,
Is relished by the wisest men."

YANKEE COURTSHIP.

Cottage by the hillside—
Time nigh unto dark;
Dorothy beside the fire,
Waiting for her spark.
Old man by the chimney,
Reading Boston paper;
Old lady near the table,
Making Sal a cape, or
Some other peculiar kind of garment.

Very cold without, and
Wind a shrieking—howling;
Owls up in the orchard—
Out, perhaps, a fowling.
Rap, rap, at the kitchen door—
Dorothy looks pleasant;
"Jonathan," she whispered sly,
"Rot me if it isn't,
Or some fellow that I don't want to see."

Door is open—"Jonathan?
Why, how do you do?"
"Well, Dorothy, I'm pretty well,
A seein' how it's you."
Old man stops his reading,
Old lady stops her sewing;
Both remark to Jonathan,
"Wall, now, how it's a blowing,
There's going to be some tall weather yet, I sweow."

Salutations over,
Jonathan is mum,
Wishes over sundry times,
That he was to hum.
Old folks getting sleepy,
'Gin to nod the head;
Dorothy suggests that they
Had better go to bed—
And a very broad grin lighted up Jonathan's physiognomy.

Old folks a snoring soundly,
Young folks close together,
Jonathan and Dorothy
Talking 'bout the weather.
Jonathan is thinking
How to pop the question;
But his heart is thumping so,
He can hardly hold his vest on,
And his tongue cleaveth to the roof of his mouth.

Dorothy looks silly—
Know's there's something coming;
Looks around at Jonathan—
He feels much like running.
"Dearest Dorothy!" he says—
"S'pose that you and I go
Down to Parson Castor,
(Never mind the snow.)
And get linked into the everlasting bonds of matrimony."

* * * * *

Years have passed away, and
Down within the valley,
Far away from city,
Street or dirty alley,
Stands a little cottage,
White as snow in March;
Jonathan and Dorothy
Sitting on the porch,
And a half-dozen white-headed youngsters around them.

Mr. Editor:—Having a few spare lines, I send you the following anecdote. It has never been published, and furthermore is a fact. It was told me by a gentleman who witnessed it:

"An Indian came to a certain agency in the northern part of Iowa, to procure some whiskey for a young warrior, who had, as he said, been bitten by a rattlesnake. At first the agent did not credit his story, but the earnestness of the Indian, and the urgency of the case, overcame his scruples, and turning to get the liquor, he asked the Indian how much he wanted? 'Four quart,' answered the Indian. 'Four quarts!' exclaimed the agent in surprise, 'so much as that?' 'Yes,' replied the Indian, speaking through his set teeth, and frowning as savagely as though about to wage a war of extermination against the whole snake tribe, 'four quart—*snake mighty big!*'"

☞ Who can account for the strange ideas and still stranger expressions of little children?

One day a little blue eyed girl of about six summers, a daughter of one of our worthy citizens, weary of play, came running into the house, and throwing herself into the arms of her mother, exclaimed:

"Hold me, ma, I feel so bad."

"What's the matter, Pussy?" tenderly inquired the alarmed and anxious parent.

"I don't know, only I feel very bad," replied the little cherub.

"Does your head ache?"

"Oh, no, I feel just like a *Black Republican!*"

"And how does a Black Republican feel, my child?"

"Just like he wanted to steal something."

☞ "What does the minister say of our burying ground?" asked Mrs. Hines of her neighbor. "He don't like it at all; he says he never will be buried there as long as he lives." "Well," says Mrs. Hines, "if the Lord spares my life, I will."

Query.—Tell me, ye winged winds, that round my pathway roar, do you not know some quiet spot where hoops are worn no more? Some lone and silent dell, some island or some cave, where women can walk three abreast along the village pave? The loud winds hissed around my face, and snickering answered, "nary place."

☞ The Chinese are a queer people to go to market. A friend at Canton writes that a neighbor of his had just laid in his winter provisions—a hind quarter of a horse and two barrels of bulldogs, the latter salted to keep.

☞ Pedagogue.—Well, sir, what does half spell?

Boy.—Don't know.

Pedagogue.—What have you got in your head?

Boy.—I guess it's a mixture like a mackerel like thunder."

☞ "If we are to live after death, why don't we have some certain knowledge of it?" said a skeptic to a clergyman.

"Why didn't you have some knowledge of this world before you came into it?" was the quaint reply.

☞ Knife powered co ice, may be considered a member of trust."

Great Rush,

TO JACOBS & BRO'S., Baltimore street, to see the Diamond, to see the stocks of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, &c., which they have just received from the city, as well as the first class lot of Ready-made Clothing now on hand—Over Coats, Dress, Frock and Sack Coats, Pants and Vests.

Don't forget that for anything in the men's line of wear, you can never go amiss by calling at Jacobs'. If you want a fine coat, or pants, or vest, rely upon it you cannot be better accommodated anywhere, either as to quality, make or price. So with middle, or low priced goods. They offer a varied stock, and defy competition. They will sell Ready-made Clothing, *all of their own making-up*, at prices as low as city clothing, which are so apt to rip and give way. They are practical tailors themselves, and hence turn out nothing but what they know to be well gotten up.—Give them a call—look at their stock—and if you are not pleased, there's no harm done. No trouble to show goods.

☞ The latest New York and Philadelphia Fashions received.

Gettysburg, Nov. 9, 1857.

Great Excitement!

BRINGMAN & AUGHINBAUGH STILL AHEAD!

TAKE NOTICE that we have just received a new and splendid lot of *HATS, CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES*, which we offer to the public CHEAPER than ever, having put down our stock to the *lowest* living profits.—Under these arrangements we can put our goods within the reach of ALL, as to style, quality and PRICE. Our motto is quick sales and small profits. Call and examine our stock of goods before purchasing elsewhere. Remember the sign of the "BIG BOOT," Chambersburg street, below Buehler's Drug Store.

☞ Boots and Shoes made upon the shortest notice and by the best of workman.

October 19, 1857.

Ladies,

DO you want pretty DRESS GOODS, at low prices? *Go to Fahnestocks'* and *buy* them. Their stock is cheaper and prettier than elsewhere. Their stock comprises Delaines, Coburg, French Merinos, Alpaca Merinos, Plaids, &c. Also a very rich looking article of Morie Antique for dresses. Don't forget to look at FAHNESTOCKS'.

The Farmers' & Mechanics'

SAVINGS INSTITUTION OF ADAMS CO.—This Institution receives deposites, for which it pays interest as follows:

For over 10 months, 4 per cent. per annum.
For 3 and not over 10 months, 3 per cent. per annum. For transient deposites, not less than 30 days, 2 per cent. per annum, payable on demand without notice.

A joint fund (capital) of $10,000 has been paid in.

For loans apply on Wednesday.

Sums received on deposite as low as a dime. Interest to be allowed whenever the deposites amount to $5,00, and on each additional $5,000 and upwards.

Office in South West Corner of Public Square, next to George Arnold's store. Open daily from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and for receiving deposites every Saturday, from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

President, GEORGE THRONE.
Treasurer & Secretary, GEORGE ARNOLD.
Directors,

John Brough,	John Horner,
Samuel Durborow,	George Arnold,
A. Heintzelman,	Jacob Musselman,
D. McCreary,	D. McConnaughy,
William Culp,	John Mickley,
Robert Horner,	John Throne.

April 6, 1857.

Herring's Patent

CHAMPION FIRE & BURGLAR PROOF SAFES, with Hall's Patent POWDER PROOF LOCKS.—FARRELL & HERRING, Makers, 34 *Walnut Street, below Second, Philadelphia.*—The great interest manifested by the public to procure more certain security from fire for valuable papers, such as Bonds, Mortgages, Deeds, Notes and Books of Accounts, than the ordinary Safes heretofore in use afforded, induced the Patentees to devote a large portion of their time for the last fourteen years, in making discoveries and improvements for this object, the result of which is the unrivalled *Herring's Patent World's Fair Premium FIRE PROOF SAFES*, universally acknowledged as the CHAMPION SAFE OF THE WORLD! Having been awarded Medals at both the World's Fair, London, 1851, and Crystal Palace, N. Y., 1853, as superior to all others, is now undoubtedly entitled to that apellation, and secured with Hall's Patent Powder-proof Locks—which were also awarded separate Medals, (as above)—forms the most perfect Fire and Burglar Proof Safes ever yet offered to the public.

Nearly 300 "Herring's Safes" have been tested during the past 14 years, and more than 16,000 have been sold and are now in actual use.

Also on hand or manufactured to order, all kinds of Boiler and Chilled Iron Bank Chests and Vaults, Vault Doors, Money Chests for Brokers, Jewellers, Railroads, private families, &c., for Plate, Diamonds, and other valuables.

Nov. 23, 1857.

Hardware Store.

THE subscribers would respectfully announce to their friends and the public that they have opened a Hardware Store, in Baltimore street, adjoining the residence of David Ziegler, Gettysburg, in which they always intend to offer to the public a large and general assortment of HARDWARE, Iron, Steel, Groceries, Cutlery, Coach Trimmings, Springs, Axles, Saddlery, Cedar-ware, Shoe Findings, Paints, Oils and Dye Stuffs, in general, including every description of articles in the above line of business, to which they invite the attention of coach-makers, blacksmiths, carpenters, cabinet-makers, shoemakers, saddlers, and the public generally. Our stock having been selected with great care and purchased for cash, we guarantee (for the ready money,) to dispose of any part of it on as reasonable terms as they can be purchased anywhere.

We particularly request a call from our friends, and earnestly solicit a share of public favor, as we are determinined to establish a character for selling goods at low prices and doing business on fair principles.

JOEL D. BANNER,
DAVID ZIEGLER.

Gettysburg, June 9, 1851. tf

This Way!

TO FAHNESTOCKS!—*Another Arrival of Cheap Goods.*—We have just opened a choice assortment of the CHEAPEST GOODS ever offered in the county. We can hardly particularize, as our stock comprises almost every thing desired. We have received several cases, *Five Thousand Yards*, of Prints which we offer at 6¼ cents per yard, such as are usually sold at 10 cents; Elegant Cobourgs at 25 cents; Muslins of which we have an unusually large stock at reduced prices; Cassinetts at prices that defy competition. In fact we can sell goods of every description so low that purchasers will save money by buying from us. We only ask persons desiring cheap goods to examine our stock, particularly this last arrival from the city, which we have purchased (for the Cash,) direct from the manufacturers, at such rates as enable us to offer great bargains. Call and judge for yourselves. FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS.

Nov. 16, 1857. tf

New Goods.

J. HOKE has just returned with a large stock of FALL & WINTER GOODS, which he will sell low for cash or country produce. Please give him a call before purchasing elsewhere, as you will find it to your interest to do so. ☞ All Goods cut free of charge. JOHN HOKE.

Oct. 12, 1857.

BRING ON YOUR FURS.—Full prices paid in cash or trade, for Fox, Raccoon, Opossum, Mink, Muskrat and Rabbit Skins, at Bringman & Aughinbaugh's sign of the "Big Boot."

Fancy Furs for Ladies.

JOHN FAREIRA & CO., (New No.) 818 MARKET Street, above Eighth, Philadelphia, Importers, Manufacturers, and dealers in Ladies', Gentlemen and Children's FANCY FURS, Wholesale and Retail. J. F. & Co., would call the attention of Dealers and the public generally to their immense Stock of Fancy Furs for Ladies, Gentlemen, and Children; their assortment embraces every article and kind of *Fancy Furs*, that will be worn during the Season—such as Full Capes, Half Capes, Quarter Capes, Talmas, Victorines, Boas, Muffs and Muffatees, from the *finest Russian Sable* to the lowest price Domestic Furs.

For Gentlemen the largest assortment of Fur Collars, Gloves, Gauntlets, &c.; being the direct Importers of all our Furs and Manufacturers of them under our own supervision, we feel satisfied we can offer better inducements to dealers and the public generally than any other house, having an immense assortment to select from and at the Manufacturers' prices. *We only ask a call.*

JOHN FAREIRA & CO.,
No. 818 Market Street, above Eighth, Phild'a.

Sept. 21, 1857. 4m

McRea's Liquid Glue,

THE GREAT ADHESIVE.—Most useful article ever invented, for house, store and office, surpassing in utility every other glue, gum, mucilage, paste or cement ever known. *Always Ready for Application.* Adhesive on Paper, Cloth Leather, Furniture, Porcelain, China, Marble or Glass. For manufacturing Fancy Articles, Toys, etc., it has no superior, not only possessing greater strength than any other known article, but adheres more quickly, leaving no stain where the parts are joined. NEVER FAILS.

Within the last three years upwards of 250,000 bottles of this justly celebrated LIQUID GLUE have been sold, and the great convenience which it has proved in every case, has deservedly secured for it a demand which the manufacturer has found it, at times, difficult to meet: acknowledged by all who have used it, that its merits are far above any similar article or imitation ever offered to the public.

☞ *This GLUE is extensively counterfeited—observe the label "McRea's Celebrated Liquid Glue, the Great Adhesive." Take no other.—TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.*

Manufactured and Sold, Wholesale and Retail, by

WM. C. McREA, *Stationer,*
No. 907 Chesnut St., Philadelphia.

☞ Liberal inducements offered to persons desirous of selling the above article.

Sept. 28, 1857. 1y

New Cheap Cash Store.

THE subscribers having entered into partnership under the style and firm of H. S. & B. H. MINNIGH, respectfully inform the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity, that they have opened a new, large and well-selected assortment of

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES,

at the old-established stand, on South East corner of the Diamond, formerly called the Jew's corner, comprising every variety, style and price. In part of Dry Goods.—Black Silks, Black Alpaccas, plain and fancy Delaines, Bereges, Ginghams, plain and fancy Jaconets, plain and dotted Swiss Victorines, Lawn, Mull, Mouslins, blue and unbleached Shirtings, Osnaburg, Bed Ticking, Jaquered Diaper,

Gents' and Boy's Wear.—Black Cloth, Black Cassimeres, fancy and plain Cassimeres, silk and fancy Vesting, Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, Denims, Cottonades, Farmer's Drill—every style and price. A fine assortment of Gloves and Hosiery of every style and quality.

Groceries.—Brown, Crushed, Granulated, Pulverized, and Clerified Sugar, D. & W. Syrup, New Orleans Molasses, Ground Alum and fine Salt, Fairbank's Cracker, Glassware, Cutlery, Cedar-ware, and every other article found in a well-conducted Dry Goods and Grocery Store.

Having selected their stock with care, they are enabled to sell cheap for Cash, and respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage.

☞ All kinds of Country Produce taken in exchange for goods.

H. S. & E. H. MINNIGH.

Oct. 5, 1857.

Two Daily Lines.

EXTRA ACCOMMODATIONS.—The undersigned returns his thanks to the public for the encouragement heretofore extended him, and takes pleasure in announcing that he has completed arrangements by which TWO DAILY LINES of Coaches will run between Gettysburg and Hanover, to connect with the trains to and from Baltimore, York, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, &c. Persons desiring tickets or information will call on the undersigned, or on CHARLES TATE, Ticket Agent, at the Eagle Hotel, in Chambersburg street.

☞ Special attention given to all packages, &c., or other business entrusted to the undersigned between Gettysburg and Hanover, which will be promptly and carefully attended to.

☞ The undersigned has also effected arrangements by which he will be able to supply Coaches, Stages, &c., for Funerals and other occasions, at moderate charges.

NICHOLAS WEAVER.

Gettysburg, April 13, 1857.

WM. GILLESPIE. HENRY THOMAS.

Family Grocery and Provision Store.

GILLESPIE & THOMAS respectfully inform the people of Gettysburg and the public generally, that they have just returned from the city with a general assortment of GROCERIES, PROVISIONS and VEGETABLES, which they are prepared to sell as low as the lowest. FLOUR and FEED always on hand, and sold at small profits.

Store on York street, one door east of Wattles' Hotel.

Gettysburg, Aug. 3, 1857.

Removed to Hanover.

FRANCIS J. WILSON, late of the Washington House at Abbottstown, has taken HERSHEY'S OLD AND POPULAR STAND, in Hanover, where he will be happy to entertain all who may patronize him. His Table is supplied with the best the market and garden can afford, and his Bar with the choicest of liquors. His Stables are commodious, and attended by careful Ostlers. Give him a call. You will always find FRANK, on the spot, ready and willing to make everybody comfortable. [April 27, 1857.

Cabinet Ware & Chairs.

THE undersigned respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have commenced the Cabinet and Chair making business, in Baltimore street, near Middle, where they will manufacture all kinds of FURNITURE, such as Dressing and Common Bureaus, Tables of all kinds, Bedsteads, Stands, and every other article in their line. ALL of the best workmanship and good materials, which will enable them to warrant their work. Also, every variety of CHAIRS.

Coffins made at short notice, and in the fashionable style.

House Painting and Papering attended to, and done in the best manner.

Their prices will be as low as the lowest, as all who may patronize them will acknowledge.

☞ Lumber and country produce taken in exchange for work.

NORBECK & MILLER.

Gettysburg, Nov. 25, 1857. 1y

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES of all kinds, qualities, sizes, and shapes, for Men, Boys, Youths and Children, at COBEAN & PAXTON'S.

JEWELRY & STATIONERY—any quantity and the best stock ever brought to this place. If you doubt it, call in and see for yourselves—at SCHICK'S.

SEGARS & TOBACCO—best quality, at COBEAN & PAXTON'S.

The Grand Show!

AT MUSICAL HALL!

M. Samson, Manager & Proprietor.

Doors open at 6 o'clock, A. M.—Performance to commence immediately after.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.

Adults, ... FREE.
Children, (under 12 years of age,) Half Price.

GRAND COMPLIMENTARY BENEFIT TO THE PUBLIC!

The subscriber, thankful for past favors, respectfully informs the inhabitants of Gettysburg and surrounding country, of the fact that he has just received from the New York Auctions a

SPLENDID STOCK OF GOODS!

which he is determined to sell at astonishingly low rates for CASH. In return for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him, he will give a Grand Complimentary Benefit, on which occasion will be presented

TWO MAGNIFICENT PIECES!

On Wednesday, October 28,
and every day until further notice, will be presented the very popular Tragedy of

GOOD FITS!

with the following unrivalled cast:—Fashionable Clothing, from the finest to the lowest priced qualities. Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, in great variety. Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c., to suit all tastes.

An Intermission of Ten Minutes,
to allow those making large purchases time for Lunch, &c., &c.

The whole to conclude with M. Samson's successful Play, entitled

VARIETIES!

the beauty of which will cause great excitement among the Ladies and Gentlemen.

Oct. 26, 1857. tf

Good and Cheap!

THE undersigned would inform his friends and the public generally, that he continues the CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS, in all its branches, at his establishment, in East Middle Street, (near the east end,) Gettysburg, Pa., where he has on hand a first-rate lot of work, and is prepared to put up to order whatever may be desired in his line, viz:—Rockaway and Boat-Body *Carriages; Falling-Top, Rockaway & Trotting Buggies, Jersey Wagons, &c.*

With good workmen and good materials, he can pledge his work to be of the best quality—and his prices are among the lowest.

☞ Repairing done at short notice, and at reasonable rates. Country produce taken in exchange for work. Call!

JACOB TROXEL.

June 15, 1857.

Attention, One & All!

NOW IS THE TIME to have your Picture taken!—S. WEAVER having provided himself with an entire new and splendid SKY-LIGHT DAGUERREAN ROOM at his residence in West Middle street, opposite Prof. Jacobs, one square West of Baltimore street, where he is now prepared to furnish

AMBROTYPES AND DAGUERREOTYPES,

in every style of the art, which he will warrant to give entire satisfaction. His long experience and superior apparatus give him advantages seldom furnished by Daguerrean establishments out of the city. He has a large number of specimens at his Gallery, in Chambersburg street, where he will continue as heretofore, which the public are requested to call and examine.

☞ Charges from 50 cents to $10. Hours of operating from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M. Gold Lockets, Breastpins, suitable for ministerings, always on hand, at the very lowest prices.

☞ Children will not be taken for less than 50 cents.

☞ AMBROTYPES taken from one dollar and upwards, and in the best style.

July 20, 1856. tf

To the Country, Good News.

I HAVE rented the Foundry for the ensuing year, and am prepared to make the different kinds of Castings usually made at a Foundry. I will keep constantly on hand the different kinds of PLOUGHS, Points, Shares, Cutters, &c.; Pots, Kettles, Pans, Washing Machines, &c.; Stoves and Machinery; Porches, Verandah's and Cemetery Fencing made and put up with dispatch.

All orders will be attended to promptly; but being without capital, and money being necessary to carry on the business, I will be compelled to sell for cash, but on all country work 5 per cent. will be deducted. Suitable trade will be taken, if delivered at the time of purchasing. Give us a call.

E. M. WARREN.

Gettysburg, June 1, 1857.

Wm. B. McClellan,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.—Office on the south side of the public square, 2 doors west of the Sentinel office.

Gettysburg, August 22, 1853.

D. McConaughy,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, (office one door west of Buehler's drug and book store, Chambersburg street,) ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR FOR PATENTS AND PENSIONS. Bounty Land Warrants, Back-pay suspended Claims, and all other claims against the Government at Washington, D. C.; also American Claims in England. Land Warrants located and sold, or bought, and highest prices given.—Agents engaged in locating warrants in Iowa, Illinois and other western States. ☞ Apply to him personally or by letter.

Gettysburg, Nov. 21, 1853.

Edward B. Buehler,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, will faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to him. He speaks the German language.—Office at the same place, in South Baltimore street, near Forney's drug store, and nearly opposite Danner & Ziegler's store.

Gettysburg, March 20.

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.,

HAS his office one door west of the Lutheran church, in Chambersburg street, and opposite Picking's store, where those wishing to have any Dental Operation performed are respectfully invited to call. REFERENCES: Dr. D. Horner, Rev. C. P. Krauth, D. D., Rev. H. L. Baugher, D. D., Rev. Prof. M. Jacobs, Prof. M. L. Stover. [Gettysburg, April 11, '53.

Auctioneering.

ANDREW W. FLEMMING, residing in Breckinridge street, near James Pierce's, Gettysburg, offers his services to the public as a *Sale Crier* and *Auctioneer*. His charges are moderate, and he will on all occasions endeavor to render satisfaction. He hopes to receive a share of public patronage.

Aug. 17, 1857.

Removal.

ALEX. FRASER, Watch & Clock Maker, has removed his shop to Carlisle street, below Hoke's Store, where he will always be happy to attend to the calls of old customers. Thankful for past favors, he hopes, by strict attention to business, to merit a share of the patronage of the public.

Gettysburg, May 18, 1857.

Notice.

I WOULD again remind all those indebted to me either by note or book account, that I am now settling up my old business. Please call and pay, as longer indulgence cannot be given. JOHN ARNOLD.

Oct. 19, 1857.

SUGAR, COFFEE & MOLASSES.—A good assortment of Sugar, Coffee and Molasses, which we will sell at low as the lowest. Call and examine these articles and then judge for yourselves. For sale at the Grocery and Confection Store of BOYER & BOMBERGER.

Splendid Gifts

AT 439 CHESNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA.—The Original Gift Book Store.—G. G. Evans would inform his friends and the public, that he has removed his Star Gift Book Store and Publishing House, to the splendid store in Brown's Iron Building, 439 CHESNUT Street, two doors below Fifth, where the purchaser of each book will receive one of the following gifts, valued at from 25 cents to $100, consisting of Gold Watches, Jewelry, &c.

	WORTH	
550 Patent English Lever Gold Watches,	$100 00	each.
550 Patent Anchor do.	50 00	do
400 Ladies' Gold Watches, 18k. c.	35 00	do
600 Silver Lever Watches, warr.	15 00	do
500 Parlor Timepieces,	10 00	do
500 Cameo Sets, Ear Drops & Pins,	10 00	do
500 Ladies' Gold Bracelets,	$5 to 12 00	do
500 Gent's Vest Chains,	10 00	do
1,000 Gold Lockets, (large size double case,)	3 00	do
2,000 Gold Lockets, (small size,)	3 00	do
1,000 Gold Pencil Cases, with Gold Pens,	5 00	do
1,000 Extra Gold Pens, with cases and holders,	10 50	do
2,500 Gold Pencils, (Ladies')	2 50	do
2,500 Gold Pens, with Silv. Pencils,	2 50	do
2,500 Ladies' Gold Pens, with cases,	1 50	do
6,500 Gold Rings, (Ladies',)	1 00	do
2,000 Gent's Gold Rings,	2 75	do
2,500 Ladies' Gold Breastpins,	2 50	do
3,500 Misses' Gold Breastpins,	1 50	do
3,000 Pocket Knives,	75	do
2,000 Sets Gent's Gold Bo'm Studs,	3 00	do
2,000 do do Sleeve Buttons,	3 00	do
2,000 Pairs Ladies' Ear Drops,	2 50	do
8,000 Ladies' Pearl Card Cases,	5 00	do
1,500 Ladies' Cameo, Jet or Mosaic Pins,	5 00	do
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CONSUMPTION and all Diseases of the Lungs and Throat are positively Cured by Inhalation, which conveys the remedies to the cavities in the lungs through the air passages, and coming in direct contact with the disease, neutralizes the tubercular matter, allays the cough, causes a free and easy expectoration, heals the lungs, purifies the blood, imparts renewed vitality to the nervous system, giving that tone and energy so indispensable for the restoration of health. To be able to state confidently that Consumption is curable by inhalation, is to me a source of unalloyed pleasure. It is as much under the control of medical treatment as any other formidable disease; ninety out of every hundred cases can be cured in the first stages, and fifty per cent. in the second; but in the third stage it is impossible to save more than five per cent, for the Lungs are so cut up by the disease as to bid defiance to medical skill.—Even, however, in the last stages, Inhalation affords extraordinary relief to the suffering attending this fearful scourge, which annually destroys ninety-five thousand persons in the United States alone; and a correct calculation shows that of the present population of the earth, eighty millions are destined to fill the Consumptive's grave.

Truly the quiver of death has no arrow so fatal as Consumption. In all ages it has been the great enemy of life, for it spares neither age nor sex, but sweeps off alike the brave, the beautiful, the graceful and the gifted. By the help of that Supreme Being from whom cometh every good and perfect gift, I am enabled to offer to the afflicted a permanent and speedy cure in Consumption. The first cause of tubercles is from impure blood; and the immediate effect produced by their deposition in the lungs is to prevent the free admission of air into the air cells, which causes a weakened vitality through the entire system. Then surely it is more rational to expect greater good from medicines entering the cavities of the lungs than from those administered through the stomach; the patient will always find the lungs free and the breathing easy, after Inhaling remedies. Thus, Inhalation is a local remedy, nevertheless it acts constitutionally, and with more power and certainty than remedies administered by the stomach. To prove the powerful and direct influence of this mode of administration, chloroform inhaled will entirely destroy sensibility in a few minutes, paralyzing the entire nervous system, so that a limb may be amputated without the slightest pain; inhaling the ordinary burning gas will destroy life in a few hours.

The inhalation of ammonia will rouse the system when fainting or apparently dead.—The odor of many of the medicines is perceptible in the skin a few minutes after being inhaled, and may be immediately detected in the blood. A convincing proof of the constitutional effects of inhalation, is the fact that sickness is always produced by breathing foul air—is not this positive evidence that proper remedies, carefully prepared and judiciously administered through the lungs should produce the happiest results? During eighteen years practice, many thousands suffering from diseases of the lungs and throat, have been under my care, and I have effected many remarkable cures, even after the sufferers had been pronounced in the last stages, which fully satisfies me that consumption is no longer a fatal disease. My treatment of consumption is original, and founded on long experience and a thorough investigation. My perfect acquaintance with the nature of tubercles, &c., enables me to distinguish readily the various forms of disease that simulate consumption, and apply the proper remedies, rarely being mistaken even in a single case. This familiarity, in connection with certain pathological and microscopic discoveries, enables me to relieve the lungs from the effects of contracted chests, to enlarge the healthy capacity, impart to it renewed vitality, giving energy and tone to the entire system.

Medicines with full directions sent to any part of the United States and Canadas by patients communicating their symptoms by letter. But the cure would be more certain if the patient should pay me a visit, which would give me an opportunity to examine the lungs and enable me to prescribe with much greater certainty, and then the cure could be effected without my seeing the patient again.

G. W. GRAHAM, M. D.,
Office, 1131 *Filbert St., (old No. 100,) below 12th,*
PHILADELPHIA, Pa.

July 29, 1857. 1y

Rev. C. S. Burnett

WHILE laboring as a Missionary in Southern Asia, discovered a simple and certain Cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Debility, and all impurities of the Blood; also, an easy and effectual mode of Inhaling the Remedy. Actuated by a desire to benefit his suffering fellows he will cheerfully send the Recipe (free) to such as desire it, with full and explicit directions for preparing and successfully using the Medicine. Address

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August 3, 1857. 6m

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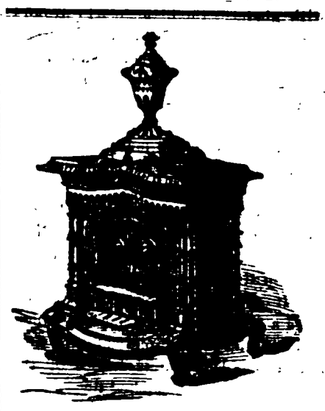

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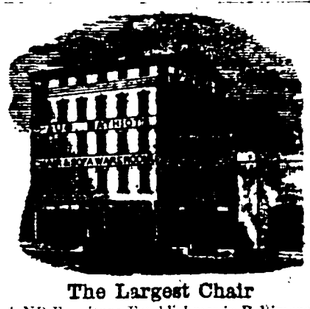
Gettysburg, Aug. 7, 1857.



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