Deliberate Murder in Montgomery County.

A Woman Nearly Decapitated by her Husband—Arrest and Confession of the Murderer.

One of the most shocking tragedies that we have heard of for a long time, occurred yesterday morning in Upper Merion township, Montgomery county, about one mile west of Norristown. The scene of it is a tenant house belonging to Capt A. Shaneline, and occupied by a man named Thomas Kilby, his wife, Mary Kilby, and three young children.

At an early hour in the morning Kilby went to the house of some neighbors and aroused them, telling them that his wife had been murdered by three negroes. He also went himself in search of a constable to arrest the alleged murderers. The neighbors hurried to the house, and there a shocking sight presented itself. The body of Mrs. Kilby was found lying on the bed, with the head nearly severed from the body, from a blow with an axe. There were two beds upon the bedstead, both of which were completely saturated with the blood of the murdered woman.

Kilby declared that three negroes had come to the house, forced their way in, and had committed the dreadful deed; but the suspicions of the neighbors were aroused, and, upon questioning him further, he contradicted himself, and finally he admitted that he himself had slain his wife, in order to prevent the negroes from doing it. There can be no doubt that the story about the negroes is all a fiction, and that Kilby alone committed the crime.

A Coroner's inquest was held; after a full examination, Kilby was arrested and lodged in the prison at Norristown.

It appears that Kilby, who is a quiet and inoffensive man when sober, has been intemperate in his habits, and when in a state of intoxication has been very violent towards his wife. Lately he has threatened her repeatedly, and she has been frequently in fear of her life. It is presumed he was drunk when he committed the murder, though he showed but little sign of it after the crime was discovered. The axe with which the murder was committed was found on the premises, showing the marks of blood which had been partially wiped off by the murderer.

Mrs. Kilby was an interesting young woman, of an English family, and we believe had no blood relatives in this country, except the three young children who are more than orphaned by this horrible tragedy. The trial of Kilby will take place in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Montgomery county, which meets at Norristown on the third Monday of November.—*Evening Bulletin.*

A Little Girl attacked by Hydrophobia.

Our citizens will remember that a few weeks ago we chronicled the fact that a little girl was bitten by a rabid dog on Jackson street. We have now the sad office to speak of her again, since that terrible malady, hydrophia, has taken hold of her with all of its horrible malignity. On Wednesday her agonies were such that physicians who have become veterans in their profession, men who have stood at the bed-sides of those suffering under almost all manner of diseases, and witnessed many heart-rending death scenes, shuddered at the sight of that little girl's convulsed form. Her sufferings were most piteous. Frothing at the mouth, she would bend backward until her head would almost reach her heels so intense was the pain, and only recovered to be convulsed again. Medicines were administered, and even that powerful remedy, chloroform, without avail, and only when nature became exhausted did her convulsions cease. Yesterday morning she was quite low; her attending physician, Dr. Dorn, did not expect her to live out the day, and we suppose that now, while the reader is glancing over this account, her little spirit has taken leave of its earthly tabernacle.—*Dubuque Express and Herald.*

Horrible Murder.—A most horrible murder was committed near Princess Anne, Md., on Wednesday week. The Snow Hill Shield says:

A negro man, who has been sometime attempting to pass himself as partially deranged, met on the road after night a white woman whom he attacked, cut open her bowels, strewed them by the roadside, and otherwise horribly mutilated the body. He also cut off the right hand at the wrist, which cannot be found. The demon was arrested, confessed the deed, and gave as a reason for the act that a conjuress named Pusey had told him that if he could get the right hand of a female corpse and wear it about his person, he would at all times be able to overcome his enemies. He is represented as a desperate, dangerous negro, and has for a long time escaped just punishment for his villainies by feigning insanity.

Caution to Ladies.—A lady residing in the village of Stamford, Conn., was very severely burned on Friday last in the following manner: She had been applying to her hair a mixture of castor oil and alcohol, and approaching too near a lighted lamp, her head became enveloped in a blaze, and the flame was not extinguished until the lady was so severely burned that she is now considered to be in a critical situation.

The Odd Cent.—Some days ago a produce dealer in one of our markets sold a customer a half peck of potatoes for a levy, and in taking his pay from a quarter dollar, returned twelve cents change. This the customer declined to receive, claiming thirteen cents as his due. A dispute ensued, which ended in the customer getting out a warrant for the odd cent, and, the case being tried, he recovered it.—*Washington Star.*

A coffin-maker having apartments to let, posted his bills announcing the same upon the coffins in the window "Lodgings for single gentlemen."

Says the lovely Clementina to the bewitching Fanny, "Why is a new baby like a cow's tail?" Fanny blushed and answered; "Because it was never seen before."

A bachelor advertised for a helpmate, one who would prove "a companion for his hand, his heart, and his foe," a friend one replying, asked very earnestly, "How big is a foot?"

The Crash.

An Exciting Day in New York—Heavy Run on the Banks—Suspension of Specie Payments by Eighteen Banks—Others Holding Out, &c.

NEW YORK, October 13.—Wall street has been blocked to-day. The excitement was intense and all business paralyzed. The Post of this afternoon says:

There has been some drawing by depositors from the city banks generally for a number of days past, though it was carried on quietly. Yesterday there was the first decided manifestation of a systematic run. It was directed particularly against the North River, Ocean and Merchants' Exchange Banks. The first named was reduced $10,000 in coin at three o'clock. A conference was then had with some of the officers of the leading banks as to the proper course to be pursued. If the run re-commenced this morning the advice was to close the doors at once.

As soon as the hour for drawing checks arrived this morning the depositors showed an unmistakable determination to withdraw their balances in gold. They were paid long enough to assure the officers that the process would go on, and that an exhaustion of their means was only a question of a few hours.

The North River, the Merchants' Exchange and the Ocean banks resolved to close immediately. The intelligence spread over the city as rapidly as an alarm of fire. In an hour more the Marine Bank was added to the list. Knots of bank directors and other officers were seen in consultation in every banking room. The alarm was now an established epidemic. Residents who yesterday would not admit the possibility of a suspension, began to share in the common consternation.

Soon after the St. Nicholas, the People's, Butchers and Drovers', Bull's Head, Bank of New York, Irving, Market, Chatham, Tradesmen's and New York Exchange Banks all announced their inability to continue specie payments. Heavy runs also upon the Continental, Metropolitan, American Exchange, Nassau and Phenix banks followed, but all of them met the demands.

David Leavitt, Esq., of the American Exchange Bank, made a speech to the crowd, declaring his determination to pay to the last dollar. He also announced that an agreement had been made with several of the strongest banks to go through without suspending.

The officers of one of the principal Wall street banks advised its dealers yesterday that it would not take certified checks on deposit without reserving the right to return them if not made good at the clearing-house. The consequence was that gold was drawn from all the banks that were not likely to go through another day. This aggravated the excitement among dealers; and it is understood that some of the heaviest houses have drawn gold and replaced it as special deposit, with the understanding that it might be counted in the average.

Later—Great Run on the Banks and Failure of Some of the Strongest in the City.

The run upon the Mechanics' Bank of America, Manhattan and American Banks was very severe, and continued up to the close of business.

The Broadway Bank held out till nearly 3 o'clock and paid out $140,000 in specie, when it gave out.

The Leather Manufacturers' Bank subsequently closed its doors.

The Seventh Ward and Fulton Banks held out under a tremendous pressure.

The People's Bank closed at 2 o'clock, after paying out $19,0000 in specie during the day.

The Bank of the State of New York paid out its last dollar and certified all checks presented, and then yielded.

The American Exchange Bank paid all demands upon it, but several others shut out their customers at 3 o'clock.

The Bank of North America suffered protest this afternoon.

The Corn Exchange Bank refused to pay specie or bills, but certified checks.

The Oriental, Mechanics and Traders', Bowery Savings, Shoe and Leather, Continental, American Exchange and Metropolitan paid every demand up to the usual hour of closing.

A bank meeting was held this afternoon, at which it is understood the proposition of a general suspension was to be discussed, as also the propriety of urging the Governor to convene an extra session of the Legislature.

At the second board of the stock exchange, stocks took a rise, under the belief that the banks will suspend specie payments to-morrow.

Still Later—The Banks Resolved to Suspend.

NEW YORK, Oct. 13—11 P. M.—The following official announcement has been made from the bank meeting:

The banks have all resolved to suspend specie payments, as far as paying at the counter is concerned, and to make a regular exchange of each other's bills at the Clearing House. It has also been resolved to send a committee to confer with the Governor in reference to calling a meeting of the Legislature. The committee will leave for Albany to-morrow at 12 o'clock.

It appears that the Marine Bank was stopped by an injunction, at the instance of one of its customers. It is presumed that the other stoppages were effected in the same way. By this means the penalty of winding up which attaches to suspension under the banking laws of this State is evaded, and it is rendered probable that the suspension in most cases is only temporary. This understanding relieves the excitement.

A Corpse with a Life-Preserver on.—On Saturday about noon, the Star of the West passed the dead body of a man floating upon the surface supported by a life-preserver. It was off the capes of Virginia, and the sea was rough at the time. It was supposed to be one of the passengers of the Central America.

Shocking Catastrophe.—A romantic father whose name was Rose, called his daughter "Wild," so that she grew up under the appellation of "Wild Rose." But in a few years the girl fell in love with a man named Bull, which sadly interfered with the romance of the lady's name, "Wild Bull."

The Franklin House,
(FORMERLY THE GOLDEN HORSE.)
Corner of Franklin and Howard Streets,
BALTIMORE.
DANIEL McCOY, PROPRIETOR.
☞Permanent and Transient Boarders accommodated with First-Class Board and Pleasant Rooms. CHARGES MODERATE.
H. K. CADY,
Sept. 28. General Superintendent.

WHY IS IT THAT
MARCUS SAMSON
CAN sell cheaper than anybody else?—Because he buys at auction, for CASH.

Look at his Hats, that he sells hundreds of Gentlemen have bought and paid for such Hats from $5 50 to $4 00—but Samson sells them at $2 25. And why does he sell them so cheap? Because he bought at auction.

Look at his Boots and Shoes—look at his Gaiters—the same kind sold at other places at from $3 00 to $4 50, he sells at $1 87½ to $2 87½. And why? Because he bought at auction.

Look at his Clothing, and, in fact, everything in his line. He will sell a Coat, Pants and Vest, some linen and some cotton, for from $1 75 to $2 00 per full suit. And why? Because he bought them at auction.

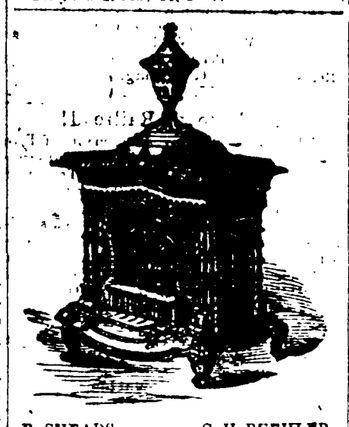
Also, black Summer Cloth Coat, Pants and Vest, he sells for $3 00. And why? Because he bought them at auction.

I am confident that my old friends and customers will bear me out in the above.—I would say to those who live at a distance from town, suppose you need but a Hat, or pair of Gaiters. Why don't you come to my establishment? Even if you lose a whole day by so doing, you will be saving from $1 12½ to $1 75 in the purchase of either—and that is as much as most of men make a day by hard work. Beside this, you can save much more in the purchase of such other articles as you may need. Recollect, my stock is a large and varied one, and all articles sold astonishingly low. Come to town, get your dinners and horses fed, and you can never fail of saving the price of a day's labor by buying at the Cheap One-Price Store of M. SAMSON,
July 13, 1857. opposite the Bank.

WM. GILLESPIE. HENRY THOMAS.
Family Grocery & Provision Store.
GILLESPIE & THOMAS respectfully inform the people of Gettysburg and the public generally, that they have just returned from the city with a general assortment of GROCERIES, PROVISIONS and VEGETABLES, which they are prepared to sell as low as the lowest. FLOUR and FEED always on hand, and sold at small profits.
Store on York street, one door east of Whittles' Hotel.
Gettysburg, Aug. 3, 1857.

One of the Best Farms,
FOR SALE.
THE undersigned offers at Private Sale, his FARM, situate in Straban township, Adams county, on the Hanover road, and adjoining the Gettysburg Borough line. The farm contains 154 Acres, more or less, the land being of the best quality, much of it "granite"—with fair proportions of meadow and timber. Fences good and the soil in excellent cultivation. The improvements are a comfortable Stone Dwelling HOUSE, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Corn crib, &c.—first rate Apple Orchard, a never-failing well of water at the door, and a number of springs upon the tract. It is certainly one of the most desirable farms now in market in this county, and demands the attention of capitalists.
Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call upon the undersigned, residing thereon. DANIEL BENNER.
July 13, 1857. 3m

JUST FROM THE CITY.
With a Larger Stock than Ever
JACOB NORBECK has just received from the city a large stock of GROCERIES, FISH, &c.—the largest he has yet offered to the public, and which he is now opening, at his new location, *Kerr's Corner*, on Baltimore street. Give him a call! You will find his
Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Salt, Teas,
and everything else, the best and the cheapest to be had in town—he having bought at low rates, and being determined to sell fast at small profits. Recollect, Kerr's old corner, Baltimore and High Streets.
Gettysburg, May 11, 1857.



R. SHEADS. C. H. BUEHLER.
LUMBER, COAL AND STOVES!
NEW FIRM!
THE undersigned respectfully announce to the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity, that they have entered into a co-partnership, and intend opening a *COAL & LUMBER YARD*, on Washington street, in the rear of the Eagle Hotel, where they will be happy to see all who may favor them with a call. They will furnish every variety of *Store, Blacksmith and Lime*burn'rs *COAL*, at the lowest possible wholesale rates, in order to introduce it into general use. They also intend keeping a full and general assortment of LUMBER, as soon as the Railroad is completed. They will keep constantly on hand every variety of COAL and WOOD STOVES, among which are the celebrated William Penn, Noble Cook, Royal Cook and Sea Shell Cook Stoves. Also the Charm, Capitol, Victor, Planter, Premium and Parlor Cook Stoves, Air-tight, Star, Franklin, Hot-air Parlor Gate, Lady Washington, Oak, Magnolia, Union, Air-tight Base Cylinder, Tropic and Harp Cannon Stoves.
Persons wishing to examine their stock will please call at their Stove Ware Room, on West Middle street, at the residence of Robert Sheads.
☞Orders promptly attended to.
ROBERT SHEADS,
C. HENRY BUEHLER.
Gettysburg, Aug. 31, 1857.

A LARGE lot of SUMMER CLOTHING, selling at very small profits at COBEAN & PAXTON'S.
FOR anything in the Flour, Grocery and Provision line, call at GILLESPIE & THOMAS'.
2,000 PIECES OF WALL PAPER just received and for sale at COBEAN & PAXTON'S.
ORANGES, Lemons, Candies, Crackers, Spices of all kinds, Fancy and Common Soap, Hair Oils, &c., at NORBECK'S.
TRUNKS, Carpet Bags, Vellises, &c., of best quality, and low rates, at SAMSON'S.
JEWELRY & STATIONERY—any quantity and the best stock ever brought to this place. If you doubt it, call in and see for yourselves—at SCHICK'S.
BONNETS, Ribbons, Parasols and Shawls, to be had very cheap at FAHNESTOCKS'.
A SUPERIOR article of Black Lead for blackening Stoves, for sale by SHEADS & BUEHLER.

ADAMS COUNTY
Mutual Fire Insurance Company.
Incorporated March 18, 1851.
OFFICERS.
President—George Swope.
Vice President—S. R. Russell.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—David M'Creary.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, Andrew Heintzelman, Jacob King.
MANAGERS.—George Swope, D. A. Buehler, R. M'Curdy, Jacob King, A. Heintzelman, D. M'Creary, J. J. Kerr, M. Eichelberger, S. R. Russell, A. B. Kurtz, Andrew Polley, S. Fahnestock, Wm. B. Wilson, H. A. Picking, Wm. B. M'Clellan, John Wolford, R. G. McCreary, John Horner, E. W. Stable, J. Aughinbaugh, Abdiel F. Gitt.
☞This Company is limited in its operations to the county of Adams. It has been in successful operation for more than six years, and in that period has paid all losses and expenses, *without any assessment*, having also a large surplus capital in the Treasury. The Company employs no Agents—all business being done by the Managers, who are annually elected by the Stockholders. Any person desiring an Insurance can apply to any of the above named Managers for further information.
☞The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company on the last Wednesday in every month, at 2, P. M.
Sept. 28, 1857.

FULL STOCK OF
Fall Dry Goods.
EYRE & LANDELL, FOURTH & ARCH streets, Philadelphia, respectfully request *Cash Buyers* to examine a fine stock of SEASONABLE GOODS, adapted to BEST PENNSYLVANIA TRADE.
Full Line of Fall Dress Goods.
New Designs of Fall Shawls.
Rich Silks of Newest Styles.
Good Black Silks of all widths.
4 Cases assorted French Merinoes.
7 " Poil de Shèvres, New Goods.
British and American Dark Prints.
Satinetts, Cassimeres, Cloths and Vestings.
Muslins, Linens, Flannels, Blankets, &c.
N. B. Auction Bargains from New York and this City daily received. Particular attention given to Country orders for Desirable Goods. Terms NEFT CASH.
August 31, 1857. 3m

REMOVAL.
AND NEW FIRM.
THE undersigned respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have commenced the Cabinet and Chair-making business in Baltimore street, near Middle, where they will manufacture all kinds of FURNITURE, such as Dressing and Common Bureaus, Tables of various descriptions, Bedsteads, Wardrobes, Stands, and every other article in their line—ALL of the best workmanship and good materials, which will enable them to warrant their work. Also, every variety of CHAIRS.
COFFINS made at short notice, and in the various styles.
House Painting and Papering attended to, and done in the best manner.
Their prices will be as low as the lowest, as all who may patronize them will acknowledge.
☞Lumber and country produce taken in exchange for work.
NORBECK & REILLEY.
Gettysburg, Feb. 23, 1857. 1y

Still Another Arrival of
NEW GOODS,
AT JACOBS & BRO'S, Baltimore street, near the Diamond, where greater bargains than ever can be secured. "Quick sales and small profits"—always better for seller and buyer—is the motto they *practice* as well as preach. Give them a call for anything in the Merchant Tailoring line—you won't regret it.
Gettysburg, July 13, 1857.

New Hardware Store.
THE subscribers would respectfully announce to their friends and the public that they have opened a Hardware Store, in Baltimore street, adjoining the residence of David Ziegler, Gettysburg, in which they always intend to offer to the public a large and general assortment of
Hardware, Iron, Steel, Groceries, CUTLERY, COACH TRIMMINGS, SPRINGS, AXLES,
SADDLERY
Coach-ware, Saddlers' Ware,
Paints, Oils, and Dyestuffs
in general, including every description of articles in the above line of business, to which they invite the attention of Coach-makers, Blacksmiths, Carpenters, Cabinet-makers, Shoe-makers, Saddlers, and the public generally. Our stock having been selected with great care and purchased for cash, we guarantee (for the ready money,) to dispose of any part of it on as reasonable terms as they can be purchased anywhere.
We particularly request a call from our friends, and earnestly solicit a share of public favor, as we are determined to establish a character for selling Goods at low prices and doing business on fair principles.
JOEL B. DANNER,
DAVID ZIEGLER.
Gettysburg, June 9, 1851. tf

Removed to Hanover.
FRANCIS J. WILSON, late of the Washington House at Abbottstown, has taken HERSHEY'S OLD AND POPULAR STAND, in Hanover, where he will be happy to entertain all who may patronize him. His Table is supplied with the best the market and garden can afford, and his Bar with the choicest of liquors. His Stables are commodious, and attended by careful Ostlers. Give him a call. You will always find FRANK on the spot, ready and willing to make everybody comfortable. (April 27, 1857.

Hanover B. Railroad.
TRAINS over the Hanover Branch Railroad now run as follows:
First Train leaves Hanover at 9 A. M., with Passengers for York, Harrisburg, Columbia and Philadelphia. This Train also connects with the Express for Baltimore, arriving there at 12 M.
Second Train leaves at 2.15 P. M., with Passengers for Baltimore and intermediate places, and returns with passengers from York, &c.
Aug. 3. J. LEIB, Agent.

Stone Peach & Tomato Bottles.
WE have just received a large lot of Peach and Tomato Stone Jars—an excellent article for preserving fruit. If you want something that will not rust and injure the fruit, by all means use stone ware.—There is nothing equal to it. Call and see them at FAHNESTOCKS'.

Hover's Liquid Hair Dye.
THE following, from that eminent Physician of Philadelphia, Dr. Brinckle, added to the testimony of Professor Booth, only confirms what is evidenced by thousands who have used Hover's Dye:
"Girard Row, Chesnut street, Philadelphia, Dec. 22, 1853.
"In regard to *Hover's Hair Dye*, I can state unhesitatingly that it contains no deleterious ingredients, and may be used with entire safety, and the utmost confidence and *success*."
W. D. BRINCKLE, M. D.
Hover's Writing and Indelible Inks are so well and widely known, as to require no eulogy of their merits; it is only necessary to say, that the steady and increasing demand, gives the best evidence that they maintain their character for superiority which distinguished them when first introduced, *years ago*. Orders addressed to the Manufactory, No. 416 RACE street, above Fourth, (old No. 144) Philadelphia, will receive prompt attention by
JOSEPH E. HOVER, *Manufacturer.*
Sept. 7. (April 13. 1y)

QUEENSWARE, China, Glass and Stoneware—a large assortment and selling cheap, at COBEAN & PAXTON'S.

McREA'S
Celebrated Liquid Glue,
THE GREAT ADHESIVE.—Most useful article ever invented, for house, store and office, surpassing in utility every other glue, gum, mucilage, paste or cement ever known. *Always Ready for Application.* Adhesive on Paper, Cloth, Leather, Furniture, Porcelain, China, Marble or Glass. For manufacturing Fancy Articles, Toys, etc., it has no superior, not only possessing greater strength than any other known article, but adheres more quickly, leaving no stain where the parts are joined. NEVER FAILS.
Within the last three years upwards of 250,000 bottles of this justly celebrated LIQUID GLUE have been sold, and the great convenience which it has proved in every case, has deservedly secured for it a demand which the manufacturer has found it, at times, difficult to meet; acknowledged by all who have used it, that its merits are far above any similar article or imitation ever offered to the public.
☞*This GLUE is extensively counterfeited—observe the label "McRea's Celebrated Liquid Glue, the Great Adhesive." Take no other.—TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.*
Manufactured and Sold, Wholesale and Retail, by
WM. C. McREA, *Stationer,*
No. 907 Chesnut St., Philadelphia.
☞Liberal inducements offered to persons desirous of selling the above article.
Sept. 28, 1857. 1y

THE FARMERS' & MECHANICS'
Savings Institution of Adams Co.
THIS Institution receives deposites for which it pays interest as follows:
For over 10 months, 4 per cent. per annum.
For 3 and not over 10 months, 3 per cent. per annum. For transient deposites, not less than 30 days, 2 per cent. per annum, payable on demand without notice.
A joint fund (capital) of $10,000 has been paid in.
For loans apply on Wednesday.
Sums received on deposite as low as a dime. Interest to be allowed whenever the deposites amount to $5,00, and on each additional $5,00 and upwards.
Office in South West Corner of Public Square, next to George Arnold's store. Open daily from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and for receiving deposites every Saturday, from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.
President.
GEORGE THRONE.
Treasurer & Secretary,
GEORGE ARNOLD.
Directors,
John Brough, John Horner,
Samuel Durboraw, George Arnold,
A. Heintzelman, Jacob Musselman,
D. McCreary, D. McConaughy,
William Culp, John Mickley,
Robert Horner, John Throne.
April 6, 1857.

Carriages, Buggies, &c.
GOOD AND CHEAP!
THE undersigned would inform his friends and the public generally, that he continues the CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS, in all its branches, at his establishment, in East Middle Street, (near the east end,) Gettysburg, Pa., where he has on hand a first-rate lot of work, and is prepared to put up to order whatever may be desired in his line, viz:—Rockaway and Boat-Body *Carriages; Falling-Top, Rockaway & Trotting Buggies, Jersey Wagons, &c.*
With good workmen and good materials, he can pledge his work to be of the best quality—and his prices are among the lowest.
☞Repairing done at short notice, and at reasonable rates. Country produce taken in exchange for work. Call!
JACOB TROXEL.
June 15, 1857.

Fancy Furs for Ladies.
JOHN FAREIRA & CO., (New No.) 818 MARKET Street, above Eighth, Philadelphia. Importers, Manufacturers and dealers in Ladies', Gentlemen and Children's FANCY FURS Wholesale and Retail. J. F. & Co., would call the attention of Dealers and the public generally to their immense Stock of Fancy Furs for Ladies, Gentlemen, and Children; their assortment embraces every article and kind of *Fancy Furs*, that will be worn during the Season—such as Full Capes, Half Capes, Quarter Capes, Talmas, Victorines, Boas, Muffs and Muffatees, from the *fine Russian Sable* to the lowest price Domestic Furs.
For Gentlemen the largest assortment of Fur Collars, Gloves, Gauntlets, &c.; being the direct Importers of all our Furs and Manufacturers of them under our own supervision, we feel satisfied we can offer better inducements to dealers and the public generally than any other house, having an immense assortment to select from and at the Manufacturers' prices. *We only ask a call.*
JOHN FAREIRA & CO.,
No. 818 Market Street, above Eighth, Phila'a.
Sept. 21, 1857. 4m

25 WITNESSES;
OR,
THE FORGER, CONVICTED.
JOHN S. DYE IS THE AUTHOR.
Who has had 10 years experience as a Banker and Publisher, and author of *A Series of Lectures at the Broadway Tabernacle,*
when, for 10 successive nights, over
☞ 50,000 People ☜
Greeted him with rounds of applause, while he exhibited the manner in which Counterfeiters execute their frauds, and the surest and shortest means of Detecting them!
The Bank Note Engravers all say he is the greatest Judge of Paper Money living.
GREATEST DISCOVERY
OF THE PRESENT CENTURY FOR DETECTING COUNTERFEIT BANK NOTES.
Describing every Genuine Bill in existence, and exhibiting, at a glance, every Counterfeit in Circulation!
Arranged so admirably that REFERENCE IS EASY AND DETECTION INSTANTANEOUS.
☞No index to examine! No pages to hunt up! But so simplified and arranged that the Merchant, the Banker and Business man can see *all at a Glance.*
English, French and German.
THUS EACH MAY READ THE SAME IN HIS OWN NATIVE TONGUE.
MOST PERFECT BANK NOTE LIST PUBLISHED
Also, a list of
ALL THE PRIVATE BANKERS IN AMERICA!
A Complete Summary of the Finance of Europe and America will be published in each edition, together with all the important News of the day. Also,
A SERIES OF TALES,
From an old Manuscript found in the East. It furnishes the most Complete History of ORIENTAL LIFE,
Describing the most Perplexing Situations in which the Ladies and Gentlemen of that country have been so often found. These Stories will continue throughout the whole year, and will prove the most entertaining ever offered to the public.
☞Furnished Weekly to Subscribers only, at $1 a year. All letters must be addressed to
JOHN S. DYE, Broker,
Publisher and Proprietor, 70 Wall street,
April 27, 1857. 1y New York.
ONE DOLLAR A YEAR. CIRCULATION OVER 100,000 COPIES WEEKLY.

REMOVAL.
Alex. Fraser, Watch and Clock-maker,
HAS removed his shop to Carlisle street, below Hike's store, where he will always be happy to attend to the calls of customers. Thankful for past favors, he hopes, by strict attention to business and a desire to please, to merit and receive the patronage of the public.
Gettysburg, May 18, 1857.

TOBACCO & SEGARS, of best brands, and at astonishingly low rates these high times, at the Flour, Provision and Grocery Store of GILLESPIE & THOMAS.

NEW FIRM.
Family Groceries and Confections.
THE undersigned, have purchased the Grocery Store of E. H. MINNIGH, on the Northwest corner of the Diamond, formerly occupied by A. B. Kurtz, where they invite the attention of all who may wish Groceries, Confections, Fruits—Coffee, Tea, Sugar, Molasses, Salt, Starch, Soda, Spices of all kinds, Lemons, Figs, Almonds, &c. Also, a fine assortment of chewing and smoking Tobacco, Segars, Snuff, &c. ☞Country Produce taken in exchange for Goods.
WM. BOYER & SON.
September 7, 1857.

JUST IN SEASON
AND NEVER OFF OF SEASON!
FARMERS, read this, and then come and buy, for we still have "a few more left!" The subscriber takes this method of calling the attention of the public in general to that valuable piece of machinery, styled
Hersh's Patent Hay Hoister and Manure Excavator.
Having the right of all Adams county, he will sell either machines or township rights.
H. G. CARR.
☞Also, at the same place, you can be accommodated with as fine BUGGIES as can be got up in the State for the same money—constantly kept on hand.
Repairing done, neatly and cheaply, at short notice. All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for work.
Gettysburg, May 18, 1857 6m

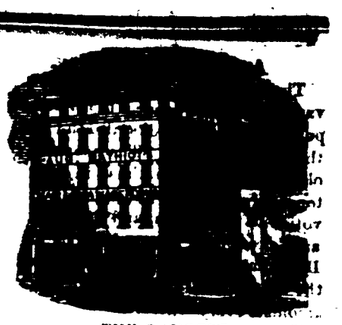
The Rev. C. S. Burnett,
WHILE laboring as a Missionary in Southern Asia, discovered a simple and certain Cure for *Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Nervous Debility*, and all impurities of the *Blood*; also, an easy and effectual mode of inhaling the *Remedy*. Actuated by a desire to benefit his suffering fellows, he will cheerfully send the Recipe (free) to such as desire it, with full and explicit directions for preparing and successfully using the Medicine. Address
REV. C. S. BURNETT,
831 Broadway, N. Y. City.
August 3, 1857. 6m

Important Discovery.
CONSUMPTION
And all Diseases of the Lungs and Throat are Positively Curable by Inhalation,
WHICH conveys the remedies to the cavities in the lungs through the air passages, and coming in direct contact with the disease, neutralizes the tubercular matter, allays the cough, causes a free and easy expectoration, heals the lungs, purifies the blood, imparts renewed vitality to the nervous system, giving that tone and energy so indispensable for the restoration of health. To be able to state confidently that Consumption is curable by inhalation, is to me a source of unalloyed pleasure. It is as much under the control of medical treatment as any other formidable disease; ninety out of every hundred cases can be cured in the first stages, and fifty per cent. in the second; but in the third stage it is impossible to save more than five per cent, for the Lungs are so cut up by the disease as to bid defiance to medical skill.—Even, however, in the last stages, Inhalation affords extraordinary relief to the suffering attending this fearful scourge, which annually destroys ninety-five thousand persons in the United States alone; and a correct calculation shows that of the present population of the earth, eighty millions are destined to fill the Consumptive's grave.
Truly the quiver of death has no arrow so fatal as Consumption. In all ages it has been the great enemy of life, for it spares neither age nor sex, but sweeps off alike the brave, the beautiful, the graceful and the gifted. By the help of that Supreme Being from whom cometh every good and perfect gift, I am enabled to offer to the afflicted a permanent and speedy cure in Consumption. The first cause of tubercles is from impure blood, and the immediate effect produced by their deposition in the lungs is to prevent the free admission of air into the air cells, which causes a weakened vitality through the entire system. Then surely it is more rational to expect greater good from medicines entering the cavities of the lungs than from those administered through the stomach; the patient will always find the lungs free and the breathing easy, after Inhaling remedies. Thus, Inhalation is a local remedy, nevertheless it acts constitutionally, and with more power and certainty than remedies administered by the stomach. To prove the powerful and direct influence of this mode of administration, chloroform inhaled will entirely destroy sensibility in a few minutes, paralyzing the entire nervous system, so that a limb may be amputated without the slightest pain; inhaling the ordinary burning gas will destroy life in a few hours.
The inhalation of ammonia will rouse the system when fainting or apparently dead.—The odor of many of the medicines is perceptible in the skin a few minutes after being inhaled, and may be immediately detected in the blood. A convincing proof of the constitutional effects of inhalation, is the fact that sickness is always produced by breathing foul air—is not this positive evidence that proper remedies, carefully prepared and judiciously administered through the lungs should produce the happiest results? During eighteen years' practice, many thousands suffering from diseases of the lungs and throat, have been under my care, and I have effected many remarkable cures, even after the sufferers had been pronounced in the last stages, which fully satisfies me that consumption is no longer a fatal disease. My treatment of consumption is original, and founded on long experience and a thorough investigation. My perfect acquaintance with the nature of tubercles, &c., enables me to distinguish readily, the various forms of disease that simulate consumption, and apply the proper remedies, rarely being mistaken even in a single case. This familiarity, in connection with certain pathological and microscopic discoveries, enables me to relieve the lungs from the effects of contracted chests, to enlarge the chest, purify the blood, impart to it renewed vitality, giving energy and tone to the entire system.
Medicines with full directions sent to any part of the United States and Canadas by patients communicating their symptoms by letter. But the cure would be more certain if the patient should pay me a visit, which would give me an opportunity to examine the lungs and enable me to prescribe with much greater certainty, and then the cure could be effected without my seeing the patient again.
G. W. GRAHAM, M. D.,
Office, 1131 Filbert St., (old No. 139.) below 12th,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
July 20, 1857. 1y

200 Doz. Knives and Forks.
HAVING just received of our own importation, from England, a large and extensive assortment of Cutlery, we invite the attention of those in want of any style of Knives and Forks, Carvers, Nut Picks, &c., to come and examine. We will sell at such prices as will defy competition. Also, a large assortment of Table Forks, which will be sold separately. Don't forget to examine the stock at FAHNESTOCKS'.
☞Country Merchants can be supplied at a small advance. May 18.

THE PERRY COUNTY MUTUAL FIRE
Insurance Company,
CAPITAL $139,586—effects insurances in any part of the State, against loss by fire; prudently adapts its operations to its resources; affords ample indemnity, and promptly adjusts its losses.
Adams county is represented in the Board of Managers by Hon. MOSES McCLEAN.
WM. McCLEAN, *Agent,*
Office of M. & W. McClean, Gettysburg.
May 28, 1856.

COAL!—Persons desiring to lay in their Winter's supply of Coal, will please send in their orders at once, as it can be furnished cheaper from wagons, than from the Yard. Office in West Middle street.
SHEADS & BUEHLER.



THE LARGEST
Chair & Furniture Establishment
In Baltimore.
MATHIOT'S GAY ST. WAREROOMS, *No. 25 North Gay street*, near Fayette, where are kept always on hand, or made to order, every style of French TETE-A-TETES, in Plush, Hair, Cloth or Brocatelle.
French Full Stuff and Medallion Parlor ARM CHAIRS, in Plush, Hair, Cloth or Brocatelle.
French Full Stuff Carved PARLOR CHAIRS, in sets, with Plush, Hair, Cloth or Brocatelle.
SOFAS, half French Spring, Mahogany and Walnut Parlor CHAIRS, in Hair, Cloth or Plush.
ROCKING CHAIRS—various designs, in Hair, Cloth and Plush.
Stuff Spring LOUNGES—a large assortment, always on hand, or any pattern made or covered with any goods to order.
CHAMBER SUITS—in Mahogany, or Walnut, complete, from $34 up.
CANE CHAIRS and Rocking do.—the largest assortment ready made in any one house in the United States—from $12 apiece up.
Bar Room, Office and Dining CHAIRS, in Oak, Walnut or Mahogany, with Cane, Wood or Stuffed Seats—an assortment embracing over 50 dozen.
Wood seat CHAIRS and SETTEES and Rocking Chairs—over 100 dozen.
A. MATHIOT, 25 North Gay Street, near Fayette street.
May 18, 1857. 1y

CHOICE FARM LANDS
FOR SALE.
THE Illinois Central Railroad Company is now prepared to sell about
1,500,000 Acres of
CHOICE FARMING LANDS,
in tracts of about FORTY ACRES; *on long credits and at low rates of interests.*
These lands were granted by the Government to aid in the construction of this Road, and are among the richest and most fertile in the world. They extend from North East and North West, through the middle of the State, to the extreme South, and include every variety of climate and productions found between those parallels of latitude. The Northern portion is chiefly prairie, interspersed with fine groves, and in the middle and Southern sections timber predominates, alternating with beautiful prairies and openings.
The climate is more healthy, mild and equable, than any other part of the country—the air is pure and bracing, while living streams and springs of excellent water abound.
Bituminous Coal is extensively mined, and supplies a cheap and desirable fuel, being furnished at many points at $2 to $4 per ton—and wood can be had at the same rate per cord.
Building Stone of excellent quality also abounds, which can be procured for little more than the expense of transportation.
The great fertility of these lands, which are a black rich mould from two to five feet deep, and gently rolling,—their contiguity to this Road, by which every facility is furnished for travel and transportation, to the principal markets North, South, East and West, and the economy with which they can be cultivated, render them the most valuable investment that can be found; and present the most favorable opportunity for persons of industrious habits and small means, to acquire a comfortable independence in a few years.
Chicago is the greatest grain market in the world—and the facility and economy with which the products of these lands can be transported to that market, make them much more profitable at the prices asked, than those more remote at government rates, as the additional cost of transportation is a perpetual tax on the latter, which must be borne by the producer, in the reduced price he receives for his grain, &c.
The Title is Perfect—and when the RAILROAD payments are made, Deeds are executed by the Trustees appointed by the State, and in whom the title is vested, to the purchasers, which convey to them absolute titles in fee Simple, free and clear of every incumbrance, lien or mortgage.
Land Prices are from $6 to $30, Interest only six per cent. Twenty per cent. will be deducted from the credit price for Cash.
Those who purchase on long credit, give notes payable in 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 years after date, and are required to improve one-tenth annually for five years, so as to have one-half the land in cultivation, at the end of that time.
Competent Surveyors will accompany those who wish to examine these Lands, free of charge, and aid them in making selections.
The Land remaining unsold are as rich and valuable as those which have been disposed of.
☞*National Maps* will be sent to anyone who will enclose fifty cents in Postage Stamps, and Books or Pamphlets, containing numerous instances of successful farming, signed by respectable and well known farmers living in the neighborhood of Railroad Lands, throughout the State—also the cost of fencing, price of cattle, expense of harvesting, threshing, etc.—or any information—will be cheerfully given on application, either personally, or by letter, in English, French or German, addressed to JOHN WILSON,
Land Commissioner of the Illinois Central R