The Farmer.

From the Baltimore Sun.

Hog Cholera.

Interesting Report of the State Chemist.—The public attention has been for a long time directed to the existence of a fearful malady amongst hogs under the above name. It has prevailed for more than a year in the large distilleries of the West and South, as well as in the small pens of country farmers in the East and North; it has committed serious ravages in the Southern and Middle States; and early in the spring I was called on by the owner of a large distillery here to attend to his hogs, which were rapidly dying. I went at once to see them, and obtained for examination the *blood of* many of the hogs in perfect health for the purpose of comparison with that of those *in articulo mortis*, (in the act of dying.) These examinations, carefully made, revealed the fact of a high inflammatory condition of the system, as the subjoined analysis shows:

Healthy Hog Blood—Clot—firm, not large, scarlet colored; solids, normal; fibrin as 2.33 per 1,000.

Diseased Hog Blood—Clot—not firm, but large; brown colored; solids, less than in the healthy; fibrin as 5.60 per 1,000.

The blood in each case was taken from the arteries.

This condition of the blood evinced a high degree of inflammatory action, but did not show in what particular organ or organs, structure or structures, the inflammation was located. To discover this I made numerous *post-mortem* examinations, and found, 1st: The brain, healthy; the heart, do.; stomach, do.; bowels, including the greater and less intestines, do.; kidneys, do.; liver, do.; melt or spleen, do.; *lungs intensely diseased*; in the upper part they were engorged with dark, grumous, bruised-looking blood, and in the lower lobes the inflammation had proceeded to suffocation, being filled with purulent bloody matter, and entirely incapable of carrying on the process of breathing. The left lung was generally more affected than the right, and in every instance the inflammation had proceeded to a greater extent in the lower than in the upper parts of the lung—in some cases the peculiar structure of the lung could not be seen, so entirely had it become disorganized. In no cases were well defined abscesses found nor was the windpipe inflamed but a short distance from the seat of the diseased lung.

Symptoms.—The first symptoms were a laziness on the part of the animal affected, some loss of appetite, a kind of husky grunt approaching to a cough, sometimes a slight purging of the bowels, and a yellowish colored urine; then the animal would become more weak and seem to be paralyzed in the small of the back, totter about for a short time, and finally lay down and die.

The treatment was divided into two parts—pro-phylactic (preventive) and curative. With a view to the first the pens were scattered over with plaster of Paris and water slacked lime, whilst at the same time, they and the troughs were washed with gas tar. The curative treatment was the administration of soda ash and borilla. There is some trouble in the solution of borilla, and on this account soda ash should be used with it. About ten grains of soda ash and the same amount of borilla should be given to each hog two or three times daily, mixed in their food.—This should be given to the healthy as well as the sick hogs. To the well it does no harm; to the sick it is a successful remedy. As in the human species, so in hogs—inflammation of the lungs is a most insidious disease, going on to the destruction of the patient before the mere symptoms give cause of alarm, and in many instances hogs which *appeared* healthy yet were seriously affected with lung inflammation.

The above remedies were used on about three thousand hogs, and in the utmost intensity of the disease. The number of their deaths diminished seventy-five per cent on the second day after their administration, and in a short time the disease disappeared from the locality.

As soon as the hogs were manifestly sick they were put in pens to themselves and subjected to the above treatment. Of these about thirty per cent. recovered, whilst before all died.

Causes.—It is a disease of general atmospheric origin, influenced by special, local, existing causes, such as the sweating sickness, blackdeath, cholera and other epidemics, which at different times has devastated, more or less, all parts of the earth, and of whose intrinsic nature we know but very little. It is not confined to distilleries, but has also proved destructive in the country.—It is not produced by strychnine, or any vegetable or mineral poison.

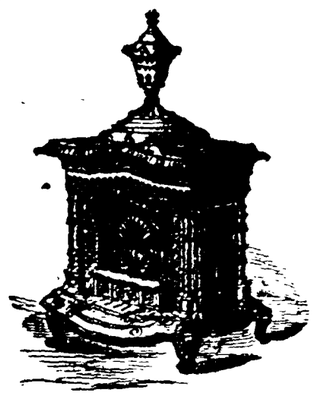
The disease attended with swollen jaws, the proper name of which is *hog quinsy*, prevailing in some parts of the State, has no connection with the above and can be most successfully treated by making incisions over the swelling and then pouring in a small quantity of salt and turpentine.

I should be obliged to persons throughout the United States, who have observed this disease, to examine the blood and the different organs, and report to me the results; should any be incapable of making an analysis of the blood I will with pleasure furnish them with instructions how to perform it.

JAMES HIGGINS,
State Agricultural Chemist of Md.

Look for the Bee Moth.—Those having bees and wishing to keep them and have "luck" must almost daily visit their hives, (early in the morning is the best time,) and tip them up on one side and destroy the worms which secrete themselves under the edges of the hive. Unless this is carefully attended to, don't expect to be successful in keeping bees—for they are the great enemy of the bee.

How to Eat Grapes.—Dr. Underhill has reduced eating grapes to a science. Here are his directions: "When in health, swallow the seeds with the pulp, ejecting the skin. When you wish to seek a too relaxing state of the bowels, swallow the pulp with the skins, ejecting the seeds. Thus may the grape be used as a medicine, whilst at the same time it serves as a luxury unsurpassed by any other cultivated fruit. An adult may eat from three to four pounds a day with benefit. It is well to take them with or immediately after your regular meals.



R. SHEADS. C. H. BUEHLER.

LUMBER, COAL AND STOVES!

NEW FIRM!

THE undersigned respectfully announce to the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity, that they have entered into a co-partnership, and intend opening a *COAL & LUMBER YARD*, on Washington street, in the rear of the Eagle Hotel, where they will be happy to see all who may favor them with a call. They will furnish every variety of *Stove, Blacksmith and Lumberers' COAL*, at the lowest possible wholesale rates, in order to introduce it into general use. They also intend keeping a full and general assortment of LUMBER, as soon as the Railroad is completed. They will keep constantly on hand every variety of COAL and WOOD STOVES, among which are the celebrated William Penn, Noble Cook, Royal Cook and Sea Shell Cook Stoves. Also the Charm, Capitol, Victor, Planter, Premium and Parlor Cook Stoves, Air-tight, Star, Franklin, Hot-air Parlor Grate, Lady Washington, Oak, Magnolia, Union, Air-tight Base Cylinder, Tropic and Harp Cannon Stoves.

Persons wishing to examine their stock will please call at their Stove Ware Room, on West Middle street, at the residence of Robert Sheads.

☞Orders promptly attended to.

ROBERT SHEADS,
C. HENRY BUEHLER.

Gettysburg, Aug. 31, 1857.

Administrator's Notice.

ANTHONY DEARDORFF'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Anthony Deardorff, late of Franklin township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

BENJAMIN DEARDORFF,
Sept. 14, 1857. 6t *Adm'r.*

McREA'S

Celebrated Liquid Glue,

THE GREAT ADHESIVE.—Most useful article ever invented, for house, store and office, surpassing in utility every other glue, gum, mucilage, paste or cement ever known. *Always Ready for Application.* Adhesive on Paper, Cloth, Leather, Furniture, Porcelain, China, Marble or Glass. For manufacturing Fancy Articles, Toys, etc., it has no superior, not only possessing greater strength than any other known article, but adheres more quickly, leaving no stain where the parts are joined. NEVER FAILS.

Within the last three years upwards of 250,000 bottles of this justly celebrated LIQUID GLUE have been sold, and the great convenience which it has proved in every case, has deservedly secured for it a demand which the manufacturer has found it, at times, difficult to meet; acknowledged by all who have used it, that its merits are far above any similar article or imitation ever offered to the public.

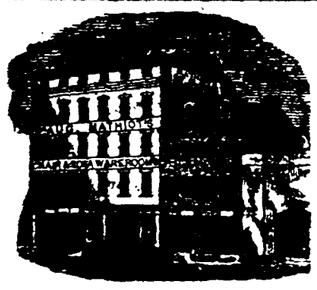
☞*This GLUE is extensively counterfeited—observe the label "McRea's Celebrated Liquid Glue, the Great Adhesive." Take no other.—TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.*

Manufactured and Sold, Wholesale and Retail, by

WM. C. McREA, *Stationer,*
No. 907 Chesnut St., Philadelphia.

☞Liberal inducements offered to persons desirous of selling the above article.

Sept. 28, 1857. 1y



THE LARGEST

Chair & Furniture Establishment

In Baltimore.

MATHIOT'S GAY ST. WAREROOMS, *No. 25 North Gay street*, near Fayette, where are kept always on hand, or made to order, every style of French TETE-A-TETES, in Plush, Hair, Cloth or Brocatelle.

French Full Stuff and Medallion Parlor ARM CHAIRS, in Plush, Hair, Cloth or Brocatelle.

French Full Stuff Carved PARLOR CHAIRS, in sets, with Plush, Hair, Cloth or Brocatelle.

SOFAS, half French Spring Mahogany, and Walnut Parlor CHAIRS, in Hair, Cloth or Plush.

ROCKING CHAIRS—various designs, in Hair, Cloth and Plush.

Stuff Spring LOUNGES—a large assortment always on hand, or any pattern made or covered with any goods to order.

CHAMBER SUITS—in Mahogany or Walnut, complete, from $34 up.

CANE CHAIRS and Rocking do.—the largest assortment ready made in any one house in the United States—from $12 a dozen up.

Bar Room, Office and Dining CHAIRS, in Oak, Walnut or Mahogany, with Cane, Wood or Stuffed Seats—an assortment embracing over 50 dozen.

Wood seat CHAIRS and SETTEES and Rocking Chairs—over 100 dozen.

A. MATHIOT, 25 North Gay Street, near Fayette street.

May 18, 1857. 1y

Diamond Tonsor.

JOHN W. TIPTON, *Fashionable Barber and Hair Dresser*, can at all times be found prepared to attend to the calls of the people, at the *Temple*, in the Diamond, adjoining the County Building. From long experience, he flatters himself that he can go through all the ramifications of the Tonsorial Department with such an infinite degree of skill, as will meet with the entire satisfaction of all who may submit their chins to the keen ordeal of his razors. He hopes, therefore, that by his attention to business, and a desire to please, he will merit as well as receive, a liberal share of public patronage. The sick will be attended to at their private dwellings.

Gettysburg, Jan. 8, 1855. tf

IF you want to buy GOODS CHEAP, call at G. F. ECKENRODE & BRO'S, at Heidlersburg, Adams co.

BONNETS, Ribbons, Parasols and Shawls to be had very cheap at FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS.

WALKING CANES, for gentlemen, of various kinds, just received by *Bringman & Aughinbaugh.*

POWDER and SHOT, the best manufactured, to be had at NORBECK'S.

WM. GILLESPIE. HENRY THOMAS.

Family Grocery & Provision Store.

GILLESPIE & THOMAS respectfully inform the people of Gettysburg and the public generally, that they have just returned from the city with a general assortment of GROCERIES, PROVISIONS and VEGETABLES, which they are prepared to sell as low as the lowest. FLOUR and FEED always on hand, and sold at small profits.

Store on York street, one door east of Wattles' Hotel.

Gettysburg, Aug. 3, 1857.

One of the Best Farms,

FOR SALE.

THE undersigned offers at Private Sale, his FARM, situate in Straban township, Adams county, on the Hanover road, and adjoining the Gettysburg Borough line. The farm contains 154 Acres, more or less, the land being of the best quality, much of it "granite"—with fair proportions of meadow and timber. Fences good and the soil in excellent cultivation. The improvements are a comfortable Stone Dwelling HOUSE, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Corn crib, &c.—first rate Apple Orchard, a never-failing well of water at the door, and a number of springs upon the tract. It is certainly one of the most desirable farms now in market in this county, and demands the attention of capitalists.

Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call upon the undersigned, residing thereon. DANIEL BENNER.

July 13, 1857. 3m

WHY IS IT THAT

MARCUS SAMSON

CAN sell cheaper than anybody else?—Because he buys at auction, for CASH.

Look at his Hats, that he sells hundreds of Gentlemen have bought and paid for such Hats from $3 50 to $4 00—but Samson sells them at $2 25. And why does he sell them so cheap? Because he bought at auction.

Look at his Boots and Shoes—look at his Gaiters—the same kind sold at other places at from $3 00 to $4 50, he sells at $1 87½ to $2 87½. And why? Because he bought at auction.

Look at his Clothing, and, in fact, everything in his line. He will sell a Coat, Pants and Vest, some linen and some cotton, for from $1 75 to $2 00 per full suit. And why? Because he bought them at auction.

Also, black Summer Cloth Coat, Pants and Vest, he sells for $3 00. And why? Because he bought them at auction.

I am confident that my old friends and customers will bear me out in the above.—I would say to those who live at a distance from town, suppose you need but a Hat, or pair of Gaiters. Why don't you come to my establishment? Even if you lose a whole day by so doing, you will be saving from $1 12½ to $1 75 in the purchase of either—and that is as much as most of men make a day by hard work. Beside this, you can save much more in the purchase of such other articles as you may need. Recollect, my stock is a large and varied one, and all articles sold astonishingly low. Come to town, get your dinners and horses fed, and you can never fail of saving the price of a day's labor by buying at the Cheap One-Price Store of M. SAMSON,

July 13, 1857. opposite the Bank.

TO THE COUNTRY.

GOOD NEWS.

I HAVE rented the Foundry for the ensuing year, and am prepared to make the different kinds of Castings usually made at a Foundry. I will keep constantly on hand the different kinds of PLOUGHS, Points, Shares, Cutters, &c.; Pots, Kettles, Pans, Washing Machines, &c.; Stoves and Machinery; Porches, Verandah's and Cemetery Fencing made and put up with despatch.

All orders will be attended to promptly; but being without capital, and money being necessary to carry on the business, I will be compelled to sell for cash, but on all country work 5 per cent. will be deducted. Suitable trade will be taken, if delivered at the time of purchasing. Give us a call.

E. M. WARREN.

Gettysburg, June 1, 1857.

Ready-made Clothing,

COATS, Pants and Vests, for boys and men; Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps; Shirts, Collars, Cravats, Neck Ties, Stocks, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Stockings, Suspenders,—a nice of lot of Gowns, Water-proof Oil Coats, and everything else that can be found in a Store of the kind, always to be had at SAMSON'S.

D. M'Conaughy,

Attorney at Law,

(Office removed to one door West of Buehler's Drug & Book-store, Chambersburg street,)

Attorney & Solicitor for Patents and Pensions,

BOUNTY Land Warrants, Back-pay suspended Claims, and all other claims against the Government at Washington, D. C.; also American claims in England. Land Warrants located and sold, or bought, and highest prices given. Agents engaged in locating warrants in Iowa, Illinois and other Western States.

☞*Apply to him personally or by letter.*

Gettysburg, Nov. 21, 1853.

Edw. B. Buehler,

Attorney at Law,

WILL faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to him. He speaks the German language. Office at the same place, in South Baltimore street, near Forney's drug store, and nearly opposite Danner & Ziegler's store.

Gettysburg, March 20.

Wm. B. M'Clellan,

Attorney at Law.

OFFICE on the south side of the Public Square, 2 doors west of the Sentinel office.

Gettysburg, August 22, 1853.

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.,

DENTIST.

HAS his Office one door west of the Lutheran church, in Chambersburg street, and opposite Grammer's store, where those wishing to have any Dental Operation performed are respectfully invited to call.

REFERENCES: Dr. D. Gilbert, Dr. C. N. Berluchy, Dr. D. Horner, Rev. C. P. Krauth, D. D., Rev. H. L. Baugher, D. D., Rev. Prof. William M. Reynolds, Rev. Prof. M. Jacobs, Prof. M. L. Stover.

Gettysburg, April 11, 1853. tf

The Ladies

WILL find it to their advantage to call at Fahnestock Brothers, and see their large and cheap stock of Silks, Challis, Lawns, Ducals, Tamartines, Delainos, Calicoes, Ginghams, &c., which are selling cheap at

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS,
Sign of the Red Front.

April 13, 1857.

ALWAYS ON HAND.—Silk and Soft Hats of every description, and for sale cheap at BRINGMAN & AUGHINBAUGH'S.

THREADS, Pins, Needles, Thimbles, Ladies' and other Combs, Buttons, Hooks and Eyes, Tooth Brushes, Lead Pencils, Matches, cheap at NORBECK'S.

CHILDREN'S Shoes of every variety and size, at BRINGMAN & AUGHINBAUGH'S successors to W. W. Paxton.

LADIES' LIGHT KID BOOTS.—A fine assortment of Kid Boots both for Ladies and Misses, just received and for sale by

July 20. 1t WM. BOYER.

QUEENS-WARE, Cedar-ware and endless variety of Household articles, to be had very cheap at FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS.

BONNETS, Ribbons and Flowers, in large assortment, at SCHICK'S.

SAPONIFIER OR CONCENTRATED LYE, for making Soap—to be had at FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS.

REMOVAL,

AND NEW FIRM.

THE undersigned respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have commenced the Cabinet and Chair-making business, in Baltimore street, near Middle, where they will manufacture all kinds of FURNITURE, such as Dressing and Common Bureaus, Tables of various descriptions, Bedsteads, Wardrobes, Stands, and every other article in their line—ALL of the best workmanship and good materials, which will enable them to warrant their work. Also, every variety of CHAIRS.

COFFINS made at short notice, and in the various styles.

House Painting and Papering attended to, and done in the best manner.

Their prices will be as low as the lowest, as all who may patronize them will acknowledge.

☞Lumber and country produce taken in exchange for work.

NORBECK & REILLEY.

Gettysburg, Feb. 23, 1857. 1y

Still Another Arrival of

NEW GOODS,

AT JACOBS & BRO'S, Baltimore street, near the Diamond, where greater bargains than ever can be secured. "Quick sales and small profits"—always better for seller and buyer—is the motto they *practice* as well as preach. Give them a call for anything in the Merchant Tailoring line—you won't regret it.

Gettysburg, July 13, 1857.

Attention, One and All!

NOW IS THE TIME

To Have Your Picture Taken.

SAMUEL WEAVER having provided himself with an entire new and splendid SKY-LIGHT DAGUERREAN ROOM at his residence in West Middle street, opposite Prof. Jacobs, one square West of Baltimore street, where he is now prepared to furnish

Ambrotypes and Daguerreotypes,

in every style of the art, which he will warrant to give entire satisfaction. His long experience and superior apparatus give him advantages seldom furnished by Daguerrean establishments out of the city. He has a large number of specimens at his Gallery, in Chambersburg street, where he will continue as heretofore, which the public are requested to call and examine.

☞*Charges from 50 cents to $10.* Hours of operating from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M. Gold Lockets, Breastpins, suitable for miniatures, always on hand, at the very lowest prices.

☞Children will not be taken for less than 50 cents.

☞AMBROTYPES taken from one dollar and upwards, and in the best style.

July 20, 1856. tf

T. KINGSFORD & SON'S

Pure Oswego Starch,

(FOR THE LAUNDRY,)

HAS established a greater celebrity than has ever been obtained by any other Starch.

This has been the result of its marked superiority in quality, and its invariable uniformity.

The public may be assured of the continuance of the high standard now established.

The production is over Twenty Tons daily, and the demand has extended throughout the whole of the United States, and to foreign countries.

Working thus on a very large scale, and under a rigid system, they are able to secure a perfect uniformity in the quality throughout the year. *This is the great Desideratum in Starch-making, and is realized now for the first time.*

The very best Starch that can be made, and *no other*, is always wanted by consumers, and this will be supplied to them by the grocers, as soon as their customers have learned which is the best, and ask for it—otherwise they would be likely to get that article on which the largest profit can be made.

Mr. Kingsford has been engaged in the manufacture of Starch continuously for the last 27 years, and during the whole of that period the Starch made under his supervision has been, beyond any question, the best in the market. For the first 17 years, he had the charge of the works of Wm. Colgate & Co., at which period he invented the process of the manufacture of Corn Starch.

☞*Ask for Kingsford's Starch, as the name Oswego has been recently taken by another factory.*

It is sold by all of the best grocers in nearly every part of the country.

T. KINGSFORD & SON'S

Oswego Corn Starch,

(FOR PUDDINGS, &C.,)

HAS obtained an equal celebrity with their Starch for the Laundry. This article is perfectly pure, and is, in every respect, equal to the best Bermuda Arrow-Root, besides having additional qualities which render it invaluable for the desert.

Potato Starch has been extensively packed and sold as Corn Starch, and has given false impressions to many, as to the real merits of our Corn Starch.

From its great delicacy and purity it is

We believe it was old Weller th
declared, "whether or not it is wor
while to go to so much trouble to ma
so little, is altogether a matter of *tast*

☞A rare appeal to the *charity*
the Opposition leaders must now
presented. It is currently said that o
of their candidates declared, *some we*
before the election, that he "wo

Ziegler, Gettysburg, in which they always in
tend to offer to the public a large and general
assortment of

Hardware, Iron, Steel, Groceries,

CUTLERY, COACH TRIMMINGS, SPRINGS, AXLES,

SADDLERY

Cedar-ware, Shoe Findings,

Paints, Oils, and Dye-stuffs,

in general, including every description of articles in the above line of business, to which they invite the attention of Coach-makers, Blacksmiths, Carpenters, Cabinet-makers, Shoe-makers, Saddlers, and the public generally. Our stock having been selected with great care and purchased for cash, we guarantee (for the ready money,) to dispose of any part of it on as reasonable terms as they can be purchased anywhere.

We particularly request a call from our friends, and earnestly solicit a share of public favor, as we are determined to establish a character for selling Goods at low prices and doing business on fair principles.

JOEL B. DANNER,
DAVID ZIEGLER.

Gettysburg, June 9, 1851. tf

Spouting!

GEORGE and Henry Wampler will make House Spouting and put up the same low, for cash or country produce. Farmers and all others wishing their houses, barns, &c., spouted, would do well to give them a call.

G. & H. WAMPLER.

April 18, 1853. tf

Black Silk Hats.

FALL and Winter Style, just received and for sale at COBEAN & PAXTON'S Fashionable Hat, Cap, Boot and Shoe Store.

MEN'S and Boys' Boots, Shoes, Gaiters and Slippers, of all kinds, and at all prices, as cheap as the cheapest, at COBEAN & PAXTON'S.

SILVER.—A fine lot of Silver Spoons and Silver Forks, as low as city prices, now to be had at SCHICK'S. Call soon, as they sell rapidly.

A FACT.—MONEY SAVED by buying your Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes at *Bringman & Aughinbaugh's.*

SECOND arrival of Spring Goods this day at the Cheap Store of FAHNESTOCK'S.

Carriages, Buggies, &c.

GOOD AND CHEAP!

THE undersigned would inform his friends and the public generally, that he continues the CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS, in all its branches, at his establishment, in East Middle Street, (near the east end,) Gettysburg, Pa., where he has on hand a first-rate lot of work, and is prepared to put up to order whatever may be desired in his line, viz:—Rockaway and Boat-Body *Carriages; Falling-Top, Rockaway & Trotting Buggies, Jersey Wagons, &c.*

With good workmen and good materials, he can pledge his work to be of the best quality—and his prices are among the lowest.

☞Repairing done at short notice, and at reasonable rates. Country produce taken in exchange for work. Call!

JACOB TROXEL.

June 15, 1857.

Fancy Furs for Ladies.

JOHN FAREIRA & CO., (New No.) 818 MARKET Street, above Eighth, Philadelphia. Importers, Manufacturers and dealers in Ladies', Gentlemen and Children's FANCY FURS, Wholesale and Retail. J. F. & Co., would call the attention of Dealers and the public generally to their immense Stock of Fancy Furs for Ladies, Gentlemen, and Children; their assortment embraces every article and kind of *Fancy Furs*, that will be worn during the Season—such as Full Capes, Half Capes, Quarter Capes, Talmas, Victorines, Boas, Muffs and Muffatees, from the *finest Russian Sable* to the lowest price Domestic Furs.

For Gentlemen the largest assortment of Fur Collars, Gloves, Gauntlets, &c.; being the direct Importers of all our Furs and *Manufacturers of them* under our own supervision, we feel satisfied we can offer better inducements to dealers and the public generally than any other house, having an immense assortment to select from and at the Manufacturers' prices. *We only ask a call.*

JOHN FAREIRA & CO.,
No. 818 Market Street, above Eighth, Phild'a.

Sept. 21, 1857. 4m

FULL STOCK OF

Fall Dry Goods.

FYRE & LANDELL, FOURTH & ARCH streets, Philadelphia, respectfully request *Cash Buyers* to examine a fine stock of SEASONABLE GOODS, adapted to BEST PENNSYLVANIA TRADE.

Full Line of Fall Dress Goods.
New Designs of Fall Shawls.
Rich Silks of Newest Styles.
Good Black Silks of all widths.
4 Cases assorted French Merinoes.
7 " Poil de Shevres, New Goods.
British and American Dark Prints.
Satinetts, Cassimeres, Cloths and Vestings.
Muslins, Linens, Flannels, Blankets, &c.

N. B. Auction Bargains from New York and this City daily received. Particular attention given to Country orders for Desirable Goods. Terms NETT CASH.

August 31, 1857. 3m

Hover's Liquid Hair Dye.

THE following, from that eminent Physician of Philadelphia, Dr. Brinckle, added to the testimony of Professor Booth, only confirms what is evidenced by thousands who have used *Hover's Dye*:

"Girard Row, Chesnut street,
Philadelphia, Dec. 22, 1853.

"In regard to *Hover's Hair Dye*, I can state unhesitatingly that it contains no deleterious ingredients, and may be used with entire safety, and the utmost confidence and *success*."

W. D. BRINCKLE, M. D.

Hover's Writing and Indelible Inks are so well and widely known, as to require no eulogy of their merits, it is only necessary to say, that the steady and increasing demand, gives the best evidence that they maintain their character for superiority which distinguished them when first introduced, *years ago.* Orders addressed to the Manufactory, No. 416 RACE street, above Fourth, (old No. 144) Philadelphia, will receive prompt attention by

JOSEPH E. HOVER, *Manufacturer.*

Sept. 7. [April 13. 1y)

25 WITNESSES;

OR,

THE FORGER CONVICTED.

JOHN S. DYE IS THE AUTHOR.

Who has had 10 years experience as a Banker and Publisher, and author of *A Series of Lectures at the Broadway Tabernacle,* when, for 10 successive nights, over ☞ 50,000 People ☜ Greeted him with rounds of applause, while he exhibited the manner in which Counterfeiters execute their frauds, and the surest and shortest means of Detecting them!

The Bank Note Engravers all say he is the greatest Judge of Paper Money living.

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR. CIRCULATION OVER 100,000 COPIES WEEKLY.

GREATEST DISCOVERY

OF THE PRESENT CENTURY FOR DETECTING COUNTERFEIT BANK NOTES. Describing every Genuine Bill in existence, and exhibiting, at a glance, every Counterfeit in Circulation!

Arranged so admirably that REFERENCE IS EASY AND DETECTION INSTANTANEOUS.

☞No index to examine! No pages to hunt up! But so simplified and arranged that the Merchant, the Banker and Business man can see *all at a Glance.*

English, French and German.

THUS EACH MAY READ THE SAME IN HIS OWN NATIVE TONGUE.

MOST PERFECT BANK NOTE LIST PUBLISHED

Also, a list of ALL THE PRIVATE BANKERS IN AMERICA!

A Complete Summary of the Finance of Europe and America will be published in each edition, together with all the important News of the day. Also,

A SERIES OF TALES,

From an old Manuscript found in the East. It furnishes the most Complete History of ORIENTAL LIFE,

Describing the most Perplexing Situations in which the Ladies and Gentlemen of that country have been so often found. These Stories will continue throughout the whole year, and will prove the most entertaining ever offered to the public.

☞Furnished Weekly to Subscribers only, at $1 a year. All letters must be addressed to

JOHN S. DYE, Broker,
Publisher and Proprietor, 70 Wall street,

April 27, 1857. 1y New York.

Removed to Hanover.

FRANCIS J. WILSON, late of the Washington House at Abbottstown, has taken HERSHEY'S OLD AND POPULAR STAND, in Hanover, where he will be happy to entertain all who may patronize him. His Table is supplied with the best the market and garden can afford, and his Bar with the choicest of liquors. His Stables are commodious, and attended by careful Ostlers. Give him a call. You will always find FRANK, on the spot, ready and willing to make everybody comfortable. [April 27, 1857.

Hanover R. Railroad.

TRAINS over the Hanover Branch Railroad now run as follows:

First Train leaves Hanover at 9 A. M., with Passengers for York, Harrisburg, Columbia and Philadelphia. This Train also connects with the Express for Baltimore, arriving there at 12 M.

Second Train leaves at 2.15 P. M., with Passengers for Baltimore and intermediate places, and returns with passengers from York, &c.

Aug. 3. J. LEIB, Agent.

Stone Peach & Tomato Bottles.

WE have just received a large lot of Peach and Tomato Stone Jars—an excellent article for preserving fruit. If you want something that will not rust and injure the fruit, by all means use stone ware.—There is nothing equal to it. Call and see them at FAHNESTOCKS'.

JUST IN SEASON

AND NEVER OUT OF SEASON!

FARMERS, read this, and then come and buy, for we still have "a few more left!" The subscriber takes this method of calling the attention of the public in general to that valuable piece of machinery, styled

Herah's Patent Hay Hoister and Manure Excavator.

Having the right of all Adams county, he will sell either machines or township rights.

H. G. CARR.

☞Also, at the same place, you can be accommodated with as fine BUGGIES as can be got up in the State for the same money—constantly kept on hand.

Repairing done, neatly and cheaply, at short notice. All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for work.

Gettysburg, May 18, 1857. 6m

THE FARMERS' & MECHANICS'

Savings Institution of Adams Co.

THIS Institution receives deposites for which it pays interest as follows:

For over 10 months, 4 per cent. per annum. For 3 and not over 10 months, 3 per cent. per annum. For transient deposites, not less than 30 days, 2 per cent. per annum, payable on demand without notice.

A joint fund (capital) of $10,000 has been paid in.

For loans apply on Wednesday.

Sums received on deposite as low as a dime. Interest to be allowed whenever the deposites amount to $5,00, and on each additional $5,00 and upwards.

Office in South West Corner of Public Square, next to George Arnold's store. Open daily from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and for receiving deposites every Saturday, from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

President,
GEORGE THRONE.
Treasurer & Secretary,
GEORGE ARNOLD.
Directors,

John Brough,	John Horner,
Samuel Durboraw,	George Arnold,
A. Heintzelman,	Jacob Musselman,
D. McCreary,	D. McConaughy,
William Culp,	John Mickley,
Robert Horner,	John Throne.

April 6, 1857.

Important Discovery.

CONSUMPTION

And all Diseases of the Lungs and Throat are Positively Curable by Inhalation,

WHICH conveys the remedies to the cavities in the lungs through the air passages, and coming in direct contact with the disease, neutralizes the tubercular matter, allays the cough, causes a free and easy expectoration, heals the lungs, purifies the blood, imparts renewed vitality to the nervous system, giving that tone and energy so indispensable for the restoration of health. To be able to state confidently that Consumption is curable by inhalation, is to me a source of unalloyed pleasure. It is as much under the control of medical treatment as any other formidable disease; ninety out of every hundred cases can be cured in the first stages, and fifty per cent. in the second; but in the third stage it is impossible to save more than five per cent, for the Lungs are so cut up by the disease as to bid defiance to medical skill.—Even, however, in the last stages, Inhalation affords extraordinary relief to the suffering attending this fearful scourge, which annually destroys ninety-five thousand persons in the United States alone; and a correct calculation shows that of the present population of the earth, eighty millions are destined to fill the Consumptive's grave.

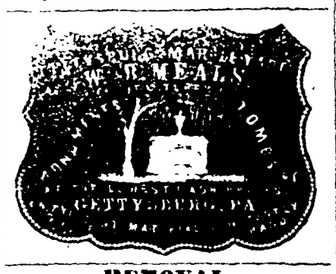
Truly the quiver of death has no arrow so fatal as Consumption. In all ages it has been the great enemy of life, for it spares neither age nor sex, but sweeps off alike the brave, the beautiful, the graceful and the gilted. By the help of that Supreme Being from whom cometh every good and perfect gift, I am enabled to offer to the afflicted a permanent and speedy cure in Consumption. The first cause of tubercles is from impure blood, and the immediate effect produced by their deposition in the lungs is to prevent the free admission of air into the air cells, which causes a weakened vitality through the entire system. Then surely it is more rational to expect greater good from medicines entering the cavities of the lungs than from those administered through the stomach; the patient will always find the lungs free and the breathing easy, after inhaling remedies. Thus, Inhalation is a local remedy, nevertheless it acts constitutionally, and with more power and certainty than remedies administered by the stomach. To prove the powerful and direct influence of this mode of administration, chloroform inhaled will entirely destroy sensibility in a few minutes, paralyzing the entire nervous system, so that a limb may be amputated without the slightest pain: inhaling the ordinary burning gas will destroy life in a few hours.

The inhalation of ammonia will rouse the system when fainting or apparently dead.—The odor of many of the medicines is perceptible in the skin a few minutes after being inhaled, and may be immediately detected in the blood. A convincing proof of the constitutional effects of inhalation, is the fact that sickness is always produced by breathing foul air—is not this positive evidence that proper remedies, carefully prepared and judiciously administered through the lungs should produce the happiest results? During eighteen years' practice, many thousands suffering from diseases of the lungs and throat, have been under my care, and I have effected many remarkable cures, even after the sufferers had been pronounced in the last stages, which fully satisfies me that consumption is no longer a fatal disease. My treatment of consumption is original, and founded on long experience and a thorough investigation. My perfect acquaintance with the nature of tubercles, &c., enables me to distinguish readily, the various forms of disease that simulate consumption, and apply the proper remedies, rarely being mistaken even in a single case. This familiarity, in connection with certain pathological and microscopic discoveries, enables me to relieve the lungs from the effects of contracted chests, to enlarge the chest, purify the blood, impart to it renewed vitality, giving energy and tone to the entire system.

Medicines with full directions sent to any part of the United States and Canadas by patients communicating their symptoms by letter. But the cure would be more certain if the patient should pay me a visit, which would give me an opportunity to examine the lungs and enable me to prescribe with much greater certainty, and then the cure could be effected without my seeing the patient again.

G. W. GRAHAM, M. D.,
Office, 1131 *Filbert St.*, (*old No.* 19.) *below* 12*th*,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

July 20, 1857. 1y



REMOVAL.

Alex. Frazer, Watch and Clock-maker,

HAS removed his shop to Carlisle street, below Hoke's store, where he will always be happy to attend to the calls of customers. Thankful for past favors, he hopes, by strict attention to business and a desire to please, to merit and receive the patronage of the public.

Gettysburg, May 18, 1857.

TOBACCO & SEGARS, of best brands, and at astonishingly low rates these high times, at the Flour, Provision and Grocery Store of GILLESPIE & THOMAS.

CHOICE FARM LANDS

FOR SALE.

THE Illinois Central Railroad Company is now prepared to sell about

1,500,000 Acres of

CHOICE FARMING LANDS,

in tracts of about FORTY ACRES, *on long credits and at low rates of interests.*

These lands were granted by the Government to aid in the construction of this Road, and are among the richest and most fertile in the world. They extend from North East and North West, through the middle of the State, to the extreme South, and include every variety of climate and productions found between those parallels of latitude. The Northern portion is chiefly prairie, interspersed with fine groves, and in the middle and Southern sections timber predominates, alternating with beautiful prairies and openings.

The climate is more healthy, mild and equable, than any other part of the country—the air is pure and bracing, while living streams and springs of excellent water abound.

Bituminous Coal is extensively mined, and supplies a cheap and desirable fuel, being furnished at many points at $2 to $4 per ton—and wood can be had at the same rate per cord.

Building Stone of excellent quality also abounds, which can be procured for little more than the expense of transportation.

The great fertility of these lands, which are a black rich mould from two to five feet deep, and gently rolling,—their contiguity to this Road, by which every facility is furnished for travel and transportation, to the principal markets North, South, East and West, and the economy with which they can be cultivated, render them the most valuable investment that can be found; and present the most favorable opportunity, for persons of industrious habits and small means, to acquire a comfortable independence in a few years.

Chicago is the greatest grain market in the world—and the facility and economy with which the products of these lands can be transported to that market, make them much more profitable, at the prices asked, than those more remote at government rates,—as the additional cost of transportation is a perpetual tax on the latter, which must be borne by the producer, in the reduced price he receives for his grain, &c.

The Title is Perfect—and when the final payments are made, Deeds are executed by the Trustees appointed by the State, and in whom the title is vested, to the purchasers, which convey to them absolute titles in Fee Simple, free and clear of every incumbrance, lien or mortgage.

The Prices are from $6 to $30; Interest only 3 per cent. Twenty per cent. will be deducted from the credit price for Cash.

Those who purchase on long credit, give notes payable in 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 years after date, and are required to improve one-tenth annually for five years, so as to have one-half the land in cultivation, at the end of that time.

Competent Surveyors will accompany those who wish to examine these Lands, free of charge, and aid them in making selections.

The Lands remaining unsold are as rich and valuable as those which have been disposed of.

☞*Sectional Maps* will be sent to any one who will enclose fifty cents in Postage Stamps, and Books or Pamphlets, containing numerous instances of successful farming, signed by respectable and well known farmers living in the neighborhood of Railroad Lands, throughout the State—also the cost of fencing, price of cattle, expense of harvesting, threshing, etc.—or any information—will be cheerfully given on application, either personally or by letter, in English, French or German, addressed to JOHN WILSON,

Land Commissioner of the Illinois Central R. Co.

☞Office in Illinois Central Railroad Depot, Chicago, Illinois.

April 20, 1857. 6m

TWO DAILY LINES

TO HANOVER.—

EXTRA ACCOMMODATIONS.—The undersigned returns his thanks to the public for the encouragement heretofore extended to him, and takes pleasure in announcing that he has completed arrangements by which TWO DAILY LINES of Coaches will run between Gettysburg and Hanover, to connect with the trains to and from Baltimore, York, Harrisburg, Philadelphia,