

# The Compiler.



H. J. STABLE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

Monday Morning, Oct. 12, 1857.

## LOOK OUT FOR SPURIOUS TICKETS!

Democrats, before you vote EXAMINE YOUR TICKETS all over—from top to bottom. See that every name is there, and compare it with those that stand annexed. We are informed that tickets in near imitation of those of the regular Democratic ticket, have been circulated with the names of some of the opposition candidates upon them. Let no Democrat be deceived by such a paltry trick. The following is the genuine Democratic Ticket. It is sound from top to bottom:

**Governor,**  
WILLIAM F. PACKER.  
**Civil Commissioner,**  
NIMROD STRICKLAND.  
**Assembly,**  
CHARLES WILL.  
**Sheriff,**  
ISAAC LIGHTNER.  
**Prothonotary,**  
JACOB BUSHEY.  
**Register and Recorder,**  
ZACHARIAH MYERS.  
**Clerk of the Courts,**  
HENRY G. WOLF.  
**County Treasurer,**  
JOEL B. DANNEB.  
**County Commissioner,**  
JACOB RAFFENBERGER.  
**County Auditor,**  
ISAAC HERBER.  
**Director of the Poor,**  
ANDREW WHITE.

**County Judge of the Supreme Court,**  
WILLIAM STRONG.  
**JAMES THOMPSON.**

The tickets on the Amendments to the Constitution are printed "For" and "Against." Voters will exercise their choice in the premises.

## NO TRADING!

Democrats, no "trading" on election day. The opposition are already offering "trades," but spare them and their offers as you would pick-pockets. They know that their ticket is DOOMED, unless a hundred or two Democrats throughout the county can be cheated into its support. This they are hardly bold enough to expect for the entire ticket, and hence are centering their efforts upon a few of their candidates, in favor of whom they alone offer to trade! Mark that!

But, Democrats, Tax-payers, there is only one safe course to pursue at this election—and that is, to VOTE THE WHOLE DEMOCRATIC TICKET, WITHOUT CUT OR SCRATCH!

## The Importance of One Vote.

Remember, Democrats, that one vote has changed the result of many an election. It has elected Governors, Congressmen, and candidates for every voteable office. One vote in an election district may be deemed a small matter, but in the aggregate, it will make some twenty votes in the county. We hope, therefore, that not a Democratic vote will remain unpolled.

## A Document that Cannot be Denied!

It may be—"all things are possible"—that the more unprincipled of the Opposition will, on the day of the election, deny Mr. Musselman's votes in the Legislature. But, if they do, Tax-payers, direct them to the JOURNAL of the House of Representatives, in which those votes are given in full and in white. They may then hesitate—and will hesitate if they know the facts—but they must not! Make them "face the music"—or squarely BACK DOWN!

There is a copy of the Journal in this office, which is at the service of everybody. Let such as doubt, if there be any, come and see the original authority for themselves. There's no getting over THAT!

All the spite which the "Molly Maguires" of the Star choose to "spit at" the editor of the Compiler, will not alter the dot of an 'i' or the stroke of a 't' in that document,—much less a 'y' or a 'z' cast by Mr. Musselman. The Tax-payers of the county will hold him responsible for those votes, irrespective of all outside attempts to divert public attention from them. The result, we think, cannot be doubtful.

There is very little said in regard to the proposed Amendments to the Constitution, and many are in doubt which way to vote. An article on this subject from the Pennsylvania will be found on our first page, to which we call attention. They shall receive our support.

## DEMOCRATS, AROUSE!

Let the Democrats be lulled into forgetfulness by the apparent inactivity of the opposition, and think that we can rely with certainty upon success, without adopting the usual means of insuring it. Our opponents are never in reality indifferent or supine. It is true they sometimes feign indifference in order to lull the Democracy to sleep, but at the very moment they are seeking to beguile you with this cunning ruse and professing the utmost unconcern—they are actively at work in secret. They are always endeavoring to draw off Democrats from the support of the regular nominations, encouraging divisions, and exciting one Democrat against another, with a view of inflicting injury upon the Democratic cause.

Let us put forth all our strength to-morrow (Tuesday). We have it in our power to elect our whole County Ticket, and also extend liberal aid to our sister counties to swell the majorities for our State Ticket. Arouse, Democrats! Go to work cheerfully, with bold and fearless hearts, and VICTORY WILL CROWN YOUR EFFORTS!

The time for argument has nearly passed. The time for ACTION is here! Democrats—friends of the Union and the Constitution—friends of Equal Justice to all classes of our citizens, ARE YOU READY?

## A Word to our Mountain Friends.

We tell the Democrats who reside in the South Mountain, as well as along its base, in Hamilton, Franklin, McAllen, Tyrone and Huntington townships, that it is upon them mainly that the Know Nothing and Black Republican candidates are now working, with the hope of ambushing and decimating enough to their support in those districts to secure their election.

It is boasted here by the "Molly Maguires" of the Star and their mouthpieces, that inroads into the Democratic ranks will be made in "the mountains" by John Musselman, James A. Thompson and John Scott, presuming, of course, that the residents of that range are so ignorant and simple as to be easily GULLED by the smooth-tongued of these candidates when in the search of votes. But we say to the "Mollies" and their candidates, that they are mistaken. The voters whom they expect to be so easily deceived are not as shallow as they think them, and are fixed in their Democratic principles.

These voters know that they are under no obligations to vote for Musselman, Thompson and Scott,—any more than they are to vote for any other Know Nothing and Black Republican candidates. They know, too, that the Democratic ticket is a first-rate one—can't be beat in merit or qualification—and being so posted, they will be found standing up for their men and principles, just as they did before the present Know Nothing ticket was nominated.

Democrats of the mountain, whenever any one of the Opposition candidates approaches you with poverty appeals, "old acquaintance" or any other story, just ask him to tell you all that after you have voted, and you'll never be bothered with him again. They only want to ambush you out of your votes! Mark this, and treat them accordingly.

## WHO SHALL GOVERN?

If the People of Adams county desire the Central Railroad Company to rule the State—if they are in favor of a repeal of the Tonnage Tax, by which \$300,000 a year will be lost by the State Treasury and put in the pockets of the Managers and Directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad, and which sum will have to be made up by the tax-payers of the Commonwealth, they will vote for Mr. MUSSELMAN, and they may have their wishes gratified to the fullest extent.

But if they desire the People to rule, if they are opposed to making a further donation to the Pennsylvania Railroad of \$300,000 a year, (after bestowing that company the Main Line,) they will vote for CHARLES WILL, who is pledged against the repeal of the Tonnage Tax!

Follow citizens of Adams county! Choose ye between these candidates. Determine the question for yourselves, on TO-MORROW, (Tuesday), whether you will rule yourselves for the future, or whether you will humbly crouch down and permit a Railroad corporation to put its yoke upon your necks and upon the necks of your children after you. This question must be decided by you. Your votes will say whether you are for or against these further and enormous depletions of the State Treasury. If you are for them, you will vote for the Know Nothing and Black Republican nominee—if you are against them, and desire your will to be effective in preventing them, you can best accomplish your object by voting for the Democratic candidate—

CHARLES WILL.

What it Means.—The "financial crisis" of which we hear so much, means nothing more than that men, in their haste to grow rapidly rich, have been doing business far beyond their means. They have, consequently, run out all the string to their kite, and the kite has come down. The number of kite strings being very great, the number of kites have been the same number. The crash was inevitable sooner or later.

## Facts for the People.

The Black Republican party has a brief reign of one year in New York, and the result upon that State is now announced in the terse and expressive facts that the State is bankrupt; that its credit is exhausted; that its Public Works are again to be stopped; and that its taxes are increasing beyond precedent. These are facts pregnant with instruction to the voters of this Commonwealth. The same party which exalted the Treasury of our sister State is now attempting to obtain possession of the purse strings of this, and for the same purpose. They have raised the cry of bleeding Kansas, and are fighting under cover of this worn-out humbug for the mastery of Pennsylvania. The affairs of Kansas are possessed of no interest to this band of men, save as they afford means whereby power is to be placed in their hands. This fact is plainly apparent in the State of New York. What have they done, what could they do for Kansas, but lead their aid to continue the agitation of the vexed question of Slavery in this new territory, and thus prevent settlers from emigrating to that locality? This consummation is of no benefit to the people of New York, while it is a curse to the prospects of Kansas, and so it is recognized at the present time by the solid, sensible men of all parties there.

But (remarks the Pennsylvania,) the use made of the local power placed in the hands of the New York freedmen-shrinkers comes near home, and all men can see how they have exercised that. While the eyes of their followers have been closed by artful appeals to their passions and prejudices, the men in power have plunged their arms into the coffers of the State, and beggared the exchequer. Credit is gone—taxes are increased to a ruinous extent—the poor laboring men on the public works are robbed of their hard earnings, and all this to enrich a few politicians who claim all the honesty, decency and purity in the country, and in whose praise the pulpits of the land have been made vocal.

The tax payers of Pennsylvania should look at these facts at this time, when the same class of Black Republican plunderers are clamoring for a hold upon the resources of this State. They have tasted blood in New York, and like tigers whose appetites once whetted become insatiable, these men have invaded the old Keystone and threaten to wrest the sceptre from the hands of the Democratic party. Kansas is the watch-word—but plunder is the real purpose of the invading army. To beat back this band of Vandals, is the duty of every man, no matter what his political opinions, who loves the fame of this old Commonwealth, and values its credit and reputation at home and abroad. The Democratic party is pledged to an economical administration of the State government, and the man placed upon the ticket for Governor, is a warrant that this pledge will be faithfully carried out. Let every man then, who is in favor of preserving the credit of the State, vote for WILLIAM F. PACKER.

## IS IT FAIR?

John Musselman is again before the people of Adams county, asking at their hands a re-election to the Legislature. Does he, Tax-payers, deserve such mark of approbation?

Let us reason the matter. You are solicited to vote for him, (not that he has the capacity to be of any service there, except to vote, but) in order that he may pay money into his pocket, at the rate of \$747 80 per session.

What did he do, Tax-payers, when at the House, last winter? He voted to repeal the Tonnage Tax upon the Central Railroad—by which, had the movement been successful, nearly THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS A YEAR would have been kept out of the State Treasury, to be made up from the pockets of the Tax-payers of every county—ADAMS, of course, among them. He voted to repeal THE PROPERTY of said Mammoth Corporation from taxation, depriving the State Treasury annually of many, many thousands more; and this whilst you, all of you, Tax-payers, are compelled every year to contribute towards the support of the State Government, accordingly as you may possess property! He voted to give THREE MILLIONS to be realized out of the Sale of the Main Line, to prop up the credit of the Sunbury and Erie Railroad Company, and thus to that extent to prevent the lowering of the State debt!

These are unquestionable FACTS. There is no denying them, or either of them; nor can they be justified. Now, Tax-payers, is it fair in Mr. Musselman or his friends to ask you to vote money into his pocket, when he has been attempting to vote money out of yours?

Why Should the Community Suffer?—This pertinent question is put in the following shape by the Philadelphia "Press":

"Why should the community suffer the evils of a depreciated and irredeemable currency, and its business be paralyzed, that loans may be extended to speculators to hold on to larger quantities of sugar, breadstuffs, lumber, iron, or any other marketable product or commodity, until they can make that commodity pay high prices for them, and the owners make large profits, or save themselves from large losses?"

## A SELF-MADE MAN.

The following biographical notice is extracted from an address delivered before a literary society, at the Williamsport Academy, by Andrew J. Little, Esq., in February, 1847. We need hardly say, that the poor boy therein referred to, is now the Democratic candidate for Governor of this Commonwealth, Gen. WILLIAM F. PACKER.—May the youths of the present day, take courage from his example, to press forward to the goal of distinction, despising alike the misfortunes of poverty or the want of influential friends:

"In 1807, resided a poor family, near the Bald Eagle mountain, some fifty miles above this place. They had not the means of giving their children the advantages of an education. Through industry and perseverance they barely obtained sufficient means to secure a comfortable sustenance. In 1814, the head of that humble but interesting family, paid the tribute of mortality, and left a widow with five small children, dependent upon her for a livelihood.

One of her sons at the tender age of twelve years, having an extensive fondness for reading, came to the conclusion to be a printer; and resolved to go and learn that trade, and relieve his mother from the care and protection of one who thought himself at that early age, capable of taking care of himself. He ties up a little bundle of clothes and puts them under his arm—bids his mother an affectionate farewell, and starts on foot to Sunbury—a distance of some sixty or seventy miles—in the cold and dreary season of winter. He passes through Williamsport, with his little bundle and only fifty cents in his pocket. He arrives at Sunbury and procures a situation in a printing office, continuing eleven months, when, by the defeat of Governor Findlay, the proprietor of that paper thought proper to discontinue it, and our young lad, finding no other situation returned home.

The next fall he took a job of cutting cord-wood for Roland Curtin's iron works, at thirty-three cents a cord, and through that winter, which was a severe one, he continued wading in snow knee-deep, until he had cut over fifty cords of wood—then only between fourteen and fifteen years of age. In 1823 he again went into a printing-office, and remained until 1825, having served a regular apprenticeship; he then again shouldered his knapsack and set out for employment as a journeyman printer, in the direction of Harrisburg. On arriving at the capital, he was employed by the State printer, and there earned and purchased the first suit of broadcloth clothes and the first pair of boots he ever wore. He continued in Harrisburg two years, and then came to Williamsport and purchased one-half of the *Lycoming Gazette*, and two years after, the other half.

In 1822, we find our young friend Superintendent of the West Branch Canal, which office he held for three years, during which time he paid out more than one and a half millions of dollars; in 1829, on appointment *Casual Commissioner*; and in 1832, *Auditor General* of the State of Pennsylvania.

The boy that once passed through this place, with his little bundle of clothes on his arm and only fifty cents in his pocket, is now a distinguished statesman, an eminent speaker, and a worthy citizen of your own town—an example of persevering industry and personal exertion worthy of imitation. He is yet young and full of his youthful energy, and his star is still in the ascendant.

Honor and fame from no conditional rise. As well your part, there all the honor lies."

## Bear in Mind!

That the Sunbury and Erie Railroad measure was for weeks before the House, last winter, and that several votes upon it, in one shape or other, were lodged by Mr. Musselman. BEAR IN MIND, that Mr. Musselman voted for the bill on two occasions!—and for the very best authority in proof of this assertion we refer to the House Journal, pages 884 and 889.

The obnoxious three million clause was defeated in the Senate, but for that no credit is due the Representative of Adams county.

Look out for scores of electioneering lies in the Star. The "Molly Maguires" who do the writing for that concern have been putting their heads together all the week, to invent some new ones, and they have no doubt succeeded. They always do succeed in the lying line, and needn't try hard; but such is especially the case now, when the prospect of total defeat causes them to be unusually reckless.

This number of the Compiler will be printed on Friday afternoon, the regular time for the issuing of the Star, and will therefore not be able, for want of time, to contradict and show up to public disgust the low falsehoods which disappointed and mortified Dark Lantern politicians can invent. And these tricksters knowing our custom to print on Friday before a General Election, no doubt will lie the more boldly on account of it!

## Vote Early!

Every Democrat should vote early, and then assist in getting those to the polls who are luke-warm and wavering. Our country friends ought to see that those who live five, six and eight miles from the place of voting, are supplied with horses, carriages, &c.

## Show your Strength!

Democrats, turn out on TO-MORROW, (Tuesday) and exhibit your devotion to country and principle. Show your strength at the ballot box. Let there be no staying at home—go and vote rain or shine, and all will be well.

## Greasley's Latest Shriek.

There is no talk of a three-months residence as a prerequisite to voting. It is a six-months residence which is to be exacted; which is, in effect, a disfranchisement of more than half the bona fide inhabitants of Kansas, and nearly two-thirds of the free-State men.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

We would like to know what will satisfy the Kansas shriekers. They have always claimed that the free State men were largely in the majority.—Sometimes they claimed two-thirds, sometimes three-fourths, and sometimes they went as high as nine-tenths—always a large majority. They pretended that they could carry almost every election district in the territory, if only the bloody "Border Ruffians" were kept out. But they complained that the Missourians came over a few days before the election, and were permitted to vote on the strength of this brief residence in the territory.

The shriek is changed now. It is supposed that the Constitutional Convention, in accordance with the suggestion of Gov. WALKER, will require voters to have resided three or six months in the territory. GREASLEY's latest shriek fixes the residence at six months, which, he says, "in effect, a disfranchisement of more than half the bona fide inhabitants of Kansas, and nearly two-thirds of the free State men."

Let us stop GREASLEY's shriek-pipe with his own facts. If nearly two-thirds of the free State men would be cut off from the ballot boxes by a law requiring voters in October to have resided six months in the territory, it follows that nearly two-thirds of the free State men must have gone into the territory since the first of April. If this is true, what becomes of the boasted strength of "freedom shriekers" in Kansas prior to April last? They must have been in a minority; and if they were, then they lied outrageously in asserting that they were defeated at the polls by fraud and violence.

In lodging his complaint against what he supposes the Constitutional Convention will require of voters, GREASLEY knocks down the platform on which he and his party have been standing for two or three years past, and admits that the cry of fraud in Kansas was a humbug. He admits, in effect, that his party were in a minority there, and that the "Bogus Legislature," as they term it, was backed by a majority of the inhabitants of Kansas. We did not expect this admission from GREASLEY, and probably he did not intend to make it, but the truth will slip out of the greatest liar sometimes.

Look at the awkward predicament in which GREASLEY is placed by his objection to a previous residence of six months as a qualification for voting.—He and his party charged that the election for members of the "Bogus Legislature," as they term it, men who were not residents of the territory, but who lived in Missouri, went over to Kansas a short time prior to the election and voted. This was their great charge, the burden of their long and piercing shriek, that the Missourians invaded the territory and voted for members of the Territorial Legislature. Now suppose no man had been permitted to vote for members for that Legislature who had not resided in the territory for six months, would not that have protected the actual settlers from the interference of the Missourians? And if six months law would have effected so great a good at that time, would it not work equally well now?

The best part of our article remains to be written, and we can write it in a few lines. GREASLEY objects to the making of a "six months residence" qualification by the Constitutional Convention, and yet goes his whole length for the Topeka Constitution, which contains the very same provision. How refreshing it would be to find something akin to consistency in our opponents.—*Valley Spirit.*

## Looking Blue!

The Opposition Managers are "out of heart," and begin to look blue. They placed Mr. Musselman at the head of their ticket under the supposition that he couldn't be beat; but now the people are finding out all about his Legislative course, and are talking about it in such a manner as to leave no reasonable ground for hope even for him.

Then, too, he has made several attempts to be "sharp" in his electioneering tours through the county, and, of course, has almost as often failed. Next time he goes to Freedom township on a vote trading expedition, we would advise one of the borough Managers to accompany him, and act the part of prompter. That financial arrangement at Heidersburg might also have been managed by less bungling hands.—Probably two dollars more would make the matter all right!

These things cause the Managers to be troubled; and well they may.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 6.—There was much excitement produced among the Reading stockholders last evening by the discovery that the act of the Legislature of 1850 extending the bonds makes the stockholders individually liable for all the debts of the company thereafter, with a provision not to include the bonds which may be issued in lieu of bonds already existing.

A contemporary in speaking of a retired railroad conductor says that in his long period of service, "he never had a single man killed." Perhaps he only killed the married ones.

## Where Are You Now?

"A RENEGADE PENNSYLVANIAN"—Mr. WILMOT, of Pa., made a speech in the House of Representatives on Wednesday, in opposition to the Tariff of 1842—and is the only member occupying this position in the whole Pennsylvania delegation.—*Gettysburg Sentinel, July 6, 1848.*

"The [1846 Tariff] Bill passed on final reading, by the following vote, but a single Pennsylvania—WILMOT, of the Bradford district—proving RECREANT TO THE INTERESTS OF HIS STATE AND HIS COUNTRY!"—*Gettysburg Star, July 10, 1848.*

## Democrats, Be on Your Guard.

Against the base and malicious slanders that will be put in circulation by our opponents on the eve of the election. It is an old trick of theirs, which we all pretty well understand: Be on the ground early on the election day, ready to meet and discountenance their libels and slanders. See that every Democrat is at the polls with you.

## Democrats, Be Firm!

Stand by your principles. The cause of the people is greater than that of any individual and must not be postponed for the gratification of individual feelings. Stand by your ticket!

## Victory! Victory!

GEORGIA ALL RIGHT! The returns of the election last week in Georgia are of a most brilliant character. The Democrats have achieved a grand victory. Mr. Brown, Democrat, is elected Governor by from 8,000 to 10,000 majority, and SIX out of the eight members of Congress are Democrats, being a gain of one!

Now, Pennsylvania, do your part of the work. TO THE CHARGE! TO THE CHARGE!!!

## California Democratic to the Back Bone!

The steamship Star of the West arrived at New York, on Saturday, bringing California papers of the 5th of September, and \$1,000,000 in gold.

The State Election took place on the 2d inst., and resulted in the triumphant choice of JOHN B. WELLES for Governor, and the whole Democratic State ticket by a majority, as it is estimated from present returns, of from 20 to 30,000!

over Edward Stanley, the Black Republican candidate, and a majority of several thousand over both him and the American candidate, Maj. Bowie. The "Republicans" are much chagrined at the result, as they fondly hoped that their candidate, by mounting the Settlers' platform and all the lies of the day, would have gained a decisive victory over the Democratic candidate.—One thing has been very definitely settled by the present election, viz: that Sectionalism cannot thrive in that State. The people of California have an abiding love for the Constitution and the Union, and are opposed to the agitation of Slavery, believing that it stirs up strife, produces alienation of feeling, and tends to weaken the bands which bind one portion of the Confederacy to the other.

The Democratic party boldly displayed on its flag the mottoes of popular sovereignty in the Territories, the justice of the decision in the Dred Scott case, the non-agitation of the subject of slavery, the importance of the Union, and the integrity of the Constitution. Col. WELLES, as the champion of the National Administration, took the field on these issues, and traversed the State, meeting his Black Republican opponent at every point—and has his reward in a triumphant election by a majority of from 20,000 to 30,000!

Charter Election.—BRIDGEPORT, CONN., Oct. 5.—The charter election held here to-day resulted in the election of the Democratic ticket over the Republican American ticket. P. C. Calhoun was elected mayor by 99 majority.

Mr. JOHN HOFFMAN has sold his Farm, 105 Acres, in Butler township, to FREDERICK WOLF, Esq., of Abbotstown, for \$35 per acre.

There is now in our office a Sweet Potato, of the Poplar-Root variety, two feet seven inches in length—grown upon the premises of Mr. George Weikert, in Cumberland township.

Mr. George Settle brought to our office, the other day, several very large Apples, one of them measuring fourteen and a quarter inches in circumference.

Dr. STEWART has declined the Opposition nomination for Coroner, and Dr. CARPENTER has been placed in his stead.

The Mineral Bank and the Cumberland Coal and Iron Company, at Cumberland, Md., have both made assignments.

It is said an attempt is to be made next winter to alter the State Constitution, so as to extend the right of suffrage to all colored men who are freeholders.

The town of Columbia, in California, has been almost entirely destroyed by fire, with a loss of about \$600,000.

The amount of wood used on the New York Central Railroad from Albany to Buffalo, is 1,000 cords per day, costing when ready for consumption \$40 per cord. The outlay for wood alone, is, therefore, \$1,250,000 a year!

## "THE BALL ROLLING."

Large and enthusiastic Democratic Meetings!

Democratic Meeting at Fairfield.—A large and spirited meeting of the Democracy of Hamilton took place at Fairfield on Monday evening. It was indeed a grand outpouring of her sterling sons.

The meeting was organized, on motion of James H. Marshall, Esq., as follows:

President, BARNEY BIGHAM.  
Vice Presidents, Isaac Robinson, Aaron Woodring, Wm. McClellan, Andrew Sanders, Robert McLaughlin, Enoch Kepner, Moses Seabrooks, Thomas A. Marshall, Peter Stoner, John Bennett, Geo. Watson, and Jesse P. Topper.

Secretaries, Zeph. H. Carley, Benjamin Reed, Lewis McLaughlin, Wm. Blonsaker, and James Bowling.

John S. Robinson, Esq., of McConnellsburg, who happened to be on a visit to Fairfield at the time, was called out, and responded in an able speech, which was of course well received.—Jesse D. Newnam next addressed the meeting, and was frequently applauded. H. J. Stable concluded, referring more particularly to county politics. When he began, with the Journal in his hand, to expose the votes of Mr. Musselman in the Legislature on the Repeal of the Tonnage Tax, and the Release of the Property of the Central Railroad Company from State Tax, there was considerable uneasiness exhibited by the friends of that gentleman on the outskirts of the crowd; and when the speaker referred to his votes to give the Sunbury and Erie Railroad Company the benefit of THREE MILLIONS of the State's money to bolster up its credit, they were fairly in a buzz. An effort was made to intimidate the speaker. But that wouldn't work.

Truth, like murder, WILL OUT! and if the truth in regard to Mr. Musselman's votes is not palatable to him or his friends, he has no one to blame for it but himself. He, as the Representative of Adams county, cast those denoucing votes,—there's no getting over that,—and he can never expect to escape the damaging responsibility so incurred. THE PROOF IS POSITIVE—and so the people at the meeting, of all parties, were several times informed, and contradicted in denial. They knew better. The thing couldn't have been done successfully!

The meeting adjourned at a late hour in excellent spirits, all resolved to do THEIR WHOLE DUTY AT THE POLLS.

Democratic Meeting at Hamletstown.—The meeting at Hamletstown on Tuesday evening was also of a most gratifying character. The turn-out was larger than usual on such occasions, and an earnest feeling in the "good old cause" was evinced. The meeting organized, at Jacob L. Grass, as follows:

President, Col. Jno. N. Gray.  
Vice Presidents, Plumming Gilliland, Col. James L. Neely, Capt. John Younts, Simon Melhorn, Philip Donohoe, Samuel Thomas, D. C. Hinkertoff, Jolus F. Felty, John G. Gilbert, Capt. P. J. Graft, Peter Epley, Jno. Taughlinbaugh, and George Grass.

Secretaries, Theodore Tanghinbaugh, Wm. B. Thomas, Peter Mackley, John Wortz, Walter T. Hoffman, Henry Decker, Edward Moritz, John G. Brinkhoff.

H. J. Stable, Dr. Goldsborough and Jesse D. Newnam made speeches, occupying several hours, when the meeting adjourned, with the determination to do no work, and achieve a glorious victory.

Democratic Meeting at Goodyear.—The meeting at Goodyear's, in Franklin township, on Wednesday evening, was also well attended, and the right spirit prevailed. The officers were:

President, JONN McCURRY.  
Vice Presidents, David Goodyear, Robert Bleakney, John A. Noel, John Oyster, and Peter Adams.  
Secretaries, Oliver P. Melhorn, John Hoffman, J. F. Warner, & Peter Dellone.

Hon. Wilson Reilly, of Chambersburg, was present, and made one of his characteristically powerful speeches. It was, of course, received with great satisfaction. H. J. Stable was next called out, and Jesse D. Newnam made the concluding speech. The meeting then adjourned, all present appreciating the importance of the contest, and determined to take an active hand in it.

Democratic Meeting in Freedom.—A meeting of the Democracy of Freedom township took place at Moritz's, on Thursday evening, and a really hard-fought turn-out was had. The following gentlemen were the officers:

President, DAVID RAODER.  
Vice Presidents, Jacob Brown, John R. Harrigan, George Doll, Archibald Currey, Daniel Hesson, Peter Cool, John Mooney, Michael McFadden, and Joseph Hoffman.

Secretaries, W. Ross White, Calvin P. Kriese, James Sanders, John Kempner, Joshua T. Brown.

The meeting was addressed for several hours by H. J. Stable and Jesse D. Newnam, when it adjourned in high hopes for the success of the State and County Tickets.

The Legislature convened in extra-session on Tuesday last, at the call of the Governor. On Wednesday, the Senate passed a bill to require a suspension of specie payments by the Banks on the first Monday of February next. The House passed a resolution directing the Banks to furnish a statement and detailed statement of their condition, which is considered as a step against liquidating the banks. It is very probable that the session will "spay" the banks, and that the result will be a re-organization of the banks.