

The Compiler.



H. J. STABLE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. GETTYSBURG, PA. Monday Morning, Aug. 24, 1857.

DEMOCRATIC STATE NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR, WILLIAM F. PACKER, of Lycoming; CANAL COMMISSIONER, NIMROD STRICKLAND, of Chester.

JUDGES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

WILLIAM STRONG, of Berks; JAMES THOMPSON, of Erie.

County Committee.

The members of the Democratic Executive Committee of Adams county are requested to meet at Wiltom's Hotel, in Gettysburg, on SATURDAY, THE 25TH OF SEPTEMBER.

Gen. W. F. PACKER, the Democratic candidate for Governor, will address the people of the Court-house in York this evening.

Col. JACOB M. KUNKLE, of Frederick, has been nominated as the Democratic candidate for Congress in the Frederick, Washington and Cumberland district, Md. He is a gentleman of sterling qualities, an eloquent orator, and a Democrat of the sternest kind.

HUGH STEWART, Esq., has been nominated for the Legislature by the Democracy of "old mother Cumberland."

Nominations.—The Democrats of York county have made the following nominations:

Assembly—William W. Wolf and A. Heston Glutz; commissioner—Daniel Meisenholter; auditor—Zachariah B. Heindel; director—Thomas G. Ross; sheriff—Samuel Forscht; coroner—David S. Puffer; treasurer—John Stoney; prothonotary—Dr. H. G. Bass; register—A. M. Hersh; clerk of the courts—John Reeser; recorder—George Wehrly.

A business letter from a friend at Peoria, Ill., dated August 16th, contains the following:

"Democracy all right here. We have had very wet weather for the last few weeks, but now pleasant. The corn crop looks fair for an abundant yield, and other grain is very good. The farmers are rushing their grain into market as fast as they can get it thrashed. Our streets are filled with wagons, which makes things look brisk."

A Close Shave.—It is still a matter of doubt who is elected Governor of Missouri. The St. Louis Republican of the 16th instant says that Rollins is 16 votes ahead in 110 counties, leaving six counties to be heard from. This is decidedly a very close shave.

St. Louis, August 19.—The latest advices, received to-day, are favorable to the Democrats, who are generally conceded to have elected their Governor.

Nothing has transpired in the world of politics since the election of Mr. Buchanan to the Presidency, which gives us as much gratification to record as the glorious victory over Know Nothingism achieved by the gallant son of Henry Clay. In a district, which, two years ago, gave a Know Nothing majority of SIXTEEN HUNDRED, and last fall gave Fillmore and Donelson six hundred over Buchanan and Beckwith, James B. Clay is triumphantly elected. Braving all the slander and vituperation heaped upon him by his unscrupulous political enemies—turning neither to the right nor to the left to regard the unmanly assaults of his persecutors—he has won a triumph which will give additional lustre to the sacred name of CLAY. Let all true friends of the Union and the Constitution rejoice that the dark shadow of Know Nothing Plag Uglyism is dispelled from the fields of Ashland.

The Alabama Legislature, just elected, is divided politically as follows: The Senate stands twenty-eight Democrats to five Know Nothings, and the House eighty-five Democrats to fifteen Know Nothings. Democratic majority on joint ballot, NINETY-THREE!

Three enterprising citizens of Harrisburg, Messrs. James Worrall, J. J. Dull and A. J. Jones, have purchased the old Franklin Railroad, and will relay it with heavy T rail.

The Farm Journal, of Philadelphia, has been discontinued, and the New York American Agriculturist will be sent to subscribers in its place. Messrs. Emley & Co. published a good Journal, and it is regretted that they did not meet sustaining patronage. We trust the American Agriculturist will be patronized and sustained.

S. D. ANDERSON, Esq., a political writer of much power, has become sole editor of the Philadelphia Pyle's Register.

State Politics.

Gen. W. F. Packe, the Democratic candidate for Governor, will shortly address the people at various points. He will appear before them under the most auspicious circumstances. Of every issue he will be impregnable. Beginning with the Federal Administration, he can point friend and foe to the general welcome that awaited its induction, and has accompanied its calm and constitutional progress. On the Kansas question he is armed with the results of experience. On State policy he can point to the banishment of a worthless paper currency as a triumph of Democratic statesmanship. On the Tariff question, he can refer to the settled and successful experiment of impartial and general legislation. These (very truly remarks The Press) are the substantial of the feast he will spread before his hearers. There will be none of the persiflage of a mere ranter in his speeches; none of the noise of an aspirant for public favor who has nothing to refer to but professions. We salute General Packe upon the easy triumph before him.

Gen. Packe Speaking to the People.—We perceive that some of our contemporaries are exercised because Gen. W. F. Packe, under the instructions of the Democratic State Committee, has conceived it to be his duty to decline the invitation of David Wilmot, the K. N. Republican candidate for Governor, to a public discussion. Some ridiculous contrasts have been drawn in consequence of Gen. Packe's declension. The mere fact that the Democratic candidate for Governor has not deemed it proper to meet his Republican opponent in joint discussion has suggested to certain objectors the example set by Governor Bigler in his memorable canvass of '51 and '54, and that of Governor Wise, of Virginia, in 1856. If these objectors will look carefully at the instances we have cited, they will find that in no one case has the proposition for a joint discussion been agreed upon by opposing candidates. Mr. Wise canvassed the State of Virginia alone, as did his opponent Mr. Flournoy. In 1856 the advocates of Republicanism took one range of counties and the advocates of Democracy another. But this is not all. Wherever opposing candidates travel and speak together, which is customary in some of the Southern States, personal collisions are almost certain to follow. In the very last contest in Tennessee, and in several of the districts in Kentucky, the most unhappy conflicts ensued on account of these joint meetings. General Packe, advised by the Democratic State Central Committee, has declined meeting an adversary beforehand. This is all he has done. Mr. Wilmot sought a joint meeting, with nothing to lose by it. He placed all his hopes upon the hazard of the die, and if defeated in the end, would not be more politically ruined than he was at the beginning. The Democratic candidate does not decline meeting the people face to face, everywhere and always. He simply abstains from giving his opponent an opportunity, which, while it could not serve any great public purpose, or advance any public good, might still further irritate the minds of the people on a question which, in the opinion of all honest men, was happily put at rest by the result of the late Presidential election.

We have already announced that Gen. Packe will appear before the people of the different counties of the State between now and the election, and will give all his opponents an opportunity of hearing what he has to say.

Can't Swallow Niggers Whole.—The Wilmington Herald, a staunch Republican paper in Illinois, which has swallowed all the other issues of the party without a bone sticking in the throat, has not the anaconda-like property of gulping down "nigger equality," though covered with the saliva of "brudery" feeling and mock philanthropy, previous to deglutition. The editor says: "Whenever negro suffrage becomes one of the planks of the Republican platform, we shall feel free to seek some other political organization, and we think we should find most of our Republican brethren in the same way."

Gross Malpractice.—A prosecution was some time ago instituted against the Commercial Bank of Philadelphia for charging a greater rate of interest than is permitted to do by its charter. But about the time the case was to be tried, Attorney General Franklin stepped in and entered a nolle prosequi—discontinued the suit! Banks are scarcely capable of a more injurious or villainous violation of law than that charged against this Bank, yet the Attorney General shields it from punishment while he admits its guilt, upon the ground that it has promised not to do so again—a promise any detected criminal would make to avoid punishment. Verily it is time to have a Democratic Governor.

The Philadelphia Sun is working itself into a perspiration! It says to the working men of the State, "if you love freedom and free labor, vote for Wilmot and wages; but if you think that slavery should be extended, and the laborer shorn of his hire, do not waste your vote on Hazlehurst, who cannot possibly be elected, but vote directly for Packe and no pay." We call that talk—enthusiastic and excitable, like the gentleman who headed a line of fire buckets, and as fast as they were passed to him he threw the buckets and all into the fire, crying all the while, "pass on the buckets!"

An elderly maiden lady requests of the Boston Post the insertion of the following:—"Bad taste—Prutty young girls kissing widowers' children." She suggests it would lead to kissing the fathers.

Local Matters.

Court Doings.—The Court attracted a goodly number of people to town. The session occupied but four days, adjourning on Thursday evening. The Associate Judges, however, held Court on Saturday, to attend to some licenses and fees.

Most of the civil cases were continued, and several on the criminal calendar settled without trial. The only case tried in the Common Pleas was the Quo Warranto inquiring into the legality of the last election for Managers of the Gettysburg Railroad Company. The case occupied a day and a half, when the jury, after being out a very short time, found that Messrs. Irwin and Taylor were entitled to 227 votes at the time of the election, and rendered a verdict for the Respondents—the present Board.

A motion for a new trial was filed by the Counsel of the Relators—to be argued at the next Orphan's Court.

IN QUARTER SESSIONS.

COM. vs. W. M. COE—Indictment for Larceny—verdict not guilty.

COM. vs. A. M. TOWNSEND—Indictment for Larceny—verdict Guilty, with a recommendation to the mercy of the Court. Sentenced to 30 days imprisonment.

GEORGE JACKSON plead guilty on an indictment for stealing a horse, the property of David Schultz, and was sentenced to 10 months' imprisonment in the Eastern Penitentiary.

MARIA DECKER plead guilty on an indictment for Fornication, and was sentenced to pay a fine of \$1 and costs.

JOSEPH MARTIN plead guilty to an indictment for selling Liquor without license, and was sentenced to pay a fine of \$10 and costs, and be imprisoned for 30 days.

Tavern License was granted to JACOB MARTIN, New Oxford.

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A New Band.

We understand, and it affords us pleasure to make the announcement, that a New Band is about being organized in this place. Gettysburg has heretofore boasted of its good Bands, and the one now "on the carpet" will doubtless prove itself. We wish it all success, and may have more to say of it hereafter. It will most probably be connected with the Independent Blues, after full organization.

We trust our Democratic friends everywhere will lend their local newspapers the most generous encouragement; they should all regard it as obligatory upon them not only to subscribe personally, but to use their influence to induce others to swell the list. Every Democratic newspaper circulated in its county, is a missionary going out to make converts to the true political faith. Where the Democratic press is best supported, there we always look for the largest Democratic majorities.—Penny-curler.

Black Republican Difficulty.

It appears that the Black Republican party in Mercer county have got into "a perfect mess." The party is split up and the editor of the Freeman is out against the ticket. He says that it was nominated through fraud. Now this is what every one outside of that party expected; for the party itself was started in fraud, and has sustained its original character "to perfection." The Senatorial Conference from Mercer, Venango and Lawrence, "after long and protracted labor," succeeded in nominating a Mr. Francis, of Lawrence, as a candidate for the Senate, and then repudiated him, it is believed, because he was born in a foreign country, and hence could not, with propriety, be supported by the Know Nothing wing of the party. He must certainly have an exalted opinion of his own civil and political position in society, if he will still cling to the party that will thus meanly repudiate him. But here again we see the glorious workings of that fusion compound, called a party. After the nomination was fairly made, an after thought came up—that it was not a judicious one, and there being no moral obligation in their own way, the Conference repudiated their own act, and we believe they are yet without a candidate.—Crawford Democrat.

Dreadful Steamboat Accident.

Traffic Men, Women and Children Drowned.—A collision took place at two o'clock on Saturday morning between the steamer Metropolis, Captain Brown, of the Fall River Line, and the propeller J. N. Harris, Captain Smith, on her way from New York to New London, Conn., which resulted in a sad loss of life. The Express, of Saturday afternoon, has the following account of the disaster: "When just off New Haven, about two o'clock this A. M., a vessel with one light was observed ahead, and under sail, crossing the steamer's bow. The pilot of the Metropolis supposed her to be a sailing vessel, as she showed but one light, which is the regulation for sailing vessels, steamers carrying two. When too near to prevent a collision it was found that the stranger was a steamer. The pilot of the Metropolis having steered his vessel as usual when meeting sailing vessels—in case of steamers the movements being different—it was too late to change the course after the observing of the fact that the strange vessel was a steamer. The engines of the Metropolis were immediately stopped, but before they could be reversed, and the vessel backed, she struck the other steamer on the port side, just forward of the cabin—the force of the blow being such as to cut the stranger in two, the heavy part of the vessel going down immediately, and the lighter portions of the wreck floating off. At this moment the scene was a most heart-rending one. Most of the passengers of the Metropolis were up, enjoying the fine moonlight scene, and many of them had watched, with terrible anxiety and apprehension, the anticipated collision, and when the collision seemed inevitable, the shrieks of the ladies on board, and the fright of all, appalled the stoutest heart. The shock of the Metropolis was so severe. A passenger on board—George Tappan, a crockery merchant of New Bedford—was so frightened that he was taken with a fit and died in it. His wife, in view of her bereavement, immediately went into hysterics, upon recovering from which she seemed to have lost all sense and realization of the death of her husband—her senses seemed to be gone, and no recollection of the death seemed to remain. The commiserating passengers did not dare to distress her by a reminder, and she remains unconscious this morning of Mr. Tappan's death. As soon as something like order was restored on board the Metropolis, the bodies were sent out, and immediately manned by the crew, and every possible exertion made to save the few who had escaped the wreck of the sunken vessel, and were hanging on the floating pieces of the wreck. By this means 10 men of the ill-fated vessel were saved—five passengers, the captain, two engineers, and two of the deck hands. Capt. Smith, when taken out of the water, immediately insisted on joining in the endeavor to rescue any others who might be floating on the pieces of the wreck, and continued with others in the search all night. But the above are all, out of twenty-five souls on board, that were saved.

Deaths at York, Pa.—Gen. Jacob Barnitz, an honored citizen of York, Pa., died on the 18th inst., aged nearly 70 years. Jonathan Jessup, Esq., another respected citizen of the same place, and a leading member of the Society of Friends, was found dead in his bed on the 18th inst., aged over 80 years.

The Nebraska Delegate.—Chapman, Dem., has been re-elected as delegate to Congress from Nebraska.

Beautiful Extracts from Wilmot's Letter.

For the education of our readers, we think we will give some choice extracts from Judge Wilmot's letter, according to the Know Nothing platform, together with such comments as may be necessary in the way of explanation. The malignant spirit finds vent for its phibianic impulses, in directing its vengeance upon the members of the Catholic Church. In speaking of the church itself, he says: "But that a Priestly Order, invested with the Latency with a mysterious sacerdotal character—with pretensions to extraordinary spiritual powers—bound together by strong ties, and acknowledging at their head a foreign potentate—that such an order should enter the field of politics, control our elections, and influence the policy of our government, is surely cause for alarm, and should awaken the zealous vigilance of the American people."

We would ask, when and where has "such an order" entered the field of politics, and as a body, sought to control our elections and rule the government? The history of our country answers, nowhere. They, as well as the notorious Wilmot, have a right to vote as they think best, so long as they keep within the bounds prescribed by law. And because they had sufficient common sense and patriotic feelings, to guide them aright in the selection of a party to which they would give their support, they must be censured and proscribed by the factious Wilmot. But the beauty of all this is the fact, that he charges as a crime upon the Catholics, a course of conduct which has ever characterized the Know Nothing party, into whose arms he has thrown himself with frantic despair. It was bound together, not only by the common ties of a society, but by the most infamous oaths.—It, to be sure, is not controlled by a foreign potentate—the Deed, for it has long since domesticated him, first in its public acts. His aim was the control of the entire government, and that too, by secret and fraudulent means. Yet with all its character open before him, Wilmot, in the hour of despair, as a last resort, leaps upon its platform and declares himself as good an American as any of its members.

We see the American people divided on a momentous issue. The principles of human freedom or bondage are brought in direct conflict. Man's inalienable right to life and liberty is denied. The doctrine is openly asserted by those who hold the government in their hands, that God created the mass of mankind to be slaves.

Here is Wilmot out in his true character. He is a great man and never deals in trifles. But he is really a dangerous man only among fanatics like himself, who will believe his horrible fabrications. He deals in such generalities and wholesale charges against the Democratic party, that no man, unless one after his own heart, will ever give the least credence to them. He knew when he was penning the last sentence of the preceding extract, that it was an unmitigated falsehood, manufactured deliberately from his own infamous brain, for the express purpose of crushing the Democratic party. And, although it falls harmless at their feet, it still shows no less of that fiendish inhumanity of purpose, which ever characterizes the murderer of the reputation as well as of the body. Who could ever feel safe with such a man at the head of the State government. Yet the people of Pennsylvania are called upon by the exercise of that power vested in them by the constitution and laws of the State, to place this wholesale defamer—this ranting hypocrite about Slavery and Catholicism—at the head of our government, to control its executive department and wield its powers for the accomplishment of his villainous purposes, as portrayed in the past history of his life, and especially in his recent letter to the Know Nothings. Will they, can they do it?

While on the other hand, the Democratic party have placed before the people a candidate every way worthy their support, for the chief office of the State. His long political career in the State has made him perfectly familiar with its entire operations. He is clothed with the wisdom of experience, guided by an enlightened judgment and actuated by the best and purest motives. He does not have to wander off to Kansas for material to place himself in power. He takes his stand upon the broad platform of State Rights, points to the vital interests of our own State, as worthy of our first attention, and under the strong pledges to strictly guard with watchful diligence, her every interest, asks the support of his fellow citizens. And he will receive it most cheerfully.

Holloway's Pills.—Armed with this great antidote the traveler is prepared to encounter all varieties of climate, for he has the means of expelling nearly every species of internal disease. The endemic of the alluvial districts of the West and the miasmatic swamps of the South, and the epidemics which at particular seasons decimate the population of our crowded cities, are susceptible of being controlled by the purifying, disintegrating action of the pills upon the animal fluids; while external diseases and injuries are rapidly and thoroughly cured by the anti-inflammatory and healing agency of the ointment.

Market Reports.—Compiled from the latest Baltimore, York & Lancaster papers.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes Flour, Wheat, Rye, Oats, Beef Cattle, Hogs, Hay, Whiskey, Guano, Peruvian, etc.

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From the Crawford Democrat.

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PUBLIC SALE.

In pursuance of an Order of the Orphan's Court of Adams county, the undersigned, Administrators of the estate of EMANUEL CURTIS, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on Friday, the 25th day of September next, the following property of said deceased, viz: A LOT OF GROUND, situate in Reading township, Adams county, on the road leading from Reading to near Berlin, adjoining lands of Joseph Shaefer, Thaddeus Cronister and Adam Miller, containing 64 Acres, more or less. The land is cleared, and in an excellent state of cultivation.

ALSO, A LOT OF GROUND, near the above, on the same road, containing 1 Acre, more or less—a small portion Timber. Persons wishing to view the lots are requested to call on the undersigned, residing in Hampton.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by HENRY A. PICKING, Adm'r. By the Court—J. J. Baldwin, Clerk. Aug. 24, 1857. ts

PUBLIC SALE.

In pursuance of an Order of the Orphan's Court of Adams county, the undersigned, Administrators of the estate of MARY SHAW, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, on Friday, the 25th day of September next, the following property of said deceased, viz: A LOT OF GROUND, situate in the town of Hampton, Adams county, adjoining property of Lucy Overholser and Jacob Deardoff, having thereon a two-story Frame Weatherboarded HOUSE, Stable, Fruit Trees, &c.

ALSO, A LOT OF GROUND, adjoining the above, with fruit trees thereon. Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call upon the undersigned, residing in Hampton.

Sale to commence at 12 o'clock, M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by JACOB AUBAUBOH, Adm'r. By the Court—J. J. Baldwin, Clerk. Aug. 24, 1857. ts

A DESIRABLE FARM AT Public Sale.

THE Subscriber, wishing to retire, will offer at Public Sale, on Saturday, the 12th day of September next, on the premises, his FARM, situate in Mountpleasant township, Adams county, within half a mile of the Gettysburg Railroad, adjoining lands of John Gashman, John Shetter and others, containing 92 Acres, more or less. About 20 acres are first rate Timberland, with a good proportion of Meadow. The improvements consist of a one-and-a-half-story Dwelling, a SHED, Log and Frame Barn, Hayrack, Shed, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, Spring House, with a never-failing well, a young Apple Orchard, and other fruit trees. The land is under good cultivation, with good fencing, wells water in nearly all the fields.

Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call upon the undersigned, residing thereon.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by W. M. A. REEVES. Aug. 24, 1857. ts

Private Sale.

THE subscriber wishes to sell his FARM at Private Sale, situate near Cashon, Franklin township, Adams county, containing 75 ACRES and some Pines, adjoining lands of Peter Moyer, Peter Muckley, Daniel Huges, and others, having a large proportion of Meadow and some fine Timber. The improvements consist of a good two-story LOG HOUSE, a double Log Barn, with Sheds and Corn Crib, a never-failing well, with a pump, near the house; also, a good Apple Orchard, with other fruit trees. The land is a good quarry of Limestone, on the farm.

Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call upon the subscriber, residing near the property.

Also, A Tract of Mountain Land, containing 22 Acres and 20 Acres of Patent Land, situate about 2 1/2 miles north of the farm, on the new road leading to the Chapel, adjoining lands of Andrew Wisler, Robert Saxeley and others. FREDERICK STOVER. Aug. 24, 1857. ts

Administrators' Notice.

SARAH DEARDORFF'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Sarah Deardorff, late of Straban twp., Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Franklin township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement. FREDERICK DIEHL, Adm'r. Aug. 24, 1857. Gt

Teachers Wanted.

THE School Directors of Butler township will meet at the school-house, in Middle-town, on Wednesday, the 9th day of September next, for the purpose of employing Teachers for the Winter term. The County Superintendent will be present to examine Teachers. F. W. KNOUSS, Sec'y. Aug. 24, 1857. td

Teachers Wanted.

A MEETING of the School Directors of Oxford District will be held at the Public School-house in New Oxford, on Saturday, the 12th of September next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., to receive applications for Teachers of the Public Schools of the District. By order of the Board, J. B. BERSA, Sec'y. Aug. 24, 1857. td

PROTHONOTARY.

THE Voters of Adams county—This notice is designed to solicit the nomination of numerous friends offers himself as a