From the Reading Gazette.

A Recreant "Pennsylvanian."

One of the coolest pieces of presumption that has ever come under our notice, was the attempt of *The Pennsylvanian*, on Monday last, in a labored article, distinguished principally for its effrontery, to intimidate the Delegates to the State Convention which met the next day, from expressing any opinion upon the bill for the sale of the Main Line of the Public Works, which passed the last Legislature. Singularly enough, *The Pennsylvanian* is the only one of all the recognized Democratic presses of the State, that has undertaken to defend and justify the passage of that bill—a bill which some of the purest and best men in the Commonwealth have condemned as the most infamous that has ever disgraced the legislation of Pennsylvania. To sustain its equivocal position, in the face of an opposition which embraces almost the entire Democratic party of the State, this paper now assumes a tone of bold dictation, and endeavors, by threats and denunciations, and—worse than all—hollow appeals for the peace and harmony of the party, to suppress the voice of just indignation which is coming up from the people against a measure so utterly inimical to their rights and interests.

It has been truly said that "comparisons are odious." And when *The Pennsylvanian* undertakes to deride the thirteen Senators, with the venerable WILLIAM WILKINS at their head, who made a formal protest against the passage of the bill it has taken into its special keeping, and the forty members of the House who protested against it, by their votes at every stage of its progress through that body—we say, when *The Pennsylvanian* attempts to hold up to public derision these men—comprising over three-fourths of the Democrats in the Legislature—by stigmatizing them as "shallow intellects," "ignorant of the true principles of government," "would-be statesmen," "brawlers who mistake sound for sense," "senseless agitators," and by other epithets equally offensive, the readers of the paper will be very apt to draw a comparison between the persons thus scoffed at, and the gentleman whose name appears at its head, which will be odious indeed—but not to those upon whom *it* would cast odium.

When *The Pennsylvanian*—presuming upon the desire entertained, probably, by a large majority of the people, that the State should dispose of her public Improvements—took its position as the special champion of the iniquitous bill which proposes virtually to *give away* the most valuable portion of those improvements, it calculated too largely upon the ignorance and credulity of that same people. They have intelligence enough to form a correct judgment upon all public measures—whatever some of their would-be leaders may think—and they are shrewd enough to see at a glance the wide difference between a sale of the State Works upon such terms as will secure to the Commonwealth a fair equivalent, and a sale which inures entirely to the benefit of the purchaser. No one who impartially examines the Act to which we refer, and observes the ingenuity with which it is drawn, in all its details—and at the same time particularly notices the great length of time which the purchaser is allowed for making payment, and the entire exemption from every species of taxation guaranteed to the Mammoth Corporation which alone can buy—will fail to perceive that its provisions are in total disregard of the interests which the Commonwealth—and through her, every tax-payer—has in the matter, and which, upon every principle of honesty and justice, were entitled to protection. How a newspaper professing to be governed by *Democratic* sentiments, can, with any show of consistency, justify a law which gives a wealthy Corporation, the majority of whose stockholders are not citizens of this State, and whose profits now exceed twelve per cent. upon its capital, a total release, for all time to come, from the payment of a single mill of tax toward the support of the Government from which it derived its very existence; while at the same time the poorest citizen who owns a cow or a pig, or a little lot of ground upon which to build him an humble home, is subject to life-long taxation—how any Democratic newspaper can, in view of such a glaring contrast, become the advocate of the Act which makes it, is more than *we* are able to understand.

The character of any measure of legislation may always be correctly ascertained, by the means which are used to procure it. Corrupt as the people's representatives are, by many, supposed to be, we say, with a perfect knowledge of the fact, that no bill whatever, if it be honest in itself, and desirable in its tendency, needs the aid of hired borers, or the influence of bribes, to pass it. That both these appliances were freely used in behalf of the bill for the sale of the Main Line, no one who was in Harrisburg at any time during its pendency, and observed what was going on around him, can doubt. That it ever would have passed without them, no one believes. Not that all who voted for it, did so through corrupt persuasions. On the contrary, there were members of the opposite party, who viewing things through the distorted medium of political prejudice, had brought themselves to believe that the State would be benefited by a free gift of her canals and railroads to any Company that offered to take them.—These men acted from honest, though mistaken, motives. But that money, corruptly used by paid agents of *somebody*, or scrupulous speculators on their own account, was the prevailing influence in favor of this bill, the true history of the transaction would abundantly show. That Democratic editor who undertakes to defend it, or to justify the votes of the Democrats who supported it, runs the risk of exposing himself to the suspicion of having yielded to the same temptation which beset the Capitol.

Deficit in the State Treasury of Ohio.—COLUMBUS, June 15.—W. H. Gibson, State Treasurer, has resigned, a deficit of over half a million dollars having been discovered in the treasury. Mr. Gibson says the deficit existed when he took the office, caused by defalcations of the former State Treasurer. The Governor has appointed a committee of investigation. The July interest on the State debt will be paid notwithstanding the deficit.

☞ Friday last was the anniversary of the declaration of war in 1812.

From the Lancaster Inland Times of Thursday

A Man Poisoned by his Wife at Marietta.

Yesterday afternoon, a young mulatto woman named Mary Jane Sebastian, was brought to Lancaster from Marietta, charged with poisoning her husband, Henry Myers Sebastian. She was arrested on Monday afternoon, by William Yates, constable of Marietta, and brought before Squire Rhodes, of that place. From her own testimony, it appears that, being charged by Peter George Sebastian and John Anderson, with having poisoned her husband, she said she was instigated to do it by a man named Jeremiah Johnson, who said to her that she should give him a sly dose to get him out of the road. For saying this, Jerry was arrested, but the woman being asked whether he was in earnest or not when he said it, answered that she did not know, and the Squire, thinking that there was not sufficient grounds to detain him, discharged him. The husband died on Saturday morning last and on the Monday following his wife was arrested.

She is quite young, only seventeen years of age, and of prepossessing appearance, and does not look as if she was capable of committing so dire and awful a crime as that which she is charged with. What interest Johnson could have in instigating her, as she says he did, to commit this awful crime, we cannot see; if his motives are purely selfish, then he is really worse than she, and should suffer the penalty of the law. But the details, which will in time appear, will show which of the two is most to blame.

Death of an Actor.—Mr. David P. Bowers, an actor of some merit, died very suddenly at his residence in Philadelphia, last Saturday morning week, of disease of the heart. Mr. Bowers and his talented wife had just completed arrangements for a professional visit to Europe, and the night before, Mrs. Bowers performed to a crowded audience at the Arch Street Theatre—that time having been set apart for her farewell benefit. At the close of the performance, she delivered an appropriate address; and after returning home, was met by a number of her friends, who presented her with a beautiful set of jewels, worth $700. But the joy of the accomplished actress at this highly gratifying termination of her engagement, was destined to be of short duration. At midnight, while dreaming, probably, of the plaudits and gifts she had won from admiring friends, she was awakened by the deathly illness of her husband, and fled in terror to summon a physician to his bedside. His disease, however, proved beyond human aid, and at 8 o'clock next morning, he was a corpse. Mr. Bowers was a native of Philadelphia, and was in the 34th year of his age. Mrs. Bowers has many friends, who have a high appreciation of her professional ability, and who deeply sympathize with her in the affliction which has so inopportunely cast a dark cloud over her life.

A Love Affair.—Suicide and Another Death.—The Rochester (N. Y.) papers give accounts of two remarkable suicides, one growing out of the other. On Tuesday last a young man named Theodore M. Ganz, disappointed in love, wrote certain frantic letters to his friends, and then went out to the railroad, laid his head deliberately down on the track, as the express train approached, and was instantly crushed into a jelly.—A day or two afterwards Miss Maria Roho, the young lady who jilted Ganz, fell ill of anguish on hearing of her lover's dreadful death, and such was her mental suffering that physicians who were called to attend her considered her case beyond their power, and she continued to approach the crisis of her disease very rapidly.—On Thursday night her grief was violent, and she continually accused herself of being the murderer of Ganz, or asked if it was true that she had caused his death. Finally death came to her relief on Thursday night.

Death from Eating Apple-Butter.—Some weeks ago we stated that a family had purchased apple-butter at market, and after having partaken thereof became sick. Since then three or four of the family have suffered much pain, attended with frequent moaning. Last Sunday death relieved one of the boys, John Shiding, from his sufferings. He was in his seventh year. The mother and one or two children are still prostrated and in a critical condition from the effects produced by this copperas apple-butter, which was boiled in a copper-kettle, and left in it till cold. They are reduced to a skeleton-like appearance, moan from pain frequently, and will hardly survive.—*York Republican.*

☞ The Louisville *Democrat* says that a negro man at Cedar Branch, some eight miles below Leavenworth, on the Ohio, while out in a skiff the other day, discovered what he supposed was a barrel of beef floating in the river. He pulled his skiff to the prize and towed it ashore, when becoming impatient to inspect his prize, he knocked the one head of the barrel in with his oar, which revealed a sight that made him recoil with horror. The cask contained the body of a man with his head cleft in two from the crown to the neck. The body was stark naked, and had evidently been thus entombed but a few days.

Another Fugitive Slave Excitement in Ohio—A Deputy Marshal Stabbed and Negro Shot.—CINCINNATI, June 13.—This morning, as four United States Deputy Marshals were arresting a fugitive slave and his wife, the slave stabbed Mr. J. C. Elliott, one of the Deputies, with a long sword knife; upon which another Deputy Marshal shot the slave in the abdomen four times. The negroes were then taken into custody.—The Marshal's wound is of a dangerous character. The negro's is thought to be mortal. The affray occurred in a room on vine street, near the post-office, were the negroes were secreted.

Cattle Coming.—A large and valuable consignment of cattle from England is on its way to this country in the ship Georgia, Capt. Macloon. The stock consists of 32 head of short-horned cattle, 3 valuable horses, 25 sheep and 25 pigs. The animals are all of the choicest breeds, and have been selected regardless of expense, in England, Ireland and Scotland. They are to be distributed exclusively in the State of Illinois, with a view to the improvement of the breeds in that State. The shipment is said to be the most valuable ever sent to this country.

The Last Sad Honors.

On the 2d inst., the friends and followers of the late lamented Samuel held a meeting to set up with the defunct, to comfort one another, and to administer on his chattels, he having died without a will, save the universal will of the public. It has ever been the custom among all nations to pay honors to their distinguished dead, and the place selected for this ceremony was peculiarly appropriate,—Louisville having been the first city where his disciples practiced their cherished principle of "Americans ruling America" by torch and by sword, by fire and flood, in calling forth as witnesses to Heaven the cry of the fatherless and the tears of the widow. Yes, Louisville was a fitting place for the celebration; but there is one still more appropriate. There, the honor and the feeling of the gallant state of Kentucky is against it as a City of Blood; here Plug Uglyism finds apologists and defenders in men high in accidental place, or adventitious respectability.

We suggest, as a proper receptacle of the remains, the Eighteenth Ward of Baltimore, where that hapless adventurer may sleep, securely guarded by the Billies, Bowie Knives and Revolvers of his chosen Plugs, until the Penitentiary thins their ranks, or the gallows breaks their organization.—*Frederick Union.*

☞ A distinguished clergyman of the New School Presbyterian Church, says the Journal of Commerce, is about to publish a work that will create a sensation among the clerical profession. It relates to the question of slavery, more especially as connected with the pulpit, and with domestic missions. The author is a native of the South, and for a number of years has resided at the North, as pastor of a Congregational church in New England. It will make a volume, of about 300 pages. Rev. Dr. Stiles, now of New Haven, is the author.

☞ *The Big Safe*, measuring 5½ feet high, by 4½ feet wide, and weighing 4,300 pounds, has been attracting much attention at the office of the FARMER'S AND MECHANIC'S SAVING'S INSTITUTION, in S. W. corner of the public square. Everybody nearly in town has been to see it. Our friends from the country have been and are still dropping in, to see this, *the largest Safe ever brought into the county.*

This Safe furnishes another ground for confidence to depositors. The *security* for the deposits they make is of the same character, and as extensive as those afforded by a bank to its depositors, the stockholders in the one and the other being in the same manner liable. The safe keeping of the monies and the security to depositors thus afford a *double safeguard* to those thinking of depositing their monies *where, instead of lying idle, they will produce interest—in the Saving's Institution.*

☞ *Holloway's Pills* produce a most surprising change in cases of general debility.—The broken down invalid, whose flaccid muscles and relaxed nervous system have scarcely sufficient vitality to sustain his emaciated form in an erect position, is soon renovated and braced to the invigorating effect of this priceless remedy, and his whole frame is reanimated and filled with energy. His spirits resume their buoyancy, and he feels like a new man. Such is the experience of thousands. Longevity depends in a great measure upon the regular and healthy action of the organs of digestion and excretion, and upon these organs Holloway's Pills operate irresistibly.

☞ Do any of our high livers ever eat too much dinner? If any of our readers have cooks who tempt their appetite a little too far, I will tell a secret that will lead them to the enjoyment of their dinners without a visit from that gouty old gentleman—Dyspepsia. *Take a dose of Dr. Sanford's Invigorator after eating, and you will never be troubled with indigestion*, but on the contrary, before the next meal time approaches the appetite will be sharpened to appreciate any kind of food. If the food rises or sours, the Invigorator will fix the matter right at once, for there is something in it that, to use the expression of a friend, will let a man eat gravel stones and take the invigorator and they will digest.—We have tried it in double doses, on one or two occasions, for sick headache, and it acts like a charm.

What we want to say to our readers, young or old, is, if any thing ails you, go without delay and get a bottle of Dr. Sanford's Invigorator, and if it don't cure some and tell us, for we want to see one person that it will not benefit.

☞ A. H. Buehler, Agent for Gettysburg; Wm. Berlin, Hanover; and Charles R. Henry, Abbottstown. May 18.

☞ *Wood's Restoratives.*—Of all the restoratives for the hair that have been invented, Wood's are eminently claims the first place. It will certainly restore the natural color of the hair, if the directions are followed for a sufficient length of time. It also has produced astonishing effects in bringing out a growth of hair where the head had been previously bald. Wood does not pretend that it will do this in all cases; and we think his candor is a good recommendation of the virtues which his restoratives readily possesses. If the roots of the hair are destroyed, no human power can make them grow again; but where there is any vitality left in the root, the restorative will soon renew the hair in all its pristine vigor. It has done this repeatedly where all other remedies had failed. It is therefore worth while in all cases to make the experiment. For cleaning the head of dandruff, and thickening and strengthening the hair, it has no rival.—*Western Patriot.*

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. June 15. 2w

Shakspearian.—

"We beseech you to remain
Here in the cheer and comfort of our eye—
Our chiefest courtier, cousin, and our son."

Thus said the uncle of his nephew on a certain occasion, and we can also fancy we hear young Hamlet reply: "Ay, good my lord; but here I cannot stay unless I wore such seemly garb as those obtained at the great Clothing Hall of Rockhill & Wilson, Nos. 603 and 605 (new style) Chesnut street, above Sixth, Philadelphia."

Market Reports.

Corrected from the latest Baltimore, York & Hanover papers.

Baltimore—Friday last.		
Flour, per barrel,	$7 00 @	7 06
Wheat, per bushel,	1 70 @	1 95
Rye, "	80 @	1 10
Corn, "	86 @	88
Oats, "	58 @	64
Beef Cattle, per cwt.,	9 50 @	12 00
Hogs,	8 50 @	9 25
Hay, per ton,	20 00 @	23 00
Whiskey, per gallon,	32 @	33
Guano, Peruvian, per ton,		62 00
Hanover—Thursday last.		
Flour, per bbl., from wagon,		$6 62
Do. " from stores,		7 50
Wheat, per bushel,	1 60 @	1 75
Rye, "		95
Corn, "		75
Oats, "		55
Cloverseed, "		6 00
Timothy, "		2 50
Plaster, per ton,		6 50
York—Friday last.		
Flour, per bbl., from wagons,		$6 25
Do., " from stores,		7 50
Wheat, per bushel,	1 65 @	1 75
Rye, "		1 00
Corn, "		75
Oats, "		53
Cloverseed, "		6 50
Timothy, "		3 00
Plaster, per ton,		6 50

A Painful Bereavement.—We have already recorded the death of seven children of the Rev. B. Hutchins, of Albion, *Illinois*, formerly of York, Pa. The Grayville Herald contains an obituary of the eighth, a daughter seven years old. Within a few weeks the parents have buried eight out of nine, all from scarlet fever.

Wrought Iron Cars.—There is now nearly completed in Patterson, N. J., a first class passenger car, a little larger than the ordinary size, constructed almost entirely of wrought iron.—This material is employed to obtain greater strength, with less weight than usual, and to avoid the injuries to passengers due to the destruction of ordinary cars in any kind of a smash.

☞ At New Orleans, on the 9th inst., the thermometer stood at 92 in the shade.

Marriages.

On the 31st ult., by the Rev. Mr. Bowen, Mr. JOHN BLACK to Miss NANCY HOSSLER—both of Cumberland township.

On the 16th inst., by the Rev. C. Hoffheins, Mr. MICHAEL A. SLAGLE, of the vicinity of New Oxford, to Miss BELINDA C. FIESER, second daughter of George Fieser, Esq., of Adams county, Pa.

Deaths.

On the 9th inst., in Adams county, Mrs. CATHARINE OASTER, wife of Mr. George Oaster, aged 25 years 5 months and 27 days.

On the 13th inst., in Adams county, ELIZA ANN, daughter of Mr. Emanuel Wildesin, aged 2 years 7 months and 4 days.

Gettysburg Beneficial Association.

MEMBERS of the Gettysburg Beneficial Association, residing within four miles of the Borough of Gettysburg, are hereby notified, that at the last meeting of the Association, an amendment to the By-Laws was adopted, confining the visits of the Stewards to the limits of the Borough. *All* members beyond those limits, therefore, will have to comply with the provisions on page 19 of the By-Laws, in their applications for the benefits of the Association—which are as follows:

"Any member residing out of the limits of the Stewards, requiring assistance, shall make written application for relief, to the President of the Association, which shall be accompanied with a certificate from a respectable practicing Physician, stating the nature of applicant's disease, and his present inability to attend to business; and where the applicant resides out of the county of Adams, the said certificate shall be attested by a Magistrate, who shall certify that the Physician is a respectable practitioner of Medicine; and, at the end of every week, the certificate or certificates shall be renewed in manner as above mentioned, except as respects the certificate of the Magistrate; and no renewed certificate or certificates shall be withheld from the Association for a longer period than six weeks from their date, or, if so withheld, shall be void and of none effect—and no benefit shall commence prior to the date of such written application."

H. G. HARPER, *Sec'y.* H. J. STAHLE, *Pres't.*
June 22, 1857.

Mount St. Mary's College,
EMMITSBURG.

THE Corner Stone of the new Church, building at Mount St. Mary's College, will be laid and blessed with the Ceremonies of the Catholic Ritual, at 3 o'clock, P. M., on the 23d inst., the eve of the College Commencement. Archbishop PERCELL, of Cincinnati, is to preach on the occasion, and a collection will be taken up to aid in the erection of the Church. Archbishop HUGHES, of New York, and many other distinguished alumni of "*the Mountain*," lay and clerical, are expected to be present.

"OAKRIDGE."

MRS. E. F. SHULTZ, at that delightful place, "Oakridge," a few minutes walk from the town of Gettysburg, Pa., will take fifteen or eighteen City Boarders during the ensuing summer. The location is one of the most healthful in the country; and affords a delightful view of the town and surrounding country. There is a grove of majestic oaks immediately in the rear of the buildings. Her terms will be moderate, and with obliging and attentive servants, she hopes to render her guests comfortable. For terms, address
MRS. E. F. SHULTZ,
June 15, 1857. 3t *Gettysburg, Pa.*

Carriages, Buggies, &c.
GOOD AND CHEAP!

THE undersigned would inform his friends and the public generally, that he continues the CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS, in all its branches, at his establishment, in East Middle Street, (near the east end,) Gettysburg, Pa., where he has on hand a first-rate lot of work, and is prepared to put up to order whatever may be desired in his line, viz:—Rockaway and Boat-Body *Carriages; Falling-Top, Rockaway & Trotting Buggies, Jersey Wagons, &c.*

With good workmen and good materials, he can pledge his work to be of the best quality—and his prices are among the lowest.

☞ Repairing done at short notice, and at reasonable rates. Country produce taked in exchange for work. Call!
JACOB TROXEL.
June 15, 1857.

TO BUILDERS.

PROPOSALS will be received by the School Directors of Hamiltonban township, until *the 4th day of July*, for the erection of a BRICK SCHOOL HOUSE, in the town of Fairfield, the building to be 50 by 35 feet. Plan and specifications can be seen at the store of Paxton & Blythe.
By order of the Board,
D. B. BLYTHE, *Secretary.*
Fairfield, Pa., June 15, 1857.

MEN'S and Boys' SUMMER HATS of all kinds, to wit:—Straw, Chip, Braid, Panama, Otter Skin, Fur and Wool at all prices, according to quality, at
May 18. COBEAN & PAXTON'S.

CANDLES AT 16 CENTS.—A first rate article of Mould Candles can be find, at 16 cents per pound, at NORBECK'S, Kerr's old corner.

MEN'S and Boys' Boots, Shoes, Gaiters and Slippers, of all kinds, and at all prices, as cheap as the cheapest, at
COBEAN & PAXTON'S.

MISSES' and Children's Flats of all kinds, and at very low prices at
COBEAN & PAXTON'S.

KEEP DRY.—A fine assortment of UMBRELLAS just received and for sale cheap at *Bringman & Aughinbaugh's.*

FLOUR, CORN & OATS bought at all times by J. NORBECK, corner of Baltimore and High streets.

2,000 PIECES OF WALL PAPER just received and for sale at
COBEAN & PAXTON'S.

BONNETS, Ribbons and Flowers, in large assortment, at SCHICK'S.

SHERIFFALTY.

FELLOW-CITIZENS of Adams county:—I offer myself as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF at the October election, (subject to the Democratic nomination.) If I should be so lucky as to be nominated and be elected, I shall pledge myself to discharge the duties of said office with sobriety and fidelity.
SAMUEL SPANGLER.
Mountpleasant tp., April 20, 1857.

SHERIFFALTY.

TO the Voters of Adams county: Encouraged by numerous friends, I offer myself as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF at the next election, (subject to the American Republican County Convention.) Should I be elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office with promptness and fidelity.
ISAAC LEEPER.
Cumberland twp., April 13, 1857.

SHERIFFALTY.

TO the Voters of Adams county:—Encouraged by numerous friends, I offer myself as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF at the next election, (subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.) Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office with promptness and fidelity.
ISAAC LIGHTNER.
Mountjoy tp., April 6, 1857.

PROTHONOTARY.

WE are authorized to announce that Dr. C. E. GOLDSBOROUGH, of Hunterstown, will be a candidate for the office of Prothonotary—subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention—at the ensuing election.
June 15, 1857.

REGISTER & RECORDER.

TO the Voters of Adams County.—Fellow citizens: Being encouraged by numerous friends, I offer myself to your consideration as a candidate for the office of Register and Recorder at the next election, (subject to the action of the Democratic County Convention.) And should I receive the nomination and be elected, I shall duly appreciate your confidence, and promise to discharge the duties of the office promptly and with fidelity.
Your obedient servant.
ZACHARIAH MYERS.
Tyrone tp., April 27, 1857.

REGISTER & RECORDER.

TO the Independent Voters of Adams co.—Fellow Citizens:—The undersigned offers himself to your consideration as a candidate for the office of Register and Recorder of Adams county, (subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention,) and respectfully solicits your support and suffrages. Should I be nominated and elected, my endeavours shall be to discharge the duties of the office with fidelity and impartiality.
JOHN L. GUBERNATOR.
Conowago tp., April 27, 1857.

REGISTER & RECORDER.

TO the Voters of Adams county:—At the solicitation of numerous friends, I offer myself as a candidate for the office of Register & Recorder, at the next election, (subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.) Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability.
WM. OVERDEER.
Bendersville, June 8, 1857.

TO THE FARMERS!

Manny's Combined Reaping and Mowing Machine,
WITH
WOOD'S IMPROVEMENT.

THE undersigned, having been appointed Agent for the sale of Manny's Combined Reaping and Mowing Machine with Wood's Improvement, for Adams county, offers them to the public, believing them to be the best combined machines in use. They have been successfully introduced into different parts of our State and have rendered general satisfaction. It received a silver medal at the State Fair last fall; also drew the first premiums at York, Cumberland, Centre, Huntingdon, &c., counties, where it was exhibited. Farmers needing a Reaping and Mowing Machine will please call upon the undersigned before purchasing, as he always takes great pleasure in exhibiting these Machines. He has one set up at Tate's Hotel, where it can be seen.—Early orders are solicited as the number received from the manufacturer will be in proportion to the demand.
SAMUEL HERBST,
Chambersburg st., Gettysburg.
April 27, 1857. 3m

N. B.—There are no Reaping and Mowing Machines manufactured in the United States having upon them Wood's Improvements except those manufactured at Hoosick Falls, N. Y. Parties manufacturing Reaping and Mowing Machines are cautioned against using Wood's Improvements, and are hereby notified that payment will be exacted to the full extent for the use made of them.
H. K. PARSONS, *Agent.*

THE FARMERS' & MECHANICS'

Savings Institution of Adams Co.

THIS Institution receives deposites for which it pays interest as follows:

For over 10 months, 4 per cent. per annum. For 3 and not over 10 months, 3 per cent. per annum. For transient deposites, not less than 30 days, 2 per cent. per annum, payable on demand without notice.

A joint fund (capital) of $10,000 has been paid in.

For loans apply on Wednesday.

Sums received on deposite as low as a dime. Interest to be allowed whenever the deposites amount to $5,00, and on each additional $5,00 and upwards.

Office in South West Corner of Public Square, next to George Arnold's store. Open daily from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M., and for receiving deposites every Saturday, from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

President,
GEORGE THRONE.
Treasurer & Secretary,
GEORGE ARNOLD.
Directors.

John Brough,	John Horner,
Samuel Durborow,	George Arnold,
A. Heintzelman,	Jacob Musselman,
D. McCreary,	D. McConaughy,
William Culp,	John Mickley,
Robert Horner,	John Throne.

April 6, 1857.

DESIRABLE FARM,

At Private Sale.

THE Subscriber, intending to remove, offers at Private Sale, HIS FARM, situate in Cumberland township, Adams county, near Marsh Creek, adjoining lands of Samuel Cobean, Wm. Douglass, heirs of George Toot, deceased, and others, containing 156 ACRES, neat measure, with large proportions of first-rate Woodland and Meadow. The Farm is well watered, under good fencing and good cultivation. The improvements are a Two-story

LOG HOUSE,

A Large Stone Barn, Corn Crib, Wagon Shed, Carriage House, Smoke House, and other necessary out-buildings; a never-failing well of excellent water; an Apple Orchard, with a variety of other Fruit Trees.

☞ Persons wishing to view the premises, are requested to call upon the subscriber, residing thereon. PHILIP REDING.
May 18, 1857.

SALT.—A large lot of Salt on hand at NORBECK'S. Having been purchased at a cheap rate, it will be sold lower than at any other Store in the county. $1.75 per sack, and warranted to be a superior article.

FLOUR & FEED always on hand at NORBECK'S.

DON'T FORGET to call at SCHICK'S, all ye who wish to purchase choice articles of Perfumery, Hair Brushes, Soaps, and everything else in that line.

To Those Who Want Farms.
A FARM WITHIN THE REACH OF EVERY MAN.

THE RIDGWAY FARM COMPANY has made arrangements by which all who desire to settle or purchase a home can do so.

The Farms consist of the best limestone soil of the most superior quality for farming, in a rapidly improving place, into which an extensive emigration is now pouring. The property is located in Elk county, Pennsylvania, in the midst of a thriving population of some 10,000. The climate is perfectly healthy, and the terrible plague of the western fever is unknown. It also has an abundance of the best quality of Coal and Iron. The price to buy it out is from $3 to $20 per acre, payable by instalments, to be located at the time of purchasing, or a share of 25 acres entitling to locate the same for $300, payable $6 per month, or 12½ acres payable $4 per month. Discount—for every sum of $100 and under, paid in advance, a discount of 5 per cent. will be allowed, and for over $100 a discount of 10 per cent.

In considering the advantages of emigrating to this locality the following are presented:

First—The soil is a rich limestone, capable of raising the heaviest crops, owing to which this settlement has attained its present great prosperity.

Second—It is the centre of the great North West Coal Basin, and is destined soon to become one of the greatest business places in the State. It will supply the great Lake market, (according to population and travel the greatest in the Union.) It has five workable veins of the best Bituminous Coal, amounting in the aggregate to over 22 feet, which makes 22,000 tons of coal under each acre. This will make the land of inestimable value.

The eminent state geologist, Dr. Chas T. Jackson, of Boston, has made a geological survey of the land, and analysed the coal, the iron ore and the limestone. This report together with maps will be furnished to inquirers.

Fourth—Three railroads are laid out thro' this property. The Sunbury and Erie Railroad gives us a market for our coal to the lakes—it runs from Erie to Philadelphia. A large part of this road has been finished, and is now in running order. A heavy force is now working from Erie towards our land in the western direction, the means for the completion of which have been raised—it will soon be finished. The Allegheny Valley Railroad connects us with New York, Boston and Pittsburg. The Venango Road connects us with the West.

There are already good Turnpike Roads running through this property, various other roads have been opened to accommodate the emigration and settlement which has already taken place.

There is no opportunity equal to it now offered to the man who wants to provide himself a home in an easy way, and make a settlement where he can live in prosperity and independence in a climate PERFECTLY HEALTHY. No case of the fever ever having been known to occur in this settlement. It is not like going to the backwoods of the West, among perhaps intolerant people, where there is no society, churches, or schools, where the price of land is high, and where the emigrant, after being used to the healthiest climate in the world, has to endure sickness and pain, and perhaps ruins his health and that of his family. But here is a thriving settlement having three towns, containing churches, schools, hotels, stores, saw mills, grist mills, and everything desired. There is a cash market at hand. The lumber trade last year amounted to over two hundred million feet of lumber. In a short time, owing to the coal, it will become still more valuable, as a number of iron works and manufactories will soon be started; they are at present starting them extensively at Warren. Even for those who do not wish to go there, the payments are such that they can easily buy a farm to save their rising families from want in the future, or to gain a competence by the rise which will take place in the value of lands. By an outlay scarcely missed, a substantial provision can be made.

Persons should make early application, apply or write to E. Jefferies, Secretary, No. 130 Walnut Street, below Fifth, Philadelphia. Letters carefullly answered giving full information.

Shares or tracts of land can be bought or secured by letter enclosing the first instalment of five dollars, when the subscriber will be furnished with books, maps, &c. Warrantee Deeds given. Persons can also purchase from our Agents.

Route from Philadelphia to Tyrone on the Pennsylvania Central Railroad, and thence by Stage to the land. This is a delightful season to visit St. Mary's—the best hotel accommodation is afforded. Enquire for E. C. Schultz, Esq., the Agent for the property at St. Mary's.
June 8, 1857. 3m

TO THE COUNTRY.
GOOD NEWS.

I HAVE rented the Foundry for the ensuing year, and am prepared to make the different kinds of Castings usually made at a Foundry. I will keep constantly on hand the different kinds of PLOUGHS, Points, Shares, Cutters, &c.; Pots, Kettles, Pans, Washing Machines, &c.; Stoves and Machinery; Porches, Verandah's and Cemetery Fencing made and put up with dispatch.

All orders will be attended to promptly; but being without capital, and money being necessary to carry on the business, I will be compelled to sell for cash, but on all country work 5 per cent. will be deducted. Suitable trade will be taken, if delivered at the time of purchasing. Give us a call.
E. M. WARREN.
Gettysburg, June 1, 1857.

The Last Chance.

A few more Lots of prime CHESNUT and LOCUST TIMBER LAND, for sale. Apply to
J. D. PAXTON.
May 11, 1857. 6t

WINGERD, WHITE & SWOPE,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS,
Bonnets and Straw Goods,
No. 4 North Howard street, up stairs,
(opposite the Howard House.)
Adam B. Wingerd, Daniel S. White, John A. Swope } *BALTIMORE, MD.*
May 18, 1857.

THE attention of the LADIES is particularly invited to the large assortment of plain and fancy Gaiters, latest style, just received by *Bringman & Aughinbaugh.*

ATTENTION! Those who are fond of music, will find a large assortment of, Violins, Accordeons, Flutes, Fifes, &c., &c. Cheap at
SAMSON'S.

LADIES Gaiters, Buskins, and Sandles for sale cheap at
BRINGMAN & AUGHINBAUGH'S.

A LARGE assortment of STRAW GOODS, just received, and for sale at
BRINGMAN & AUGHINBAUGH'S.

SAPONIFIER OR CONCENTRATED LYE making Soap—to be had at
FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS.

BONNETS, Ribbons, Parasols and Shawls to be had very cheap at
FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS.

ALWAYS ON HAND.—Silk and Soft Hats, of every description, and for sale cheap, at
BRINGMAN & AUGHINBAUGH'S

A FACT.—MONEY SAVED by buying your Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes at
Bringman & Aughinbaugh's.

GENTLEMEN, do you want to select from a large and handsome variety of Cravats, Handkerchiefs, Suspenders, &c.? If you do call at SCHICK'S.

SECOND arrival of Spring Goods this day at the Cheap Store of FAHNESTOCKS'.

A NEW STOCK OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,
At the Old Stand in West Chambersburg street.

THE undersigned has just purchased a well selected Stock of Goods, and invites the attention of the public to his fine assortment of Gentlemen's, Ladies', and Children's BOOTS AND SHOES. These Goods have been selected with a view to meet the various wants and necessities of customers. Also, a splendid assortment of Plain and Fancy GAITERS & SLIPPERS, of all sizes and descriptions, made of very best materials, which he is prepared to sell on as favorable terms as they can be had at any place in the County. Having been engaged in the Shoe business for 30 years, he flatters himself that he has selected such Goods as will give entire satisfaction to all who may wish to purchase. Call and examine for yourselves.

☞ Boots, Shoes, &c., made to order as heretofore. WILLIAM BOYER.
May 11, 1857. 3m

JUST IN SEASON
AND NEVER OUT OF SEASON!

FARMERS, read this, and then come and buy, for we still have "a few more left!" The subscriber takes this method of calling the attention of the public in general to that valuable piece of machinery, styled

Herah's Patent Hay Hoister and Manure Excavator.

Having the right of all Adams county, except Conowago, Oxford and Mountjoy townships, he will sell either machines or township rights. H. G. CARR.

☞ Also, at the same place, you can be accommodated with as fine BUGGIES as can be got up in the State for the same money—constantly kept on hand.

Repairing done, neatly and cheaply, at short notice. All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for work.
Gettysburg, May 18, 1857. 6m

REMOVAL.

Alex. Frazer, Watch and Clock-maker,

HAS removed his shop to Carlisle street, below Hoke's store, where he will always be happy to attend to the calls of customers. Thankful for past favors, he hopes, by strict attention to business and a desire to please, to merit and receive the patronage of the public.
Gettysburg, May 18, 1857.

Latest Arrival!
Another Large Stock of New Goods!—Cheap, Cheaper, Cheapest!

JACOBS & BRO. have just received from the city, a large lot of New Goods—Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, &c. &c. &c., which they are prepared to sell cheaper than ever. Step in and look at their assortment. You will find the newest styles of goods—as well as the latest Fashions for garments.

The Tailoring branch attended to, as heretofore. Good work and warranted to fit!
Gettysburg, March 16, 1857.

PHILADELPHIA

Type & Stereotype Foundry.

L. JOHNSON & CO. inform their friends and Printers generally, that they are constantly making large additions to their assortment of Book, Job and Ornamental letters, and will continue to add every description of type which the improvements in the art may suggest, and the wants of the trade require. Their assortment comprises a greater variety than any other Foundry in the United States, and their prices are among the lowest.

Printing Presses, Chases, Cases, Printing Ink, and every article used in a printing office, constantly on hand.

Stereotyping and Electrotyping, of every description, promptly attended to as usual.
Philadelphia, May 18, 1857.

NOTICE TO

TAX-PAYERS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the County Commissioners will make an abatement of *five per cent.* upon all State and County taxes assessed for the year 1857 that shall be paid to Collectors or on before *Wednesday, the 1st day of July.* Collectors will be required to call on tax payers on or before the above date, and make such abatement to all persons paying on or before said day, and pay the same to the County Treasurer, otherwise no abatement will be made.

By order of the Commissioners.
J. M. WALTER, *Clerk.*
May 11, 1857. td

SECOND ARRIVAL OF

Spring & Summer Goods.

WE respectfully invite the attention of buyers and customers both in town and country to our new stock of Goods. It consists of Dry Goods, Notions, Queensware, Cedar Ware, Crockery Ware, and Groceries;

READY-MADE CLOTHING;

Clothing made to order. ☞ All Goods cut free of charge, at the north-west corner of the Diamond. JOHN HOKE.
June 1, 1857.

Administrator's Notice.

JOSEPH ORNDORFF'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Joseph Orndorff, late of Butler twp., Adams co., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Freedom township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement