



Here shall the press the People's rights proclaim Unaw'd by influence, and unbrid'd by gain.

Tuesday Morning, August 2, 1831.

Democratic Anti-Masonic Nomination

FOR PRESIDENT, John McLean, of Ohio.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT, Richard Rush, of Penn.

MR. BERRIEN'S ADDRESS.

A part of the Address of J. McPHERSON BERRIEN, Esq. late Attorney General of the United States, to the Public, appears in the STAR this week...

In reference to the Address the Baltimore Patriot justly remarks:—"It is on a subject, which has excited no small interest in the public mind. And the statement now put forth, is of a character and shape to challenge immediate and universal attention, and undivided confidence. The true cause which produced the dismissal of the late Cabinet, is at length placed before the American People, in its just proportions. The statement is vouched by names, which will command implicit confidence, and set all subterfuge, provocation and contradiction at defiance. It is then for the American People to pass upon the subject and the question thus presented to them. The disgraceful and humiliating fact is now established, that the President of the United States did attempt to compel the ladies of three members of his Cabinet to associate with Mrs. Eaton, under the penalty of dismissing the members from office...

Anti-Masonry "going down" in Ohio. The annexed paragraph is from the Courier of Liberty, a spirited Anti-Masonic paper published at West-Union, Adams co. Ohio.

We learn by a letter dated at Dayton, and published in the "Review," that two respectable citizens sent in their resignations to the Chapter when it last met; that the letter of Mr. RUSH has been published in one of the papers of Dayton, and that an Anti-masonic Convention will be held in the town on the 24th inst. Another published in the same, dated at Chillicothe, avers the existence of a very strong Anti-masonic force in the region of the writer, ready for action in the cause of reform.

ANTI-MASONRY "DYING AWAY"

Probably no editor in the country, (says the Lancaster Examiner,) has been more violently opposed to anti-masonry, than Mr. Southworth, of the Literary Subaltern, published at Providence, Rhode-Island. His paper has teemed with the strongest denunciations of the party and the cause, and on several occasions he was personally concerned in promoting, if not in procuring popular tumults, the object of which was to prevent exhibitions of masonic rites and ceremonies. Though not a mason, his zeal in the cause of the brotherhood led him into misconduct for which, on conviction in court, he was sentenced to and underwent three months imprisonment. Still his efforts were continued with unmerited ardor, so long as the least hope, remained to encourage him. Opening his eyes, however, to the true state of the case, and seeing how utterly futile it must be to attempt arresting anti-masonry in its onward march, he has, in his paper of the 3d instant, come forward and candidly stated his conviction that the overthrow, dissolution and extirpation of masonry is inevitable; and has advised the members of the Order to disband the society forthwith. If we had room, we would willingly insert his article entire, although it contains no compliments to the anti-masonic party, and mentions it in "no honied terms." As it is, we must content ourselves with the extracts which follow. The editor says:—"The time has arrived when the public good, and the happiness of the people, the dignity of the nation, and the safety of the constitution demand the suppression of the alarming excitement which masonry has created; and it cannot be suppressed, without the utter prostration and abolition of the order. The anti-masonic party is too strong of itself to be beaten—it outnumbers masonry to a tenfold degree, and the fact need not longer be disguised, that anti-masonry is destined to predominate in this country, and the day is not far distant when it will ride down

and triumph over all opposition. It must and will have the ascendancy.

"Masonry cannot stand, the crusaders are too strong—they are armed with poisonous weapons, and have enlisted under their banners, men and materials that cannot be repelled. The party will triumph, and the day is not far distant, when its reign will be felt throughout the Union. The crusade commenced in the north-west; it has already travelled to the south, and the east, and now spreads its broad wings over the face of the Union.

"No party ever came into existence, that has grown and flourished so rapidly as the anti-masonic party.

"Antimasonry is now progressing in a tenfold degree—it receives converts and proselytes with a celerity that has never been exemplified in the history of political bodies; and nothing can arrest its progress.

The time is at hand, when, if the long persecuted [of dear] mason does not make his peace he will be obliged to sue for mercy at the hand of his proud conqueror! We say this, not in the language of hopelessness and despair—we utter it as a truth wrought by conviction upon our minds—we proclaim it as a truth made manifest by the "signs of the times" and bearing upon its front a mark of dreadful import.

"There was a time, when it was not unreasonable or malicious to hope, that the anti-masonic party could be put down in consequence of the apparent want of respectability of its members; but that time has gone by; the party has too many men of influence and wealth, and intelligence, to be looked out of countenance—to be put down by the breathings of vapour. That party has attained a foothold that cannot be destroyed; and it soon will be the most formidable political association that ever existed in this country.

"To the most careless and wreckless observer, it must be apparent that masonry cannot stand. Those who are arrayed against it, possess ten times the strength that the united lodges of the country could even muster; and they will soon rally to their aid assistance; they will soon rally around their standard, ten thousand men, who have not heretofore cared the value of a rushlight about the subject.

"The party gains strength every hour and moment, and it is in vain that any one hopes for a different issue.

"So long as [masonry] exists, so long as masons adhere to their lodge rooms and their ancient and celebrated rituals, so long will they be opposed by those who have resolved to war against them and never be weary; and it is now hoped that they will in obedience to the dictates of reason and sound policy absolve themselves from the rites, and ceremonies, and customs, of a society, whose existence, innocently [!] and unprovokedly [!] has elicited a gathering storm, which threatens to burst like an unbridled tornado on the heads of the people [lodge-goers.]"

We shall copy none of the uncalled for sneers and abuses adressed to the anti-masonic party, in the course of the article from which we have been quoting. We regret that the editor has permitted himself to introduce them, and we are unwilling to extend the sphere in which they might excite feelings, that are in this case depreciated. We shall merely add one extract more to show, those who might yet doubt, that the editor leans towards the masonic party.

"For the members of the masonic order," says he, with whom we have for years been acquainted, we still cherish the most unqualified respect and veneration, and shall ever be ready to defend them; and this disposition we make the more manifest, when for their own good and protection and safety, we solicit them to abolish the masonic order."

From the foregoing extracts, the reader, whether masonic or anti-masonic, will be able to perceive what opinion an editor favoring masons and opposed to anti-masons, has of the present relative strength, standing, and prospect of the two parties; and how much reliance may be reposed in the state but ever returning declaration of masonic editors, that anti-masonry is "DYING AWAY."

HON. JOHN McLEAN.

At the celebration of the 4th July, in Springfield, Ohio, the Hon. Judge McLEAN was present as an invited guest. Among the toasts offered, was the following:—

By the committee of arrangement.—The Hon. JOHN McLEAN, our distinguished guest and fellow citizen. In all the high and responsible offices he has filled under state and general governments, his ability and integrity have been fully proven, and have secured to him the lasting gratitude of his country.

After the repeated cheering had ceased, Judge McLEAN rose and after a short address concluded by offering the following toast:—

The Federal Union.—Formed by mutual concessions; it must be perpetuated in the same spirit.

At the Barracks celebration at Carlisle, the following toast was given:—

By Dr. John I. Myers. Hon. JOHN McLEAN.—The eyes of the whole American People are upon him—and the unanimous voice of an enlightened nation will, ere long, crowd upon him the most distinguished honors.

The following was offered at the celebration at Philadelphia, by Mr. Willis H. Blayney:—

John McLean of Ohio.—If purity of private life, fidelity in public trust—if talents and acquirements of a high order, united with large experience and extensive observation, can recommend a citizen to the confidence of his countrymen, let them elevate this unobtrusive man of the people to the Presidency.

HON. RICHARD RUSH.

Extract from the Oration of Daniel Henshaw, Esq. delivered at the late Anti-masonic celebration

of the 4th of July, Worcester county, Massachusetts.

"The magnanimous RUSH has done honor to himself and the nation, for daring to speak the truth against the Masonic newspaper press—in favor of Antimasonry; and as far as I can judge, he has expressed the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth—"murder and treason not excepted." He is such a patriot, as any nation might be proud to own—in all respects the opposite of that harmless little animal, the would be popular man, "neither mason nor anti-mason," who does neither good nor hurt, but must not be trodden on, though always in the way, because, he has a right to live like other creeping things."

We think the "creeping things," that chance to read this, will hastily crawl out of sight.

About three months ago, a letter, evidently written by a member of the Masonic Society, was sent from Washington city to the Editor of the "Sun" at Philadelphia—and by him published.—The letter contained a disgusting narrative of an interview said to have taken place between certain members of the Methodist Episcopal Conference then in session in Washington, and the President of the United States. The object of this devotee of the Harlot, was, knowing it to be false, to obtain its publication in the "Sun," and then come out in defence of masonry and the President with an article headed "Vile slander against the President!" and thereby destroy that paper's reputation for truth. The Editor of the "Sun," immediately after its publication, discovered the imposture, and in his next paper notified the public of it. But the schemes of the wily intriguers were not to be easily defeated in their object. "Long after the correction, the very persons no doubt who wrote the letter, set themselves to work to prove its falsity. The letter and certificates obtained, are now going the rounds of those presses in the service of the Grand Master of Tennessee, headed "A vile slander against the President!"—not even omitted by the discerning ones of the "Compiler." Let them go on. The very plans they are laying to entrap the opponents of the Aristocratic Faction, will recoil with double vengeance upon the "favored few."

SHERIFF'S SALES.—We call the attention of our numerous patrons to the Sheriff's Sales advertised in our paper this week. We insert them not only for the benefit of those who made him Sheriff, and who would not see them were we to omit them, but because it always gives us a great pleasure to publish any thing from our friend, the sheriff, for the good of the public.

JOHN LACHMAN, near Abbotstown, we learn, hung himself, on Monday night the 18th ult. He took a hank of yarn and tied it to a small grub near the house in the presence of his wife. She asked him what he was going to do. He replied he was going to hang himself. Alarmed at this information, she started to get her neighbors to prevent his doing so; but by the time she returned the deed was done. He has left a wife and three children.

MELANCHOLY.—Miss Nancy Lacken, who had been somewhat indisposed, left her father's residence, Mr. Neil Lacken, on Thursday last for Emmitsburg.—In consequence of endeavoring to avoid being caught in a gust that was rapidly making its appearance, she exerted herself too much—for she was found shortly afterwards lying dead in the road near Emmitsburg.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

From the Patriot of Saturday last.

FLOUR, Howard-st.—Limited sales of fresh ground from store have been made at \$5 25 per bbl. and this we find is the price generally named to-day by the dealers. Some few lots have been sold at 5 37 1/2. Sales of several parcels of old flour subject to re-inspection have been made at 4 93 1/2 to \$5 per bbl.; and some parcels of old, not re-inspected, at 4 75 to 4 87 1/2, according to age. The wagon price to-day is generally 5 12 1/2.

WHEAT.—The new crop has been sent in but sparingly this week; and as the mills are now generally prepared for grinding, the parcels that have arrived have met a brisk market. The sales this week up to this day inclusive, of good to very prime red, have ranged from \$1 00 to 1 07, and we give these quotations as indicating the state of the market to-day. Two lots of prime white wheat have been sold within the last two days at 1 10 to 1 12 1/2 per bush. A cargo of good N. Carolina red wheat, which reached the market this week, was sold at 1 03.

TO POST-MASTERS AND AGENTS.

From the Christian Advocate.

The following extract of a letter from the post master general settles most clearly and definitely a very important point, in relation to which we have heretofore suffered grievously from the neglect of too many post-masters to comply with the law and their instructions on the subject mentioned. The remedy to which the post-master general has decided that we are entitled is in exact accordance with what we have long believed to be both the law and the equity in the case, and is thoroughly efficient and satisfactory. If post-masters do not give due notice to the publishers, in case any of our papers are not taken from their offices, "they are liable to pay the sum which would be due from the subscribers."

"Post-Office Department, July 13, 1831."

"Gentlemen:—Your letter of the 8th inst. enclosing one from E. T. Bridge, is received at this department; and the post-master of Savage's Mills, Me., will be immediately written to upon the subject.

"The duty of post masters is very plainly laid down, upon the subject of which you speak, in the 12th section of the seventeenth instruction of the post office laws. They are bound to give immediate notice to the publishers of newspapers which arrive at

their office, and which are not taken out by the persons to whom they are directed. In case they neglect this duty, they are liable to pay the sum which would be due from the subscriber. As to the right of post-masters to sell the papers for the postage, as mentioned in the letter of Mr. Bridge, it does not accrue until after three months from the notice before spoken of, and it has reference only to the papers sent during and after that time.

"I am, gentlemen, respectfully, your obedient servant, W. T. BARRY. Messrs. J. Emory & B. Waugh."

At a public sale of real estate, at Cincinnati, on the 20th ult. a store on main street, Balt. the lot 61 1-2 feet front by 117 feet deep, brought \$19,200. It is rented at \$1,500 per annum.

Sentence of Smith and Murray.—Edward Smith and Wm. J. Murray, convicted of Grand Larceny in stealing about \$248,000 from the vault of the city bank, on or about the 20th of March last, were this morning adjudged by the Recorder to be imprisoned in the State Prison at Sing-Sing, at hard labor, for the term of 5 years.

As two stages containing twenty passengers, were passing through New Hartford, a heavy shower came on accompanied by violent thunder and lightning. Four horses attached to the carriages were struck by the fluid and dropped down dead—two from the one before, and two from the one in the rear, while not one of the passengers was injured in the slightest degree!

THE WITHERELL FORGERY.—The Washington Banner contains a Report of a Committee appointed at a County Convention to investigate the outrage committed on the family of Elder Witherell, and to discover if possible the authors of the infamous forgery. We shall speedily give it a place.—We are happy to learn by this report the following fact—"Elder Witherell has directed suits to be instituted against several of those editors at the West who republished that libellous handbill, and unless proper reparation is made him he is determined to make his prosecutions general.

There are several Masonic papers in this city & vicinity who will fall under this rule. It has too long been a proverb with masonic printers that "the Anti's may be libelled with impunity."—Boston Free Press.

We learn that Colonel Gadsden, a distinguished officer who served under General Jackson in his southern campaigns, has been appointed to the head of the Engineer Department, a station recently occupied by General Bernard.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

MORE RUMORS.—We mentioned a few days since, the circulation of a rumour, that an exposition was about to be made. It came with a vengeance, and with an overwhelming effect. We are now informed that the address of Mr. BERRIEN, and the accompanying correspondence, are but "cakes and custards," as Sancho was wont to say, to what is about to appear. "Thus, bad begins, but worse remains behind."—United States Gazette.

MARRIED.

On Monday evening week last, by the Rev. Mr. Butler, Mr. WILLIAM PAXTON, of Petersburg, (York Springs), to Miss MARY C. COOPER, of this borough.

On Thursday last, by the Rev. Mr. McCaughy, Mr. WILLIAM J. COOK to Miss ELIZA STAUB, all of this borough.

DIED.

On Wednesday last, Mr. WILLIAM McCLELLAND, sen. in the 70th year of his age.

Wanted Immediately,

At this Office, an Apprentice to the Printing Business. To a good and industrious Boy, I will give liberal inducements.

R. W. MIDDLETON.

August 2, 1831.

CAMP MEETING.

THERE will be a CAMP MEETING held on the land of Mr. Brinkerhoff, 3 miles from Gettysburg, on the York turnpike, to commence on Friday the 12th of August, under the direction of the Rev. Wm. Hamilton, P. E. of Carlisle District. All well disposed persons are invited to attend. We would hereby forewarn all persons from selling Beer, Cakes or Spirituous Liquors within 3 miles of the Camp ground the limits prescribed by law. August 2, 1831.

THE LADY'S BOOK.

Contents of the July Number.—Philadelphia fashions for July 1831, with a splendid colored engraving. A Tender Wife. Maxima. Shakespeare. The Bird's Eye Flower. Truth. La Piazzetta Di San Marco. The Parting. The Seat of Taste. Latest London Fashions, Caps, Bonnets and Head Dresses, illustrated. Meeting sadder than parting. The Love Watcher. Albert Gallatin. Garden Operations for Ladies. The Incendiary. Hindoo Women. I'm not a handsome man. Flattery, a fable. Embroidery for Head Dresses. Female Education. The origin of Chimnies. Pray'r. The Polish Wife. The Majesty of God. Cui Bono. The day of Judgment. Bat Boro. There's Music in a Mother's Voice. Reflection: The Broken Heart. Polish Song. Konkluske. The origin of Wine. A Skatell. The Cruel Hour—piece of Music, written and composed for the Lady's Book. The Sacrament. Sonations. The Coffin. Eloquence. Country Lodgings—original. Woman's Heart. Song. The Ornamental Artist—illustrated.—Learning and Love. She is gone and for ever. The Gatherer. Recipes. An Island of Ice.—Chirography. Love. Riding, with illustrations. Elijah's Interview. Christmas Carol. I. A. GODEY & CO. 113 Chesnut st. opposite the F. Office, Phil.

ATTENTION!

GETTYSBURG TROOP. YOU will parade in Hunterstown on Saturday next, at 10 o'clock, a. m. armed and equipped—each member provided with 12 rounds of blank cartridges. JAMES BELL, Capt. August 2, 1831.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

IN pursuance of sundry writs of Vendition Exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas, and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, on Tuesday the 18th day of August instant, at 12 o'clock, M. at the court-house in the borough of Gettysburg, the following REAL ESTATE, viz:

A Lot of Ground, Situate in the borough of Gettysburg, adjoining lots of George Shryock, and the heirs of James Agnew, and known on the general plan of said Town by No. 12, or which are erected two 2 story

Brick Dwelling houses, fronting on Baltimore street, and Two 2 story Brick BACK BUILDINGS; Two 2 story

Brick Dwelling Houses, fronting on Middle-street, Brick Stable, and two wells of water. Seized and taken in execution as the Estate of Peter Beisel.

ALSO,

A Tract of Land, Situate in Franklin township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Henry Grove, Daniel Mickley and others, containing 180 Acres, more or less, on which are erected a two-story

Log Dwelling House, double Log Barn, and other Out Buildings, with an Orchard. Seized and taken in execution as the Estate of James Bond.

ALSO,

A Lot of Woodland, Situate in Mountjoy township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Peter Bomgartner, Jacob Eckenrode and others, containing 9 Acres, more or less. Seized and taken in execution as the Estate of John Eckenrode.

ALSO,

All the Interest of William Nickell in a Tract of Land, Situate in Huntington township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Henry Munton, John Collins and others, containing 160 Acres, more or less, on which are erected a two-story

Log Dwelling House, Log Kitchen, Double Log Barn, and an Orchard. Seized and taken in execution as the Estate of William Nickell.

ALSO,

A Tract of Land, Situate in Mountpleasant township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Philip Fleshman, James Lockart and others, containing 53 Acres, more or less, on which are erected a 1 1/2 story

Log Dwelling House, double Log Barn, Log Spring-house, and two Orchards. Seized and taken in execution as the Estate of John Schlosser.

ALSO,

All the Interest of Benjamin McCreary in a Tract of Land, Situate in Straban township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Jas. Bell, Jacob Taughinbaugh and others, containing 380 Acres, more or less, on which are erected a two-story weather-boarded

Dwelling House, Log Kitchen, double Log Barn, Log Stable, Two Orchards, and a well of water—ALSO,

A Lot of Ground, Situate in Mountpleasant township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Andrew Smith, Peter Heimer, and others, containing 3 Acres, more or less, on which are erected a one-story

Log Dwelling-house, Log Shop, Log Stable, with a well of water. Seized and taken in execution as the Estate of Benjamin McCreary.

ALSO,

All the Interest of Sebastian Heffer, Sen. in a Half Lot of Ground, In Abbotstown, Berwick township, Adams county, adjoining lots of Joseph Baring and others, and known on the general plan of said town by No. 17, on which are erected a one story

Dwelling-house, part Log and part Brick, an Log Stable. Seized and taken in execution as the Estate of Sebastian Heffer, Sen.

ALSO,

Two Lots of Ground, Situate in Heildersburg, Tyrone township, Adams county, and known on the general plan of said Town by Nos. 6 and 7, on which are erected a two-story

Stone Dwelling-house, and one-story Log Shop. Seized and taken in execution as the Estate of John Fitzgerald.

ALSO,

A Lot of Ground, Situate in the borough of Gettysburg, Adams county, fronting on Middle-street, and known on the general plan of said Town by No. 161, on which are erected a one-story

Frame Rough-cast Shop. Seized and taken in execution as the Estate of Garret Vanordallen.

WM. S. COBBAN, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office Gettysburg, August 2, 1831.