

FOREIGN NEWS.

MORE REVOLUTIONS!

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

Reported Insurrection in Paris!

The packet ship Charles Carroll from Havre, arrived at New York on Saturday afternoon and brought Paris dates to the 16th of April inclusive.

Paris was in a feverish state. A revolutionary movement was attempted on the 15th, at the Place de Greves, which was speedily suppressed by the National Guards.

Yesterday some individuals clad in workmen's apparel appeared on the Place de Greve with a tri-colored flag, and raised sedition cries.

A royal ordinance for a loan of 80,000,000 was issued by Louis Philippe on the 15th.

The French journals contradict the story of the attempted escape of Polignac.

Captain Clark, of the Charles Carroll, and a passenger, both report that on the morning of their sailing, they saw a letter from Paris announcing an INSURRECTION IN THAT CITY, and that the National Guard was ordered out.

Important from Rio Janeiro.

The Editors of the New York Journal of Commerce have received Rio Janeiro papers to the 7th ult. and letters of the same date.

A Revolution has taken place—the Emperor has abdicated the throne in favor of his son.

SIX DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

FURTHER BRILLIANT SUCCESSSES OF THE POLES—ABANDONMENT OF THE REFORM BILL—PROVOCATION OF THE PARLIAMENT BY THE KING IN PERSON—Also, PROVOGATION OF THE FRENCH CHAMBERS.

By the arrival of the packet ship Napoleon Capt. Smith, from Liverpool, whence she sailed on the 24th April, the Editors of the New York Mercantile Advertiser, have received their regular files of London papers to the 24th, Liverpool to the 23d, and Glasgow to the 20th April all inclusive.

In relation to the affairs of England, the most interesting information to us, and the most important measure to that country, is the prorogation of Parliament, being a step which will be followed almost immediately by the dissolution.

The Reform Bill which was the order of the day for the 18th April was then taken up; the debates on this question, or subject arising therefrom, with some of a secondary consideration, are very voluminous.

The Reform Bill has caused much irritation in doors, and much anxiety without. Lord Grey, though supported by the King and the people, has been forced to abandon the idea of carrying his measure, as the late Parliament was composed—the high toned Aristocrats and their servile parasites were too powerful for him.

The prorogation of Parliament is in fact a dissolution, the very first sentence of the King's Speech says so—but we have not

observed in our latest papers that a dissolution has been formerly announced. The moment the King's determination was known a great many expresses were dispatched from London on electioneering business.

When a new Parliament is to be summoned—the people we have no doubt will, as far as in them lies, elect such members, as will insure the success of the Reform Bill—for though this favorite measure of the King and Ministry is abandoned—it is not given up—it is only abandoned for the Parliament that was in being—and when a new one assembles, it will again be brought forward.

Such has been the feeling and anxiety in relation to the proceedings in Parliament, that in London all things else seems to have been considered of minor importance. From Poland the news is cheering. Skrzynski has followed up his victories of March 31 and 1st April with energy, skill and bravery—and from 4th to 7th April he achieved such signal successes, that rumor is willing to believe the independence of Poland is secured—some of the London Journals seem to doubt the extent of this cheering intelligence—the accounts reached London on the evening of 21st April—but up to the latest dates no official despatches had been received.

Up to the moment of going to press, we have not heard any thing from the Continent, which can add to the important intelligence under our regular heads: The Polish victory is confirmed beyond question. Prussia is suspected of an intention to join the autocrat against the reviving hopes of Poland. This intelligence, we are happy to say, is doubtful. The troops of the confederation pause in their advance on Luxembourg. Paris is more tranquil.

Austria and the Pope ride over the necks of the insurgent Italians. Every eye is fixed on England now.

In France all is tranquil: the fears entertained that the peace of Paris was, or would be disturbed are groundless. On the 19th April in the Chamber of Peers, a law authorizing a credit of a million and a half of francs for the secret expenses of the Police was passed without a debate, 96 to 11. The next subject which occupied the attention of the Chamber was a law for the exclusion of the ex-King Charles and his family, which after a short but warm debate was carried by a majority of 67.

On the 20th Louis Phillip proceeded to the Chambers, and in a speech prorogued that body till 15th June. Saving from England, Poland and France, we find little intelligence that is worthy of much regard. The latest accounts from Antwerp bodes mischief—the inhabitants were erecting batteries opposite the citadel, and some Dutch ships have been fired at, but without orders, as it is said.

FURTHER SUCCESSSES OF THE POLES.

Subsequently to the victory over Gen. Geismar, of the 31st of March, there seem to have been a succession of skirmishing engagements, resulting in favor of the Polish arms, until the 8th of April, when there was a general engagement, the heart-cheering result of which is communicated in the annexed despatch from the lion-hearted Polish Commander:

“HEAD-QUARTERS AT SIEDLEC, April 10, 1831, 9 o'clock, P. M.

“TO THE NATIONAL GOVERNMENT.

“I have great satisfaction in announcing to the Government that the Polish army obtained a considerable victory yesterday. We have taken several cannons, and 3000 or 4000 prisoners, amongst whom are nearly 300 officers of different ranks. General PROMDZYNSKI, commanding a separate corps, covered himself with glory. The advanced hour of the evening does not permit me to give a more detailed report.

(Signed) “SKRZYNECKI.”

WARSAW, April 11.

“Another affair has taken place at Wengrow, under General Uminski, who has passed the river Liwiec. He took 400 prisoners of Russian Guards, the choicest of the army, and obtained possession of several valuable magazines. Samogitia and Lithuania have been in a state of revolt since the 29th of March. An estafette who arrived last night, brings information that a revolution has also taken place in Volhynia.”

Private accounts from Warsaw state that the Polish Commander-in-chief, whose headquarters were at Siennica, was near those of General Diebitsch at Garwolin, and that Diebitsch could easily be taken in flank by a Polish corps which was at Siedlec, and in his rear was Gen. Dwernicki.

It is stated that the number of prisoners taken, by far exceeds the amount in the bulletin, and the demoralization in the Russian army was very great. The national army, which was in want of cannon at the beginning of the campaign, has at present a sufficient quantity, with a reserve of 40 pieces: The Russian artillery have lost their talisman; those famous pieces of cannon which were in the campaigns of France and Turkey, have been captured by the Poles. The Russians used to call them their Grand-mothers.

The action of which the Polish official account is given above, has occasioned, as usual, a hundred different reports of the same affair, accompanied by the usual exaggerations of the German and French papers. One of these accounts makes the Russian loss 12,000, and another 25,000. One makes Gen. Diebitsch a captive and another a flying fugitive. An account from Stutgard, announces a grand battle on the 7th, in which Diebitsch was completely beaten, and the deliverance of Poland established. “The Russians lost 25,000 men and 60 guns, and adds, the army of the

Autocrat may now be considered as completely destroyed—every one here is mad with joy. God protects the cause of the people.” Now, however much we may wish all this to be true, yet it is very clear that it is not so. And it would be but practising an idle deception upon the American public, to crowd our columns with a confused mass of rumours and fictions, which we are officially advised have no foundation in truth. The Russian bulletins admit that the Poles obtained some advantages on the 30th and 31st of March; but they add, that the result of these two affairs will be of little importance and will not prejudice the great operations of the Imperial army, which will pass the Vistula at the first opportunity.

BELGIUM.—On the 19th April, in Congress, the proposal to declare war on Holland was eluded by passing to the order of the day.

TURKEY.—A combination against the Sultan, formidable and dangerous, is, it appears, in progress.

IRELAND.—Much sensation appears to be created in Dublin, by the trial of a young gentleman named Dillon, described as a Rone of the second class, for a capital offence. The prosecutrix was a lady. He was convicted; and the judges refused to recommend him to mercy. The prosecutrix however, her father, and the jury, signed a strong memorial in his favor. He heard his sentence with coolness, according to which he was to be hanged on the 7th May. It is stated that insubordination was making progress in the west of Ireland, and was confined to districts where the greatest distress prevailed. Particular disturbances, and fresh outrages in the county of Clare are spoken of.

FAIR OFFERS REFUSED!!!

From the West-Union, Ohio, Courier of Liberty.

The Editor of the Gettysburg Star has made fair offers to prove that Masonry has been correctly revealed—nor is he alone.

To Wm. Masters, editor of the “Tribune,” a paper established, or about to be established, for the purpose of defending, nourishing and cherishing Freemasonry, a writer in the Vt. American Whig has said,

“There is already enough before the world to convince any rational being who will take the trouble to examine for himself, unbiassed by prepossession, that every part and point, letter and syllable, word and grip, sign and token is now correctly before the world. But as there are many who are hard to believe that this, so complete a system of nonsense and wickedness can be the real genuine “Heaven born” freemasonry, which has been the boast of all the great and good from the creation of the world to the present day—and as the belief is indeed repugnant to every charitable feeling towards that enlightened class of fellow-citizens, (the masons) it seems that more than ordinary evidence on this point is necessary.

The plan I propose, sir, for this purpose, is this, that we each deposit One Hundred Dollars in some suitable third person's hand as a bet, whether the real secrets of speculative freemasonry as practised in the United States, are fully and particularly before the world in Morgan's Illustrations and Bernard's Light on Masonry, which purport to be true revelations of masonry.

I will undertake to prove that they are in every particular, as near as can be, by any one version; (on account of the variation of work in the different lodges) and if I fail the money shall be yours—if I succeed, it shall be mine. The arbiters shall be impartial men, agreed upon directly by us mutually, or by an impartial board whom we may appoint for that purpose.”

Offers of this kind, Masons do not seem to relish; but offer one office of honor and profit, and he will readily accept it; and this, he would do, should the offer be made by Masonic intrigue.

ANTI-MASONIC CONVENTION.

HARRISBURG, May 28.

The Antimasonic Convention assembled at this place on Wednesday last. About thirty counties were represented by about sixty-five delegates. Gen. W. Piper of Bedford, and now a member of the State Senate, was appointed President, and Gen. John Burrows of Lycoming, and Samuel Baldwin of Chester county, Vice Presidents; Wm. W. Irwin of Allegheny, and Samuel P. Charles of Lancaster, appointed as Secretaries. The Convention adjourned on Thursday after appointing 28 delegates to the Antimasonic Convention to be holden at Baltimore in September next, and adopting sundry resolutions and an address to the people of the State. This address is to be published with the names of all the delegates attached.

The following is the list of delegates to the National Convention.

Senatorial delegates.—Harmar Denny, Robert Vaux.

1st, 2d and 3d districts.—John Clarke, John R. Jones, William Grinshaw.

4th.—Samuel Parke, Owen Stoever, Dr. George Smith.

5th.—James Paul.

6th.—Thomas Elder.

7th.—Christian Pretz, Daniel Rhodes.

8th.—William Watts, Samuel Leider.

9th.—Henry D. Drinker, John Burrows, Samuel J. Packer.

10th.—Charles Deal.

11th.—Jacob Alter, Jacob Cassatt.

12th.—James Milligan.

13th.—Charles Ogle.

14th.—James Todd.

15th.—Samuel McKeehan.

16th.—Wm. W. Irwin, Jas. Buffington.

17th.—John Taylor.

18th.—Robert Faulkner.

From the Baltimore Patriot. INTEMPERANCE.—My attention was attracted this morning by a crowd which I saw near the door of a grog shop, on one of our public streets. On approaching, I found a man lying on the pavement in the agonies of death. By inquiry I learned that he had been indulging himself the preceding night in a frolic of drunkenness, in the shop near whose door he was then breathing his last—and that the owner of the shop had been his companion, and was then dead in the house. AN EYE WITNESS.

Election of a Bishop for the Protestant Episcopal Church of North Carolina.

Extract of a letter from a member of the Convention to a gentleman of Baltimore, dated

RALEIGH, 21st May, 1831.

I will only at 12 o'clock at night take time to say, that with the utmost harmony we have succeeded in electing a Bishop at the first balloting—the Rev. Livi S. Ives, of St. Luke's Church, New York.

\*This gentleman is son-in-law of the late Rt. Rev. Dr. HOBART.

John Norrell, formerly editor of the Pennsylvania Inquirer, has been appointed post master at Detroit, in the place of James Abbott, removed.

GETTYSBURG, May 31.

DANIEL PRETT hauled from Chambersburg to Philadelphia, a distance of 133 miles, 5 tons and Gls. at one load!

MARRIED.

On Wednesday last, by the Rev. Wm. Butler, Mr. BENJAMIN WELLS, of York county to Miss SARAH E. STEWART, daughter of Mr. D. Stewart, of Menallen township.

On the same day, by the same, Mr. WILLIAM MORRISON, of Hampton, to Miss SINNEY MCGREW, daughter of Mr. J. McGrew, dec'd, of Huntington township.

On Thursday last, by the Rev. C. Weyl, Mr. JOHN PORTER, of Straban township, to Miss ELIZABETH McLAUG, of this borough.

On Thursday the 19th inst. by the Rev. L. L. Hirsch, Mr. CALER HILDEBRAND, son of Mr. James Hildebrand, of Huntington township, to Miss MARY STARRY, daughter of Mr. Michael Starry, of Tyrone.

On the same day, by the same, Mr. THEODORE KIMMEL, (late of Baltimore), to Miss ELIZABETH MARTIN, second daughter of Mr. Christian Martin, both of Latimore township.

On the same day, by the Rev. Samuel Gutelius, Mr. LEVI KRENS, to Miss LYDIA KING, both of Germany township.

On the 12th inst. at Williamstown, Lancaster County, by the Rev. Mr. Bear, Mr. ENOCH LEFFER, of this county, to Miss CATHARINE SURIVER, formerly of this county.

Recently, at Mount St. Mary's, Frederick county, HENRY G. WATERS, Esq. to Mrs. JANE FOREMAN, all of that county.

DIED.

On the 29th ult. REBECCA, daughter of Mr. Jacob Bosserman, of Baltimore county, Md. aged 7 years.

On Tuesday week last, Mr. JACOB BOSSERMAN, of Baltimore county, Md. formerly of this county, in the 36th year of his age.

On Thursday last JOHN DAVID MENLHORN, of M'Sherrytown, in the 70th year of his age.

Advertisements.

DUNLAP'S PAINTING

OR THE MOMENT BEFORE THE

CALVARY,

OR THE MOMENT BEFORE THE

CRUCIFIXION.

Will be exhibited in this BOROUGH, on TOMORROW, and the two following days.

IT COVERS

250 SQUARE FEET OF CANVASS,

AND CONTAINS MORE THAN

100 FIGURES

LARGE AS LIFE.

Open for exhibition from 9 o'clock, A. M. till 9 o'clock, P. M., and brilliantly illuminated in the evening.

ADMISSION, 25 CENTS.

May 31, 1831.

NOTICE.

AN adjourned meeting of the “Temperance” Society of Gettysburg and its vicinity will be held at the Court House on Saturday the 11th of June next. The citizens are respectfully invited to attend.

SAMUEL R. RUSSELL, Secretary.

May 31, 1831.

JUST RECEIVED & FOR SALE BY

D. COMFORT,

A NEW AND

BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT OF

DRY GOODS.

—ALSO—

30 BARRELS OF

SHAD, HERRING & MACKEREL;

which will be sold low for Cash

May 24, 1831.

PUBLIC SALE.

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Adams county, will be exposed to public sale, on the premises,

On Saturday the 20th of August next,

A LOT OF

GROUND,

Containing 28 Acres, adjoining lands of John Collins and others. Likewise a Lot of Ground in the town of Heidlersburg No. 99, in Tyrone township, Adams county; all the estate of Arthur Nickel, deceased. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. on the first described lot, and the last described lot at 3 o'clock P. M. on said day.

WILLIAM NICKEL, Adm'r.

May 31, 1831.

OFFICE OF THE BALTIMORE & OHIO RAIL ROAD COMPANY. 20th May, 1831. The Exhibition of Locomotive Steam Engines on this road, heretofore advertised by this Company for the 1st June next, has been POSTPONED, and instead of that day, it will take place on MONDAY, the 27th of June, and on the two succeeding days. The selection from the several Engines that may be offered will be made on the last of those days, viz on Wednesday the 29th June; after which they will be subjected to the regular work of thirty days on the Rail-road agreeably to the original conditions offered by this Company.

Every facility for previous practice on the Rail-road will be afforded to competitors, and cars on the Winans Construction will be furnished for testing the respective powers of the several engines.

Persons, who may arrive with engines previous to the 1st June, will have the use of the Rail-road accorded to them on their arrival in Baltimore, for the purposes of practice and exhibition.

P. E. THOMAS, President, Baltimore and Ohio Rail-road Company. May 31, 1831.

THE CASSET,

FOR MAY, 1831.

The May No. of this work, has been received. Its contents are as follows:

EMBELLISHMENTS.

A beautiful portrait of the Marchioness of Carmarthen, grand-daughter of the venerable Charles Carroll.

Venitian Architecture—The Church of St. Mark, and the Fountains of St. Peter's, and part of the Colonnades.

School of Flora—Panax Quinquifolium, or American Ginseng.

Music—Oroch's Daughter, a favorite song; CONTENTS.

Sketch of Louisa Catharine, Marchioness of Carmarthen, with a splendid engraving—original. Victims of Love and Anger, by E. N.—original. Alchymy. Woman—At Home. Intemperance, by F. F. C. Triplett—original. The Forger, from the Diary of a London Physician. The Spectre Smitten, from the same. The Farmer. A Tale of the Martyrs. Venitian Architecture—The Church of St. Marks, with an engraving. The Fountain of St. Peter's, and part of the Colonnades with an engraving. Pen and ink portrait of Lord Byron. Mistakes in Hygiene. Life of Dionysius Longinus, by J. B. S.—original. The Sideroal Heavens. The Polish Woman's Patriotism. Distinguished Females. A Prudent Tutor. Cowper the Poet. Maternal Tenderness. The Pearl Necklace. Scottish Courtship. The Dead Engineer. Competition of Poets. School of Flora—Panax Quinquifolium, or American Ginseng, with an engraving. Diversity of Countenance. Wit and Sentiment.

POETRY.

Lines on the Portrait of the Marchioness of Carmarthen, by Charles West Thompson. The Spirit Land—original. Winter, by Ernestus—original. Caps and Beaux, vs. Caps and Bellos. The Murdered Lady. To Miss R. S. by Oscar—original. To Miss E. D. by C. A.—original. The Frozen Ship, by the author of the “Fountain of Oblivion”—original. To a Sleeping Infant, by Carlos—original. Poems, by Edgar A. Poe. To Janetta, by J. M. H.—original. Number One, an Ode to the Whigs. Oroch's Daughter, a favorite Song, set to Music by J. Rookes.

THE LADY'S BOOK,

FOR MAY, 1831.

THIS number has just been issued from the press, and forms the last but one of the present volume. A GREATER VARIETY of Literary Subjects have been collected together in the edition for this month, than is usual, and the EMBELLISHMENTS are equally suited to the character of the work, and as well engraved as any former ones—they consist of—

A View of Philadelphia, from Kensington. Embroidery for Head Dresses, two Engravings.

Ballet Dancing. Physical Exercises for Women. The Native and Old Fish.

Jeppha's Daughter, Music, from the Hebrew Melodies.

LIST OF THE CONTENTS:

Picture of Philadelphia, with an Engraving.—London Fashions for April. Execution of a female in Persia. St. Paul's person. The Bachelor's Farewell. The Night-Mare. On Letters. Practical Science. The French Revolution.—Transparent Watch. The Countess de Genlis. The Tunnel of Semiramis. Scenic Representations. Embroidery for Head Dresses, two Engravings. Cavaliers Picture. Compliments to the Ladies. Fictitious Narrative—Love. The Mind, and its Immortality.—Dreams. Noble Maids of the Welch Mountains. Management of Children. Physical Education of Woman, with an Engraving. The Curse of Property—by Mrs. S. C. Hall. The Rose of May, by Carno. Ballet Dancing, with an Engraving. Hanging of Window Blinds.—The Ocean. The History of Insects. Ladies of Buenos Ayres. Marvillo de Paganani. Picture of Manners in Greece—Freedom. Beauty Vanished—On a Human Heart. The Native and Old Fish, with an Engraving. Portrait of an Italian—Stanzas. The Last of his Tribe, by R. P. Smith. The Wanderer's return. The Last Song of Sappho, by Mrs. Hemans. Song, by W. Roscoe, Esq. Too Much or too Little to Eat. Pound Cake—Professor Hayne. The Mother, a Sketch, by Joseph R. Chandler. Thoughts, by the Princess of Sagan. An Essay on Flirtations, by Rachel Rembleton. Friendship. Jeppha's Daughter, from the Hebrew Melodies, set to Music. Thoughts of the Dying Warrior—original. Sonnet to Shelly—original. The Gatherer. Receipts. The American Flag—original.

TEMPERANCE SOCIETY.

A MEETING of the “Fairfield Temperance Society” will be held at the Presbyterian Church in Millerstown, on Saturday the 4th of June next, at 2 o'clock, P. M. It is expected that an ADDRESS will be delivered on the occasion.

Ladies and Gentlemen, disposed to promote the cause of Temperance, are respectfully invited to attend.

JOHN MCKESSON, Secretary.

May 24, 1831.

JOB PRINTING,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

EXECUTED WITH NEATNESS AND DISPATCH,

AT THE OFFICE OF THE

STAR AND BANNER,

18