



Here shall the Press the People's Rights maintain, Unaw'd by influence, and unbrid'd by gain.

Tuesday Morning, January 10, 1832.

THE SUPREMACY OF THE LAWS, Domestic Manufactures, Internal Improvement, and Home Industry.

Democratic Anti-Masonic Nomination FOR PRESIDENT,

William Wirt, of Md. FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,

Amos Ellmaker, of Pa.

BALTIMORE MARKET.—From the Patriot of Saturday last we learn that Flour, on Friday, was generally \$5 37 1/2 per barrel—Wheat, \$1 to \$1 05; Corn, 65 cents; Clover Seed, \$5 to \$5 25, and Flax Seed, \$1 50 per bushel. Pork, \$5 62 1/2 to \$5 75 per 100 lbs. Whiskey, 28 cents per gallon, exclusive of the barrel. The above articles are put down at the wagon prices.

In another column will be found an interesting letter from Mr. Rusir. It will speak for itself. Among those Editors to whom we would especially recommend a perusal of it, those of Maryland and the Clay portion of Washington City stand first; some of whom readily snatch up any thing and every thing against Anti-Masonry, while at the same time nothing is published in its favor. But Masonry is "all-powerful!"

ARIZOS.—While the Grand Masters of Kentucky and Tennessee are receiving the adulations of Maryland, her native son, the favorite of Jefferson, possessing superior talents, virtue and patriotism, commands support but from one honorable Press. "O, shame! where is thy blush!"

THE GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.

The Message of George Wolf is a disgrace to the great State over which he so feebly presides. As a literary production, it is below contempt. Were he not a member of one of the learned professions, we should have passed unnoticed its clumsiness and ungrammatical execution. But being the work of a Lawyer, with opportunities for mental culture, it is conclusive evidence of a dull, phlegmatic brain.

The meaneast capacity would discover from the "message" itself, if he had no other means of knowing it, that a Governor's election is at hand. From beginning to end, it is an electioneering production only. At every sentence, and every paragraph, he thought of the "NEXT ELECTION!" Every past measure of folly and extravagance, which he attempted to excuse or escape from, reminded him of the "NEXT ELECTION." Every new scheme of wasteful expenditure, and log-rolling corruption, which he introduced, indicates the "NEXT ELECTION." In short, the whole of that enormous history and romance, is made up of that all-absorbing subject, HIS OWN ELECTION!

But let us look at a few of the topics which he attempts to discuss. At the out-set, he exclaims, with a burst of unwonted animation, "What citizen of Pennsylvania does not feel the honest glow of patriotic pride and unfeigned satisfaction in the contemplation of the eminent advantages possessed by his native or adopted State—in its extensive public improvements, finished and in progress towards completion, giving an assurance of an ample and speedy return, sufficient to compensate for all the disquietude and uneasiness which the unavoidable delays, the heavy expenditures, embarrassments, et ceteras, have occasioned?"

Is he so deplorably stupid as to feel what he here attempts so glowingly to express? Or does he mean to insult his fellow-citizens by mocking at their calamities? "Feel pride and satisfaction in contemplating the works of public improvements finished and in progress!"

"What citizen is there who reflects at all, who does not feel indignation at the past, and dismay for the future conduct of our profligate and spendthrift Executive? A State involved in debt beyond all former example: Tax-gatherers sent forth to wring from the hard-earnings of our citizens more than they are able to bear, BUT LESS THAN WILL PAY THE ANNUAL INTEREST OF THE PRESENT DEBT, which has been corruptly squandered upon favorite demagogues; and the immediate prospect of an additional debt of TEN MILLIONS OF DOLLARS, swelling it in all to TWENTY-FIVE MILLIONS! These, indeed, are objects to be viewed with "pride and complacency!" Truly this sage Governor is a man of mighty fortitude! He shrinks not at ruin, but cheers on his fellow citizens to the precipice!

After attempting to cast on his predecessor the odium of the diffusive and wasteful system of internal improvement which is in progress, he proceeds to lay out and recommend new works enough to cost at least EIGHT MILLIONS OF DOLLARS more! It becomes necessary for him to secure the votes of the West and North; and it matters not what it costs the State, if that cardinal object could be accomplished. The new projects of this economical Governor are enough of themselves to ruin a State. They are no less than connecting Pittsburg with Erie harbor—extending the French creek improvements to the Conneaut Lake—joining the North Branch of the Susquehanna to the New York Lakes—making the Monongahela slack water—and extending the Delaware canal from Easton to Carpenter's point. These are the traps set to catch the East and the West—the North and the South, in addition to the Middle interests, which he thinks secure! If the people suffer these plans to be carried into effect, in addition to those now in progress, the State debt will remain a consuming mortgage on their real and personal property, in perpetuity!

But George Wolf is as impudent in his folly, as he must deem his constituents ignorant and

credulous. He gravely asserts that the present Tax is the only one which the people will be called on to pay; and that it will continue but five years! The present debt of the State is about \$15,000,000: The annual interest of which, at 6 per cent, is \$900,000. The present tax is estimated to raise \$800,000, being \$100,000 less than the interest. But by the time the improvements begun and recommended are finished, the debt cannot be less than \$25,000,000—the annual interest of which will be \$1,500,000—one million and a half of dollars! It will be necessary to INCREASE the present tax twice and a half to pay the interest only, WITHOUT REDUCING THE DEBT ONE DOLLAR! The tolls received on these ill-contrived canals, will never more than pay canal commissioners, toll-gatherers and repairs, and the incidental expenses of government—The repairs alone last year, on the small parts now completed, amounted to about \$400,000. And yet we are told by this ignorant or lying Governor, that five years of the present tax will remove all our burdens! No—TREBLE THAT TAX, in perpetuity for five hundred years, will be the fatal legacy entailed on our posterity, by this weak and wicked administration!

The faction that govern the "convict" of the Compiler, have grown desperate of late. Their utmost inventions have been put to the rack for means to carry on their revivings against the Antimasons of Adams county. In all their past resorts, however, they have been met and defeated by the honest portion of the people. The Masons in Washington county, Md., and Franklin county, Pa., have come forward and "resolved" to give up their charters, but at the same time ingloriously covered themselves, in their retreat, with infamy. While here, their brethren not only hold on to the sheep-skin, but to the infamous, unchristian and blasphemous principles of the Institution also. Probably they have already received their portion of the \$20,000 left the Grand Lodge by Mr. Girard, and have liquidated the claims of their faithful Printers. \$500 to one, and \$300 to another, had, we trow, reduced the funds of the Good Samaritan Lodge to a low ebb. But the "legacy" has given a new impulse to Masonry, and her devotees and "bottle-holders" intend, we suppose, riding "booted and spurred" over the people. But we would advise them to "look before they leap;" the verdant plains of Adams are too firm to admit the pestilential tread of Aristocratic Grand Kings—a "long howling" Wolf, or its half-gorged Cubs.

Read the following from the York Republican: It appears that the young State of Ohio, has expended a little over \$4,000,000 upon canals, &c. from which she receives already an income of about \$100,000 although she commenced about one year after this State. With this 4 millions, she has nearly 350 miles of canal rendered navigable, whilst Pennsylvania, under the management of George Wolf AND HIS PARTY, has a debt of THIRTEEN MILLIONS, and according to his last message, only 388 miles of navigable canals, and the receipts are only \$38,000!!!

One year ago, in the Governor's Message, he stated that the navigable canals in the spring, would amount to 425 miles and the tolls to \$50,000. It seems that now, the length is reduced 37 miles, after a year's work and FIVE millions of additional expense whilst the tolls fall short of his estimate \$12,000. He now estimates them for the next year, at \$150,000; we presume they will really be, about \$50,000!

More Evidence of Political Masonry.—

The Editor of the Pennsylvania Whig says: "A very high Mason informed this writer, that after Mr. Wolf's election, some of his partisans were INITIATED INTO THE LODGE, for the purpose of sustaining their pretensions to office BY THE INFLUENCE OF MASONRY. An office of \$6,000 per annum in this City was obtained for a MASON IN VIRTUE OF MASONRY. Mr. Henry Horn was instrumental in this affair."

A faction of Jackson Masons headed by Doctor Sutherland—Mr. Baker—Mr. Dallas—and Judge King—caused the nomination and election of Geo. Wolf! This people will combine to expel this faction, and their creature, from office."

HARRISBURG, Jan. 4.

Military Convention.—The Military Convention assembled here on Monday last, and organized by appointing Maj. John B. Alexander, of Westmoreland, President; Gen. Wm. B. Mitchell, of Lycoming, Capt. J. Downey, of Lancaster, Gen. Wm. Poulke, of Cumberland, and Col. S. H. Price, of Delaware co., Vice-Presidents, Col. Simpson Torbet, of Bucks county, and Col. Walter S. Franklin, of Dauphin co., Secretaries. The Convention is a numerous and very respectable body, being composed of rising 100 members, amongst whom are men of talents, information and zeal in the work they have commenced. The time of the Convention has principally been taken up in debates upon the report submitted by the committee appointed to bring forward business; of which the principal speakers are Messrs. Alexander of Carlisle, Page and Riley of Philadelphia, and Messrs. of Union, and several others. Much information has been brought before the convention, but a great diversity of opinion as to the best means to be adopted, calculated to improve the militia system; pervades the whole body. The progress therefore towards preparing a system to be recommended to the consideration of the Legislature, is slow, and it would seem from the opposite views of the members; that it might adjourn without uniting in proposing any definite or material alteration of the present militia laws. The Convention appears extremely anxious to preserve and improve the Volunteer Corps, which the adoption of the report of the committee, it is thought, would materially injure. This desire, together with the effect a new organization would have upon old and

experienced officers, in the plan proposed, appears to embarrass its deliberations. From present appearances, the Convention will remain in sessions during the week.—Telegr.

From Foulson's Philadelphia Advertiser, Jan. 2. STEPHEN GIRARD.—We are indebted to a highly esteemed friend for the following Abstract from the Will of the late STEPHEN GIRARD, Esq. There is not perhaps, an instance recorded in the history of the world, of one human being devoting such an immense amount of wealth, for the benefit of his fellow man, as the venerable deceased has given to the city of his adoption; for the laudable purpose of its improvement, and for the melioration of the condition of its inhabitants.

STEPHEN GIRARD'S WILL, Gives to the Pennsylvania Hospital, subject to the payment of an annuity of \$200 to a female slave whom he sets free, \$30,000. To the Asylum for the Deaf and Dumb, 20,000. To the Orphans' Asylum, 10,000. To the Controllers of the Public Schools, 10,000. To the City Corporation, to be invested, and the interest to be applied annually in the purchase of Wood for the Poor, 10,000. To the Society of Ship Masters, 10,000. To the Free-Masons' Lodge, 20,000. For a School to be erected in the township of Passyunk, for poor white Children, 6,000. Sundry Legacies to Individuals amounting to 120,000. Several Annuities amounting to about 4,000. To the City of New Orleans, 1000 acres of improved Land in the territory of Mississippi, and one-third of 207,000 acres of unimproved Land in the territory. To the City of Philadelphia the remaining two-thirds of the said unimproved Lands. [This land is said to be now worth 500,000 dollars.] To the City of Philadelphia, Stock in the Schuylkill Navigation Company, 110,000. [Worth in the market considerably more than this sum.] For a College for poor white male Children and its proper endowments, the sum of 2,000,000.

To the City of Philadelphia, for certain City Improvements, to be annually applied, 500,000.

All his remaining Estate, real and personal, (no part of the real estate to be sold) is to be applied as follows:—in further aid of the said College—improvements of the City and in relief of the Taxes. This Estate is very large, but not yet valued.

To the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, to be applied to Internal Improvements by Canals, provided the Legislature shall, within one year from Stephen Girard's decease, pass laws authorising the City of Philadelphia to make the intended improvements—otherwise to the United States for the same object, \$800,000.

The Gentlemen hereafter named are the Executors of his Will:—Timothy Paxson, Thomas P. Cope, Joseph Roberts, William J. Duane, John A. Barclay.

WM. WIRT, Esq.—The Baltimore American of Saturday, conveys the gratifying intelligence of the rapid recovery of this unblemished Patriot and sterling Statesman. We congratulate the Country on this event. Mr. Wirt is dear to every lover of his Country—and an object of laudable pride to every American. The pure private character, and the splendid public attributes of Mr. Wirt, makes him an object of uncommon interest and regard to the AMERICAN PEOPLE.—Pa. Whig, Dec. 31.

From Niles' Weekly Register. FOREIGN NEWS. Arrivals at New York bring Liverpool advices to the 17th November, inclusive. ENGLAND.—Rumors of an intended resignation of the ministers had prevailed for several days, though contradicted by the Courier. The indecision in the policy of the ministry had, it was thought, strengthened the opposition. The hope of passing the reform bill by conversions among the lords, is admitted by that paper to be fallacious—twelve being the largest number of changes in favor of it, and there being three or four that formerly supported the bill who will now oppose it. Further delay in the creation of new peers, with a view of carrying the measure, is condemned.

The alarm about the cholera had greatly subsided, although there has been an increase of cases at Sutherland, and one had presented itself at Newcastle—it being considered generally to be of domestic, and not foreign origin; though the London Courier has no hesitation in pronouncing it the Asiatic cholera, modified and changed by the climate of England.

Mr. O'Connell had proposed to form a grand national union, with a view of giving effect to the expression of opinion on political subjects.

FRANCE.—The peerage bill had not yet been presented to the house of peers. Its passage in that body was doubted, unless new peers were created, which project presented serious difficulties. A debate recently occurred in the chamber of deputies on the subject of ministers having received the sons of marshal Ney into the French army, from a foreign service. The propriety of which measure was conceded by the chambers.

The ministers of marine had despatched telegraphic information to all the sea-ports, directing the most rigid quarantine to be enforced upon all vessels coming from England, to avoid the introduction of the cholera.

BELGIUM AND HOLLAND.—Some uneasiness was felt in consequence of the continued silence of the king of Holland upon the subject of the approval of the treaty between these two powers, and a report that he had appealed to the emperor of Russia—it was, however, thought that he would ultimately accede to the terms of the treaty.

SPAIN.—There had been some movements in the army of Spain, which had given rise to active speculations among the

political circles of Paris, as to the objects of Ferdinand.

RUSSIA AND POLAND.—There is nothing from these countries, except the official report of prince Paskewitch, of the storming and capture of Warsaw. The whole loss of the Russian army is computed at 3,000 killed, including 63 officers, and 7,500 wounded, including 445 officers.

TURKEY.—There had been an extraordinary phenomenon in Constantinople. After an uncommonly sultry night, threatening clouds rose about six in the morning of the 5th of October in the horizon of the south west, and a noise between thunder and tempest was heard, and yet not to be compared with either—it increased every moment and the inhabitants, roused from their sleep, awaited with anxious expectation, the issue of this threatening phenomenon—lumps of ice soon fell, as large as a man's foot, falling first singly, and then like a shower of stones, which destroyed every thing that they came in contact with. Some of these were picked up an hour afterwards, which weighed above a pound.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 2. THE MARKET.—SALT.—This article never was known to be so scarce in this city as at the present time. Sales, in small quantities, are made at from \$1 25 to \$1 50 per bushel. We omit quotations.

FLOUR.—Sales of best brands at \$5 75, and sour flour at \$4 63 to \$4 75. WHEAT.—In hhds. from wagons, 30 cents; from store, 32 cents. FLAX SEED, from wagons, \$1 75. FEATHERS.—Live Geese, 38 to 39 cents. COTTON.—The only sales reported are 40 bales Louisiana at 12 cents, and 100 Tennessee at 9 cents.—Bicknell's Rep.

ALARMING.—The Small Pox at present prevails in Philadelphia. We conversed with one of our most respectable physicians on Saturday, and he informs us, that several cases are already embraced within his practice. Those who have not been inoculated should beware. We know that it is the fashion with the daily prints, not to notice the appearance of this dreadful disease; but we think this a culpable neglect on their part, and have, therefore, written this paragraph for the benefit of our country readers at least. Philadelphians are already aware of the fact of the disease being in the city.—Ib.

MARRIED, On the 16th ult. by the Rev. J. Ruthrauff, Mr. GEORGE BAUGHEN, of Abbotstown, to Miss LEAH MAYER, of Baltimore. By the Rev. C. G. McClean, sometime last month, Mr. ROBERT ROBINSON to Miss JANE MCCREARY, both of Mountjoy township. On Tuesday last, by the Rev. Samuel Gutelius, Mr. ADAM TAWNEY, of Cumberland township, to Miss MARGARET MYERS, of New Oxford.

DIED, On the 25th ult. Mrs. ELIZABETH HUGHES, wife of Mr. John Hughes, of Cumberland township, aged about 43 years.

Trial List—Jan. Term, 1832. Dr. Smith's use vs. A. Swigert's Executor. John Moura's use vs. Henry Colstock. Plum vs. A. Plum's Executors. Mary Pittenturf vs. S. Worman's Adm'r. James Lockert vs. W. & J. Galbreath. January 10, 1832. ts—40

CHEAP GOODS. THE subscribers respectfully inform the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity, that they have connected themselves in the Merchantile business under the firm of Dickey & Himes, and have purchased from Mr. DANIEL COMFORT his entire Stock of Merchandize, comprising a GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF DRY GOODS, FRESH GROCERIES, Hardware, Queensware, &c. on such terms as will enable them to sell on the most accommodating terms. They will continue business in the same room occupied by Mr. Comfort and formerly by Mr. George Arnold. They respectfully invite the public to give them a call. THOMAS DICKEY, CHARLES HIMES. January 10, 1832. ts—40

LAND FOR SALE. IN pursuance of an Order of the Orphans' Court of Adams county, the subscriber will offer public sale, On Saturday the 4th day of February next, at 12 o'clock, on the premises, A TRACT OF LAND, Part of the Estate of JACOB GILBERT, deceased, situate in Menallen township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Philip Long, John Rex, Henry Bender and others, Containing 116 Acres, and allowance of patented Land, On which are erected, a Two-Story Weather-Boarded DWELLING HOUSE, and Stone Back Building, which has been kept as a TAVERN, a Bank Barn, Tenant-House, and Smith-Shop. There are two Wells of good water, and two Orchards, on the premises. Attendance will be given, and terms of sale made known on the day of sale, by DAVID WILLS, Adm'r. By the Court, JOHN B. CLARK, Clerk. January 10, 1832. ts—40

IN pursuance of an Order of the Orphans' Court of Adams county, the subscriber will offer public sale, On Saturday the 21st day of January next, at 10 o'clock, A. M. on the premises, THE UNDIVIDED HALF OF A FARM, The Estate of Catharine Munderdorf, dec'd, situate in Huntington township, Adams county, adjoining lands of William Wireman, David Mumper and others, Containing 1 Hundred Acres more or less, on which are erected A LOG DWELLING HOUSE, Log Barn, & other necessary improvements. Terms—One half of the purchase money to be in hand; the balance in two equal annual payments. HARMAN WIREMAN, Adm'r. By the Court, JOHN B. CLARK, Clerk. December 27, 1831. ts—39

THE AMERICAN FARMER A NEAT WEEKLY PAPER, in quarto form, Edited by GIBSON SMITH, is published in Baltimore, Md., by I. Irvine Hitchcock, at \$5 per annum. CONTENTS OF NO. 43, VOL. 13. Second Prize Essay, Agricultural division, On the Culture of Indian Corn.—On Wheat turning to Cheat or Chess.—Agricultural Tour through part of England, by the Rev. Henry Berry.—First Prize Essay, Horticultural division, On the Flower Garden, Fruits, &c.—Review of "A Guide to the Orchard and Kitchen Garden, with Calendars of the Work required in the Orchard and Kitchen Garden during every Month in the Year"—Practical Hints on Pruning Forest and Hedge-row Timber Trees, by Mr. Blake.—On bots in Horses.—Editorial, Award of Premiums for the Prize Essay, On Cheat or Chess.—Foreign Markets.—Prices Current of Country Produce in the New York and Baltimore Markets.—Advertisements.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the Estate of HUGH BIGHAM, late of Liberty township, Adams County, deceased, are requested to call and settle the same immediately—and those having claims against said Estate are desired to present the same for settlement. JAS. A. THOMPSON, Adm'r. January 10, 1832 ts—40

Grand Jury—Jan. Term—1832. Straban township.—John Dickson, Esq. Wm. Cashman, Jacob Taughinbaugh. Gettysburg.—Hugh Denwidie, Robert G. Harper. Germany.—Christian Bishop. Huntington.—John Elliott, Moses Myers. Franklin.—Adam S. E. Duncan, John Herby. Mountpleasant.—Anthony Strausbaugh, Anthony Smith. Cumberland.—James McAllister, Henry Dunwoode, Abraham Linah. Lattimore.—William Wright. Conowingo.—John Rusby, Abraham Reiff. Liberty.—Maxwell Shields. Mountjoy.—Jacob Eckenrode, Robt. Cunningham, James McThenny. Menallen.—Adam Gardner, Joseph Latahawk.

GENERAL JURY. Germany township.—Ephraim Swope, George Wills, Henry Shriver. Mountjoy.—William Golden. Mountpleasant.—Peter Smith, Richard McSherry, Anderson Ewing, Henry Herrmg, Philip Kohler. Straban.—David M. Creary, Jacob Cassatt, Esq. Isaac Miller, John Thomas, Isaac Brinkerhoff, Leonard Bricker, John Deardorff. Tyrone.—James L. Neely, Isaac Saddle, of R. Franklin.—William Paxton. Cumberland.—Wm. McCullough, John Plank, James Boyd. Hamilton.—Peter Brugh, Charles Barnitt. Menallen.—Simon Becker, John Rex. Hamilton.—Zephaniah Herbert. Conowingo.—Andrew Mousse. Gettysburg.—Thomas J. Cooper, John Cress. Berwick.—Joseph Bittinger. Huntington.—William Morehead. Reading.—John Deardorff, Solomon Albert. Liberty.—David Eiker, Henry Wertz.

PUBLIC SALE. IN pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Adams County, will be exposed to public sale, On Saturday the 14th of January instant, on the premises, A TRACT OF LAND, Late the Estate of John Ficks, Esq. dec'd, Containing 21 Acres and 38 Perches, with an allowance, situate in Huntington township, Adams county, Pennsylvania, adjacent to the town of Petersburg, (York Springs,) adjoining lands of Fletcher Morehead, Jacob Gardner and others, on which are erected a large and convenient two story

BRICK HOUSE, and KITCHEN, a Brick Spring-House, a double Barn, and Frame Wood-House.—There is a never failing Spring of Water convenient to the House and Barn, with a Fountain Pump near the Kitchen door. About SEVEN ACRES of the above Tract is cleared and under good fence, the remainder covered with excellent Timber.—There is an Orchard of Peach and Apple Trees on the premises. Sale to commence at 12 o'clock, M. of said day, when attendance will be given, and terms of sale made known, by JACOB FICKES, PETER H. SMITH, Adm'r. By the Court, JOHN B. CLARK, Clerk. January 3, 1832. ts—39

PUBLIC SALE. IN pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Adams County, will be exposed to public sale on Saturday the 21st day of January next, at 10 o'clock, A. M. on the premises, THE UNDIVIDED HALF OF A FARM, The Estate of Catharine Munderdorf, dec'd, situate in Huntington township, Adams county, adjoining lands of William Wireman, David Mumper and others, Containing 1 Hundred Acres more or less, on which are erected A LOG DWELLING HOUSE, Log Barn, & other necessary improvements. Terms—One half of the purchase money to be in hand; the balance in two equal annual payments. HARMAN WIREMAN, Adm'r. By the Court, JOHN B. CLARK, Clerk. December 27, 1831. ts—39

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