



THE FARMER'S DEPARTMENT.

From the Genesee Farmer.

TO FARMERS.

The close of the year.—Farmers, the close of the year is approaching, and we sincerely hope that you will be aware of the importance of closing your farming business and accounts with it. Not that there should be a suspension of business at that time, but that you may say to yourself, I have finished the year's labor; I have settled all my accounts, and I know exactly what the profits of the last year have been. Under such circumstances, a man can commence a new year with more hopes than when his accounts are unsettled, and he at a loss to know whether his last year's labor has been attended with gain or not. To those who have hitherto neglected to keep accurate accounts of their farming operations, we would earnestly recommend that they immediately make preparations for so doing the coming year; and as an inducement, we offer one year's number of the Genesee Farmer, to the one who shall keep his farming accounts in the plainest and most accurate manner; keeping Dr. and Cr. with each important crop, and give the full amount of capital employed in lands, stock, utensils, &c.; and transmitting to us, at the end of the year, a duplicate or copy of such account, which we will publish, if requested. Were a few such accounts kept by our practical farmers and published, the public would be in possession of facts from which they could draw conclusions as to the interest which might be expected from capital invested in agricultural business, which information they are deficient in at this time.

It has been said that farming is a hard laborious business, and is attended with but small profit; and with these impressions, parents who have sons to provide for, have selected professions in preference to agriculture; but we think that the accounts of farmers as accurately kept as those of merchants and mechanics, and they as industrious, the balance of profit would be in their favor. Other reasons are advanced in favor of professions, as inducements for young men to engage in them, many which we think are ridiculous and absurd; but many of them are rendered so by the farmer's own consent, and of course they ought not to complain. One powerful reason advanced is, that "the farmers have little or no influence in public business;" this we grant is correct, and why? It is not because they have not as much interest at stake as other classes of society; neither is it because there is a want of intellect among them, but because they under-rate their own consequence, both as to numbers and capital, and if they abandon their own interest, who can they expect will take care of it? If any society is formed of which the farmers compose the majority, and officers to be appointed, who do they elect?—any but a farmer. If town officers are to be chosen, who do they vote for?—any but farmers. If for the county? sometimes a mechanic is taken, out of compliment; but rarely a farmer. If for a state or congressional representation, who do farmers make choice of, or rather who do they vote for? (for they are not allowed to select; this is done by the office hunters themselves.) Not for farmers. Why is all this Egyptian bondage, that farmers must serve task-masters whose interests are separate and contrary from their own? Is it because the retirement of an agricultural life has a tendency to render those who pursue it modest and retiring, that they allow themselves to be brow-beaten by a class of people who consider brass a more useful metal, for many purposes, than gold; or because, from their constant occupation, they have not time to collect together and form compacts for self-aggrandizement? What class of men were the pride and boast of Rome during her days of prosperity and glory? Her farmers. Who was it that led our armies, which repelled the despotic power of England, and gained for us our liberty and independence? It was Washington; a name which will stand first upon the roll of fame when all the tyrants of the old world shall be forgotten; and he, be it remembered, was a farmer. Now let us conjure you to have that respect for yourselves which you are entitled to.—Spend now and then an evening making calculations upon your numerical strength and importance; then upon your capital compared with that of all other classes, in which, remember, there are but two kinds of capital—landed property and labor—all other kinds of property being representations of these two; then reflect upon what proportion of influence belongs to you in national affairs, and whether you do justice to yourselves and families by delegating it to others. Finally, qualify yourselves for any business, and so consider your own that you may think it worth reducing to order, which will be sure to convince you, that when so followed it is attended with as fair a profit, and as much peace of mind as any other; and that many of the greatest, as well as best of men in all enlightened nations, have been farmers.

HINTS TO FARMERS.

Never feed potatoes to stock without boiling or steaming, as this increases their nutritive qualities. Grind your corn with the cobs. It is better feed, and pays well for the trouble. One bushel of flaxseed, ground with eight bushels of oats, is better for horses than six-

teen bushels of oats alone, and will effectually destroy the bots.

Never burn all dry wood in your fire place, nor use a fire place when you can get a stove.

Cut your trees for rails in February, as they are most durable.

Never dew rot your flax, unless you wish to render it worthless.

Never select your seed corn from the crib but from the stalk.

Never feed out your best potatoes and plant the refuse, nor sell your best sheep and keep the poorest.

A fat ox is worth more than a poor horse, and does not eat as much—a yoke and chain can be bought for less money than a wagon harness.—N. E. Farmer.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

**BELLOWS,**  
Water and Sugar Boxes,  
PRINTS, &c.

NEST BOXES AND BARREL COVERS,  
30000 cane, suitable for reed makers  
500 nest sugar boxes  
500 barrel and half barrel covers

SPINNING WHEELS,

Wash Boards  
Lamp wicks  
Sugar boxes  
Weavers' reeds  
Candle wick  
Baskets and brushes  
Fishing lines  
Brush handles

REEDS AND SHUTTLES,

Sifters and strainers  
Shovels and twine  
Clothe pins  
Bed cords  
Fishing rods  
Butter prints  
Belows and spigots  
Fishing hooks  
Marbles and tops  
Lemon squeezers

MARKET AND FANCY BASKETS,

Rolling pins  
Potatoes mashers  
Muddlers  
Towel rollers  
Wash & cake boards  
Tubs and butter bowls  
Shoe blacking  
Butter trays, spoons and paddles  
Trenchers  
Crabbing & cabbage nets

The above articles are offered for sale, on reasonable terms, by

VALERIUS DUKEHART,  
No 101 1/2, Baltimore between South & Calvert sts.  
Baltimore, 12th mo. 27th 1831. 4t-38

DR. J. GILBER

OFFERS FOR SALE.

At the old stand a few doors South of Mr. James Gourley's Tavern, Baltimore Street, Gettysburg.

A FRESH AND GENERAL SUPPLY OF

DRUGS AND

MEDICINES

Paints & Dye-Staffs.

AMONG WHICH, ARE THE FOLLOWING:

DRUGS & MEDICINES.

Acid Sulphuric  
" Nitric  
" Muratic  
" Tartaric  
" Lemon  
Ether  
Assafetida  
Antimony  
Balaam Copiva  
Borax crude and refined  
Blue Pill  
Carb Ferri  
" Ammonia  
" Magnesia  
Colomel  
Cream Tartar  
Camphor  
Calcined Magnesia  
Flor. Sulphur  
Guaiacum  
" Arabic  
" Dragon  
Manna  
Mustard Seed  
Nutmeg  
Oil Wormseed  
" Cinnamon  
" Cloves  
" Castor  
" Sweet  
" Cubeb  
" Mint  
Opium  
Rhubarb  
Red Precipitate  
Snake Root  
Sarsaparilla  
Sal Ammoniac  
Salty Epsom  
" Glauber  
Senna  
Tartar Emetic  
Venice Turpentine  
Vermilion  
" Black oil

PAINTS.

White Lead  
Red Lead  
Spanish Brown  
Venetian Red  
Litharge  
Burnt Umber  
Terra De Sienna  
Chrome Yellow  
" Green  
Rose Pink  
Prussian Blue  
Lampblack

DYE STUFFS.

Logwood chipped  
Redwood  
Madder  
Fustic  
Camwood  
Turmeric  
Indigo  
Allum  
Copperas  
Red Saunders  
Red Tartar  
" &c. &c.

PATENT MEDICINES.

Balaam Drops  
Balaam De Malta  
" of Life  
British oil  
Cephalic Snuff  
Elixir Paragoric  
" Vitriol  
Eye water  
Essence Cinnamon  
" Peppermint  
" Lemon  
Godfrey's Cordial  
Medicamentum  
Whites Tooth ache drops  
Golden Tincture  
Pills Lee's  
" Dyot  
" Lyon's  
" Fisher's  
" Hooper's  
" Anderson's  
" Quinine  
Opodeldoc  
" &c. &c. &c.

The above articles he will sell as low for cash, as can be had at any other shop in the place.

September 20, 1831. 4t-24

CHAIR MAKING,  
House and Sign Painting, &c.

The subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Gettysburg and its vicinity, THAT HE HAS OPENED A SHOP,

In Chambersburg Street, nearly opposite Mr. Forry's Tavern,

FOR MANUFACTURING AND REPAIRING

CHAIRS,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

—ALSO—

House and Sign Painting,

AND

TURBING,

OF ALL KINDS,

Neatly & expeditiously executed at all times.

As he has just commenced business in this place, he hopes, by making good work on reasonable terms, to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage.

WILLIAM C. MARTIN.

November 29, 1831. 4t-34

ADVERTISEMENTS.



PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, the Hon. John Reed, Esq. President of the several Courts of Common Pleas, in the Counties composing the Ninth District, and Justice of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the said District and Daniel Sheffer, and William McClean, Esqs. Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas, and Justices of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the County of Adams, have issued their precept, bearing date the 30th day of November, 1831, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas, and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, and General Jail Delivery, and Court of Oyer and Terminer, at Gettysburg, On Monday the 23d day of January next, At 10 o'clock, A. M.

Notice is hereby Given, To all the Justices of the Peace, the Coroner and the Constables within the said COUNTY OF ADAMS:

That they be then and there, in their proper persons, with their Rolls, Records, Inquisitions, Examinations, and other Remembrances, to do those things which to their offices, and in that behalf, appertain to belong—and also they who will prosecute against the prisoners that are, or then shall be, in the Jail of the said County of Adams, are to be then and there, to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Dated at Gettysburg, the 27th day of December, A. D. 1831.

WM. S. COBEAN, Sheriff. 4t-38

SELLING OFF!

THE subscriber, intending to remove from Middleburg, Frederick county, Md., offers at private sale his whole STOCK OF GOODS, at the most reduced prices. They consist of an

EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF

DRY GOODS,  
Groceries, Paints, &c.

Comprising every thing generally found in a country store. The stand is an excellent one, and will always command a large share of business.

GEO. W. CLABAUGH.

Middleburg, Dec. 21, [27], 1831. 4t-38

THE LADY'S BOOK.

COMMENCEMENT OF A NEW SERIES.

IN catering for the amusement of their patrons, the publishers have sought to obtain materials of an interesting, novel and diversified character, and although they have not been able hitherto to present much in the shape of Original contributions they have always cherished a proper regard for Native Talent, and have been zealous and persevering in their efforts to obtain it. With this view, it will be seen by the annexed advertisement, that a liberal Premium of \$200 has been offered by them for the best AMERICAN TALE, and there is no doubt the competition for the honor of the award will be contested by writers of the highest distinction. A secondary Premium of \$50 is also offered for the best POEM, suitable for publication in the Lady's Book. It is reasonable to conclude that the attractions of the succeeding numbers of the work will be manifold—they will be increased both in the character of its contents and the beauty of its external appearance. The publishers have made engagements for a new and excellent paper, on which to print it; and they also propose to make some improvements in its Typographical appearance. The Music Type which they have selected for their use, is of the most approved kind and in future accompaniments entire will be given with the music they select for publication.

The publishers have a few copies of the last six numbers remaining on hand, with which they will be happy to supply new subscribers—as they will form a connexion with the future numbers, all who desire the work complete will of course commence with them. Persons who have not seen the Book, may have a specimen No. by addressing the publishers (post paid) to that effect.

The publishers are desirous of obtaining as early as possible the succeeding numbers as possible, an estimate of the number of copies of their work which may be subscribed for, so that they may know what edition they will be obliged to publish—it is earnestly requested therefore that all new orders for the Book may be forwarded at once, by doing so, those who wish to secure a copy of it will not be disappointed.

The Lady's Book is published on the 1st of every month, contains nearly 60 pages each No. of neatly printed letter press. Terms \$3 per annum in advance. Address (post paid) L. A. GODEY & CO. No. 112 Chesnut-st. Phil.

Dec. 27, 1831.

PREMIUMS.—The publishers of the Lady's Book, impelled by a sense of gratitude for the unprecedented patronage which has been bestowed upon their work, and anxious to improve its character by every means in their power, have determined to offer the following premiums, viz:

FOR THE BEST ORIGINAL TALE,

Written for the Lady's Book,

TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS.

FOR THE BEST ORIGINAL POEM,

Suitable for publication in the Lady's Book,

FIFTY DOLLARS.

Competitors for these Premiums, will address their communications, free of postage, to L. A. GODEY & Co. No. 112 Chesnut street, Philadelphia, before the 1st day of June, 1832, at which time, as many as shall have been received, will be submitted to a committee of literary persons, whose judgment shall determine the distribution of prizes. Accompanying each communication, the name of the writer must be furnished. If secrecy is preferred, the name may be enclosed in a separate sealed envelope, which will not be opened except in the case of the successful candidate. It will of course be understood, that all articles submitted for these Premiums will be absolutely at the discretion of the publishers. The publication of the Tales and Poems will be commenced immediately after the award is made.

December 27, 1831.

WOOD

WILL at all times be received in payment for the Star. It is needed very much at present.

ROBERT W. MIDDLETON.

CABINET WARE-HOUSE.



DAVID HENAGY,  
CABINET-MAKER,

RETURNS his grateful acknowledgments for the very liberal encouragement which has heretofore been extended to him, and respectfully informs them that he STILL CONTINUES HIS SHOP AT THE OLD STAND, IN CHAMBERSBURG STREET, where he is prepared to execute the neatest & most FASHIONABLE WORK.

Which he will warrant EQUAL, if not SUPERIOR, to any in the place.

—ON HAND—

A general and extensive assortment of Mahogany, Maple and Cherry FURNITURE:

And of a quality, which he only asks an examination to be pronounced SUPERIOR.

His prices are reasonable and suited to the present times. Purchasers will save by calling at his Ware-house before they purchase elsewhere.

All kinds of LUMBER and COUNTRY PRODUCE will be taken in exchange for Work—for which the highest price will be allowed.

He deems it unnecessary to notice, particularly, that he is always prepared to make COFFINS, as from his long practice in the business, and strict attention, he presumes it generally known; and flatters himself that, from the general satisfaction his work has given, he will continue to receive a share of patronage.

Gettysburg, November 8, 1831. 4t-31

TO MY CREDITORS.

TAKE NOTICE, that I have applied to the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, for the benefit of the Insolvent laws, and that the said Judges have appointed Monday the 23rd day of January next, for the hearing of me and my creditors, at the Court-house in the borough of Gettysburg, where you may attend if you think proper.

CHARLES DONAHOO.

December 13, 1831. 4t-36

TO OUR CREDITORS.

TAKE NOTICE, that we have applied to the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, for the benefit of the Insolvent laws, and that the said Judges have appointed Monday the 23rd day of January next, for the hearing of us and our creditors, at the Court-house in the borough of Gettysburg, where you may attend if you think proper.

GEORGE WINEMILLER,

of Germany township.

ANDREW WOLF,

of Berwick township.

December 13, 1831. 4t-36

STRAY CATTLE.

CAME to the enclosures of the subscriber, in Cumberland township, in the county of Adams, two stray STEERS, about 2 years old, one a brown colour, and the other a red with a white streak along the back, and slits or holes in the ear. The aforesaid cattle came to the enclosures of the subscriber sometime about the 6th of this month. The owner is desired to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take them away.

HENRY BISHOP.

November 15, 1831. 4t-32

AMERICAN ANNALS.

PROPOSALS to publish a Monthly Literary and Political Magazine, to be entitled "American Annals and Repository of Politics, Science, and Literature." By STEPHEN SIMPSON.

In order to separate from the influence of mere party views, the political events and history of the Times, the Editor proposes to publish the above work, on terms accessible to every reader. It shall be issued in Monthly numbers of between 70 and 80 pages, at \$4 per annum—payable every six months—or, \$1 per quarter—but no subscription will be received for less than one year. It is contemplated to issue the first numbers on the 1st of January, if sufficient patronage is extended to the undertaking. The following synopsis will exhibit the character of the proposed Magazine.

1. Important State papers.
2. Abstracts—or condensed briefs of other Political Documents.
3. Condensed Statistical Tables.
4. A Review of Political History for the Month. Movements of Parties, &c.
5. A regular and methodical abstract of Foreign Intelligence.
6. Domestic Intelligence.
7. Extraordinary Crimes and Casualties, connected with moral and philosophical reflections.
8. Agricultural—Mechanical—and Scientific Scraps.

It is contemplated to make this Magazine a valuable Book of reference to all classes of Society, and men of all parties.

To subscribers to the Pennsylvania Whig the Magazine will only be charged at \$3 per annum—making two volumes in the year, of 400 pages each.

Philadelphia, Dec. 8, 1831. 1m-35

COACH-MAKING, &c.



EDWIN A. ATLEE,

Respectfully informs the public that he has removed to his

New Shop in Chambersburg Street, a few doors West of the Court House,

WHERE HE IS PREPARED TO

Make, Trim, and Repair

COACHES,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

—ALSO—

SADDLES,

BRIDLES, SADDLE-BAGS,

Portmanteaus, Harness, Trunks,

and every other article in his line of business, with neatness, durability and despatch.

He returns his thanks for past encouragement, and shall endeavor to merit a continuance of the same.

July 26, 1831. 4t-16

STRAY COWS.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, in Cumberland township, Adams county, some time last month, 2 COWS; one of them partly white, with a few red spots—the other red, with white spots on her forehead, short tail, apparently heavy with calf. The owner is desired to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away.

GEORGE TROSTLE.

December 6, 1831. 4t-35

STRAY SHEEP.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber in Cumberland township, about 1 mile West of the Borough of Gettysburg, some time in September last, FOUR SHEEP, three Ewes and one Ram—two of the Ewes are without ear mark; one of them has horns—the Ram has both ears cropt off and has horns—the Ewe has a crop of the left ear—the Ewes are young, the Ram is old. The owner is desired to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away.

JACOB HERBST.

December 6, 1831. 4t-35

PROPOSALS.

For publishing in the City of Washington, (D.C.) a semi-weekly newspaper, entitled

The Republican Herald,

To be devoted to Politics and Literature.

As a brief outline of the principles which this paper will advocate is due to the public, it may be sufficient to state that it shall be guided by the great political landmarks erected by Mr. Jefferson to protect our republican institutions from the evils of accumulated power and corruption, to preserve to the people and the States that equality of political rights which marks the spirit of the age, and which alone can perpetuate the blessings of liberty, harmony, and peace, and secure to the "greatest number the greatest possible happiness."

When these objects are lost sight of, the interests of the people are sacrificed to gratify the ambition of their rulers. For if the justice and protection due to allegiance be withheld from the citizen, distrust, jealousy, and contention must prevail.

It will oppose every cabal and association, no matter of what denomination, by which bad men can secretly combine and trample on the constitution & laws of the land, poison the sources of justice, prostrate talents and patriotism, and shield the vicious from the punishment due to their crimes. If ever Secret Societies were productive of benefit to mankind, it could only have been in the dark ages of despotism, when the liberty of speech itself was held by the frail tenure of tyrants will. In this age, in this country, where the capacity and right of self-government are practically conceded to the people, the only peaceable and constitutional mode by which the vicious tendency of "Secret Societies" can be averted, is an earnest appeal to the reason of intelligent freemen and to the ballot box. The great end of this paper, therefore, will be to develop and extend the principles here laid down; and in order more effectually to secure this object, it will advocate the election of WILLIAM WIRT to the Presidency, and AMOS ELLMAKER to the Vice-Presidency, of the United States.

In advocating the election of these patriots and statesmen to the first offices in the gift of a free people, we cherish the principles for which we contend, and present to our countrymen candidates possessing a combination of intellectual energy and purity of character, which will secure peace and harmony, and reflect honor on our common country.

A portion of the columns of the Republican Herald shall be devoted to literature and the progress of the arts and sciences.

The Herald will be published semi-weekly, at five dollars per annum, payable on the receipt of the first number, which will issue as soon as fifteen hundred subscribers shall have been obtained; and as it is desirable that the publication may commence at an early day, the Committee of Correspondence organized for that purpose, and others who desire to promote the election of Wirt and ELLMAKER, are requested to obtain subscribers and transmit their names to the Editor in Washington City.

Washington City, (Nov. 17, 1831.) Dec. 6