



Here shall the Press the People's rights proclaim
Unaid by influence, and unbiassed by gain.

Tuesday Morning, November 8, 1831.

"THE SUPREMACY OF THE LAWS."

Democratic Anti-Masonic Nomination!

FOR PRESIDENT,

William Wirt, of Md.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,

Amos Ellmaker, of Pa.

FOR CONGRESS,

JAMES M'SHERRY.

BALTIMORE MARKET.—Flour was selling from the wagons during the past week at \$5 per bushel, until Friday, when it commanded \$5 1/2—Wheat, best red, from 1 05 to 1 07 cents per bushel; common sorts ranged from 80 to 95 cents per bushel according to quality. New Corn, yellow, at 43 to 46 cents and white, at 40 to 45 cents, according to its condition. Rye is scarce and in demand, at from 70 to 75 cents per bushel. Oats, 41 to 42 cents per bushel. Whiskey, 31 1/2 cents per gallon, exclusive of the barrel, from the wagons.

THE LIFE OF STILLING, translated from the German by Professor HAZELIUS, of the Theological Seminary at this place, has just been published. The work is very interesting and contains many useful and instructive lessons. The typographical execution of the work is both neat and handsome—by H. C. NEINSTEIN.

The above mentioned work can be had at Mr. BUEHLER'S Apothecary Store.

In order to make room for the late Foreign News, we omit several articles this week.

JAMES M'SHERRY, ESQ.

It will be perceived, has been chosen as a candidate to represent this District in the next Congress. The people are well acquainted with Mr. M'Sherry, and know also that he has faithfully discharged the duties heretofore entrusted to him. He is the friend of the American System, and opposed to TAXING the people to uphold the extravagances of the present dynasty. So much is he opposed to laying TAXES on the hard-working and industrious people, that he even paid the postage on his letters, &c. at the last Legislature, and strenuously opposed the passing of the present unjust and oppressive tax law. His opponent, is a friend of those who pressed that law, and if elected will, no doubt, carry its spirit with him into Congress. So, remember, that, by supporting JAMES M'SHERRY, you SUSTAIN YOUR OWN INTERESTS.

JOHN B. MORRIS, Esq., has been chosen a Delegate to represent Baltimore in the National Convention, in room of Wm. Wirt, Esq. resigned.

TAXES!—If we recollect aright, (says a late York Republican,) the TAX BILL goes into operation in this month. The public debt is now \$15,000,000. It was enlarged last winter about \$5,000,000 of Dollars, and we presume will be increased at the coming session about \$5,000,000 more. This will bring it to \$20,000,000. The interest on this sum is ONE MILLION, but much more must be raised to pay the collectors, &c. therefore, we may set the sum down at \$1,200,000!!!

WIRT AND CLAY.—If we think our respected friend of the Frederick Examiner errs in saying that the Anti-Masonic party, in an "imperative and arbitrary manner, insist upon the withdrawal of Mr. Clay." However much we admire Mr. C. for his devotion to the American System, and his talents as an Orator and Statesman, we believe there are others who are as equally worthy of the highest office in the gift of the people. Consequently, we cannot do, and will not, "insist" on his "withdrawal." If the "Orator of the West," on his "withdrawal," if the "Orator of the West," possesses the power and influence of uniting all the friends of the American System, let his friends nominate him. He cannot receive the support of our party. Because, we find as good a Statesman—as sound a Lawyer—as able a Politician, and as firm a National Republican, as in Mr. C. True, Mr. Wirt has never travelled about, preaching up his political creed; but whenever solicited, he has freely and candidly given his views and opinions on any subject. And whether the Anti-Masonic party "is waning as rapidly as it arose," time, that tests all things, will prove. At present, however, we know it is growing at home, and hear of its growth in other States, to the East, West, North and South.

If our respected friend really doubts the purity of Mr. Wirt's Anti-Masonry—if he also doubts the sincerity of the Anti-Masonic party, he ought not to wish or ask them to yield to his party—because, if Mr. Wirt and the Anti-Masonic party are not possessed of correct principles, they would be no acquisition to any party.

Respecting Mr. Clay's being "as much an Anti-Mason as Mr. Wirt," the acts of each will speak plainer than the words of the friends of either. Mr. Clay is, and always has been a high and strenuous adhering Mason, and would think it a disgrace to be termed an Anti-Mason. Mr. Wirt never took but one or two degrees, and has published to the world, that he considers "Masonry at war with the fundamental principles of the social compact; he is treason against society, and a wicked conspiracy against the laws of God and man, which ought to be put down," deems it a high and distinguished honor to be chosen the leader of the opposition against Masonry, and says he freely goes with us in the patriotic cause of "asserting the SUPREMACY OF THE LAWS."

Therefore, taking all things into consideration, we are not without the hope of seeing, ere long, our respected friend of the Examiner "rallying around the banner of"

WIRT AND THE LAWS.

WE SHOULD BE JUST AND REFLECT HOW MUCH CAUSE FOR HIGH EXCITEMENT HAS BEEN GIVEN BY THE OUTRAGEOUS ABDUCTION OF A CITIZEN DRAGGED FROM HIS FAMILY AND FRIENDS, FOLLOWED UP MOST PROBABLY BY THE PERPETRATION OF A MOST ATROCIOUS MURDER.

[The foregoing is from High Priest Livingston's inaugural address when installed General Grand High Priest of America, in the Masonic Empire. It should not be forgotten.]

The Alexandria Phoenix and Gazette in publishing the Letter of Mr. Adams, makes the following remarks:

"The political indiscretions of JOHN Q. ADAMS prove at least that he is an honest man. His errors show the purity of his heart, and are venial. His character does not deserve reproach. His adoption of Antimasonry cannot be urged against him as a crime. There could have been no other inducement than conscientious motives. He is American in his principles and Republican in his habits. He has been an example for sons; he is now a model for fathers. He is learned and wise, 'without fear' and should be without reproach."

Let others hail the rising sun,
We bow to him whose race is run."

Anti-Masonic Conferee Meeting.

At a meeting of the Anti-Masonic Conferees, of the Congressional District composed of the counties of Adams, Cumberland, Franklin and Perry, at the house of Mr. Peter Hartzell, in Shippensburg, on Tuesday the 1st November, 1831, Dr. PETER W. LITTLE, of Franklin, was called to the Chair, and GEORGE FLEMING, of Cumberland, appointed Secretary.

The following named gentlemen presented certificates of their appointment as Conferees:—

Adams—Dr. M. D. G. Pfeiffer and Thos. J. Cooper.

Cumberland—John McKeehan, Esq. G. Fleming and Solomon Whisler.

Franklin—Dr. P. W. Little, John Welsh and J. F. Culbertson.

It was, after mature deliberation,

Resolved, That James M'Sherry Esq. of Adams county, be nominated, and recommended to the opponents of Secret Societies, and the friends of the American System, as a suitable person to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Hon. William Ramsey, late member elect of this District, and that we pledge ourselves to use all honorable means to promote his election.

Resolved, That we highly approve of the nomination, made by the late National Anti-Masonic Convention of William Wirt for President, and Amos Ellmaker for Vice President of the United States, and that we pledge ourselves to give them our undivided support, and recommend them to the opponents of Secret Societies as deserving of their suffrages.

Resolved, That these proceedings be signed by the Chairman and Secretary, and published in all the newspapers of the district.

P. W. LITTLE, Chairman,
GEORGE FLEMING, Secretary.

To the Independent Voters of the Eleventh Congressional District:

FELLOW-CITIZENS!

To such of you as are not shackled with Masonic Oaths, nor influenced by a fatal bias to support the proscriptive principles of Free-Masonry, we desire to address a few candid and dispassionate remarks relative to the approaching Election.

On the TWENTY-SECOND DAY of this month, it becomes your duty to elect one of your number to represent you in the next Congress. A party, which with unblushing impudence, claims to be Democratic—a party composed of factions, and fragments of factions—of all such as are willing to answer the "HAILING SIGN" of Free-Masonry, have nominated, and recommended for your support, ROBERT MCCOY, A HIGH AND ADHERING MASON! This party, whose great object is to sustain the Masonic Institution, have hitherto beguiled the people with false pretences. Knowing the indignation which the people feel against that titled and 'cruel Order of Nobility, they have themselves professed to be opposed to it. But they have pretended that it was unnecessary to organize a new party to carry such opposition into effect; that they would, under their old party appellations, exclude all adhering Masons from office, until the Institution should become extinct. Many honest men, in principle opposed to Secret Societies, have hitherto believed them. With how much propriety, FACTS will show:—

At the General Election in 1830, this same Democratic Anti-Masonic party nominated T. HARTLY CRAWFORD, A FEDERAL ROYAL ARCH MASON, FOR CONGRESS. They gave him all their votes, and elected him.

At the late Election, this same party nominated and elected to the Senate, HENRY SKYER, AN ADHERING, STRENUOUS MASON.

And now, still further to brave public opinion, and show their utter disregard of their own professions, they have nominated a HIGH MASON for the most important office in your gift!

FELLOW-CITIZENS!—Will you longer be deceived by hollow pretensions, which are contradicted by their whole line of conduct? Will you still support the Masonic cause under another name? Do not suffer yourselves to be misled. You are sought to be made the tools of the Lodge—a bloody Institution more horrible than the "invisible Tribunal of Germany!"

Opponents of Secret Societies!

The time has arrived to test your principles. Go to the polls and vote for your rejected fellow-citizen,

JAMES M'SHERRY.

No man in the State sustains a fairer character, or more enviable reputation. To know him, is to love him. But let your principles even more than your personal attachment, govern your votes. Be firm—be united—be vigilant. The Champions of the Lodge are singing songs of triumph, because they were not as signally defeated, at

the late election, as their unholy cause deserved. Let no dissensions distract our ranks at the coming onset. Let nothing deter us from the polls. The eyes of the State are upon us. Let us act worthy of our cause, AND A SIGNAL TRIUMPH WILL REWARD OUR EXERTIONS.
By the Committee.

By the official census just published at Washington, it appears that the whole number of inhabitants in the U. States is 12,856,407, of which 10,526,368 are whites, 319,537 free colored, and 2,010,502 slaves. By the census of 1820, there were 7,856,269 whites, 233,400 free colored, and 1,531,436 slaves. The increase of whites has therefore been 2,670,099, or 34 per cent; of free colored 86,247, or 37 per cent; and of slaves 479,136 or 31 per cent. Total increase 3,218,276, or 32 1-2 per cent.

THE TARIFF CONVENTION.

The Tariff Convention which assembled in New York on Wednesday the 26th ult. was organized by the election of WILLIAM WILKINS, of Pennsylvania, to be President; JOSEPH KENT, of Maryland, JAMES TALLMAGE, of New York, GEORGE BLAKE, of Massachusetts, and LEWIS CONDICT, of New Jersey, to be Vice Presidents; and Ezekiah Niles, of Maryland, Robert Tylotson, of New York, Charles Paine, of Vermont, and Joshua W. Pierce, of New Hampshire to be Secretaries. About 430 members were present. A number of committees were appointed to report on various subjects assigned to them; among these were a committee to prepare an address to the people of the United States, a committee upon evasions of the Revenue, a committee to prepare a Memorial to Congress, a committee to report on the effects of the existing Tariff, a committee on the production and manufacture of iron, a committee on the production and manufacture of wool, and a committee on the culture of silk, hemp and other agricultural materials used in the manufactures of the country. These committees, with others, presented reports to the convention at the subsequent sittings during the week, which were discussed and disposed of, and on Monday afternoon, after having empowered the Central Committee to call a meeting of the friends of the American System next year, if they deemed it expedient, the Convention adjourned sine die.
Lancaster Examiner.

We understand measures have been taken to establish an Anti-Masonic paper in the City of Washington, to be issued twice a week.

Such a paper, conducted with intelligence, firmness, and discretion, upon the broad and truly liberal principles of genuine Anti-Masonry, would be highly useful at the seat of the Government of the Union. Such a paper we should hail as an important support of Wirt and the laws.

We expect to be able to lay before our readers the prospectus of such a paper in a few days.—New York Whig.

Our rallying cry is "WIRT AND THE LAWS." The National Intelligencer proposes "CLAY AND THE CONSTITUTION," and the Philadelphia Inquirer, "JACKSON AND THE UNION."

We would simply ask of what practical value is the Constitution, or the Union, unless the Laws made under them, can be equally, uniformly, and every where, executed, and justice upheld on her throne.—Id.

The Election is over and the friends of Equal Rights have cause to rejoice. In spite of bitter opposition of the Lodge, and the dishonorable efforts of the pretended friends, we have, by an increased and overwhelming majority, carried our ticket.

The Masonic party in nearly all the districts except the City polled as many votes as last year. The Lodge has given very nearly as large a vote this year as they can expect for next fall. Our vote for WIRT, ELLMAKER and RITNER, next election, will not be less than 6500, which will give us a majority of at least 3000. Such is the prospect of the good cause.—Lan. Her.

LECTURES ON CHEMISTRY.

IT is proposed to deliver a course of Lectures on this interesting and useful science, in which its principles will be familiarly explained, and elucidated by numerous experiments. The whole of the proceeds of these lectures will be appropriated to procuring Apparatus for the use of the Gettysburg Female Academy. The first Lecture will be delivered GRATIS, on the evening of Tuesday the 22d inst. at half past 6 o'clock, at the Female Academy, when the terms, which shall be moderate; will be made known. It is hoped that those who would engage in a study so delightful and amusing, and all who feel friendly to our design, will favor us with their attendance.
Nov. 8, 1831. 4t—31

WOOD! WOOD!

THE Commissioners of Adams County will receive WRITTEN PROPOSALS, on Thursday the 1st day of December next, for furnishing the Court-house and Prison with Wood for the ensuing year.
By order,
DAVID HORNER, Clk. 4t—31

WOOD

WILL at all times be received in payment for the Star. It is needed very much at present.
ROBERT W. MIDDLETON.
November 8, 1831.

CABINET WARE-HOUSE.



DAVID HEAGY, CABINET-MAKER.

RETURNS his grateful acknowledgments for the very liberal encouragement which has heretofore been extended to him, and respectfully informs them that he STILL CONTINUES HIS SHOP AT THE OLD STAND, IN CHAMBERSBURG STREET, where he is prepared to execute the neatest & most

FASHIONABLE WORK.

Which he will warrant EQUAL, if not SUPERIOR, to any in the place.

—ON HAND—

A general and extensive assortment of Mahogany, Maple and Cherry FURNITURE.

And of a quality, which he only asks an examination to be pronounced SUPERIOR.

His prices are reasonable and suited to the present times. Purchasers will save by calling at his Ware-house before they purchase elsewhere.

All kinds of LUMBER and COUNTRY PRODUCE will be taken in exchange for Work—for which the highest price will be allowed.

He deems it unnecessary to notice, particularly, that he is always prepared to make COFFINS, as from his long practice in the business, and strict attention, he presumes it generally known; and flatters himself that, from the general satisfaction his work has given, he will continue to receive a share of patronage.

Gettysburg, November 8, 1831. 4t—31

NEW GOODS?

The subscriber respectfully informs the public that he has received a late and fresh supply of

NEW GOODS,

Suitable to the season, which will be sold low for Cash or Country Produce; and also that he has taken ANDREW DEARDORFF into partnership with him in the Mercantile business. He hereby tenders his thanks to his friends and customers for the liberal encouragement already received, and hopes for a continuance of their favor and patronage.

THOMAS MCKNIGHT.
November 8, 1831. 4t—31

Can't wait any longer.

OWING to my having made a change in my Mercantile business, it now becomes necessary that I should close my former accounts—I therefore notify all those who know themselves indebted to me either by bond, note, or book account, to call and settle the same against the first day of January next. After that date those neglecting this notice will find their accounts in the hands of a proper officer for collection.

Those persons who gave their notes, at my Vendue last Spring, are informed that they are due, and payment is required and embraced in the above notice. By punctual attention to this notice, those indebted will confer a great favor on their friend and humble servant,

THOMAS MCKNIGHT.
November 8, 1831. 4t—31

PUBLIC SALE.

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Adams County, the subscribers will offer at public sale,

On Saturday the 10th of December next,

on the premises,

THAT VALUABLE PROPERTY.

Late the estate of Daniel Spangler, dec'd,

situate in Mountjoy township, Adams co.,

consisting of a **FARM**

containing **200 ACRES,**

more or less, adjoining lands of

Jacob Spangler, Jonas Spangler, and others,

on which are erected, two good

DWELLING

HOUSES,

a large Stone Barn, and a good Orchard;

Alloway's Creek runs close to the house.

A good proportion of said farm is in TIMBER,

and the balance cleared land, with good Meadows. The New Road from Littlestown to Emmitsburg passes by this farm.

Terms will be made known on day of sale.

Sale to commence at 12 o'clock, M., when

due attendance will be given by

JONAS SPANGLER, Adm'r.

JOHN LINERT,

November 8, 1831. 4t—31

LOTS FOR SALE.

The subscriber will, offer at public sale,

On Wednesday the 30th instant,

at 12 o'clock, M. at the Court House,

Two Lots of Ground,

Situate on the South side of High Street,

opposite the German Church, in the Borough of Gettysburg. The Terms will be made known on the day of sale.

PHILIP HEAGY.

November 8, 1831. 4t—31

SHERIFF'S SALES.

IN pursuance of a writ of Vendition Exposita, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Friday the 25th day of November next, at 12 o'clock, M. at the Court-house in the Borough of Gettysburg, the following real estate, viz:

A Tract of Land,

Situate in Mountjoy township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Jesse D. Newman, Jacob Hartman, and others, containing 15 Acres, more or less, on which are erected a

Two Story Log Dwelling House,

with a well of water at the door, a double Log Barn, and an Orchard. Seized and taken in execution as the Estate of James Collins.

ALSO—A Tract of Land,

Situate in Mountpleasant township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Philip Fleishman, James Lockhart and others, containing 53 Acres, more or less, on which are erected a 1 1/2 Story Log Dwelling House, double Log Barn, Log Spring-house, and two Orchards. Seized and taken in execution as the Estate of John Schlosser.

ALSO—A Tract of Land,

Situate in Tyrone township, Adams co., adjoining lands of John Hartzell, Adam Forney and Philip Hartzell, containing about 14 Acres and 151 Perches, on which are erected a Two Story Log Dwelling House, Log Stable, Tanyard, Log Shop, Log Mill-House, and an Orchard. Seized and taken in execution as the Estate of Samuel Neely.

WM. S. COBEAN, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, Nov. 8, 1831. 4t—31

LEGISLATIVE PROCEEDINGS.

The Pennsylvania Telegraph.

Will be published on a large Imperial sheet with new type twice a week, during the Session of the Legislature. It will contain full and impartial Reports of the proceedings of that body, and a summary of the debates, on all important questions, together with such remarks as the independent course of the editor shall deem just, uninfluenced by the hope of gain or reward, and unwayed by the officers of power or dispensers of patronage.

In the exercise of this privilege, he will from time to time, speak of the conduct of our public men, the character of their measures, and their principles of administration. But in doing this he will aim to be just and impartial, as well as free and independent. Truth shall be spoken, and such facts as belong to the public conduct of public men, shall be given without fear or favor. Able Reporters are engaged. Arrangements are also made for giving the earliest reports of the proceedings of Congress. A portion of the TELEGRAPH will be devoted also to literary and general news. The terms will be

For the Session \$2 in advance.

For the Year \$3 do. do.

Companies of 6, forwarding \$10, will receive six numbers of the Telegraph during the Session. Larger companies proportionately. Agents who will obtain five subscribers, shall receive a sixth copy gratis.

All remittances by mail, at the risk of the subscriber. THEO. PENN.
Harrisburg, Nov. 8, 1831. 4t—31

GRAND JURY.

November Term—1831.

Straban township.—Peter Hulick, John

Dickson, Jr.

Conowingo.—Nicholas Ginter, Jr., Enlist

Menallen.—Geo. Stauter, Levi Grist.

Tyrone.—Jacob Smith, William Miller,

Berwick.—Geo. Himes, Isaac Wolf.

Cumberland.—Joseph Walker, James

Boyd, John Plank, Robert Thompson.

Huntington.—John Sadler.

Mountjoy.—Samuel Durborrow, John

Adair.

Hamilton.—David McKnight, John

Ferre, Isaac Robinson.

Borough.—John Slentz, Jacob Leiber.

Mountpleasant.—Samuel Swope.

Hamilton.—Daniel E. Fahnestock.

GENERAL JURY.

Franklin Township.—Robert Morrison,

David Wills, Nicholas Mark, Alexander

Caldwell, Thomas McKnight.

Berwick.—Jacob Newman, George Sigs,

John Barnitz, Daniel Geiselman, Henry

Lilly.

Huntington.—John Gardner, Thos. Ste-

phens, Abram Trostle, Templeton Brandon.

Mountpleasant.—Jacob Diehl, Jr. Joseph

Rider, Anderson Ewing.

Mountjoy.—Jno. Black, Silas M. Horner,

Jesse D. Newman, Joseph O. Thompson.

Hamilton.—William White, Jacob

Weldy, David Stewart, Joseph Baughar,

Germany.—Wm. Winrot, Joseph Fink,

Michael Snyder.