



Here shall the press the People's rights proclaim Unaid'd by influence, and unbrid'd by gain.

Tuesday Morning, October 11, 1831.

Democratic Anti-Masonic Nominations FOR PRESIDENT,

William Wirt, of Md.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,

Amos Ellmaker, of Pa.

"BEWARE OF SECRET SOCIETIES!"

ADAMS COUNTY ANTI-MASONIC REPUBLICAN TICKET.

SENATOR,

James R. Reily.

ASSEMBLY,

Andrew Marshall,

Jacob Cassatt.

COMMISSIONER,

John L. Gubernator.

AUDITOR,

John M. Kesson.

DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,

James A. Thompson.

TICKETS

Can be had at the Star Office ready folded.

Examine your Tickets!

TRY IT AGAIN, BROTHER BOAZ!

We are authorised to state, that the late Clay meeting made use of Mr. JAMES GOURLEY's name in designating its Committee of Correspondence, WITHOUT HIS APPROBATION—He therefore DECLINES.

Imposition Detected.

The Compiler of last Tuesday, in order that it might not slip any opportunity to deceive the yeomanry of the county, published only the beginning and ending of Mr. WIRT's letter—Thereby leaving out those paragraphs which go to condemn the vile and blasphemous Institution of Masonry.—Such conduct, however, does not surprise or astonish us. He is just the tool that the Lodge should have. The Lodge probably pays well, and the "laborer is worthy of his hire."

Caution! Caution!

We understand that the menials of the Lodge have been busily engaged, for the last three or four days, in circulating Handbills containing Addresses, Hailing Signs of Distress, &c. from the Lodge and its disguised tools. They are all written in strict accordance with the principles of Masonry. Believe them not, for the TRUTH is not in them.

ANTI-MASONS, be firm! Let not the servants and runners of the Lodge deceive you. Show them THIS DAY that they shall never HOODWINK or CABLETOW you! To the Polls, then, one and all and wrest your country from the profligate Aristocracy that has nearly ruined you!

Go to the Polls.

THIS is the day (says the Pa. Telegraph) for those who are in favor of State Reform and economy in the expenditure of the public money—who are convinced that the affairs of the State are in an embarrassed and ruinous condition, with TAXES IMPENDING OVER THEIR HEADS, and a reckless set of public servants, leagued together by an abominable combination—Let those who wish to rid themselves and their children from all the disadvantages and foul play, which arise from the existence of Freemasonry amongst us, come to the POLLS, and give their vote to put down the ROYAL ORDER. Let them level the political ladder by which so many have climbed to office and power without merit.

YOUNG MEN, who are not masons; it is your duty and interest to put down an Institution, whose members will have the advantage of you in all the competitions of life. It is better for you to fight openly with it, than to be all your life the scape-goat of its secret opposition.

Heads of Families should not be guilty of such gross negligence to the interests of their children, as not to destroy, when in their power, the seductive influence of the Masonic Institution, that with her crowned head and aproned robes beckons to their sons and tempts them to her polluting and debauched embrace. When in their power to destroy it by orderly and constitutional means, will they allow the society of masonry to stand in the paths of their children, either as a lure or a stumbling block? Are they not bound

to do all they can, to secure to their offspring a chance of fair play in the race of life? To secure to them an equal chance with others of no greater merit, in the struggle for wealth and honor? An equal chance for success in business and an equal chance for justice in a court of Law? Will they bequeath to them their principles against masonry and not do all in their power to prevent these principles being a disadvantage to them? Will they allow other young men, who have not those pure principles, to profit, in temporal matters by the moral purity of their children? Every Father who has a son, and does not wish that son to become a mason, owes it to his welfare, to do all that an honorable man may do to break up a combination that, if not prostrated, will jockey that son through life; that its own young members, not more favored by nature, nor better trained by education, may, notwithstanding, get the start of him and distance him in the race. Now then is the time for the people—the Democracy of our country—to prostrate this aristocratic Institution—to level with the rest of mankind these Royal KNIGHTS—these SECRET LODGES—these GRAND ENCAMPMENTS, that hold, with its grasp of monopoly & usurpation, the rights, privileges, the offices and honors of our country.

The Pennsylvania Whig has the following appropriate and just remarks on the odious Personal Tax bill passed by the Wolf majority in the last legislature:

"It would become every free citizen, who is as the term imports, really free, to scan the pretensions closely, of those who are now put forward to represent them in the State Legislature. In the session of 1830—31, a Tax Law was passed of the most onerous and obnoxious character. One feature of this law in particular, was calculated to excite the feelings, as well as to depress the industry of the people. We mean the INCOME or ACQUISITION TAX; which compels every man to swear to the amount of his profits, or income—which compels him to empty his pockets under oath, before the EXCISE-MEN of this new English oligarchy, and pay down his per centage on his earnings, in a manner precisely similar to that exacted by the Sultan of the Turkish subjects. Such a law by the government of the United States, instead of the State of Pennsylvania would create a rebellion; and sever the bonds of the Union."

The Masonic ticket is composed of men who, if elected will unite with their brethren who had this infamous tax law passed, in supporting and defending it—

"Shall we, as free men, vote for them? Will their own party vote for them? We trust not. If a party for the sake of party bigotry, can tolerate such an outrage, we must bid good bye to justice, right, and liberty. But the sense of the community on this subject cannot be mistaken. Public opinion has condemned the law to unqualified reprobation, and its authors and advocates must "bide the consequences." They are not qualified to legislate for a free people."

Mr. WIRT, "after recapitulating, pointedly and beautifully, the principles of the Anti-Masonic party as he understood them, and as they will be acknowledged by the party itself, says explicitly—These I understand are your principles, and I can see nothing in them which does not commend them to EVERY MAN WHOSE MIND AND HEART ARE SOUND: for there can be no question among reasonable men that, in a free government like ours, the CONSTITUTION AND LAWS are our only sovereign; that the peace, order, prosperity, and happiness of our people depend on the STEADY, FAITHFUL AND EFFECTUAL ADMINISTRATION of our LAWS; and that any SECRET SOCIETY, which by the force of MYSTERIOUS OATHS AND OBLIGATIONS; and by the EXTENT of its COMBINATIONS, seeks to DISTURB the ACTION of THOSE LAWS, to SET THEM AT DEFIANCE, to RIDE OVER and CONTROL THEM, to USURP the GOVERNMENT, to hold the LIVES, PEACE and HAPPINESS of SOCIETY at their mercy and to establish a REIGN OF TERROR over the initiated and the uninitiated, is a POLITICAL MONSTER as fearful as the Invisible Tribunal of Germany or the Inquisition of Spain, and OUGHT TO BE EXTIRPATED, WITHOUT DELAY, by the use of all the PEACEABLE MEANS which the constitution and laws of our country furnish."

To the Point, brother Boaz!

The Sentinel and other kindred prints appear to exult at the nomination of Mr. WIRT. The Sentinel says, that Mr. Wirt's sentiments coincide with those of its Editor. In his letter, after examining the details of the trials in the case of Morgan, Mr. Wirt says—If this be masonry, AS ACCORDING TO THIS UNCONTRADICTED EVIDENCE IT SEEMS TO BE, I have no hesitation in saying, THAT I CONSIDER IT AT WAR WITH THE FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLES OF THE SOCIAL COMPACT, AS TREASON AGAINST SOCIETY, & A WICKED CONSPIRACY AGAINST THE LAWS OF GOD AND MAN, WHICH OUGHT TO BE PUT DOWN." Considering this, he

has united himself, and his splendid talents, with those of his fellow-freemen, in endeavoring to assert and maintain the "supremacy of the laws." If the Editor of the Sentinel holds such sentiments, as he says he does, WILL HE—DARE HE, like Mr. Wirt, act as well as speak?

LOOK OUT FOR THE TAX-GATHERER.

A general impression prevails throughout Pennsylvania, that the tax law of last session did not pass as reported to the legislature, but was postponed. It DID PASS, however, and a more bungling affair was never imposed on a community. Section first enacts that "all ground rents, moneys at interest, and all debts due from solvent debtors, whether by promissory note, except bank notes, penal or single bill, bond, judgment, mortgage and stocks in corporations, (wherein shares have been subscribed in money) and on which any dividend or profit is received by the holder thereof, and public stocks, except the stocks issued by this commonwealth, and all pleasure carriages kept for use, shall be subject to a yearly tax of one mill upon every dollar of the value thereof." Section third empowers the assessors to demand a statement of every man's estate, and if refused, to guess at it as near as possible!—Sat. Bulletin.

THE ELECTION.

Friends of Republican Liberty—enemies of Secret Societies—the day of election is at hand. Your opponents are active. No means will be left by them unemployed, to effect a triumph over you. The power of the masonic state administration is exerted to defeat you. The officers of our government, those that fatten on the public purse, with their panders, sycophants and dependents, have received their orders from the Lodge—that secret conclave of conspiracy, against the rights and liberties of the people—and will to a man exert themselves to support the misrule of a secret self-created aristocracy. A government of GRAND KINGS and GRAND HIGH PRIESTS OF MASONRY. An institution that plunders and degrades men in the name of CHARITY, and blasphemes in the name of RELIGION. An institution that has been tried and found guilty of murder, and that is now arraigned at the bar of public opinion for conspiracy against our rights, and rebellion and treason against our laws. And shall it be convicted of capital crimes committed against the peace and majesty of our government, and be pardoned? Shall it go unpunished? If not, let it be cut down by the votes of unshackled Freemen.

Pennsylvania Telegraph.

GOV. WOLF AND MASONRY.

Evidence of the direct influence of masonry over Governor Wolf, is not wanting; but no act has been more glaring than his interference with the laws of the land and the decision of a court of justice and jury of the country, in the case of Jacob Lefever, a brother mason, and editor of the Gettysburg Compiler. Our readers, probably know, that Mr. Lefever had been convicted of publishing one of the most atrocious libels against Thaddeus Stevens, Esq. a talented and highly respected member of the bar of Adams County. His sentence was a fine and imprisonment for three months in the county goal. But a brother mason was not to be thus held in "durance vile," for merely slandering an Anti-mason. This by the laws of the Lodge, they have not only a right, but are sworn to do.

The Fraternity knew the string to pull. The Grand Hailing Sign of distress was raised. Gov. Wolf was called upon to interfere with the administration of Justice. The purity of the ermine was to be questioned, and the sovereignty of the law to be set aside. Mr. Lefever was pardoned, ex delicto, of having slandered a respectable citizen. But Mr. Stevens is an Antimason. The masonic editors are said to have received from the Lodges, orders to attack, harass and destroy the reputations of all prominent and influential Antimasons; and it is even whispered that the Deputy Grand Master has given his pledge that all brethren and fellow laborers for the craft, so convicted, shall be entitled to, and receive the benefits of his pardoning charity.

Pennsylvania Telegraph.

JOHN RANDOLPH.—The New York Evening Journal says Mr. Randolph is visiting the south of France, and has no intention of resigning his commission."

The following statement of the cost of the mission to Russia, is taken from the Boston Courier, and may be considered correct.

To ordering the Concord to St. Petersburg with Mr. Randolph \$75,000 To Mr. Middleton's return salary 2,500 Mr. Randolph's out-fit for his ten days mission, 9,000 One year's salary 9,000 Quarters's return salary 2,500 Mr. Buchanan's out-fit 9,000 \$107,000

One hundred and seven thousand dollars of the public's money is thus squandered away by the President, partly to gratify a few masonic favorites. The Cumberland road may lie in ruin, the naked stone upon its surface may stand as so many monuments of the people's folly for placing the present dynasty in power.

National improvements are impracticable and unconstitutional. All the money remaining in the Treasury after paying the annuity of the public debt, will be needed to sustain our ROYAL FAMILY.

Mr. Randolph has been chosen one of the delegates to the Anti-tariff Convention which

met in Philadelphia, on the 30th ult. So we see that whether he is at home or abroad the present administration will add him to the sum of our national punishment.—Pa. Dem.

From the National Gazette.

It appears the Anti-Masonic Convention have selected William Wirt as their candidate for the office of President, and Amos Ellmaker, for that of Vice President. Mr. Wirt is a man of genius, of letters, and of morals; an eminent and able jurist; an eloquent and brilliant pleader; a liberal and urban gentleman. He does not possess celebrity as a politician, but he long filled an office at Washington by which he was immediately connected with the administration of the General Government.

From the Pennsylvania Whig.

WILLIAM WIRT, Esq.—The nomination of this gentleman by the Anti-Masonic Party as a Candidate for the Presidency, is certainly a most excellent one—wholly unexceptionable in every respect, and which must command an immense support. Mr. Wirt is a Patriot, a statesman, an orator, and what is more than all an American through and through. But we regret his nomination, nevertheless, because it subtracts his strength of character from the Clay Ticket, upon which he was to be Vice President.—We lament the loss of Mr. Wirt, but we still hope it will be a gain to the Country though a loss to our party.

The masonic presses are asserting that, Mr. Wirt is a mason. This scheme doubtless was matured amongst the craft, and issued from the Baltimore Lodge, to accompany the announcement of his nomination. If Mr. Wirt had said as much against masonry six years ago, as he has done in his letter, he would have shared the fate of Morgan. The "canvass cap" would have enclosed his head and the "naked poniard" pierced his heart. The malediction of the lodge going masons, is as great now as then, but they tremble at the voice of public opinion, and through necessity, are content to "spend their spleen" in endeavoring to injure his standing among the Antimasons. This, however, is readily understood and met. If Mr. Wirt be a mason, they can no longer harp upon the proscription and persecution of the Antimasons. But the letter of Mr. Wirt, shows him to be a RENOUNCING mason—a condemner of the institution—an opposer of its rites, ceremonies, oaths and acts. He goes for the principles of Antimasonry—for the laws and constitutions of his country—for the principle that "will support no man for any office, who adheres to the masonic society." This he recognizes in his acceptance of the nomination of the Antimasonic Convention, and adopts as his rule of action. He "considers every man's allegiance to his country, his highest earthly obligation." This is Antimasonry. This is the "blessed spirit" that seeks to satisfy the vengeance of the broken laws, and wipe the stain of blood from her escutcheon. Masons who avow such principles, are hailed as advocates and supporters of Republican Liberty, and worthy of the confidence of Freemen.—[Pa. Telegraph.

When such men as Francis Granger, William Wirt, Amos Ellmaker, Richard, Rush, John Quincy Adams, Cadwalader D. Colden, and a host of other distinguished patriots, give it as their decided opinion that Freemasonry is corrupt, and in direct competition with the laws of God and man, where is the free born son of America who would not rally around the standard of liberty and use every exertion in his power to suppress and drive this foul demon from the land. Who that speaks or writes disrespectfully of this midnight Institution, can close his eyes in slumber in the silent night, without the fear of falling a victim to its fury, by the hands of its adhering desperadoes. If the American people continue to remain remiss in their duty, and do not suppress the iniquitous tendencies of this unholy Order at the POLLS, the only way effectually to oppose it, "Who would not rather become food for worms while the lamp of liberty may yet light him to his grave, than to survive its extinguishment, to grope through ages of the darkness of despotism, a "trembling, coward slave!"

Hagerstown Free Press.

MARRIED.

On Thursday morning the 22d ult. at Cambridge, Ohio, by the Rev. S. Finley, of Washington, Mr. EDWARD BOLLER, one of the proprietors of the "Cleveland Advertiser," to Miss JULIAN HEARN, [formerly of this town:] both of Cleveland, Ohio.

On the 15th ult. by the Rev. S. Guetelius, Mr. WILLIAM WINTERBORN, to Miss ELIZABETH HOFFMAN both of Petersburg (Littles Town.)

On Tuesday the 27th ult. by the Rev. L. L. Hines, Mr. ANDREW SCHLOSSER, of Franklin township, to Miss BARRIE BOEHMER, daughter of Mr. Philip Boehmer, of Manalton township.

DIED.

On the 15th ult. Mrs. MARIA ELIZABETH SCHLOSSER, wife of Mr. Peter Schlosser, of Manalton township, in the 72d year of her age.

On Wednesday morning last, at his residence in Boonsborough, Dr. EZRA SHYER, a respectable inhabitant of this county. By this dispensation of an Allwise Providence, his family has been bereft of a tender husband and father, and society of a valuable member.

AMERICAN SYSTEM.

The friends of the American System are requested to meet at the Court-house, in Gettysburg, on SATURDAY NEXT, to concert measures to ensure its continuance.

October 11, 1831. MANY.

We anticipate our publication day.

The great powers of Europe have agreed to acknowledge the Independence of POLAND.

ASSEMBLY CANDIDATE.

At the solicitation of many of my friends I have been induced to offer myself as a Candidate for the Assembly at the ensuing Election—If the Public think proper to support me for the above office, it shall be thankfully received by their humble servant JOHN DICKSON.

September 6, 1831. to—22

ODD & EVEN SYSTEM.

Maryland State Lottery,

No. 8, FOR 1831.

To be drawn in Baltimore on THURSDAY, the 27th instant.

HIGHEST PRIZE, 6,000 DOLLARS!

Table with columns for prize amount and number of prizes. Includes entries for \$5,000, \$2,000, \$1,000, \$500, \$300, \$200, and \$100 prizes.

MODE OF DRAWING.

The Numbers will be put into one wheel as usual—and in the other will be put the Prizes above the denomination of \$2.00, and the drawing to progress in the usual manner. The 10,000 prizes of \$2.00 will be awarded to the Odd or Even Numbers of the Lottery, (as the case may be,) dependent on the drawing of the Capital Prize of Six Thousand Dollars—that is to say, if the \$6,000 prize should come out to an Odd Number, then every Odd Number in the Scheme will be entitled to a Prize of \$2.00; if the 6,000 dollar prize should come out to an Even Number, then all the Even Numbers in the Scheme will be each entitled to a prize of \$2.00.

Half Tickets, One Dollar—Quarters 50 cts.

TO BE HAD AT

CLARK'S,

Office, N. W. corner of Baltimore and Calvert,

N. W. corner of Baltimore and Gay, N. E. corner of Baltimore and Charles-sts.

Where the highest prize in the recent State Lotteries has been often sold than any other offices!!

Orders, either by mail (postpaid) or private conveyance, enclosing the cash for prizes, will meet the same prompt and punctual attention, as if on personal application. Address to JOHN CLARK,

Lottery Vendor, Baltimore.

October 11, 1831. to—27

SEWING GOODS!

The subscriber respectfully tenders his thanks to his friends, and the public generally, for their liberal encouragement, and informs them that he has just returned from the Cities of Philadelphia and Baltimore with a

LARGE AND SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

SEASONABLE GOODS,

AMONG WHICH ARE,

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and

SATINETS:

BLANKETS, FLANNELS,

TARTAN PLAIDS, &c. &c.

WITH A HANDSOME ASSORTMENT OF

English and French super royal

MERINOS, & Merino and Thibet

SHAWLS.

As Puffing is unnecessary, I only request a call, to oblige

Your obedient serv't.

SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK.

Gettysburg, October 4, 1831. to—26

VALUABLE PROPERTY

FOR SALE.

Will be offered for sale at public vendue,

On Saturday the 15th of October next,

on the premises, at 1 o'clock, P. M. that valuable property, late the estate of John

Stephens, dec'd., known by the name of the

Bermudian Creek Woollen Fac-

tory, and Farm,

Situate in Huntingdon township, Adams

county, 24 miles south of Petersburg, (York

Spring.) The improvements are, a 2 story

BRICK HOUSE,

2 Tenant Houses, with Stables, a

bank Barn, (stone under and log

above,) stone smoke-house and drying kiln

under one, and stone spring-house, and

fountain pump at the back door; two

APPLE ORCHARDS—

one of which is young, bearing

and thriving; and a great number

of Peach trees.

The FACTORY HOUSE is a two-story

STONE BUILDING, seventy-five feet

long—which contains the Fulling Mill and

all the other necessary machinery—a good

stone Dye Shop convenient. The Stream

is good and standing.

There are 225 acres in this farm, with a

sufficiency of meadow—about 100 acres of

it are covered with timber. It will suit well

to divide, as the great road leading from

Carlisle to Oxford runs through said Farm.

The terms will be made known on the

day of sale by

THOMAS STEPHENS,

Surviving Ex'r. of John Stephens, dec'd.

Petersburg, (York Springs,) July 12, 1831. to—14

N. B. If the above Property is not sold

on said day, it will then be offered for Rent

for 1 year from the first of April next. T. S.

Potter's Vegetable Catholicon.

A FRESH supply of the above article

has just been received and for sale, at

the Drug Store of

DR. J. GILBERT.

Gettysburg, Sept. 20, 1831. to—24