THE GLOBE

Circulation---the largest in the County

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday, March 12, 1856.

Democratic State Nominations. CANAL COMMISSIONER,

GEORGE SCOTT, of Columbia county.

AUDITOR GENERAL, JACOB FRY, Jr., of Montgomery county.

SURVEYOR GENERAL, TIMOTHY IVES, of Potter county.

Democratic State Convention.

The Democratic State Convention assembled in the Hall of the House of Representatrict in the State was represented. No Conwas of the best talent of the State, men emiized by the greatest unanimity—their every act manifested their heart's desire for the prehensive series of resolutions submitted by the Hon. John L. Dawson, declare in plain Keystone State, and admit of no misinterpretation. The nominations made by the Conensure confidence and command success.-They are in every sense unexceptionable, and the candidates men of ability and intelligence. GEORGE Scorr, of Columbia, the nominee for Canal Commissioner, is favorably known as a man of large business experience, familiar with our public improvements, and eminently fitted for the responsible position .-JACOB FRY, of Montgomery, the nominee for Auditor General has served a number of years, we believe, in both branches of the Legislature, and is a gentleman of the strictest probity, and of very large personal popularity. TIMOTHY IVES, of Potter county, the nomines for Surveyor General, is also well and favorably known, and coming of a stock that has been largely identified with the progress of Northern Pennsylvania from its earliest settlement, he unites to fine abilities and great gallantry as a bold and unflinching Democrat, a popularity second to no man in that section of the State. We congratulate the Convention upon the harmony of its proceedings, the patriotic purposes manifested throughout, and the unexceptionable character and strength of its nominations.

THE FUNNY CANDIDATE.—The declaration party, but that the Democratic party lest him. The Philadelphia Daily Argus says that while as this paper is concerned, then, we can General Jackson lived, he controlled donelson promise an unyielding opposition to the proand kept him in the path of duty, just as he jected "union for the sake of the union," and controlled Benton, Houston, and Blair. Presfor a union for the sake of truth, honor, and ident Polk, mainly out of respect to "Old fair dealing—for a restoration of the practices Hickory," bestowed office on donelson; and of those good old times when a party could the latter expected, as a matter of course, to venture to believe the assertions of its candiquarter himself and his family on President Pierce, as he had done on Polk and Jackson. But President Pierce thought he had enough whereupon donelson became disgruntled and turned Know-Nothing. Such are some of the antecedents of Gen. Jackson's shadow.

The Pennsylvania School Journal for March has been received. We wish we could impress every school teacher, parent and student in the Commonwealth with the excellence of this publication, as we will it a circulation and perusal commensurate with its lie mind." The New Haven (Connecticut) gressional district, to represent the Democintrinsic merits.

Mr. Browne's license bill, which passed the Senate recently, a synopsis of which we published last week, was materially amended in the House, reducing the rates of license. In these amendments the Senate refused to concur, and the bill consequently goes to a joint committee of conference, consisting of Messrs. Brown, Whekry and Jordan, of the Senate, and Messrs. WRIGHT, (Luzerne) GETZ and HUNSECKER, of the House. We have reason to believe that this committee will so reconcile the differences between the two Houses as to insure the prompt passage

Breakdown.—The passenger train east broke down near Mifflintown, on Sunday morning, caused by the breaking of an axle of was torn from one end to the other, but lucksetting of a stove.

Making a Lion of Him at Rome.—In a letter from Rome, dated January 1, we find

the following interesting paragraph:—
"Our friends ex-President Fillmore, Dr. monies quite as well as others. The ex-President has only been here two or three days .--Cass makes a party for him on Thursday evening of this week. I think the Papal government will make something of a lion of him, as they did of Mr. Van Buren last winter."

Think of that! Mr. Fillmore enjoying the Jesuits at Rome, and the Papal government making a lion of him. Would it not be well for Gen. Gustavus Adolphus Scroggs, who it is said, initiated Mr. Fillmore into Council 177, to interfere at once for his rescue from make a lion of the Americans' nominee, how can the Americans be expected to "rule America," we should like to know?

The United States Democratic Review. It always affords us pleasure to meet with sound political arguments embodying healthy national and patriotic principles .-And in these times, when there is such need for a cultivation of a spirit of devotion to the Union and loyalty to its laws, when the fell spirit of discord holds so powerful a sway, it is especially gratifying to meet with such sentiments as the following, coming from such an able and sterling magazine as the United States Democratic Review. We take Convention, Presidential Electors, and to the extract from an exceedingly interesting nominate a State ticket, assembled in the the extract from an exceedingly interesting article entitled "The Union-The dangers which beset it," which is continued through two numbers, and portrays its subject in its true colors :—

"To avoid these woful results and sad calamities, (the dissolution of the Union and its consequences,) the Democratic party, North and South, is most ardently struggling-protives at Harrisburg on Tuesday last, and ad- claiming its determined purpose to maintain journed on Wednesday. The full particulars | the Constitution and the lights of the South, will be found in to-day's paper. Every dis- or perish in the struggle. And what do we see? It is the Southern wing of the 'American -party of which we do not intend to utter an vention of the party for years assembled to- unkind word, or of whose motives make the gether such a body of men, composed as it slightest impeachment—which is engaged in a league, and making common cause with the Whigs, Abolitionists. Free-Soilers, and nent in character, dignity, and all the virtues American party' of the North in a furious that ennoble and elevate mankind. And and uncompromising war upon the Democrattheir proceedings throughout were character- | ic party; while the Southern 'American party,' if we are to believe their professions, are diametrically opposed to the objects of the Northernparty. Thus the South sees in the hands of public good. The very admirable and com- her inveterate enemies an arrow feathered from her own wing, ready to be sped to her heart. Does not the Southern wing of the 'American party' see that to overcome the and unequivocable terms, the position and Democratic party is but to put fanaticism, purposes of the gallant Democracy of the folly, and Northern domination into power? We wish the limits of this article, already so protracted, would permit us to cull from their various sources the unmistakeable evidence vention, also, are calculated to carry weight, that every party and fragment of a party at the North save the Democratic party, is hostile to the South, and that in crushing the Democratic party they design to crush the rights of the South, if, by any means, they can acquire the strength.

"In this fierce and almost unequal contest of the Democracy with these fearful factions, there is one thing that strikes us with peculiar astonishment; it is, that there are so many members of the Whig party, who know and feel that the Democratic party are engaged in desperate struggle to save the Union and Constitution, and yet who so far remember and cherish the animosities and prejudices of by gone conflicts as to aid the traitorous and disorganizing factions by either affording direct assistance or by standing idly by. Eternal honor and gratitude await the noble selfsacrificing patriots who, true to the sublime instincts of liberty, rally to the support of the Democratic party in this evident, portentous, and doubtful struggle, on which are staked liberty, republican institutions, and the

Whig Sentiment.

In relation to the fusion movement proposed by the Know-Nothing members of the Legislature, the Lancaster Examiner, a paper which sticks to its Whig integrity, says:

with any party whose operations are shrouded in secrecy, whose members are cathof ANDREW JACKSON donelson, that he bound, who proscribe for conscience sake; did not leave the ranks of the Democratic and that such practices do still prevail among the K. N. party the late Convention at Philadelphia affords but too sad evidence. So far

We admire the spirit and honesty of the Examiner. The proposed movement for effecting a union without regard to principle, merely for the purpose of securing office, is shameful, and should be repudiated by every honest man and press in the State.

How the K. N. Nomination is Received. -The Philadelphia North American says that Mr. Fillmore's nomination in that quardelphia convention." A very large number Jersey, but one know-nothing paper has hoisted the names of Fillmore and Donelson.

A Renegade Without Shame.

Major Andrew Jackson Donelson, the Know Nothing candidate for Vice President, when Editor of the Washington Union, in the district, as candidates for Electors of Prescolumns of his paper on the 31st of May, ident and Vice President of the United 1851, spoke as follows:

"IMMIGRATION .- The Republic of Wednesday contains a long article on immigration to eloquently in support of the resolution, after the baggage car. The first passenger car the United States. It portrays in vivid col- which it was adopted. ors the rapid and unparalleled increae in the ily no one was seriously hurt. A portion of number of those who are seeking our shores. the mail was destroyed by fire, from the up- The Irish emmigration is so great that the expressive of the sense of the Convention; court journal classes it among the phenome- which was agreed to. na of history.' We (Andrew Jackson Donelson) are glad to see this emigration from the Wm. Bigler, Hon. Chas. R. Buckalew, Col. Old World. It brings to us the physical force we need to fell the forest and to build our improvements. We have yet, and will: Foote and Mr. Jewitt, were at the Church of have for many long years, scope and range the Jesnits, and appeared to enjoy the cere- enough for their industry and enterprise-But it was not our intention to discuss this branch of the subject at the present time.-The Native party is now prostrate, and it will be time enough to commence the discussion when another attempt is made by the Federalists to revive the principles of the alien laws."

Since then Donelson has met with defeat in his aspirations for office, and presents in himself the pitiable spectacle of one who, through petulance and revengeful feelings, professes the Pope and the Jesuits of Kome? If they doctrines utterly at variance with his honest convictions, and deliberately belies his whole Manley, (Delaware.)
7th—John D. Stiles Edward Nicholson.

DEMOCRATIC

Platform of the Democracy of Pennsylvania on which they INTEND TO FIGHT AND CONQUER. STATE NOMINATIONS.

The Democratic State Convention, to appoint delegates to the Cincinnati National Hall of the House of Representatives at 10 o'clock A. M.

The following were the permanent officers:

Hon. HENDRICK B. WRIGHT, of Luzerne.

Vice Presidents,
Thomas Gorgee and Wm. Lamb, Philadelphia; Phillip D. Gerhart, Montgomery; Inc. P. James, Delaware; Jacob Wicklein, Berks; Paul Applebaugh, Bucks; Abraham Peters, Lancaster; Samuel Bigler, Dauphin; Mifflin Hannum, Lehigh; F. M. Chane, Wayne; H. I. Stahley, Adams; John Rankin, York; Jas. Black, Perry; Samuel Strohecker, Centre; Theophilus Snyder, Blair; B. M. Throop, Luzerne; John F. Means, Bradford; David Barclay, Jefferson, G. W. Scofield, Warren; Wilson Laird, Erie; David Tidball, Lawrence; Henry M'Cullough, Allegheny; Jesse Lazear, Greene; John D. Roddy, Somerset; Seth Clover, Clarion; Reuben C. Wiler, Union; Westley Frost, Fayette; Ed. Kearns, Schuylkill.

Secretaries.
B. F. Sloan, Erie; Ed. J. Keenan, West-moreland; D. W. C. James, Potter; Wm. M. Breslin, Lebanon; George R. Berrill, Philadelphia: John M. Cooper, Franklin; Lewis Z. Mitchell, Butler; Wm. M. Potte ige; Berke; Lafavette Westbrook, Pike; Charles M'Grath, Philadelphia; Mathew Harbison, Allegheny; Moses Bricker, Cumberland; H. S. Peck Bradford.

Mr. PURVIANCE offered a resolution that he members of the Convention proceed to vote viva voce for a candidate for the Presidency of the United States, as the choice of idopted.

The roll was then called with the following result:

Messrs. Anderson, Berrill, Buchanan, Biddie, Barnett, Brodhead, Brawley, Bricker, Bigler, (Dauphin,) Brewer, Black, (Perry,) Brady, Browne, Barclay, Breslin, Black, (Allegheny,) Campbell, (Philadelphia,) Carter, Cooper, Cochran, Cushman, Corgee, Crawford, Crane, Clover, Dawson, Davis, Esser, Evans, Ellis, Frazer, Frost, Foster, Gibson, Gillis, Gerhard, Given, Gilmore, Guernsey, Hagerman, Harbison, Hannum, Hodgson, Hazleton, Hassinger, Hopkins, James, (Delaware,) James, (Varrer,) James, (Poter,) Jacoby, Keller, Keenan, Kerns, Ker, Lamb, Leisenring, Lamberton, Laird, Lazear, Lowering, Lank, Michael Michael rie, Lusk, M'Grath, Means, Mitchell, M'Cullough, Miller, Marsh, Montgomery, (Columbia,) Montgomery, (North'd,) Montgomery, (Washington,) Murray, Magraw, M'Mahon, Mott, M'Donough, M'Cormick, M'Combs, Nichols, Noble, O'Hara, Packer, Patterson, (Blair,) Patterson, (York,) Phelps, Purvi-ance, Potteiger, Piollett, Peck, Piatt, Parker, Peter, Plumer, Porter, Reynolds, Remly, Rankin, Roberts, Robinson, Ross, Roddy, Ralston, Satherwaite, Strickland, Stable, Stuart, Shannon, Sloan, Spang, Snyder, Smith, (Wyoming,) Smith, (Montgomery,) Stiles, Stroheck er, Scofield, Street, Thropp, Tidball, Turner, Westbrook, Wright, White, for James Buchanan. Messis. Applebaugh, Barret, Ely, Harris and Vansant—5, voted for George M. Dal-

Col. T. P. Campbell, (Huntingdon,)-1, for the Nominee of National Convention. Mr. VANSANT said that the Bucks county delegation had voted for GEO. M. DAL-LAS under instructions, and moved that the

was agreed to—one voice dissenting. Mr. Reilly offered the following resolu-

the first and only choice of Pennsylvania for the Presidency, the President of this Contwenty-five, one from each Congressional al delegates from the State at large, and the sacred guarantees of the past, and by ter "falls coldly and impassively on the pub- two representative delegates from each Con- all others, should be rebuked with the same Register says: "We take it for granted that racy of the State in the National Convention to be held at Cincinnati in June next; no important section of the American party and for the purpose of advocating with earn- blessings and benefits of our free instituin the free States will support the nomination est sincerity before the delegated power of tions. of Fillmore and Donelson made by the Phila- the Democracy of the Union the true position and sentiments of the people of the old Keystone Commonwealth, the commit--- estimated as high as one-half-of the tee shall report no person as a delegate, nor lodges in New York openly repudiate the shall any person be chosen as such delenomination of their "favorite son." In New gate, who is not known to this Convention ing with the rights of conscience in estabto be the firm, consistent, and under all lishing a religious test as a qualification for circumstances, reliable friend of our nomi-

nee, and who feels no other preference. And further. That the said committee be instructed to report, subject to the approbation of this Convention, the names of twenty-seven persons, two senatorial and one representative from each Congressional States, to be supported by the Democratic

party at the next election. Mr. REILLY addressed the Convention

Mr. Dawson moved that a committee of thirteen be appointed to prepare resolutions

After addresses had been delivered by Hon. Sam. W. Black and Wm. Montgomery, Hon. Jas. M. Porter from the committee to select Delegates to the National Convention and Electors, reported the following:

DELEGATES AT LARGE. Arnold Plumer Venango. Henry D. Foster, Westmoreland. David R#Porter, Dauphin. James L. Reynolds, Lancaster.

DISTRICT DELEGATES. 1st-Edward G. Webb, John M' Carthy. 2nd-James C. Vandyke, Chambers M'

3d-John Robbins, ir., Charles W. Carri-4th—Jos. Lippencott, John G. Brenner. 5th—Owen Jones, (Montgomery,) Thomas

6th-John Rutter, (Chester,) Charles D.

Roberts.

STATE CONVENTION.

10th-John Weidman, J. M. Kreiter. 11th-Wm. L. Dewart, C. M. Straub. 12th-H. B. Wright, J. G. Montgomery. 13th-J. N. Hutchinson, H. B. Beardsly. 14th-V. E. Piollet, C. L. Ward. 16th—Henry Welsh. John Stuart.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, Harrisburg, March 4, 1856.

President,

1st District-Geo. W. Nebinger, Phila. co. Pierce Butler, Phila. city. Edward Wartman, Phila. co. John H. Brinton, Chester co. Charles Kessler, Berks county. James Patterson, Lancaster co. the nomination to that office. Isaac Slenker, Union county. 10th Frs. W. Hughes, Schuylkill co. 11th 12th Abraham Edinger, Monroe co. 13.h 14th 15th 16th 17th 18th 19th 20th 21st 22:1 23d 24th John Keatley, Clarion county.

8th-J. Glancy Jones, P. K. Miller.

15th-Wm. F. Packer, John H. Morrison.

18th-John C. Everhart, Richard White.

19th-Jacob Forney, Alex. McKinney.

21st-Andrew Burke, Charles Barnett.

22nd—Saml. W. Black, Jas. A. Gibson. 23rd—M. C. Trout, John N. McGuffin.

25th-J. Porter Brawley, Wilson Laird.

ELECTORS AT LARGE.

Charles R. Buckalew,

Wilson McCandless.

20th-John L. Dawson, William Hopkins.

9th-H. B. Swarr, Jos. B. Baker.

17th-John Cessna, A. P. Lusk.

24th-J. L. Gillis, J. Y. James.

The report of the Committee was adopted. mittee, reported the following admirable series of resolutions; which were read and

unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That in the present distracted dangerous supremacy, we recognise in the policy of the Democratic party, that which at home and abroad. rests upon the Constitution as its basis; and that it is the party which above all others has, in the language of the illustrious Madi-son, ever continued "to hold the union of the States as the basis of their peace and is the cement of the Union, as well in its limitations as its authorities; to respect the rights and authorities reserved to the States and to the people, as equally incorporated general system; and to avoid the slightest interference with the rights of conscience or the functions of religion, so wisely exempted from civil jurisdiction."

ship, to which the history of the world af- if the Union be maintained; but that disunfords no parallel; that in no part of the Federal Compact is the wisdom of our fathers more conspicuous, than in leaving the ple, and the death-knell of our hopes. whole question of slavery to the states in provision for the re-delivery of fugitives es- red, and the Federal constitution constructed Cambria,) White, (Potter,) Wicklein, Wi-l of the value of the Union—an attachment lover its safety, as secured by the great char

descendants.

Resolved, That we look only to the Constitution, and the exposition thereof which has been afforded by the practice of Democtatic administrations, for the chart of our policy. That these constitute, till the funnomination be declared unanimous; which damental law is changed by methods which thority among themselves to regulate by itself provides, the highest law of our obedience as citizens; and that we utterly discard | the Convention. that partial and exaggerated sympathy, the Resolved, That James Buchanan being attempt to carry which into practice, is at the tral Committee shall require a pledge from peril of our dearest interests as a nation, and each elector, to vote for the candidates for

spirit that would denounce and repudiate all attempts to erect odious distinctions between those who are entitled to share the

Resolved, That the effort to direct the power of the Government by anti-slavery agitation, under the various names and phases of Free-Soilism, Anti-Nebraskaism, Fusionism and Republicanism; and by interferthe Know-Nothings, is opposed both to the letter and the spirit af the Constitution, and to the earnest teachings and practice of its earliest and most honored administrators.

Resolved, That we are now as ever unalterably opposed to the doctrines and designs of all organizations which contemplate the overthrow of the civil and religious rights of the citizen; that the equality of the citizen, like the equality of the States, is a sacred and inalienable right, never to be inthe hopes of the future.

Resolved, That in the repeal of the act known as the Missouri Compromise act, and the passage of the act organizing the Territories of Kansas and Nebraska, free from unconstitutional restrictions, the last Congress

principles by the immortal Jefferson.

wisest statesmen of the north and south, were | country, to the success of whose interests

final settlement of the question of slavery in was rejected in 1848, on the ground that it ture. involved an undue concession to the south, by the very men: who now clamor for a restoration of the Missouri line, there seemed to be but one wise alternative left, and that was to refer the whole question of slavery in the Territories to the people thereof, to be regulated as they might deem proper, and we therefore cheerfully extend our hearty support to the policy of the government as recognized in the Compromise measures of 1850, and embodied in the laws organizing the Territories of Kansas and Nebraska.

Resolved, That unering indications point to the Hon. James Buchanan-distinguished alike by his high personal character, his tried Democracy, his great abilities, experience and eminent statemarship—as the nation's choice for the office of President of the Wm. H. Witte, " United States, for the term commencing on John McNair, Montg'ery co. the 4th of March, 1857; and that we do hereby instruct our delegates to the Nation-David Laury, Lehigh county. al Convention to assemble in Cincinnati in June next, to use their efforts to secure him

Resolved, That at a period when sectionalism, in its worst aspects, attempts to un-Thos. Osterhaut, Wyoming co. dermine the foundations of the federal constitution, and when an abolition majority Reuben Wilber, Bradford co. aspires to supremacy in the popular branch Geo. A. Crawford, Clinton co. of the national legislature, and with the James Black, Perry county. prospect of difficulties with foreign nations, Henry J. Stable, Adams co. who for their purposes may seek to intercept John D. Roddy, Somerset co. and stay the progress of free institutions on Jacob Turney, Westm'land co. this continent, in order that they may more J. A. J. Buchanan, Greene co. effectually arrest the advancing footsteps Wm. Wilkins, Allegheny co. James G. Campbell, Butler co. like qualities of James Buchanan-his long Thos. Cuningham, Beaver co. and well tried services in defence of the Constitution-his intimate knowledge of all Vincent Phelps, Crawford co. our relations with foreign countries—and his large and enlightened experience-point to Mr. John L. Dawson, from the Com- him as preeminently the man to lead the victorious columns of the Democracy in

November next. Resolved, That we fully endorse the administration of President Petrce as national, faithful, and efficient—fully equal to all condition of parties, in which sectional and the important emergencies which the coun-Pennsylvania; which was twice read and partial issues have been allowed to attain a try has had to encounter, and that he has worthily maintained her interests and honor

Resolved, That in the rise at home of factions based upon a single principle inimical to our government and Constitution, and in the stirring and warlike condition of the times, we behold dangers to our peace and prosperity, happiness; to support the Constitution, which if not to our perpetuity, which should cause every good citizen to ponder well the steps of his political action; and that we earestly invite the lover of his country, of whatever name or creed, to join us in upholding the with and essential to the success of the Constitution in its purity, and transmitting it unimpaired to our successors.

Resolved, That whatever cases of dissatisfaction with the working of our laws and in-stitutions may exist in different sections of Resolved, That by the general consent of the country, the proper remedy is to be the wise and virtuous of all nations, the sought in the temperate exercise of the right framers of the Republic of the United States, of discussion, and the ballot-box; that all exhibited in their individual characters and other evils are insignificant in comparison in the result of their public deliberations, a with that of danger to the Union; that all degree of virtue and a practical statesman- others can wait the sure amelioration of time, ion would at once prove the destruction of our present interests and happiness as a peo-

Resolved, That it was upon the soil of their separate capacities; and that in the Pennsylvania that Independence was declacaped from labour or service, they demon- and that it therefore becomes in a special strated a sense of justice—an appreciation sense the duty of Pennsylvanians to watch ler, Wunder, Ward and Welsh,—127, voted to its preservation—an avoidance of one-side ter of the Union; to resist the first approachphilanthropy, and impracticable theories of es of danger to its perpetuity, and forever to government - which present a proper exam- | cherish and maintain it inviolate, as the palple for the guidance and imitation of us, their ladium of our happiness, political, social and civil.

Resolved, That all vacancies that may take place in the delegation to Cincinnati, now selected, shall be filled by a majority of the whole number there present, and that the said delegation shall have full power and auwhom and how their votes shall be given in

Resolved, That the Democratie State Centhreatens the infliction of evils of tenfold President and Vice President of the United vention do now appoint a committee of magnitude to those which it proposes to heal. States, who may be nominated by the Cin-Resolved, That the equality of the States cinnati Convention, and in case of the nedistrict, with instructions to report to this is the vital element of the Constitution itself, glect or refusal of any elector so to do with-Convention, subject to its approbation, the and that all interference with the rights of in a reasonable time, the State Central Comin a reasonable time, the State Central Comnames of fifty-four delegates, four senatori- the States by those who seek to disregard mittee be and they are hereby empowered to substitute.

The Convention proceeded to ballot for Canal Commissioner with the following re-

George Scott received 33 " Nimrod Strickland, 15 " J. H. Zimmerman 10 Bernard Reilly Wm. Hatfield 7 " John T. Hoover Joseph Morrison Edward Nicholson 6 Adolphus Patterson 6

The names of Messrs. Hoover, Morrison, Patterson, Hatfield and Reilly were withdrawn. Mr. Black, in withdrawing the pame of Bernard Reilly; presented the fol-Towing letter, which was read and ordered to be entered on the minutes of the convention.

To the President and members of the Democratic State Convention: GENTLEMEN: -In compliance with the

earnest solicitation of many Democratic terfered with by factious parties and reckless friends. I have suffered my name to be legislation, without a subversion of the pri- used in connection with the office of Canal mary objects of our political system, and a commissioner. In yielding my consent, in repudiation of the guarantees of the past and this instance, I beg to assure you that i was not in accordance with the wishes of my own heart, or the promptings of my own nature. Aware of the difficulties with which the common enemy of our party surround an adopted citizen when he ceases to be "a hewer of wood and a drawer performed a work of pairiotic sacrifice in of water," to those who arrogate to themselves meeting the demands of sectional excitement not only the exercise of the physical, but the by unshaken adherence to the fundamental mental energies of adopted citizen, I have no disposition to place myself at once con-Resolved. That this legislation cannot be trary to my nature as a citizen and derogdeemed unnecessary, but that is was expedi- otary to my dignity as a man. I am proud ent to meet the questions of which it dispo- to be identified with the Democratic party as sed, and which could never admit of a more | an humble co-laborer in the work of univereasy settlement than at present. That we sal political freedom, because I believe the recognize in it the application to the Territo- principles of that party are in strict conries of the United States, of the rule of sonance with the feelings of those who foun-"equal and exact justice to all men" of all ded this mighty republic. To remain in sections of the confederacy, which was design- the ranks of that party as a worthy memed by the framers of our government, and ber is the utmost of my ambition. At no which was defined as one of its essential period of my life have I supported the Democratic cause on account of political or Resolved, That the Democracy of Pennsyl- personal preferment, but from a desire to vania, following the council of some of the subserve the best interests of my adopted

ready on more than one occasion in the past I am bound by the most sacred ties that to extend the Missouri Compromise line to can bind humanity. I have cherished this the Pacific, so as to make it the basis of a feeling so long and so ardently that it has become a sentiment, yea, I might with prothe Territories; but when this proposition priety add, a cardinal principle of my na-

Coming, as I did, to this country an infant, with all my associations here, having no home to live in, or country to serve but our beloved Union, it is to me the proudest of privileges to be not only called but considered a citizen.

It was under these influences, and these alone, that I suffered my name to be used in connection with the office of Canal Commissioner.-For myself, I have no particular desire to be the nominee of your Con-With the decision of the Convention,

whatever it may be, I shall be satisfied; and am willing to do battle manfully against the common enemy for the Democratic party and its cherished principles. I therefore wish that my name may be withdrawn as a candidate for Canal Commissioner, and trust that every man will labor, as I shall, for the success of the Democratic party; both State and National.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully;

Your obedient servant,
BERNARD REILLY. The Convention proceeded to a second pallot, which resulted as follows: received George Scott, Nimrod Strickland, J. H. Zimmerman,

Edw. Nicholson, "3" GEORGE SCOTT, of Columbia county, having received the highest number of votes was declared the nominee of the Convention for Canal Commissioner.

Mr. Hopkins moved that the nomination be made unanimous, which was agreed to. The Gonvention then proceeded to ballot for Auditor General:

On the first ballot, 43 votes received Jacob Frv . Murray Whallon 29 " 23 " John Rowe 15 " Joel B. Danner 12 " H. L. Dieffenbach 8 " William Workman Daniel Kane The names of Joel B. Danner and Daniel Kane were withdrawn, when a second bal-

lot was had, which resulted as follows: rcceived Jacob Frv Murray Whallon 25 " John Rowe William Workman " H. L. Dieffenbach Neither of the candidates having received a majority of the whole vote, the Convention

proceeded to a third ballott-the names of H. L. DIEFFENBACH and WILLIAM WORKMAN having first been withdrawn-with the following result: received 57 votes Jacob Fry receive Murray Whallon " 47 " 26 " John Rowe There being no nomination, a third ballot

was taken, as follows : received Jacob Fry Murray Whallon 19 " John Rowe The fourth ballot resulted as follows: received on Jacob Fry Murray Whallon 78 votes 51 " JACOB FRY, Jr., of Montgomery county, having received the highest number of votes, was declared by the Chairman the nominee

of the Convention for Auditor General. On motion the nomination was made unan-

The Convention then proceeded to ballot

for Surveyor General:
Isaac W. Moore received 21 votes. Timothy Ives Thomas J. Rehrer Hugh McKee Michael K. Boyer " William Fry Philip Johnston John Horn, Jr., William S. Garvin John Hodgson: Neither candidate having received a majori-

tv of the whole vote, the Convention proceeded to a second ballot-the names of John Hodgson and Michael K. Boyer having first been withdrawn.

Timothy Ives Wm. T. Alexander, " " Isaac W, Moore, 21 Hugh M'Kee, 14 Thos. J. Rehrer, Wm. S. Garvin, Philip Johnston, 6 " John Horn, Jr., William Fry, " 4 "
The names of Thomas J. Rehrer and Wil-

liam Fry were withdrawn, when a third ballot was taken, as follows: Timothy Ives received 42 votes 32 "

Wm. T. Alexander, " Isaac W. Moore, 24 Hugh M'Kee, 13 Wm. S. Garvin, .11 Philip Johnston, There being no nomination, a 4th ballot was taken, (after the name of Hugh M'Kee had been withdrawn,) with the following result: Timothy Ives received Wm. T. Alexander, "Isaac W. Moore." 69 vutes 40 " Isaac W. Moore, Philip Johnston, Wm. S. Garvin, 6.5 TIMOTHY IVES, of Potter county, having re-

ceived a majority of the votes polled, was declared the nominee of the Convention for, Surveyor General. The nomination, on motion, was made un-

animous :

Mr. REILLY offered the following resolution, which was read and unanimously adop-

Resolved, That the nomination of George Scott, of Columbia county, as the Democratic candidate for the office of Canal Commissioner; that of Jacob Fry, jr., of Montgomery county, for the office of Auditor-General; and that of Timothy Ives, of Potter county, for the office of Surveyor General, be and the same are hereby unanimously ratified and confirmed by this Convention; that we confidently present these-gentlemen to the people of the State as canlidates in every way worthy of their confidence and support-knowing them, as we do, to be men of tried integrity, faithful intheir devotion to Democratic principles, and well qualified to discharge the duties of the several offices for which they have been nominated.

Mr. REYNOLDS moved that the Chairman have power to appoint the State Central Committee, after the Convention has adjourned; which was adopted.

The following resolution, offered by Mr. WELSH, was read and adopted.

Resolved, That this Convention appoint a Committee of Correspondence, to consist of five from each county, whose duty it shall-