

fer suffering severe losses and behaving most creditably under a galling fire. Col. Barton, commanding officer of the regiment, and who was foremost in the action, told the men when they were assembled on parade next morning, that he never saw heavier firing, (he having been through the Cabul and Sutlej campaigns in India,) and he felt proud of his regiment, and could place dependence on them, no matter where they went to. My comrade sergeant was sergeant to the 9th regiment—forn hope—and gave me a fine description of what he saw.

"He and a number of men under his command were in one of the most advanced houses, within a few yards of another house occupied by Russian soldiers, and one of the Russian soldiers fired out of a window at our fellows, and after he fired he said (for he could speak English) "Take that, you d—d English," and one of the 9th, regiment a wild young Irish fellow, immediately fired out of a window at him in return, saying, "Take that, you d—d Russian!" This interchange of compliments continued for some time until the Russian was winged."

Another Know-Nothing Outrage.
The atrocities committed by the know-nothings of Louisville have recently been feebly imitated by the know-nothings of Sidney, Ohio. The following letter appears in the Ohio statesman of the 23d instant:

SIDNEY, SHELBY COUNTY, OHIO,
August 19, 1855.

DEAR SIR: Last night, about 11 o'clock, the Catholic frame church of this place was made a pile of ruins. A keg of powder was put under the building, with a train scattered along the street, which was fired with burning shavings. There is no doubt here that the incendiary deed was committed by a set of know-nothing rowdies, such as have just wrought devastation in Louisville.

I trust, for the welfare of our country, that the better class of the American people will soon arouse to a proper sense of what this awful spirit of blind persecution for opinion's sake is fast leading to. The better class of know-nothings here appear to look with disgust upon these terrible proceedings; but who can tell whether they are sincere? The real friends of religious liberty in our community charge, without reservation, that the destruction of the Catholic church here is one of the fruits of the know-nothing crusade.

The blowing up of a Catholic church will do for a commencement. The election in Ohio takes place on the 9th of October, which will afford the know-nothings of Sidney an opportunity of exhibiting their proficiency in such light crimes as murder and arson, by way of enforcing their favorite doctrine, that "none but Americans shall rule America."

While know-nothings are blowing up Catholic churches, and shooting and burning Catholic men, women, and children, it would be as well to pause a moment for the purpose of ascertaining whether any retaliatory steps have been taken by those who profess that faith which is now the special object of the murderous persecution of know-nothingism.

The Norfolk correspondent of the Baltimore American (know-nothing in its proclivities) writes as follows:

"The praise of Mr. O'Keefe, the Catholic pastor of St. Patrick's church, is on the lips of every one. Protestants as well as Catholics join together in paying deserved tribute to his untiring exertions in nursing and attending to the wants of the sick and dying of every class and persuasion."

Another correspondent of the same paper writes as follows:

"There are five Sisters of Charity nursing at the hospital, and from what you know of these self-sacrificing and truly pious women you can readily imagine that the sick lack no comfort that indefatigable and judicious attendance can administer. Indeed, by the establishment of that hospital, and the attendance there of the sisters, not only an immense amount of suffering has been spared the poverty-stricken creatures who have been taken there, but many a life has been saved for which there would have been no hope otherwise."

The New York Express, a leading organ of the know-nothings, bears the following testimony:

"All honor to the noble-hearted women who stand by the sides of the sick and dying in the fever-stricken cities of Norfolk and Portsmouth! All honor to Miss Andrews, and the Sisters of Charity, who have left, or are leaving, a wholesome atmosphere, to brave the storm of death there for the sake of doing good; but shame—eternal shame—upon those false Christian professors whose craven hearts have urged them to seek safety in flight!"

We will not designate the class of "false Christians," justly obnoxious to the censure of the Express, but we will indulge a faint hope that the piety, zeal, and self-sacrificing spirit of Catholic clergymen and Catholic Sisters of Charity, so beautifully and nobly displayed throughout the whole of the prevailing epidemic in Norfolk and Portsmouth, may be the means of securing in at least two cities of the Union the safety of the persons, dwellings, and churches of Catholic citizens.—Washington Union.

Flour Speculations.
The Buffalo Republic has an article in the issue of August 23d, reiterating the truth of their article of last Spring, that the supply of breadstuffs was ample for all home demand, and that every penny charged for flour, over and above a fair export price, has been so much taken out of the pockets of the consumers for the benefit of the speculators.—The Republic says:

"That during the present summer, on the 1,500,000 barrels received by the State of New York, through her northern borders, consumers have been swindled out of BETWEEN THREE AND FOUR MILLIONS OF DOLLARS. The produce trade of 1855 has been an exception to all former years, as well as all laws regulating all such transactions.—The law of supply and demand has been kept completely out of sight, and has had no more effect than the Fugitive Slave Law in Canada. The crop of 1854 has been exclusively controlled by a limited number of persons who have sent it forward in just such quantities as they required, and in no greater; who have held it just as long as they desired, and no longer, and who have sold when they could get their price, and stored when they could not, just as it suited their own convenience. There was an understanding among the dealers from the commencement. Combinations and re-combinations have been formed for the purpose of keeping prices up, and the banks have aided to the fullest extent in carrying out the plan. That it has proved successful is notorious, but that much money

has been made out of the operation, save by the farmers, we are not disposed to admit.—The speculators have oversteered the mark and the anxiety which they have suffered is likely to prove their only reward."

The Democratic Party,
Always true to its principles—never deviating to the right or the left to accommodate itself to circumstances—the Democratic party stands as firmly to-day as it did in the days of Jefferson, of Madison, and of Jackson. It has not now, it never had, and it never can have anything to do with sectionalism or any other ism. It is a National party, and stands upon the Constitution which binds the Union together. It is neither a slavery party nor an abolition party—but looking upon the Constitution in the light of an agreement between States whose climates and productions differ and whose interests, so far as labor is concerned, differ also, it takes the broad ground that the rights of both North and South should be alike protected.—Slavery existed before the Constitution was formed—it was planted here by the government of Great Britain, without any agency of the Colonies; and when the statesmen and patriots of the country met to form a Constitution, it formed a serious question for deliberation. They settled it—and as they settled it Democrats wish it to remain. As their patriotism was undoubted, and their enlightened statesmanship proved by the manner in which they conducted us through a bloody struggle of seven years, it seems almost impious at this day to doubt the wisdom of their actions, or plot to destroy the fabric which they reared. Under it we have so far prospered as no other nation ever prospered, and instead of creating sectional quarrels and becoming embittered against each other, we should thank God that he has "cast our lots in pleasant places," and allowed us to become a "free, sovereign and independent people," living under a government of our own choice, and directly responsible to us. It would be nothing less than an act of madness in the people of this country to shut their eyes to the great blessings which they enjoy under the Constitution, and rush blindly into a sectional contest which would subvert the government and impose on us a train of evils entirely destructive of liberty, happiness and prosperity; but which could not confer the slightest benefit on any one, free or bound.

The Democratic party has never introduced into its creed any selfish or narrow principle. It ever has and ever will, while it remains true to itself, stand by the Constitution and the country, regardless of the traitorous plottings of ambitious knaves or the wild howlings and senseless cant of crazy fanatics.

Its position at this time, as the only well organized and formidable antagonist of disunion and Know-Nothingism, is almost sublime, and we cannot resist the belief that every true patriot will rally under its broad banner and aid in defeating the common foe.

What though it were true, as alleged by Garrison, Hale, Sumner, Fred. Douglass and others, that the Democratic party is not inimical to the spread of slavery—how much better would it be that negro slavery, an already existing institution, should be permitted to go where slave labor is useful, than that free white men should be disfranchised, stricken down by bloody assassins, and the very temples of the living God invaded and levelled to the ground?

But it is not true that the Democratic party is a slavery party. Its great object and constant effort has been to leave that institution under the exclusive control of the local laws of the States in which it exists, and to free the National government from any responsibility for it. It proposes to leave to all the States North and South the full, free and unmolested enjoyment of all the rights and privileges guaranteed to them by the Constitution—and hence, as negro slavery is recognized by that instrument, the Democratic party opposes all the schemes of abolitionists and fanatics of every sect to harass, excite or injure the South on account of it. This is the extent of its slavery proclivities, and this far sound statesmanship, pure patriotism and duty to the requirements of the Constitution, compel it to go.

We believe, as a general thing, that the principles of the Nebraska-Kansas bill were endorsed by the Democratic party, and few statesmen of any eminence will deny the soundness of those principles; but we should like to know in what section the Democracy as a party have sanctioned the outrageous manner in which armed bands of ruffians from Missouri attempted to carry the provisions of the bill into effect? Even in Missouri that proceeding has been condemned, and the Democratic party holds itself entirely free from any responsibility for acts so repugnant to its creed.

What the opponents of Democracy charge upon it in regard to its slavery sentiments is, therefore, untrue. Its doctrines are those of freedom and the Constitution, and if these cannot win, we prefer defeat to victory.—Harrisburg Patriot & Union

The Latest Foreign News.
The steamship Atlantic arrived at New York on the 6th inst.

The War.
No further events of any importance have occurred in the progress of the war, but there are copious details of the Swaborg bombardment and the battle on the Tchernaya. The Russian loss at Swaborg is reported at only 40 killed and 160 wounded. The fortifications were destroyed.

Two British ships had fired on Riga without effect.

The squadron in the White Sea continues to destroy stores, &c.

The British in the Sea of Azoff have blown up the sunken Russian ships-of-war.

Affairs before Sebastopol quiet and unchanged, as well as at Kars.

The Russian loss in the battle on the Tchernaya, was nearly 4,000 killed and wounded, and of the allies only 1,000.

The Russians were not pursued across the river and hold their former position.

Various rumors were current of a new peace project.

The despatches do not convey a clear idea of how much of Swaborg has been destroyed, "and of how much remains."

Later estimates may modify these figures. There is no reliable information on the subject of negotiations. "Private letters" and "rumors" are busy in circulating reports, according to which the accession of Spain to the Western alliance is complete, and the adhesion of Denmark and Sweden all but ratified.

Austria, according to the same loose authority, has already submitted a new project of peace, and will soon express herself decidedly for the allies. Further, there is talk that the allies will permanently occupy some

portion of the Turkish territory, and will reconstruct the map of Italy.

There are other reports still more fanciful, but all may be safely distrusted.

Proceedings of the Teachers' Institute at Spruce Creek.
Pursuant to previous notice, and a call from J. S. Barr, a large number of teachers and friends of education met in the school house at Spruce Creek, August 30th, 1855.

The meeting was called to order by the County Superintendent, J. S. Barr, who stated its object, gave his views on the utility of such institutes, with advisory remarks, and invited a free expression from others present.

The subject of penmanship was taken up and discussed, which with miscellaneous business occupied the afternoon.

On motion the Institute adjourned to meet at 7 1/2 o'clock in the evening.

EVENING SESSION.
The meeting was called to order by J. S. Barr, who stated his necessity of leaving in the next train and his intention to be present at the morning session; and John S. Isett was called to the chair.

On request, A. W. Benedict of Huntingdon addressed the meeting, and by remarks of Mr. Brigham of Altoona.—On request, Mr. Albert Owen, of Huntingdon, then addressed the meeting.

On motion the meeting adjourned to 8 1/2 o'clock in the morning.

SECOND DAY—MORNING SESSION.
J. S. Barr, Chairman of the Institute called the meeting to order.

Mr. Brigham lectured on the study of Geography, advocating the Out Line Map system of instruction. The subject was further discussed by the Superintendent. Mr. Owen then lectured upon the same study and opposed the common use of the Out Line Maps, but thought them an excellent auxiliary, and necessary in a proper course of class instruction. Mr. Tussey gave the method of teaching Geography in the Lancaster county Normal School. Messrs. Brigham, Owen, and Barr desired a rehearsing and further discussed the subject.

Miss C. T. Benedict gave an interesting description of her method of teaching Geography in her school at Huntingdon.

The alphabet and orthography was then introduced for discussion, by D. F. Tussey. The subject was further discussed by Mr. Owen, ably, and in an interesting manner; orthography was also discussed by Messrs. Brigham, Brown and Barr who were followed by Mr. Owen.

On motion adjourned to meet at one and a half o'clock in the afternoon.

AFTERNOON SESSION.
Meeting was called to order, J. S. Barr presiding. On request from the chair Mr. Owen lectured on reading. Mr. D. F. Tussey then entertained the Institute with his plan of teaching reading. The same subject was further discussed by Messrs. Barr, Rev. Mr. Lane, Rev. Mr. Lane, Brown, Brigham, Tussey and White.

On motion of Mr. Brigham, the subject of English grammar and composition was called up and discussed by Mr. Owen.

On motion the Institute adjourned to meet at 7 1/2 o'clock in the evening.

EVENING SESSION.
The meeting was called to order, and by request of the Superintendent, Mr. S. Keith took the chair. On motion it was resolved that a committee be appointed to prepare the proceedings of the Institute for publication.

On motion it was resolved that a committee be appointed to draft resolutions expressive of the sentiment of this Institute.

On motion the subject of school government was taken up and discussed at length, and with marked ability by Messrs. Barr, Lane, Ward and others.

Mr. Owen was then called for to continue the same subject. He expressed his willingness to dwell upon that subject if it was the desire of the Institute, but as the time was approaching when he must leave, he desired to hear Rev. Mr. Lane and Rev. Mr. Ward on the subject of grammar and composition. The subject was resumed and ably discussed by Messrs. Ward, Lane and Tussey.

On motion adjourned, to meet at 9 o'clock to-morrow morning.

THIRD DAY—MORNING SESSION.
The meeting was called to order, and the subject of grammar and composition resumed and further discussed by Messrs. Lane, Ward and Barr.

Some general remarks were then offered by members of the Institute, on our educational interests.

The committee on resolutions then reported the following which were adopted.

Resolved, That we return our thanks to the people of Spruce Creek for their kindness and hospitality during the sessions of the Institute.

Resolved, That we return our thanks to A. W. Benedict for his able addresses before the Institute.

Resolved, That we appreciate the services and visits of our County Superintendent in our midst.

Resolved, That in view of the responsibility and high degree of usefulness of the teacher we use all proper means within our power to elevate the character of our respective schools.

On motion adjourned.

G. P. ELDRIDGE, Secy.
SAMUEL KEITH, } Secy's.

THE TRIUMPH OF THE FOREIGN PARTY.
The know-nothings habitually stigmatize their opponents as the "foreign party," and hypocritically affect to believe that they are striving to place the government of the country in the hands of "Catholics" and "foreigners." We hope the result of the election in Alabama, where there are only 7,498 foreigners, and 5,200 Catholics, and 426,514 native-born citizens, will satisfy them that a godly number of natives and Protestants belong to what they choose to call the "foreign and Catholic party." In Tennessee, where there are 5,638 foreigners, 1,400 Catholics, and 756,836 native Protestants, a similar lesson is taught the know-nothings. May we not hope that the know-nothings will find out that they have been beaten by native-Americans, and that the people are against them?—Columbus Times.

HOGS IN KENTUCKY.—According to returns to the auditor of Kentucky, there are in that State, this year, 1,440,266 hogs over six months old, against 1,928,244 last year.—This decrease in number is attributed to the short crop of corn last year, which compelled many to kill that otherwise would have kept them for a year longer. The quantity of pork raised in the State the present season, however, will undoubtedly exceed that of last year.

Awful Tidings from Norfolk and Portsmouth.
PESTILENCE AND FAMINE!
BALTIMORE, Sept. 7
The news from Portsmouth and Norfolk received by the boat from Norfolk this morning is a wail. The remaining residents are suffering from famine as well as fever.

The news from Norfolk is to Thursday evening. Seventeen deaths had occurred at the Norfolk Infirmary during the 24 hours ending at 2 o'clock on Wednesday, and about 50 are said to have occurred in private practice. Four deaths occurred at the Infirmary on Thursday morning. Thirty-seven of the victims have been buried in one pit in the Potter's Field on Wednesday.

Among the deaths are the following:—Mrs. Geo. W. Kemp, Mrs. Henry Howard, Mrs. John Shuster, Mrs. Thos. F. Owen, and John Shuster.

Dr. Grooch, of Richmond, Va; Mr. Jackson, a student of medicine, from Washington city; Mr. Dodd, of Norfolk; Mrs. Wilson, and Charles Solomon, one of the nurses from Baltimore, are extremely ill.

Dr. West, of New York; Dr. Nune, of Savannah, and Dr. Smith, of Columbia, Pa., were attacked with the disease yesterday, as was also Mr. Craycraft, a student of medicine from Philadelphia, and a nurse who accompanied Dr. Smith, whose name is unknown.

B. B. Walters and several members of his family are down.

Mr. Gatewood, the agent of the associated press, is still very ill, and a nurse has been sent to him.

Miss Andrews, of Syracuse, is better.

The Rev. Mr. O'Keefe, of the Catholic Church, and the Rev. Mr. Willis, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, are both doing well.

Rev. Mr. O'Keefe's sister was attacked last night.

Mr. Kirkpatrick is recovering, the Jordan family are reported as convalescent.

Capt. Edwards had a relapse, but is now better.

At present there are some fifty to sixty patients at the Howard Infirmary, and one hundred and eleven at the Naval Hospital, at Portsmouth.

Dr. Freeman, of Philadelphia, after rendering very efficient service, returns home, but will resume his labors at Norfolk on Tuesday next.

Drs. Morris, Webster, and Wallers of Baltimore are well.

A most outrageous robbery was perpetrated by a fellow named Marks, the Superintendent of the Howard Infirmary, on Monday last. He broke open a trunk belonging to a lady who had died there, and stole a large quantity of jewelry. The valuables were subsequently recovered.

The following deaths occurred on Thursday morning at the Infirmary:—Thos. Bradley, N. P. Parsons, Alex. Garret, and John Small.

Mrs. Wetting was very low.

Among the new cases reported are August Cook, the Assistant Mayor, Miss Virginia Rodgers, Leon Schisano, son of the French Vice Consul.

Mrs. Briggs, a nurse from Washington, is very ill.

At Portsmouth, six physicians, mostly from the North, are sick. Mayor Fisk is improving rapidly.

Dr. Collins, the President of the Seaboard and Roanoke Railroad, was very ill.

Only one man is left out of 18 employed at the railroad depot at the commencement—the others are all dead.

Dr. Kennedy, of Philadelphia, was taken to the Hospital this morning. Robert Graham and G. D. Stryker, nurses from Philadelphia are sick. Mr. Loyd, the Navy Agent, and his family, are sick.

About 450 cases exist at Portsmouth, 25 deaths occurred on Wednesday, and from 10 to 15 up to 2 o'clock on Thursday.

Relief for the Sufferers.
BALTIMORE, Sept. 7
The citizens are nobly responding to the appeals for assistance from Norfolk and Portsmouth. \$3000 were subscribed this morning making the total amount of collections in this city \$17,000.

A steambot load of provisions are now sent down daily from this city.

A meeting of the citizens of Baltimore is called for to-morrow, to devise further measures.

Relief for Norfolk.
BOSTON, Sept. 7.
The Norfolk Relief Committee yesterday forwarded \$2,000 to the Howard Association of that city, as a part of the collections.—Mayor Smith has called a public meeting, to devise further means of relief.

There was a large meeting at the Exchange to-day, to devise means for the relief of the sufferers from yellow fever at Norfolk.—Mayor Smith presided, and a large committee was appointed to receive subscriptions.

Alfred Hardy, on behalf of the merchants, remitted \$1,000. He holds \$3,000 more, which he will remit immediately.

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.
SATURDAY, Sept. 8, P. M.—There has been a spirited demand for flour for shipment to Europe, and prices have advanced 25 cents per barrel. The sales have been large, comprising 6000 barrels standard and mixed brands Pennsylvania and Western at \$7.50, including a lot of 250 barrels at \$7.37 1/2; 250 barrels Kishiquokillas extra at \$9, and 200 barrels Western extra at \$8. There is a fair demand for the supply of the retailers and baker within the range of the same quotations. There is nothing doing in Rye Flour and Corn Meal—we quote the former at \$6.25, and the latter at \$4.25 per barrel.

GRAIN.—There is a fair demand for Wheat. 500 bushels Penna. red at \$1.70—white \$1.80.

DIED.
In Bloomfield, Perry co., Pa., Col. A. K. CORNYN, formerly of this borough, aged 39 years.

In Huntingdon, on the 8th inst., Mrs. MARY DIEFFENBACHER, aged 35 years.

In the County Poor House on the 29th ult., SUSANA DAVIS, late from West township.

In Walker township, on the 1st inst., KATRINA ISABELLA, daughter of Margaret and Simon White, aged 2 years, 3 months and 2 days.

Farewell, dear KATRINA, thy spirit's gone,
From this vain world below;
We would not wish thee back again
To this dark vale of woe.

Though lovely, thou hast gone and left us;
Thy loss we deeply feel;
But he who died and rose for us,
Our sorrows all can heal.

We look not in the grave for thee,
We know thou art not there;
But in heaven, we hope to meet thee;
That is our earnest prayer.

ADMINISTRATORS' SALE.
(Estate of James Campbell of McConnells-town, deceased.)
BY virtue of authority given in the will of said deceased, there will be sold at public vendue on the premises, on Thursday the 20th day of September, 1855, at one o'clock, P. M., the following described real estate, to-wit:—Two lots of ground in said village of McConnells-town, and township of Walker, bounded on the west by lot of John Snyder, north by lands of George and David Haun, east by another lot belonging to said deceased, and south by the Main street of said village, containing about one half acre, the building and improvements are a large frame house, store house, wash and wood house, one large stable. Also, one other lot of ground adjoining the above named property on the west, and on the north by lands of George and David Haun, on the east by the Union Church, on the south by the Main street of said village of McConnells-town, with a large frame stable which can easily be erected into a dwelling house, with a fine lot of young fruit trees on the lot.

TERMS OF SALE.—One third of the purchase money to be paid on delivery of a deed, immediately after the sale. One third in one year thereafter with interest, and the remaining third at and immediately after the death of the widow of said deceased, the interest thereon to be paid to her annually and regularly during her life—to be secured by the bonds and mortgage of the purchaser.

ALEXANDER PORT,
JOHN SNYDER,
Administrators with the will annexed.
Aug. 28, 1855.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.
(Estate of Joseph Norris, deceased.)
BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, there will be exposed to public sale on the premises on Thursday the 13 day of September, 1855, a valuable tract of land, late the property of said deceased, situate on Raystown Branch in Penn township in the county aforesaid, adjoining lands of Wm. Dean's heirs and others, containing about 250 ACRES,

180 of which are cleared, and in a fine state of cultivation; the balance is well timbered.

The improvements are a large log house, a good barn, and spring house, and other necessary outbuildings. There is also a good orchard and a spring of never failing water within a few rods of the dwelling. This plantation is highly productive, and can be divided into two good farms as there are several fine springs suitably located for that purpose.

TERMS OF SALE.—One third of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale, and the residue in two equal annual payments with interest, to be secured by the bonds and mortgage of the purchaser.

JOHN NORRIS,
DAVID H. CAMPBELL,
Administrators de bonis non with the will annexed.
Aug. 22, 1855.

HENRY B. FUSSELL,
MANUFACTURER OF
UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS,
IN EVERY VARIETY, AT THE OLD STAND,
No. 2, North Fourth Street,
PHILADELPHIA.

Constantly on hand a large assortment, to which the attention of Dealers is requested.

Farmers and Butchers, Attention!
1000
Head of Stock and Fat Sheep.
WE have just arrived from the West with a superior lot of fine and coarse wool Stock and Fat Sheep. We are selling out our entire stock at Neff's Mill near Pottersburg, and as we are determined to sell, persons wishing to buy should call soon or they will lose bargains. Our stock consists of dry cows and wethers. About 300 are fit for mutton.

J. W. ISENBERG,
L. B. NEFF.
Neff's Mill, Aug. 28, 1855.*

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.
NOTICE is hereby given that letters testamentary on the will of Eleazer Lloyd late of Walker township, dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to the estate of said deceased are requested to make payment and those having claims to present them for settlement.

ABRAHAM STATES,
MARTIN ORLADY,
Executors.
August 21, 1855.*

Dissolution of Partnership.
THE firm trading and doing business under the name of Steiner, Pike & Co. have this day by mutual agreement dissolved. The business after this date will be conducted in the name of G. H. Steiner & Co., and the books of the late firm will be kept for settlement in the hands of Geo. H. Steiner.

G. H. STEINER,
E. B. PIKE,
JAMES GARDNER.
Phillipsburg, Aug. 15, 1855.

GEO. GWIN,
WILL sell off his Summer stock of dress goods at reduced prices.
August 14, 1855.

TAKE NOTICE.
THAT on the 6th of August, 1855, I purchased of George Wolf six acres of Corn, Oats and Potatoes, on land of William and Andrew Couch's heirs in Barree township, Huntingdon county, Pa. All persons are cautioned not to disturb said property.

GEORGE COUCH.
August 13, 1855.

CARD.
DR. J. M. IRVIN, Office the same formerly occupied by Dr. M. Massey, Masseyburg, Huntingdon county, Pa.
Aug. 22, 1855—4f.

NOTICE TO PASSENGERS.
For Broad Top, Stonerstown, Marklesburg, and McConnells-town.
ON and after Monday August 13, a Passenger Train on the Huntingdon and Broad Top Railroad, will leave Huntingdon for Marklesburg and intermediate points, at 8 A. M. and 5 P. M.—Returning, will leave Marklesburg at 10 A. M. and 6 P. M.

Freight and Packages for the above points will be attended to by giving notice to the Conductor on the train.

H. S. WILSON, Engineer.
August 7, 1855.

STRAY COW.
Came to the premises of the subscriber in Walker township, Huntingdon county, about the 13th of August inst., a large brindle cow, with a little white along the belly and on both hind legs below the knees—the end of her right ear is cut. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be disposed of according to law.

JACOB SHOWALTER.
Aug. 22, 1855.*

To Iron Masters and Dealers.
PENNSYLVANIA WIRE WORKS, No. 21 Arch Street, Above Front, PHILADELPHIA, Sieves, Riddles, Screens, Woven Wire of all meshes and widths, with all kinds of plain and fancy wire work. Paper makers' wire, all kinds, Cylinder and Dandy Rolls covered in the best manner in or out of this city. A very superior article of Heavy Founder's Sieves.—All kinds of Iron Ore Wire, Wire and Sieves for Seed, Grain, Sand, Starch, Snuff, Brickdust, &c.

BAYLISS, DARBY & LYNN.
August 2, 1855—4m.

CHURCH NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that all persons who have already subscribed toward the erection of a Methodist Episcopal Church in the borough of Huntingdon, that Mr. James Saxton has been appointed treasurer of the building committee and that he is authorized to receive payments on those subscriptions.

GEORGE GLAZIER,
J. M. CUNNINGHAM,
OWEN BOAT,
JAMES SAXTON,
Committee.
August 7, 1855.

LAND WARRANTS BOUGHT.
HIGHEST cash prices paid, and money returned by first return mail.—The best reference can be given—apply or address,
SAMUEL BECKTOLD, Jr.,
Philadelphia.

County Lands and Pensions procured, and Warrants located as usual.
June 19, 1855—3m.

FOR SALE.
A New and Complete One-horse Wagon, WITH Oil Cloth Top, and Tongue for two horses. Enquire at the Post Office. Huntingdon, Pa., May 16, 1855.

NOTICE.
All persons concerned will take notice that the books of R. C. McGill, are in the hands of A. S. Harrison for settlement and collection, and that suits will be brought in every case without exception, if settlement and payment is not made by the 18th, day of August next. Attend and save cost.

A. S. HARRISON.
July 25, 1855.

FOR SALE.
THE subscriber will sell at any time, his stock of groceries and confectionaries, and eating-house fixtures. The stand has a good run of custom, and to any one wishing to engage in the business, no better opportunity is offering.

ANDREW MOEBUS.
Huntingdon June 19, 1855.

MEDICAL NOTICE.
DR. D. HOUTZ and Dr. W. M. GRAFIUS, having formed a medical partnership under the title of HOUTZ & GRAFIUS, offer their professional services to the citizens of Alexandria and the surrounding country.

Office, that heretofore occupied by Dr. Houtz. June 26, 1855.—3m.

WATCHES, CLOCKS AND JEWELRY.
The subscriber, thankful to his friends and patrons, and to the public generally, for their patronage, still continues to carry on at the same stand, one door east of Mr. C. Cout's Hotel, Market street Huntingdon, where he will attend to all who will favor him with their custom; and also keeps on hand a good assortment of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, &c., &c., all of which he is determined to sell at low prices. Clocks, Watches and Jewelry of all kinds, will be repaired at short notice, and having made arrangements with a good workman, all repairs will be done in a neat and durable manner, and any person having articles for repairing, shall have them done at the promised time. By paying strict attention to the business, and selling at low prices, he hopes to receive a share of public patronage.

JOSEPH REIGGER.

LOST—\$10 REWARD.
Lost, on the 9th inst., at a Picnic Party, near the Rail Road about 2 1/2 miles above McConnells-town, a large Port Manteau, containing \$159, viz: two fifty dollar, two twenty dollar and one ten dollar note, all on the Bank of Reading, and a five dollar note and two dollars in gold and two dollars in silver. The finder, by leaving it at the office of the Huntingdon Globe, will receive the above reward and no questions asked.

JOSEPH NORRIS
Aug. 14, 1855:

GLOBE JOB PRINTING OFFICE.
ALL KINDS OF PRINTING
NEATLY & EXPEDITIOUSLY EXECUTED
AT THE
Globe Job Printing Office,
In Market Square, Huntingdon, Pa.

ADMINISTRATORS' SALE.
(Estate of James Campbell of McConnells-town, deceased.)
BY virtue of authority given in the will of said deceased, there will be sold at public vendue on the premises, on Thursday the 20th day of September, 1855, at one o'clock, P. M., the following described real estate, to-wit:—Two lots of ground in said village of McConnells-town, and township of Walker, bounded on the west by lot of John Snyder, north by lands of George and David Haun, east by another lot belonging to said deceased, and south by the Main street of said village, containing about one half acre, the building and improvements are a large frame house, store house, wash and wood house, one large stable. Also, one other lot of ground adjoining the above named property on the west, and on the north by lands of George and David Haun, on the east by the Union Church, on the south by the Main street of said village of McConnells-town, with a large frame stable which can easily be erected into a dwelling house, with a fine lot of young fruit trees on the lot.

TERMS OF SALE.—One third of the purchase money to be paid on delivery of a deed, immediately after the sale. One third in one year thereafter with interest, and the remaining third at and immediately after the death of the widow of said deceased, the interest thereon to be paid to her annually and regularly during her life—to be secured by the bonds and mortgage of the purchaser.

ALEXANDER PORT,
JOHN SNYDER,
Administrators with the will annexed.
Aug. 28, 1855.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.
(Estate of Joseph Norris, deceased.)
BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, there will be exposed to public sale on the premises on Thursday the 13 day of September, 1855, a valuable tract of land, late the property of said deceased, situate on Raystown Branch in Penn township in the county aforesaid, adjoining lands of Wm. Dean's heirs and others, containing about 250 ACRES,

180 of which are cleared, and in a fine state of cultivation; the balance is well timbered.

The improvements are a large log house, a good barn, and spring house, and other necessary outbuildings. There is also a good orchard and a spring of never failing water within a few rods of the dwelling. This plantation is highly productive, and can be divided into two good farms as there are several fine springs suitably located for that purpose.

TERMS OF SALE.—One third of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale, and the residue in two equal annual payments with interest, to be secured by the bonds and mortgage of the purchaser.

JOHN NORRIS,
DAVID H. CAMPBELL,
Administrators de bonis non with the will annexed.
Aug. 22, 1855.

HENRY B. FUSSELL,
MANUFACTURER OF
UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS,
IN EVERY VARIETY, AT THE OLD STAND,
No. 2, North Fourth Street,
PHILADELPHIA.

Constantly on hand a large assortment, to which the attention of Dealers is requested.

Farmers and Butchers, Attention!
1000
Head of Stock and Fat Sheep.
WE have just arrived from the West with a superior lot of fine and coarse wool Stock and Fat Sheep. We are selling out our entire stock at Neff's Mill near Pottersburg, and as we are determined to sell, persons wishing to buy should call soon or they will lose bargains. Our stock consists of dry cows and wethers. About 300 are fit for mutton.

J. W. ISENBERG,
L. B. NEFF.
Neff's Mill, Aug. 28, 1855.*

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.
NOTICE is hereby given that letters testamentary on the will of Eleazer Lloyd late of Walker township, dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to the estate of said deceased are requested to make payment and those having claims to present them for settlement.

ABRAHAM STATES,
MARTIN ORLADY,
Executors.
August 21, 1855.*

Dissolution of Partnership.
THE firm trading and doing business under the name of Steiner, Pike & Co. have this day by mutual agreement dissolved. The business after this date will be conducted in the name of G. H. Steiner & Co., and the books of the late firm will be kept for settlement in the hands of Geo. H. Steiner.

G. H. STEINER,
E. B. PIKE,
JAMES GARDNER.
Phillipsburg, Aug. 15, 1855.

GEO. GWIN,
WILL sell off his Summer stock of dress goods at reduced prices.
August 14, 1855.

TAKE NOTICE.
THAT on the 6th of August, 1855, I purchased of George Wolf six acres of Corn, Oats and Potatoes, on land of William and Andrew Couch's heirs in Barree township, Huntingdon county, Pa. All persons are cautioned not to disturb said property.

GEORGE COUCH.
August 13, 1855.

CARD.
DR. J. M. IRVIN, Office the same formerly occupied by Dr. M. Massey, Masseyburg, Huntingdon county, Pa.
Aug. 22, 1855—4f.

NOTICE TO PASSENGERS.
For Broad Top, Stonerstown, Marklesburg, and McConnells-town.
ON and after Monday August 13, a Passenger Train on the Huntingdon and Broad Top Railroad, will leave Huntingdon for Marklesburg and intermediate points, at 8 A. M. and 5 P. M.—Returning, will leave Marklesburg at 10 A. M. and 6 P. M.

Freight and Packages for the above points will be attended to by giving notice to the Conductor on the train.

H. S. WILSON, Engineer.
August 7, 1855.

STRAY COW.
Came to the premises of the subscriber in Walker township, Huntingdon county, about the 13th of August inst., a large brindle cow, with a little white along the belly and on both hind legs below the knees—the end of her right ear is cut. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be disposed of according to law.

JACOB SHOWALTER.
Aug. 22, 1855.*

To Iron Masters and Dealers.
PENNSYLVANIA WIRE WORKS, No. 21 Arch Street, Above Front, PHILADELPHIA, Sieves, Riddles, Screens, Woven Wire of all meshes and widths, with all kinds of plain and fancy wire work. Paper makers' wire, all kinds, Cylinder and Dandy Rolls covered in the best manner in or out of this city. A very superior article of Heavy Founder's Sieves.—All kinds of Iron Ore Wire, Wire and Sieves for Seed, Grain, Sand, Starch, Snuff, Brickdust, &c.

BAYLISS, DARBY & LYNN.
August 2, 1855—4m.

CHURCH NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that all persons who have already subscribed toward the erection of a Methodist Episcopal Church in the borough of Huntingdon, that Mr. James Saxton has been appointed treasurer of the building committee and that he is authorized to receive payments on those subscriptions.

GEORGE GLAZIER,
J. M. CUNNINGHAM,
OWEN BOAT,
JAMES SAXTON,
Committee.
August 7, 1855.

LAND WARRANTS BOUGHT.
HIGHEST cash prices paid, and money returned by first return mail.—The best reference can be given—apply or address,
SAMUEL BECKTOLD, Jr.,
Philadelphia.

County Lands and Pensions procured, and Warrants located as usual.
June 19, 1855—3m.

FOR SALE.
A New and Complete One-horse Wagon, WITH Oil Cloth Top, and Tongue for two horses. Enquire at the Post Office. Huntingdon, Pa., May 16, 1855.

NOTICE.
All persons concerned will take notice that the books of R. C. McGill, are in the hands of A. S. Harrison for settlement and collection, and that suits will be brought in every case without exception, if settlement and payment is not made by the 18th, day of August next. Attend and save cost.

A. S. HARRISON.
July 25, 1855.

FOR SALE.
THE subscriber will sell at any time, his stock of groceries and confectionaries, and eating-house fixtures. The stand has a good run of custom, and to any one wishing to engage in the business, no better opportunity is offering.

ANDREW MOEBUS.
Huntingdon June 19, 1855.

MEDICAL NOTICE.
DR. D. HOUTZ and Dr. W. M. GRAFIUS, having formed a medical partnership under the title of HOUTZ & GRAFIUS, offer their professional services to the citizens of Alexandria and the surrounding country.

Office, that heretofore occupied by Dr. Houtz. June 26, 1855.—3m.

WATCHES, CLOCKS AND JEWELRY.
The subscriber, thankful to his friends and patrons, and to the public generally, for their patronage