

Read New Advertisements.

Notice to Contractors. Juniata Academy at Shirleyburg. A light wagon and harness for sale. Stoves by Neman & Warnick, Phila. Huntingdon Co. Agricultural Society. Estate notice of Capt. Wm. Johnston, dec'd. Notice by Dr. M. A. Henderson.

The "Journal," and ITS Consistency.

We have at last succeeded in waking up the hypocritical addle-heads of the Huntingdon Journal, and promise to keep them awake for some time. To show the consistency of the Journal we will give a few extracts from that paper:

Before the late General election the Journal gave its opinion of Know-Nothingism in the following words:

"Is it not but a plan for office hunters to raise themselves to posts which have long eluded their grasp? Is it not a secret association avowedly for political purposes, and therefore WORSE THAN ANY OF THE SECRET ASSOCIATIONS IN THEIR WORST DAYS?"

After the result of the election became known we find the following in the Journal: "We have the proud gratification of announcing to our friends a glorious triumph of American (Know Nothing) principles throughout the State."

With the permission of the animal of the Journal, we will state how it happened that he got himself into such a split stick. He was very anxious to be with the big crowd of his party, but his ears being in the way he could not see to the right and left at the same time, so he informed his friends in Shirleyburg that as soon as he could discover which faction of his party was the strongest the Journal would speak out in favor of the most numerous faction. As the Whig party had been in the majority in the county for years, an old liner suggested to the animal that it must continue so, and straightway he gives his opinion of Know Nothingism as quoted above. But the result of the election showed that the Whig party was no where, and presto, change! the Journal was the organ of "a secret association avowedly for political purposes, and therefore WORSE than any of the secret associations in their worst days."

But again. In the Journal of last week we find the following truly rich morsel of the Journal's hypocrisy, to say nothing of its consistency: Speaking of the Know Nothings' "supple jack" refusing to acknowledge the Globe the organ of his party, the Journal says: "Such being the case, we deem it superfluous to notice anything which it (the Globe) might see proper to say, if we did not think it to be a duty we owe to the great and glorious Whig party, the principles of which we hold dearer than life, and to whose interests we would be willing to sacrifice our all!"

Is the "great and glorious Whig party" and Know Nothingism one in principles as the great Whig party "used to was"? Have the old line Whigs of Huntingdon county who refuse to join "a secret association worse than any of the secret associations in their worst days," got an organ in the county? That is the question for the Journal and the Whigs to answer.

Some few individuals, including the addle-headed editors of the Huntingdon Journal, who are employed to do the dirty work for the bigoted leaders of the Know Nothing Order, have lately been very industriously engaged in circulating that we are a Catholic. We can inform all who have any desire to know, that we never have been a Catholic—neither are we a hypocritical professor in any other church. Can the addle-heads of the Journal, and others who appear to be peculiarly interested, look an honest community in the face and say the same?

We have a friendly feeling towards Christians of all churches,—we are tolerant in our opinions—and we believe a good Catholic must be an honest man, and as such, if he be an American citizen, is entitled to the enjoyment of the same privileges claimed by worshippers in any other church. In this county, many of its oldest citizens are Catholics, and they have always been considered as respectable and as good citizens as their neighbors. A majority of them have always acted with the Whigs, and may be doing so still—but if they possess good common sense they will not long be found acting with their former friends, who are now secretly sworn to persecute them to the "bitter end."

Township Elections. We have received returns but from three or four townships.

In Union, M. F. Campbell, K. N., was defeated for Justice of the Peace, by J. J. Postlethwait, Dem.

In Walker, Abram States, Dem., was elected Justice of the Peace over A. Fraker, K. N. Barree went anti-Know Nothing.

Jackson went for the Know Nothings. We suppose in most of the townships the Know Nothings were successful, as there appeared to be but little or no effort made to defeat them.

A correspondent of the United States Gazette, writing from Harrisburg, hopes the Know-Nothing party will be spared the fatal result the election of Gen. Cameron would bring upon them. If that's so, we say Simon "point up!"

The Journal addle-heads are sorely troubled because we presumed to express an opinion favorable to the selection of Simon Cameron as United States Senator. It is true we have no voice in the Know-Nothing councils, and so long as the members of that order acted as one man and supported this caucus nominee we were content with the position of a looker-on. But as soon as we discovered the glaring evidence that the Whig and Abolition politicians, the most corrupt in the State, had been making "hewers of wood and drawers of water" of the Democratic Know-Nothings for the purpose of having themselves elevated to all the offices of honor and profit, we appointed ourself a committee of one with power to instruct Gen. Cameron, (as there was no possible chance for the success of the Democratic caucus nominee or any other old line Democrat) to continue to point up! And until we can see a possible chance for the election of one of our own household we shall continue to say Simon "point up!"—the braying of the thing of the Journal and the capers of the "supple jack" to the contrary notwithstanding.

Borough and Township Election.

We give below the full returns of the election held in this place on Friday last. We are not certain that all the successful candidates are members of "a secret association worse than any of the secret associations in their worst days," and therefore shall wait until we hear from the knowing ones, before we give them the political position they are by right entitled to enjoy. Those in italics, have heretofore acted with the Democratic party, and those in roman have heretofore acted with the Whig party.

HUNTINGDON BOROUGH.

Table with 2 columns: Name and Votes. Includes David Snare (140), Andrew S. Harrison (132), Daniel Africa (49), Owen Boat (68), Scattering (5), School Directors (M. F. Campbell 155, Wm. Glasgow 150, S. T. Brown 79, George Taylor 74), Constable (S. S. Smith 144, Henry Hazard 30), Auditor (Theo. H. Cremer 119).

BOROUGH AND TOWNSHIP.

Table with 3 columns: Name, Borough, Township. Includes James Port (118, 42), James J. Goodman (67, 46), Inspectors (Edmund Snare 125, 34; S. T. Brown 69, 35), Assessor (John Flenner 127, 71; John Simpson 76, 32), Asst. Assessors (Wm. Hoffman 116, 49; Jacob Miller 118, 49; John Rhoads 63, 37; John Colestock 64, 37), Township (Elijah Gorsuch 51, 35; John Porter 35, 35), Constable (Matthew Cornelius 53, 44; Shepherd Crownover 44, 44), Supervisors (Jacob Miller 60, 49; Geo. Numer, 53, 49; James High, 49, 49; Hiram Grady, 49, 49).

FROM CALIFORNIA.—The steamship Northern Light arrived at New York on Saturday evening. Business in San Francisco was entirely suspended, caused by the suspension of five-banking houses. There were also rumors of heavy failures among the merchants. Owing to the scarcity of water but little gold had been taken from the mines. No election of U. S. Senator had taken place, and the joint convention had adjourned sine die. Several large fires had occurred in many of the cities and towns. The Indian troubles were on the increase. Flour was selling at \$15.

"The columns of the Globe have been weekly laden with libidinous and absurd articles, concerning the Know-Nothings.—Journal.

If the Journal editors are not members of "a secret association worse than any of the secret associations in their worst days," how can they know whether our articles are "libidinous and absurd," or not. If they are members of such an association their denial of the truth of what we publish amounts to nothing, as they are instructed if not sworn, to lie, and know nothing.

Important to Postmasters and to the Public.

We are requested to call special attention to the law just passed by Congress modifying the rates of postage, &c., particularly to those provisions requiring that all letters be prepaid from and after the 1st of April, 1855, by stamps or otherwise and that, from and after the first day of January next postmasters must place postage stamps upon all prepaid letters upon which such stamps may not have been placed by the writers, or which may not be enclosed in stamped envelopes.

From and after the first of April, 1855, the postage to be charged on each single letter for any distance in the United States not exceeding 3,000 miles is three cents, and over 3,000 miles ten cents.

The law does not change the existing rates or regulations in regard to letters to or from Canada or other foreign countries, nor does it affect the franking privilege.

The provision in regard to the registration of valuable letters will be carried into effect, and special instructions issued to postmasters on the subject, as soon as the necessary blanks can be prepared and distributed.

We beg to suggest that editors generally throughout the United States would render an essential service to their readers by calling attention to this subject.—Washington Union.

Some of the Whig and Know-Nothing papers are already giving Gov. Pollock some sharp digs. The Chambersburg Transcript in noticing some remarks on the Governor made by the Lancaster Intelligencer, thus expresses itself:

"The picture drawn by the Intelligencer is too true, but we deny it to be a correct representation of Know-Nothing consistency. It is, however, a lamentable exposition of the weakness of a vain pretender who was bolstered and buoyed by the invincible power.

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Pennsylvania Legislature.

PROFESSIONS VERSUS PRACTICE.—Since the state government passed into the hands of the anomalous party now in power, we have quietly watched the course of events without, thus far, seeing the fulfillment of any of the promises made previous to the election. Know-Nothings seeking office are entirely different from know-nothings in office. Before the election they were eloquent in depicting existing evils and promising effectual remedies. Among the leading measures to which they pledged themselves, and certainly the most important, were the sale of the public improvements and the abolition of the canal-board. In addition to these the time of naturalization was to be extended, politico-religious associations overthrown, the requirements of the constitution strictly obeyed, and economy and reform introduced into every department of the government. Taking them at their word, the voters of the state, by an unprecedented majority, testified their approbation of the principles thus distinctly put forth.

Under these obligations the present legislature assembled and the new administration took up the reins of power. After a lapse of more than two months nothing has been done evincing a serious intention of putting in practical form a single measure to which they stand pledged before the world. Their promised economy and reform have been exemplified in numerous adjournments, travelling toward all points of the compass, unwise waste of time, and providing for an extra session. Serious duties, and an important legislation have been almost entirely neglected under frivolous pretexts or a reckless disregard of even seeming excuses.

Are this trifling and inaction to continue to the end? Will the programme of the campaign, solemnly presented to the people before the late election, intended to end in a farce at the expense of their disappointed hopes and depleted treasury? Is the history of the present Legislature to continue to its close what it is up to the present time—a history of broken promises, unredempted pledges, neglect of constitutional duty, childish travelling and unnecessary expenditures? Should it turn out thus, it will be consoling to reflect that there will not be another like it during the present century.

Notwithstanding the worst is to be apprehended from past indications, there are some among the confiding constituents who still hope for better things—that reflection and an awakened sense of duty will turn their representatives from a career of folly to a laborious discharge of their official obligations.—We confess we see but little ground for such a hope. Suspicious movements already pretend that no fair and effectual steps will be taken to carry out any salutary measure, or any of the measures promised before the election. Especially is this the case in regard to the momentous movement for the sale of the public works, the promise of which carried away more democratic counties and democratic voters to swell the dominant majority than all other causes combined. Bills for selling the different divisions will probably pass hampered with terms and conditions to defeat their operation; speciously framed to be a seeming compliance with an unqualified pledge. But that any provision will be made intended in good faith to effect the sale, there is little reason to believe.

And so it is with all their promises and their dealings with all the public interests.—Fiaesse, folly and chicanery are in the ascendant, and duplicity and recklessness the order of the day. The business to which they address themselves most earnestly is the manufacture of banks, thus showing a wonderful perspicacity in discovering the most potent method of doing evil within their reach, and an equal wonderful proclivity to its exercise. Without the slightest pretence of necessity the State is threatened with a litter of these currency corrupters more numerous than that stifled by Simon Snyder. Even the solemnity of the Senate, from whose long experience better things were looked for, urges the increase of our bank-capital on the ground that other states have more than we have, thus putting to a base use the very reason why we have a sounder currency and less monetary difficulties than they. We shall have more to say hereafter.—Harrisburg Keystone.

Extract of a letter dated Harrisburg March 15th: The House holds afternoon sessions daily—evincing at least a show of doing business—but I am sorry to say, it ends there. Although the legislature has been in session about two months and a half—that body has just passed three public bills—a state of things which I will venture to say is without a parallel in the history of Pennsylvania legislation.—At the present rate of doing business by the legislature, it will take that body till next October, to finish the public business. So much for the ever to be remembered legislature of Pennsylvania for the year 1855. But after all, the members are not to blame, the fault lies at the doors of the people who sent them here. They came here fresh from the ranks of the people, as professed Know-Nothings, and most admirably are they fulfilling their high calling.—The people are at fault in this instance, and it is for them to apply the remedy.

Know-Nothing Hypocrisy. It is a well known fact that whilst the Rev. STEPHEN MILLER, editor of the Harrisburg Telegraph, boasts of ministering to the spiritual wants of four hundred and forty-four communicants, and affects publicly to be horror-stricken at the dangerous tendencies of Catholicism and foreign influence, privately, among intimate friends, he laughs in his sleeve at the dupes who obey his nefarious behests. He like many of his saintly countenance, and as republican in feeling any other class of professing Christians, yet for the sake of power and plunder—the sake of being recognized as one of the "meek and lowly" he would persecute with fend-like ferocity, poor innocent men, women and children, and gloat over the misfortunes and ignorance of his fellow-man. May God in His wisdom have mercy on his soul!—Harrisburg Dem. Union.

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It is a sad exemplification of the deception often practiced by public men under the mask of principle and patriotism. It is an instance in which a self-confident and rash disposition has hung mill-stones around the neck of its stultified victim, sinking him at once into the sea of nothingness and contempt.—Honest and true Americans who are beginning to understand the duplicity of Gov. Pollock, are repudiating him by hundreds, thus hurling back the accusation that casts reflection upon the consistency of their party.

Died.—In Henderson township, on the 14th inst., after a short illness, J. MCCARTNEY SANKEY, aged 31 years.

MARRIED. In Huntingdon at Couts' Franklin House on Wednesday evening the 7th inst., by the Rev. W. M. Deatrick, Mr. ALEXANDER ABE of Sabbath Rest, Blair Co., and Miss MARY A. JOHNSON of Water Street.

In McConnellstown on the evening of the 8th inst., by the same, Mr. WILLIAM M. PIPER of Alexandria and Miss CAROLINE, eldest daughter of Mr. John Snyder of the former place.

In Huntingdon on 24 inst. by Rev. J. B. Williams, Mr. W. H. FISHER to Miss S. A. BAIRD.

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS. MONDAY, March 19, P. M.—Cloves sold \$5.75 per 64 lbs.—The Flour market is quiet. Small lots for home consumption from \$9.25 to \$11 per barrel.—Grain—Whits wheat in demand at \$2.32 a 2.25 per bushel; red sells at \$2.18 a 2.20. Rye is worth 1.25. Corn is quoted at 90 cents. Oats are worth 55 cents per bushel.

FOR SALE. A LIGHT one horse wagon with harness.—Enquire at Jackson's Hotel, Huntingdon, March 20, 1855.

Notice to Contractors. SEALED proposals will be received at the Engineers office of the Huntingdon and Broad Top Mountain R. R., up to April 10th, for the laying of the track from Sec. 1 to 28 inclusive; also the ballasting of Sections 12 to 28 inclusive. Specifications can be had at the office ten days prior to letting.

H. S. WILSON, Engineers office, Hunt. March 20, Eng.

Administrator's Notice. LETTERS of Administration have been granted to me upon the estate of Captain William Johnston, late of Barree township, dec'd. All persons indebted will make payment, and those having claims will present them to me for settlement. ROBERT JOHNSTON, Jackson tp. March 20, 1855. Admr.

NOTICE. ALL persons having unsettled accounts in the books of the subscriber, are informed that such accounts have been left with William Dorris, Jr., Esq. All interested will please call and make settlement as early as day as possible. M. A. HENDERSON, Huntingdon, March 21, 1855.

STOCK, FARMING UTENSILS, & C. AT PUBLIC SALE. WILL be sold at public sale, at the late residence of J. McCartney Sankey, dec'd., in Henderson township, On Thursday the 29th of March, 1855, The following property, to wit:—Four Horses, fifteen head of Cattle, eight Hogs, two Wagons, Plows and Harrows, Horse Gears, Winnowing Mill, Cutting Box, and some other articles. Also, Potatoes, Straw, Barley, and about 20 acres of grain in the ground. Also, a number of articles of Household Furniture. Sale to commene at 9 o'clock on said day, when terms will be made known, and a reasonable credit given. ALEX. PORT, March 20, 1855. Admr.

STOVES! STOVES!! STOVES!!! WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. THE undersigned would respectfully call the attention of stove dealers, and those in want of a Stove for Parlor, Dining-room and Kitchen to our extensive assortment of every description of STOVES to viz: Day State Six holes on top, Globe Cook, Buck's Cook for Wood, Modern Troy, Complete Cook, Sweet Home, Lilly Dale, Yocum Cook, Haggar Cook and Parlor STOVES of different kinds, too numerous to mention; also, to our celebrated MacGregor Heating Stove for parlor, hotels, halls, and large stoves warranted to give more heat with one quarter the fuel, than any other stove now made.

We are agents for Barrow & Co's celebrated stoves, which for fineness of casting, durability and utility, not to be excelled. Also, Queen's Patent Portable FORGES, the best now in use. References in regard to the above stoves are always to be seen at our store.

NEMAN & WARNICK, N. E. Corner SECOND & RACE STS., March 20, 1855. 3m PHILADELPHIA.

JUNIATA ACADEMY. THE Summer Session of this Institution, located in Shirleyburg, will commence May 1st, 1855, and continue five months.

The location being pleasant, free from the Ague and Fever of the Juniata Valley, and easy of access by a daily line of Coaches from Mt. Union, seven miles distant, on the Central R. R., is well suited as a retreat for youth leaving home for a High School. In addition to good buildings, there is provided a Chemical and Philosophical Apparatus at a cost of over \$10,000. No student spirits are sold in the school, and no boarding can be had as reasonable as anywhere else in the centre of the State.

The Principal has secured the assistance of Mr. E. P. SWIFT, A. B. of Jefferson College, and the son of the Rev. E. P. SWIFT, D. D. No reasonable pains will be spared to give literary training, along with all proper attention to the moral and religious culture of the pupils, in order to prepare for entering our best colleges, and especially in view of practical life, the great end of education. The government will be firm, yet parental. Personal advantage, a sense of honor, and the growth of the nobility will be appealed to rather than the teacher's authority.

TERMS.—Boarding, tuition and room, per session, in the family of the Principal, fifty dollars. Early application desirable. Tuition in Primary English, eight dollars. Higher English, ten dollars. Classics, twelve dollars. Payable quarterly in advance.

REV. G. W. SHAFFER, A. M. Principal. REFERENCES.—Rev. A. B. Brown, D. D.—Rev. Wm Smith, D. D., Canonsburg.—Rev. D. Elliott, D. D.—Rev. E. P. Swift, D. D., Allegheny.—Rev. A. G. McGill, D. D., Princeton, N. J.—Rev. George Elliott, Alexandria, John Browster, Esq., Shirleyburg, March 20, 1855.—6t.

JOHN FRISCH, WATCH MAKER, Can be found at E. SNARE'S Jewelry Store, March 13, '55.

AGRICULTURAL.

NOTICE is hereby given to the members of the Huntingdon County Agricultural Society, and to farmers and mechanics generally, that a meeting of the society will be held at the Court house in the borough of Huntingdon, on Wednesday evening the 11th of April next, for the purpose of transacting such business as may be deemed necessary to advance its interests.

All persons interested in the promotion of agriculture, science and the domestic arts, are respectfully requested to attend. JONATHAN McWILLIAMS, Pres't. J. S. BARR, J. S. BETT, Sec'ys.

MASTER MINER WANTED. A T Rough and Ready Furnace. One now customed to timbering and that can come well recommended will be paid liberal wages. Apply at the Furnace or by letter directed to Huntingdon. CHARLES MICKLEY, March 13, 1855. Manager. Standard, Hollidaysburg, give 3 in. and charge this office.

SPECIAL NOTICE. THOSE indebted to the undersigned for Advertising and Job Work done during the time he was editor of the Huntingdon Journal, are hereby notified to pay up immediately, and save costs. The Advertising of course, is subject to the division between the undersigned and the present Journal editor, which was "All advertisements published more than half the time for which they were to be inserted, (at the time Brewer not possessing) fall to me—those published less than half the said time, fall to Brewer, and those published just half their time are to be equally divided."

S. L. GLASGOW. Shirleyburg, March 13, 1855.

Dissolution of Partnership. THE co-partnership heretofore existing between F. & C. Schneider, was this day dissolved by mutual consent. The books of the firm are in the hands of F. Schneider, and all persons indebted will call and settle on or before the first of April next—after that date the books will be placed in the hands of a Justice for collection. F. SCHNEIDER, C. SCHNEIDER. March 12, 1855.

Administrator's Notice. Estate of Mary Fleming, deceased. NOTICE is hereby given that Letters of Administration of the estates of said decedents, were this day granted to the undersigned, and all persons having claims against the said estates or either of them, will present their claims to, and all persons knowing themselves indebted will make payment to SAMUEL FLEMING, Barree township, March 10, 1855.\*

Executor's Notice. LETTERS testamentary having been granted to the undersigned on the Will of John Wakefield, deceased, all persons having claims against his estate will present them for settlement, and those indebted will make payment to either of the Executors at their respective places of residence. J. R. HUNTER, Petersburg. GEO. P. WAKEFIELD, Shirley tp. March 13, 1855.

Shirleyburg Female Seminary, Shirleyburg, Huntingdon co., Pa. THE subscriber gives notice that he has assumed the charge of this Institution as Principal, and that he will open it for the reception of pupils on Wednesday May 2d. It possesses superior attractions in its healthful location, convenient buildings and handsome grounds. The Principal flatters himself that equal advantages will be found in the acquirements of his lady and himself, and their skill gained by long experience in New York City and other places. They will spare no exertion to give their pupils a thorough intellectual training, a cultivated taste, polished manners, and above all, moral culture founded on pure Christianity without sectarian bias.

The charges for board with English tuition, will be per term of 22 weeks, \$62 50. Day tuition per quarter \$4 to \$6. Reasonable extra charges will be made for Ancient and Modern Languages, Music, Drawing and Painting.

Fill the opening, Circulars containing full particulars, may be obtained of Wm. B. Leas, Shirleyburg, or of the subscriber at 121 Clinton Place, New York. J. B. KIDDER, A. M.

REFERENCES.—Rev. Wm. R. Williams, New York City. Rev. A. D. Gillette, do. March 13, 1855.—8t.

JULIUS STERN, No. 145, North THIRD Street, (3 doors above Eagle Hotel, PHILADELPHIA. Wholesale Dealer in Fancy Dress Trimmings, and Millinery Goods, and Manufacturer of Fancy Silk Bonnets.

KEEPS constantly on hand a very extensive assortment of Silks, Ribbons, Laces, Embroideries, Flowers, Bonnet Frames, Gimps, Fringes, besides a great variety of other Fancy Goods. He solicits a call from country Merchants visiting the City, and assures them that they will be sure to find any article above mentioned, at the lowest prices. March 13, 1855.—3m

Estate of Thomas Johnston, dec'd. NOTICE is hereby given that letters testamentary on the will of Thomas Johnston of West township, dec'd., have been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to the deceased are requested to make payment, and those having claims to present them for settlement. JOSEPH JOHNSTON, Executor. Feb. 27, 1855.\*

WAR AT HARRISBURG. THOSE knowing themselves to have unsettled accounts in the books of the subscriber, are respectfully requested to call and settle. Money or no money call and settle and have your accounts standing for four years closed, and according to the old saying one stitch in time will save nine. Face those old accounts they must and shall be settled. R. C. MCGILL, Huntingdon Foundry, Feb. 20, 1855.

BALTIMORE CARD. CARR, GIESE & CO. COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FOR THE SALE OF FLOUR, GRAIN AND LUMBER SPEARS' WHARF, BALTIMORE. Agents for Newark and Rosendale Co. Cement and Plaster. Fine and G. A. Salt, constantly on hand.

N. B.—Liberal CASH advances made on consignments on receipt. Baltimore, Jan. 31, 1855.

PLASTER AND CLOVERSEED.

GROUND Plaster now ready and for sale. Also cloverseed. KESSLER & BRO., Mill Creek. March 13, 1855.

REGISTER'S NOTICE. NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested that the following persons have settled their accounts in the Register's office at Huntingdon and that the said accounts will be presented for confirmation and allowance at an Orphans' Court to be held at Huntingdon on and for said county of Huntingdon, on Wednesday the 11th day of April next, 1855, to wit:

1. William Moore, Administrator of William Seitz, late of Barree township, dec'd.

2. George McCrum, Administrator of Martha Selridge, late of Barree township, dec'd.

3. James Coy, Administrator of John Coy, late of Barree township, dec'd.

4. John Owens, Esq., and Peter Burket Guardians of James Cox, one of the minor Children of Joshua Cox, late of Warriors-moak township, dec'd.

5. George P. Wakefield, Administrator of John W. Withington, late of Shirley township, dec'd.

6. John Snyder, Administrator, de bonis non with the will annexed of Philip Shultz, late of Huntingdon borough, dec'd.

7. Robert Tussey, Guardian of Ann Elizabeth Keller, a minor child of John Keller, late of Catherine township, Blair county, dec'd.

8. The supplement account of Daniel Piper one of the Executors of the last will and testament of Jacob Huyet, late of Porter township, dec'd.

9. Benjamin F. Patton, Administrator of Jno Spiller, late of Warriors-moak township, dec'd.

10. Joshua Greenland, Esq., and Wealthy Lovell, Administrators of Amos Lovell, late of Cass township, dec'd.

11. Dr. C. J. Hirst, Administrator of William Hirst, Esq., late of Barree township, dec'd.

12. George L. Calderwood, Administrator of John Calderwood, late of the borough of Birmingham, dec'd.

13. Joseph Kurfman, acting Administrator of Daniel Kurfman, late of Cass township, dec'd.

14. James Chamberlain, Administrator of Martin Gates, late of Franklin township, dec'd. HENRY GLAZIER, Register's Office, Hunt. March 10, 1855. Register.

SHERIFF'S SALES. BY virtue of sundry writs of Fieri Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Huntingdon county, and to me directed, I will expose to Public Sale at the Court House in the borough of Huntingdon, on Tuesday the 10th day of April next, 1855, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, the following described real estate:

One Tract, Piece Parcel or Tract of Land, including an interest in the Raystown Branch of the Juniata River, containing together sixty-six acres, be the same more or less, being part of a larger tract of land in the name of James Murdoch, and being the mansion place, whereon the widow of James Eutarkin, Esq., dec'd., resided before her death. Also one other piece or parcel of land unimproved, containing fifty acres, more or less, being part of a larger tract, in the name of Casper Myers, adjoining the said last described other tract. Also one other tract, piece or parcel of land containing ninety-eight acres, be the same more or less, adjoining the Murdoch tract, on the west, and containing an old mill, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Mathew Crownover.

Also—One Lot of Ground in the village of Salsburg, Barree township, fronting 60 feet on main street and extending back 120 feet, bounded on the east by Thomas Stewart, on the west by George W. Chesong Deas, having thereon erected a two story log house and kitchen and other outbuildings. Also, twenty-two acres of land, more or less, adjoining the village of Salsburg, about 20 of which are cleared, bounded by lands of Job Slack, on the west, on the east by lands of George Jones, having thereon erected a bark barn 50 feet long by 30 wide, with a wagon stall attached thereto. Also, 98 acres of land, more or less, lying in Barree township, Huntingdon county, with 35 acres cleared, adjoining lands of Alexander Bell and others. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold