

THE PATRIOT

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The Aim of the Foreign Language Papers of America

TO HELP PRESERVE THE IDEALS AND SACRED TRADITIONS OF THIS, OUR ADOPTED COUNTRY, THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA; TO REVERE ITS LAWS AND INSPIRE OTHERS TO OBEY THEM; TO STRIVE UNCEASINGLY TO QUICKEN THE PUBLIC'S SENSE OF CIVIC DUTY; IN ALL WAYS TO AID IN MAKING THIS COUNTRY GREATER AND BETTER THAN WE FOUND IT.

War Prisoners in Italy Write Here

Austro-Hungarians Are Well Cared for in the Italian Camp, Say Letters.

Johnstown relatives of Austrian soldiers have heard from several subjects of Kaiser Franz Josef who have been taken prisoner by the Italians in the Alpine and Isonzo campaigns. These men have been interned in the Italian prison camps and are being well cared for. They are even allowed to communicate with their relatives in this country, and it is in this way that news was received from them.

Michas Diensurko and Andrew Ocksmik are confined in the prison camp at Asinara, Italy, and have relatives at 149 Third street Conemaugh. Lazar Zivkovic, an Austrian prisoner now confined at Genoa, Italy, also has relatives in Conemaugh. Antonio Benvin, a prisoner at Salerno, Italy has relatives at the Union Hotel, this city. Kozioryuski Michat, in the war prison camp at Genoa, has notified relatives on Sixth street, Woodvale.

It is stated that the Italian military authorities are doing all in their power to make their prisoners comfortable, and as a general rule about the only complaint made by the men is the lack of freedom and a desire to go home.—Johnstown Leader.

MINE RESCUE CAR WILL BE IN CLYMER IN AUGUST

Mine Rescue Car No. 6, of the United States Government in charge of a trained crew, will visit Clymer on August 19. The car will be open each day from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m., and free lectures will be given to miners on safety methods of mining, the use of safety lamps, rescue apparatus and mining gases. The saving of human life and lessening suffers of injured miners are the central features of the bureau's work.

Never Self Applied.
"Father," said the small boy, "what's a state of righteous indignation?"
"A state of righteous indignation, my son, is the frame of mind into which you drift because of some other person's shortcomings."—Washington Star.

The Spanish Moors.
When the people of the rest of Europe were little better than barbarians the Spanish Moors were in the midst of a splendid culture. As early as the tenth century this country was the source of learning for all Europe. Their libraries, schools, arts, sciences, luxurious refinements and all round material and intellectual advancement differentiated them from the rest of Europe as clearly as ancient Greece was from the peoples that surrounded it.

The Universal Fourth

Was our Declaration of Independence such a wonderful event? Was our war for independence from England necessary? Did our forefathers of 1776 accomplish anything for the good of mankind? We look about us and see colonies of foreign nations, owing and paying allegiance to European powers, flying the flags of such powers, yet virtually independent and self governing. Each of these countries is admirable for its wealth, its freedom, its happiness—for the contented state of its citizens. Yet none of them fought revolutions. Had we endured the tyrannies which brought on our war and clung to England would not our condition be as desirable as theirs? * * * No. Our revolution was not useless; our ancestors did not suffer and die for nothing, because without the freedom they gained for us there would have been no freedom elsewhere without bitter warfare. We suffered not alone for ourselves, but for all the world. Political freedom is almost universal today because the thirteen colonies showed the way, and once the way was plain the world was forced to follow. We think of our war for independence simply as a national affair. It was greater, more sublime than that, more far-reaching. The Fourth of July might well be celebrated in every civilized land on the globe.—American Boy.

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as far as possible. The zone of shell fire has been very wide and far-reaching, and a large number of important positions have been searched by high explosives and shrapnel."

The French official statement today announced that French troops were on the offensive last night in penetrating German second line trenches, and that strong German attacks around Verdun were repulsed.

French on Offensive Line
PARIS, June 29—French troops took the offensive in the Champagne region last night and after cleaning out German first line trenches west of Le-Mesnil penetrated the enemy's second line, blowing up several shelters, the War Office announced today.

Germans Stop British Attacks
BERLIN, June 29—The repulse of British infantry attacks, which are becoming more numerous, was announced by the War Office this afternoon. In several instances the attacks against the German lines.

EDUCATION.

Bend all your energies to acquire an education. Nobody ever drifted into an education. Conscious effort to direct one's reading and thinking into the best channels is an absolute requisite. Choice must be made of books, of friends and of pleasures. One cannot read trash and think literature.—Amos R. Wells.

Results of the First Aid Meet Held in Indiana on Friday, June 23rd, 1916.

(Scheda dei Risultati—Dei Primi Soccorsi Minerari tenuti teste' il 23 Giugno, 1916)

No.	Company	Team	Captain	EVT. 1	EVT. 2	EVT. 3	EVT. 4	EVT. 5	Total	Average
				PROB. 3	PROB. 6	PROB. 11	PROB. 14	PROB.		
1	Clearfield Bit. Coal Corp.	Dixonville	J. A. Stephens	94	100	100	93		387	96.75
2	Rochester & Pitts. C. & I. Co.	Walston	Louie Uase	95	100	100	90		385	96.25
3	Rochester & Pgh. Coal Co.	Eleanora	Geo. Facemyer	95	95	91	100		381	95.25
4	Peale, Peacock & Kerr	Portage	Ed. Lamb	95	100	100	100		395	98.75
5	Peale, Peacock & Kerr	Dixonville	William Myers	95	100	96	92		383	95.75
6	Penna. Coal & Coke Corp.	Patton, No. 1	Lewis Cristoff	96	95	97	93		381	95.25
7	Brush Creek Coal Mining Co.	Snyder Mines	Jno. Shea	100	100	100	100	89	400	100.00
8	Rochester & Pitts. C. & I. Co.	Lucerne, No. 3	Chas. Keller	91	100	100	100		391	97.75
9	Peale, Peacock & Kerr	Winburne	Jno. McIndoe	95	93	100	100		388	97.00
10	Penna. Coal & Coke Corp.	Winburne No. 46	Jno. W. Gray	95	94	100	98		387	96.75
11	Lackawana Coal & Coke Co.	Wehrum	Jno. Smith	98	89	100	83		370	92.50
12	Clearfield Bit. Coal Corp.	Sample Run	H. H. Hetrick	100	94	100	92	98	386	96.50
13	Rochester & Pitts. C. & I. Co.	Lucerne No. 1	Carol McCormick	75	98	100	93		366	91.50
14	Penna. Coal & Coke Corp.	No. 2	Andy Hrecko	86	83	100	100		369	92.25
15	Jeff'n & Clearfield C. & I. Co.	Aultman	Jas. Cummings	88	94	98	98		368	92.00
16	Empire Coal Mining Co.	Empire M. Mine	Earl Stevens	96	97	100	93		386	96.50
17	Rochester & Pitts. C. & I. Co.	Adrian	Alex Warden	100	95	95	95	100	385	96.25
18	Penna. Coal & Coke	Ehrenfeld, No. 3.	Jas. Dalton	97	89	100	95		381	95.25
19	Peale, Peacock & Kerr	Clymer	Jas. Kerr	95	89	100	100		384	96.00
20	Empire Coal Mining Co.	Empire R. Mine	Joseph Girard	100	100	96	97	80	393	98.25
21	Buffalo & Susquehanna	No. 2	Edw. McCarron	96	79	96	97		368	92.00
22	Jeff'n & Clearfield C. & I. Co.	McIntyre	H. A. McCloskey	100	100	90	83	84	373	93.25
23	Peale, Peacock & Kerr	Glen Richey	Jas. Demi.	95	100	100	100		395	98.75
24	Peale, Peacock & Kerr	St. Benedict	Max McDevitt	100	100	100	96	100	396	99.00
25	Pgh. Gas Coal Co.	Iselin	Chas. Ruddock	100	100	100	100	100	400	100.00
26	Rochester & Pitts. C. & I. Co.	Florence	Stanley Laurel	93	100	100	93		386	96.50

Attention! Miners!

To the Officer and Members of the Local Union, No 2426 United Mine Workers of America at Lucerne, Pa.

You are hereby notified that no relief will be paid until all the men return to work in compliance of the agreement and the advice of the District and Organizer.

Unless you are complying with the above request the organization will be compelled to withdraw their influence and call the strike off.

Furthermore, we are ready to come to your meeting and offer you advises in our humblest way to the right policy to be pursued in order to save guards your interest. If you so desire for us to be at your meeting, please notify us by our Committee in person at the Clawson House, Indiana., we remain,

Yours truly on Behalf of the organizer,

Signed,

Pet Ferrara
F. D. Thomas
Martin Wallace
Gazy Carol
Goe Boytin

MOTHER AND BABE BURNED TO DEATH

Mrs. John Donnelly, aged about 28 years, of Blacklick, this county, and her son Edward, aged 18 months are dead as the result of an attempt to start a fire with kerosene.

Carring her child on her arm Mrs. Donnelly secured a can of oil and was pouring it into the stove when an explosion occurred. Mother and child were fatally burned and died in the Indiana hospital a short time after being brought to the institution.

List of Letters

Remaining uncalled for in the Indiana office June 24, 1916:

Miss Alice Buchanan, Mr. Claud Cramer, Miss Alvin Craft, Miss Martha Colgan, Electric Star, Department B (2 letters), Miss Marguerite Elder, Flora Fogel, Mrs. Celia Jacoby, Claud Johnson, Mr. A. A. Johnson, Mrs. Lizzie Deck, Mr. Darwin Lathan (2 letters), Miss Lotta McGara, Mr. Alex Morran, Mr. J. R. Reithenel, Mr. Jay Richards, Mr. J. C. Ross, Mr. J. M. Robinson, H. R. Shank, Mr. Grant Shank, L. S. Spense, Miss Julia Sewern, Mrs. C. R. Stiles, Mast Raymond Wagner.

When inquiring for letters in this list please state that they were advertised, giving date.

Harry W. Fee, P. M.

Local Phone, Office, 263-z,
Residence, 246-y.

DR. C. J. DICKIE
DENTIST

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D. SWIFT & CO.
PATENT LAWYERS,
303 Seventh St., Washington, D. C.

HOUSEHOLD NECESSITIES

For sewing machines, Vacuum cleaners, mops, etc., see J. K. Carney, White building, Indiana, Pa.

'Father of the Fourth'

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himself among those patriots, many of them intellectual giants, who made up the Continental congress that his real powers showed themselves. He could speak, though his voice became husky if he attempted much forensic discussion, but his pen was by all odds mightier than his tongue.

Jefferson's readiness in composition, his knowledge of British law and his love of freedom gave him solid standing in congress. Events were moving rapidly. The time had gone past for compromise. In May, 1776, the news reached congress that the Virginia convention was unanimous for independence, and on June 7 Richard Henry Lee, obeying the instructions of the Virginia legislature, moved that independence be declared.

On June 10 a committee was appointed to prepare a draft of a Declaration. The members of this committee were Jefferson, Franklin, John Adams, Roger Sherman and Robert R. Livingston.

Jefferson, having been elected chairman by reason of having received the greatest number of votes in the congress, was naturally asked to write the document. It was not difficult to guess what kind of a document would come from Jefferson's pen.

Doubtless it might have been different in form, but it could hardly have been different in sentiment if it had been written by any other member of the committee. There was a spirit in the air. It was the spirit of liberty. It filled every man's soul. It had already found its expressions in the writings of the French agitators and in the writings of Thomas Paine.

Jefferson did not need to create the Declaration. He had but to express the sentiments which were common to the mass of freedom loving men. In after years, when enemies declared that the authorship of the Declaration of Independence displayed a lack of originality and that every idea in it was "hacked" and was to be found in half a dozen earlier publications, Jefferson replied with perfect wisdom and fairness, "I did not consider it as any part of my charge to invent new ideas altogether and to offer no sentiment which had been expressed before."

It is this fact that has led some historians to allege that Thomas Paine may have had a hand in the writing of the Declaration of Independence, for without doubt there were expressed in some of his previous writings ideas of liberty and justice that of necessity animated many of the sentiments embodied in the document as written by Jefferson. But there seems to be no

adequate foundation for the truth of the statement that Paine had any direct hand in its framing.

The original draft in Jefferson's handwriting is now in the state department at Washington. It shows alterations interlined in the handwriting of Franklin and Adams.

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