

To the Electors of Indiana Co.

(Political Advertisement.)

I have lived my life in Indiana county and all my interests and affections are centered there. I have an ambition to be the President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of my home county and am making my appeal to you who are to decide the question of preference between the candidates at the primaries next Tuesday. I thought of being a candidate ten years ago, but upon reflection concluded to step aside in the interest of older men with the understanding that I would be a candidate at this time. It has been my effort to make a dignified campaign and not to indulge either in unfair criticism or in the spreading of false reports about any other candidates. I shall maintain this position until the end. If elected, as I confidently expect to be, it shall be my constant effort to preserve the best traditions of our bench in the administration of the law. The people of Indiana county have honored me beyond my deserving no doubt, and I have always felt a responsibility for the confidence they have placed in me. If they should again give me a vote of confidence at the coming primaries, it will only add strength to my determination to serve them so as to promote the morals of the community and the best interests of society. We have a county, rich in resources, and just fairly started on the road to successful development. My sympathies are with the public spirited people who are always willing to lend a helping hand in promoting industrial

growth, business enterprise, educational standards, good morals and civic righteousness. All of these things should go hand in hand in order that the best type of citizenship may be developed.

During the campaign some falsehoods have been circulated which it seems to me it is proper that I should answer. It is said that the Independent Brewing Company and other liquor interests are financing my campaign. I desire to stamp this as absolutely false. There is not a word of truth in it. I have served notice on all persons interested in the liquor traffic who have said anything to me on the subject that I would not accept their financial assistance and did not solicit their support. Not one penny of liquor money, or money coming from any liquor interest has been used in my behalf nor will I permit it to be used. I am making my own campaign, paying my own expenses and will owe allegiance only to the good people of the county if elected judge. As I read the opinion of Judge Telford in granting the license at Glen Campbell at the last license court there can be very little difference of opinion between us on the law applicable to the granting of licenses. His views seem to be very clearly expressed in that opinion and since it is the latest utterance of the court upon the subject, I have the right to assume that it represents his final and settled views of the law. Of course, no aspirant for the judicial office, has a right to pre-judge cases

that may arise before him even in the license court. Our Superior Court has held that this unfits a judge if elected after making such a promise to sit in the license court. I can only say, and Judge Telford can say no more, that if elected I shall give the question of the granting of licenses fair and judicial consideration upon the facts as presented, and will render a decision under the law and facts, having due regard to the right of the good citizens to appear and remonstrate as the law provides. In all such cases the good order of the community should be upheld by the proper enforcement of the law. I want to see Indiana County a fitting place for our best people. It is the function of the legislature to make the laws and of the courts to enforce them. The courts as well as the people are bound by the law and cannot ignore it. My own opinion is that the local option system is the best way to handle the license and this no doubt will come in due time. When that system prevails every man can vote his own convictions upon this question.

It is also reported that a large majority of the members of the bar are against me. My answer is that a majority of the members of the bar have given me to understand that they would support my candidacy and vote for me at the primaries. It is pleasing to note that in this list are several of the most distinguished and influential members of the local bar. It occurred to me that I should at

least say this much lest my silence might be construed to be an admission of the truth of these false reports.

It has been my privilege to serve the people of Indiana County in many capacities and I have always endeavored to render that service faithfully and well. I thank the people of the county for the confidence they have reposed in me in the past, and desire to assure them that if elected to the high office for which I am an aspirant I shall deem it a sacred duty to so administer the affairs of the county as to keep taxation within proper limits, to expedite business, to decide cases promptly, and to give every man, whether he be rich or poor, high or low, the full protection of the law in cases that may arise.

In a general way I have thus indicated my views on subjects in which you may be interested and expressed my views of the judicial office. I leave the matter in your hands and will be content with your decision whatever it may be. But no matter what your views may be on the judicial question let us all join hands and pull together for the good of Indiana County, whose hills and valleys, like the painters brush, furnish the landscape so dear to the hearts of our youth and so beautiful to the vision of our mature years. Come in and see me after the primaries and we will have a handshake anyhow.

Yours for success,
J. N. LANGHAM.

Questions that a Good Citizen Should Know.

- D. Have you read the Constitution of the United States?
R. Yes.
- D. What form of Government is this?
R. Republic.
- D. What is the Constitution of the United States?
R. It is the fundamental law of this country.
- D. Who makes the laws of the United States?
R. The Congress.
- D. What does Congress consist of?
R. Senate and House of Representatives.
- D. Who is the chief executive of the United States?
R. President.
- D. How long is the President of the United States elected?
R. 4 years.
- D. Who takes the place of the President in case he dies?
R. The Vice President.
- D. What is his name?
R. Thomas R. Marshall.
- D. By whom is the President of the United States elected?
R. By the electors.
- D. By whom are the electors elected?
R. By the people.
- D. Who makes the laws for the state of Pennsylvania?
R. The Legislature.
- D. What does the Legislature consist of?
R. Senate and Assembly.
- D. How many State in the union?
R. 48.
- D. When was the Declaration of Independence signed?
R. July 4, 1776.
- D. By whom was it written?
R. Thomas Jefferson.
- D. Which is the capital of the United States?
R. Washington.
- D. Which is the capital of the state of Pennsylvania?
R. Harrisburg.
- D. How many Senators has each state in the United States Senate?
R. Two.
- D. By whom are they elected?
R. By the people.
- D. For how long?
R. 6 years.
- D. How many representatives are there?
R. 435. According to the population one to every 211,000, (the ratio fixed by Congress after each decennial census.)
- D. For how long are they elected?
R. 2 years.
- D. How many electoral votes has the state of Pennsylvania?
R. 38.
- D. Who is the chief executive of the state of Pennsylvania?
R. The Governor.
- D. For how long is he elected?
R. 4 years.
- D. Who is the Governor?
R. Brumbaugh.
- D. Do you believe in organized government?
R. Yes.
- D. Are you opposed to organized government?
R. No.
- D. Are you an anarchist?
R. No.
- D. What is an anarchist?
R. A person who does not believe in organized government.
- D. Are you a bigamist or polygamist?
R. No.
- D. What is a bigamist or polygamist?
R. One who believes in having more than one wife.
- D. Do you belong to any secret Society who teaches to disbelieve in organized government?
R. No.
- D. Have you ever violated any laws of the United States?
R. No.
- D. Who makes the ordinances for the City?
R. The board of Aldermen.
- D. Do you intend to remain permanently in the U. S.?
R. Yes.

SYMPATHY.

To give and take appears to be the inevitable law, and it seems as if those who have suffered most are those who have given most to us, in our sore human craving for help and sympathy.—Miss Thackeray.

Lincoln's Funeral Coach.

The first Pullman sleeping car, constructed in 1864 in the shops of the Alton and Chicago and called the Pioneer, served as the funeral coach for President Lincoln. Its cost was \$18,000, which was regarded in those days as most extravagant, and as it was higher and wider than the ordinary cars and the clearances of station platforms and bridges when it was decided that it should be the funeral coach of the president many changes were involved. Gangs of men were set working night and day to cut wider clearances all the way from Washington (by way of New York and Albany) to Springfield, Ill.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Strenuous Love

"Do yer love me, 'Erb?"
"Love yer, 'Liza! I should jest think I does. Why, if yer ever gives me up I'll murder yer! I can't say more'n that, can I?"—London Punch.

Very Moving.

Talk about moving things with a derrick—the most powerful thing known to move man is a woman's eyes.—Florida Times-Union.

The Evolution of the Hog.

The time honored razor backed hog is giving place to the sleek porker, on whose broad back a square meal could be displayed without a drop of coffee being spilled and with no danger of even one of the dishes sliding to the ground. The rooster is being shouldered out of the way in Georgia by the hog that doesn't have to root for a living and is so fat that its efforts to root would be ludicrous. Scientists say that when any part of an animal is long unused it tends gradually to disappear. Does that mean that pig culture will cause the final disappearance of the nasal protuberance of the hog with which it formerly was accustomed to root for its living?—Savannah News.

A Risky Study.

"Why have you dropped your popular astronomy?" asked the visitor.
"Cause I got too many lickings," confided Tommy. "The other night I told pa that Mars' face was ever changing, and ma heard me and thought I meant her face. Next thing I didn't get any supper and got a licking besides."—Chicago News.

Some Measures.

The length of the foot was used for distances long before it was fixed at twelve inches. A "furlong" is only a furrowlong. The breadth of the hand became the standard because the easiest way of measuring the height of the horse. The length of the arm gave the length of the "ell," and from the elbow to the tip of the middle finger was the "cubit." By stretching out both arms as if on a cross man invented the measure of the "fathom." Cloth measure still decrees that two and one-half inches make a "nail," and this is the width of four fingers held together and measured across the nails. The apothecary's "dram" originally signified "only as much raw spirit as can be held in the mouth."

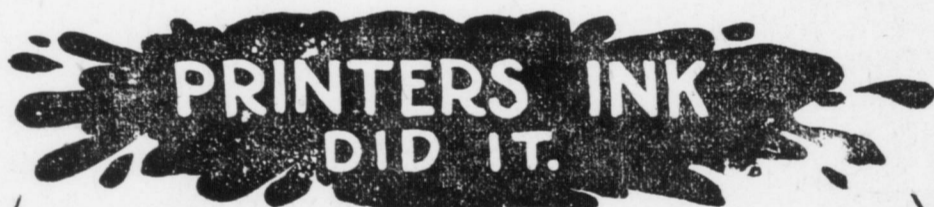
Eye Strain.

There are two common kinds of eye strain. It is a strain for a person who is farsighted to do close work, and it is a strain for one who is nearsighted to use the eyes for distances. Both kinds of eye strain produce the same symptoms—headache—and both require that the eyes be examined and glasses be provided.

Assets and Liabilities.

An asset is something which you think belongs to you. A liability is something of yours which others think belongs to them. Neither one of you is quite right. An asset without a liability would not be called an asset. Neither would a liability without an asset be called a liability. It would then be debt, while an asset without liability would be wealth or capital or property.

An asset is what you think you own. A liability is what others think you owe. What your liabilities are depend upon your assets. What your assets are depend upon your liabilities. Therefore an asset is a liability and a liability is an asset.—Life.



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How to Tell if It Is Silver.
To distinguish silver from white metal the Jeweler and Metalworker gives the following directions: Rub on a piece of slate, wet the streak with dilute nitric acid, by which it is dissolved, and then a drop or two of hydrochloric acid from the end of a glass rod, when a curdy white precipitate is formed which does not disappear on the addition of a small or large quantity of water, being, in fact, indissoluble in this, while most other metals will not be thus affected.

The Extreme.
"This fee business is a nuisance. You have to give one everywhere to get the least service."

"I know it. Even if you want to speak politely to a lady you have got to tip your hat."—Baltimore American.

Wonderful Memories.
We are told that Pascal never forgot anything he had seen, heard or thought. Avicenna could repeat by rote the entire Koran when he was ten years old, and Francis Suarez had the whole of St. Augustine in his memory. In three weeks Scaliger, the famous scholar, committed to memory every line of the "Iliad" and the "Odyssey." Another scholar, Justus Lipsius, offered to repeat the "Histories" of Tacitus without a mistake on forfeit of his life.

Animal Etiquette.
No one who is at all observant of the ways of animals can have failed to notice how gentle large dogs, like the St. Bernard and the Great Dane, are to their smaller canine fellows. It is rare that a big dog turns upon one of the little fellows, no matter how aggravating and snappy the latter may be. Instead, he invariably treats the small dog's antics with unruffled and dignified tolerance. For there is a recognized code of etiquette among animals, if you please, quite as much as there is among human beings. In truth, there are not a few respects in which the animals can give points on politeness and good behavior to man himself.

Reading History.
He who reads history learns to distinguish what is local from what is universal, what is transitory from what is eternal; to discriminate between exceptions and rules, to trace the operation of disturbing causes, to separate the general principles which are always true and everywhere applicable from the accidental circumstances with which in every community they are blended and with which, in an isolated community, they are confounded by the most philosophical mind. Hence it is that in generalization the writers of modern times have far surpassed those of antiquity.—Macaulay.