

**TEUTON CAPTOR OF RUSS
FORT NOVO GEORGIEVSK**



Photo by American Press Association.
GENERAL VON BEESLER.

**HAITIENS THREATEN
YANKEE MARINES**

**Reinforcements Sailing Today
Take Field Pieces Along**

Norfolk, Va., Aug. 24.—Three hundred and fifty marines will board the cruiser Tennessee today, taking twelve three-inch field pieces and an artillery division of that service, bound for "southern waters," but generally believed to be reinforcements for Admiral Caperton at Port-au-Prince, Haiti.

Natives Threaten Yankees.
Washington, Aug. 24.—The United States is making preparations to meet any emergency that may arise in Haiti. Disorders in the north, report that the natives have refused to give up their arms, and inflammatory utterances by Dr. Bobo, the deposed Haitian leader, foreshadow a possible disturbance. Sunday, according to a dispatch received at the navy department from Rear Admiral Caperton, a few shots were fired in the outskirts of Port-au-Prince. There were no casualties.

At St. Marc conditions have quieted, bands of natives at that point having turned over their rifles to the proper authorities on Saturday. Admiral Caperton has informed the department that he has taken over the customs house at St. Marc. The admiral already had assumed charge of the customs houses at Port-au-Prince and Cape Haitien.

MAY BUY GERMAN BOATS

Sweden-American Line Seeks Business with United States.
New York, Aug. 24.—That some German freight vessels now held in American ports by the war will be purchased by a Swedish company to travel between New York and Sweden was practically confirmed by Hans Lagerlof, president of the Scandinavian-American Trading company, with offices here.

The line is the "Sweden-American," organized ten years ago to transact business with the United States, but which has never done more than carry on coastwise trading. "The time is not ripe to discuss the subject," said Mr. Lagerlof, when questioned about the report that the line was preparing to buy the great German liners now in American harbors. "Sweden has had short crops for two years and her coal supply has also been cut off by Germany. She will transact much business with the United States for some time to come, and it is probably correct that the company plans to buy the German freighters here instead of to build new boats.

AUSTRIA TRIED FOR PEACE

So Says Serbian Premier in Interview in Italian Newspaper.
Milan, Aug. 24.—Premier Pachitch of Serbia, in an interview published in the Courriere Della Sera, says that Austria has tried repeatedly since the beginning of the war to make a separate peace with Serbia, but each time has met with a flat refusal from the Serbian government. Premier Pachitch is optimistic with regard to the proposed formation of a new Balkan league, promulgated by the allies. That Serbia has given in to Italy regarding Albania, and is willing to "bow to the decision of Europe" is one of the assertions made by the Serbian statesman in the newspaper article. His government, he emphasizes, is eager for a friendly solution of the Adriatic question with Italy, recognizing Italy's predominant position in that field.

Hope For Steamer Abandoned.
New York, Aug. 24.—Hope has been abandoned that the missing United Fruit steamer Marowjine would be found. The Banagore of the same line sent a wireless message stating that a thorough search of the Cuban coast had failed to show any trace of the vessel, now overdue seven days.

**FAVORS ARMOR
IN MODERN WAR**

**A. Conan Doyle Suggests Use
of Shields and Helmets.**

PROTECT THE LIFE CENTERS

**Noted British Author Says No Man
Can Rush Over 300 Yards of Rough
Ground in the Face of Machine Guns.
Says Shields on Wheels Would Prove
the Solution.**

Sir A. Conan Doyle in a letter printed in the London Times advocates the use of armor in modern warfare. "When Ned Kelly, the bushranger, walked unhurt before the rifles of the police clad in his own handmade armor he was an object lesson to the world," writes "Sherlock Holmes." "If the outlaw could do it why not the soldier?"

"Such actions as that of May 9, where several brigades lost nearly half their number in endeavoring to rush over the 300 yards which separated us from the German trenches, must make it clear that it is absolutely impossible for unprotected troops to pass over a zone which is swept by machine guns. Therefore you must either forever abandon such attacks or you must find artificial protection for the men.

Protect the Life Centers.
"It has always seemed extraordinary to the writer that the innumerable cases where a Bible, a cigarette case, a watch or some other chance article has saved a man's life have not set us scheming so as to do systematically what has so often been the result of a happy chance.

"As a man faces a hostile rifle his forehead and his heart are the only points presented which are certainly vital. The former would be protected by such a helmet as the French have now evolved. The second should be covered by a curved plate of highly tempered steel, which need not be more than a foot in diameter. With this simple and light equipment the two centers of life are safe.

Favors Shield on Wheels.
"With these precautions the death rate should be greatly reduced from rifle and machine gun fire, as also from shrapnel. Nothing, of course, will avail against a direct shell burst, but granting that the individual life would be saved this does not bear upon the capture of a position, since so many would fall wounded that the weight of the attack would be spent before the stormers reached the trenches.

"For this armor which will give complete protection is needed, and since, as your correspondents have shown the weight of this is more than a man can readily carry, it must be pushed in front upon wheels."

Armor Plate and Platoons.
Sir Conan Doyle pictures a great number of plates, held together like the shields of a Roman tortoise, and pushed by the men, who crouch behind them. When one is disabled it can be readily dropped, and the gap closed. Others are fixed sideways upon the flank of the advance to prevent an enflading fire. There is not one tortoise, which would attract a concentrated fire of artillery, but each company or platoon forms its own. These numerous armor plated bodies rush with small loss over the space which has already been cleared as far as possible of obstacles, and so have some chance of reaching the enemy's line, not as an exhausted fragment but as a vigorous storming party with numbers intact.

MUST NOT FLY OVER CANADA.

Aviators Warned by Governor Hammond on Advice of Secretary Lansing.
A warning to aviators of Minnesota to cease flying over the international boundary line into Canada was recently issued by Governor Hammond. Several times since the opening of the European war aviators cruising along the border districts have crossed the line despite statements of Canadian officials last fall that the practice would not be tolerated. Governor Hammond's attention was called to the matter in a letter from Secretary Lansing. Ambassador Sir Cecil Spring-Rice informed Secretary Lansing that a Canadian order in council was adopted Sept. 17, 1914, setting aside prohibited areas over which aeroplanes could not fly. In future aviators flying these aeroplanes will be in danger of gunfire by Canadian soldiers, it was stated.

FIRST TO SCALE MOUNT GEIKE

Dr. Gilmour of New York and Professor Helvey Ascend 11,106 Feet.
Mount Geike, one of the highest and most precipitous peaks in the Selkirk range of the Canadian Rockies, was successfully scaled for the first time by Dr. Andrew J. Gilmour of New York and Professor Helvey of Excelsior Union. The ascent was to a height of 11,106 feet. Dr. Andrew James Gilmour, who is forty-four years old, is engaged in general practice as a physician and surgeon in New York city. He has traveled extensively and is well known for his skill and daring, both as a hunter and as a mountain climber.

**Don't Miss the Big
Indiana County Fair**

Sept. 7, 8, 9 and 10

Aeroplane Flights

and demonstration of how they are used in the European war by dropping of bombs on objects.

RACES All lovers of harness racing will be pleased with this year's program.

Fine Stock Exhibit, Big agricultural Display and Interesting Exhibits in all departments.

Largest and Prettiest Fair Grounds in State

..The Indiana Macaroni Company..

OUR MACARONI

Can be Bought at the Following Stores:

The Cunningham Department Store, Steveson & Myers, Plotzer Meat Market.

They are FRESH. Made in Indiana

The Venerable Microbe.

Just to think, the microbe has been in this terrestrial sphere twenty millions of years! Disease germs that now afflict humanity have been discovered in the fossils of the earliest life on earth. There was a belief that bacteria were a modern pest, and they came just in time to plague mankind. But why should they exist before? What was the object of their insignificant lives? This question science answers by saying that they first came to assist in the decomposition of the calcareous rocks. This certainly was a more honorable mission than to scare people in later days into the use of special drinking cups and to set up great government bulwarks to resist their imaginary fury. The microbe was formerly an honorable and useful citizen, but now he has fallen from his high estate.—Columbus Journal.

What Vinegar Will Do.

Vinegar works like magic in cleaning dirt and smoke from walls and woodwork. Put some in a basin, wet a flannel cloth in it and wipe the article that needs cleaning. When the cloth becomes soiled wash it out in clear water before putting it in the vinegar again. It will remove fly specks from woodwork, picture frames, windows and so forth. It will soften an old paint brush on which paint has been allowed to dry. Heat some vinegar to the boiling point and allow the brush to simmer in it for a few minutes. Remove and wash well in strong soapsuds and the brush will be like new. If the hands become chapped or roughened after having them in water for a long time rinse them well and apply a little vinegar, letting it dry on.—Washington Star.

New England Pie.

Some poor dweller in the benighted beyond of Chicago asks what a real New England pie is like. It probably will not help him to be told, but if he means apple it is like an essay by Emerson liquefied with the music of Massenet and spiced with the cynicism of Shaw. If he means pumpkin it is like some of Gounod's music heard in a landscape all sun and flowers, and if he means mince pie, why, it is like an increase in salary and a present from home arriving on the day when one's conscience was behaving itself.—Boston Globe.

Encouragement.

"Why don't you offer your heart and hand?"
"I fear she would turn me down."
"I don't believe it. She has given you enough encouragement."
"Why, she never gave me the slightest encouragement."
"Get out! I heard her telling you yesterday that her mother did not allow her to accept anything of value from young men."—Houston Post.

Mining in the Sea.

Among the sights on the island of Martinique is the mining of material for the manufacture of lime from the bottom of the sea. The bulk of the lime used on the island is manufactured from madreporic stone or reef coral so mined.

Making Sure.

"I want an auto horn."
"Yessir. Do you want something warn 'em or something to scare 'em?"—Louisville Courier-Journal.

morning.

A perfume of flowers is wafted gently from the mountains. The sun is new risen, and the dew still glistens on the leaves of trees and the petals of flowers. A road like a gray ribbon thrusts into the quiet mountain gorge—a stone paved road which yet looks as soft as velvet, so that one almost has a desire to stroke it.—Maxim Gorky.

Uncle Sam's Forests.

Publicly owned forests of the United States contain more than one-fifth of the country's timber.

Hamburg's Unique Ferry.

Hamburg possesses a steam ferry of a somewhat original type, for the main deck can be raised and lowered by suitable machinery in order to take up a difference of level of some sixteen feet. The large structural framework rises to a considerable height and is intended to guide the whole platform in its vertical movements. By the use of powerful electric winches it is possible to raise and lower the deck as a whole, even when it is loaded with numerous heavy vehicles, such as are used in landing material at the port. The reason for adopting this arrangement of the deck lies in the fact that at the Hamburg port the difference in tide level is considerable, so that when the boat lands at the wharf it is by no means on the same level at all times and in the ordinary case the heavy vehicles would be obliged to mount or descend a steep incline. It is in order to avoid this drawback that the present type of ferry was constructed, and as the movable deck can always be brought flush with the level of the dock, the vehicles can now run off in the ordinary way.

Lawyers and Liars.

The eminent cross examiners of New York city have their favorite methods of knowing when a witness is telling the truth or lying. One lawyer says he can tell when a witness is lying by the movement of the lips. Another declares the hands form the best barometer, and another declares the twitching of the muscles of the cheeks is a sure sign that the witness has been trapped in a lie. Still another disciple of Blackstone says that facial expression always helps him, as well as watching the feet, which are usually shifted uneasily when the lie is apparent. Then another declares that by keeping constant vigilance on the eyes of the witness he knows when he has his man "going." If taken as complete formula it would mean that a perjurer to escape detection would have to school his face to be impassive, keep his hands in his pockets, hook his feet in the rounds of the witness chair and shut his eyes.—Pittsburgh Dispatch.

Still They Wonder Why.

The two women were discussing that never failing theme—the incompetency of domestic servants. And the bit of the conversation we overheard gave us a line on a possible reason for many

HARD TIMES—THAT'S WHY

You've gotten out down on expensive gowns. The idea. This is the cheapest gown the artist ever drew. He used very little ink.



Questions that a Good Citizen Should Know.

- D. Have you read the Constitution of the United States?
- R. Yes.
- D. What form of Government is this?
- R. Republic.
- D. What is the Constitution of the United States?
- R. It is the fundamental law of this country.
- D. Who makes the laws of the United States?
- R. The Congress.
- D. What does Congress consist of?
- R. Senate and House of Representatives.
- D. Who is the chief executive of the United States?
- R. President.
- D. How long is the President of the United States elected?
- R. 4 years.
- D. Who takes the place of the President in case he dies?
- R. The Vice President.
- D. What is his name?
- R. Thomas R. Marshall.
- D. By whom is the President of the United States elected?
- R. By the electors.
- D. By whom are the electors elected?
- R. By the people.
- D. Who makes the laws for the state of Pennsylvania?
- R. The Legislature.
- D. What does the Legislature consist of?
- R. Senate and Assembly.
- D. How many State in the union?
- R. 48.
- D. When was the Declaration of Independence signed?
- R. July 4, 1776.
- D. By whom was it written?
- R. Thomas Jefferson.
- D. Which is the capital of the United States?
- R. Washington.
- D. Which is the capital of the state of Pennsylvania?
- R. Harrisburg.
- D. How many Senators has each state in the United States Senate?
- R. Two.
- D. By whom are they elected?
- R. By the people.
- D. For how long?
- R. 6 years.
- D. How many representatives are there?
- R. 435. According to the population one to every 211,000, (the ratio fixed by Congress after each decennial census.)
- D. For how long are they elected?
- R. 2 years.
- D. How many electoral votes has the state of Pennsylvania?
- R. 38.
- D. Who is the chief executive of the state of Pennsylvania?
- R. The Governor.
- D. For how long is he elected?
- R. 4 years.
- D. Who is the Governor?
- R. Brumbaugh.
- D. Do you believe in organized government?
- R. Yes.
- D. Are you opposed to organized government?
- R. No.
- D. Are you an anarchist?
- R. No.
- D. What is an anarchist?
- R. A person who does not believe in organized government.
- D. Are you a bigamist or polygamist?
- R. No.
- D. What is a bigamist or polygamist?
- R. One who believes in having more than one wife.
- D. Do you belong to any secret Society who teaches to disbelieve in organized government?
- R. No.
- D. Have you ever violated any laws of the United States?
- R. No.
- D. Who makes the ordinances for the City?
- R. The board of Aldermen.
- D. Do you intend to remain permanently in the U. S.?
- R. Yes.

The Exception.

"If at first you don't succeed, try again."
"That's good theory, but it isn't always wise practice."
"Why not?"
"I once tried to paper a room myself. I didn't succeed, but I assure you that my experience taught me never to try it again."—Detroit Free Press.

Unnecessary Advice.

"Don't question my veracity, sir."
"I won't. It wouldn't answer."—Baltimore American.

GUNPOWDER IN WAR.

For Centuries Its Use Was Opposed in the Name of Humanity.

There was a period when any kind of "explosive" fighting in war was considered barbarous. The discovery of gunpowder put a stop to the old-fashioned method of attack, in which only missiles and sharp edged weapons were considered ethical, but gunpowder did not come into approval without a struggle. In fact, it was under the "humanity" ban for almost three centuries.

This remarkable compound of saltpeter, sulphur and charcoal, which was given its first tryout at the siege of Constantinople in 1453, had been known to both the chemist and the soldier for a hundred years or more. It is said to have been discovered by Roger Bacon in England about the year 1290 and by a German monk named Schwarz twenty years later. Another independent discoverer of the same dangerous mixture was an unknown and uncelebrated Moor, whose secret was ultimately carried into Europe in the fourteenth century. Even he was not the first to make an explosive compound. The Chinese "beat him to it," having used this same kind of mixture for rocket signals before the Christian era.

The fall of Constantinople was brought about by the use, the wholly unethical and altogether barbarous use, of cannon balls, and it was not until about a century later that the world gave its full sanction to the killing of men by means of gunpowder.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

HUMILITY.

Humility is the means of progress.
When we realize how little we know we shall yearn and strive to know more. When we feel how imperfect is our character, and not till then, we shall make earnest efforts after our improvement.

Woman is Very Thorough.

"A man when he is angry will tell you what he thinks of you."
"Yes, and a woman when she is angry will tell you what she and everybody else thinks of you."—Boston Transcript.

Animal Etiquette.

No one who is at all observant of the ways of animals can have failed to notice how gentle large dogs, like the St. Bernard and the Great Dane, are to their smaller canine fellows. It is rare that a big dog turns upon one of the little fellows, no matter how aggravating and snappy the latter may be. Instead, he invariably treats the small dog's antics with unruined and dignified tolerance. For there is a recognized code of etiquette among animals, if you please, quite as much as there is among human beings. In truth, there are not a few respects in which the animals can give points on politeness and good behavior to man himself.

The Logic of It.

The Yale freshman year was proving too expensive to father, so father decided to have a "heart to heart" talk with Johnny, home for the week end. "Now, son," said he gravely, but affectionately, "your mother and I are spending just as little as we possibly can. I get up in the morning at 6:30, and I work until after 5. But, son, the money just won't go round at the rate that your expenses are running. Now, I ask you, as one man to another, what do you think we had better do?"
For a moment Johnny's head was buried in thought, and then he replied: "Well, father, I don't see any way out but for you to work nights."—New York Post.