Speaker discusses job, creating radio content

By Allegra O'Neill FOR THE COLLEGIAN

Creating a picture with a single sound is how Cynthia Berger, director of public affairs programming for WPSU-FM, explained writing content for radio broad-

"Keep it vivid and interesting, you want the audience to be able to see it, therefore you must paint the picture with your words," Berger said.

Berger spoke at a Nittany Valley Writers Network meeting at the Schlow Centre Region Library, 211 S. Allen St., to explain her job and talk to other writers.

About 17 people attended the event, including one Penn State student, one graduate student, and other members of the club varying in age.

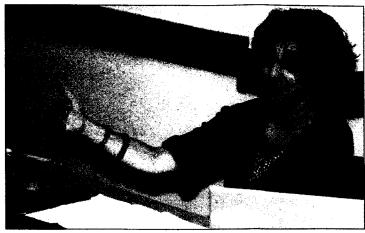
Berger, who has published about 100 articles and two books on wildlife, has a masters degree in zoology from the University of New Hampshire and was editor of Living Bird magazine.

Berger began her talk by asking the writers in attendance about their writing preference and any projects they may curdove into her personal experi-

"For the past five years for WPSU I pretty much have been like a reporter," Berger said. "My best advice is you should always open with your best sound."

Berger then played a sound bite from her story "Expedition to Paternoville," in which she parallels the football campout tradition audience can not see what is with a primitive culture.

"Students pounded up dumpsters and drummed on them -



Cynthia Berger, director of public affairs programming for WPSU-FM, talks to the Nittany Valley Writers in the Schlow Library on Tuesday night. She explained how to write for radio and spoke about her experiences.

that I felt was the best sound to Berger said. "Long complex senstart that piece off with," she said.

She continued by talking about WPSU-FM, which is based in State College and broadcasts to 13 counties. Although the station does not often do breaking news, the employees base their stories on topics that resonate with the listeners, Berger said.

The public radio core values rently be working on, and then are qualities of mind, qualities of heart and spirit, and quality of craft. Does your story peak their interest? Does it speak to the universal of human nature? Or does it balance sound ambience?" Berger said.

She spoke of the importance of sound ambience, which is the element of natural sounds around us, to add to the stories since the actually going on.

"The ideal language for radio is language fit for a fifth grader,"

tences blow right by the average listener. You need to write stories that are very conversational.'

After answering questions, Berger explained how to prep information for the radio, explaining the importance of cutting and editing the tape gathered from the interviews. She emphasized the difficulty with editing and the danger of taking comments out of context or changing their meaning as a result of cutting.

She also explained the need for experience in editing software, and showed the audience an industry standard program available for download called Protools.

"It was very interesting to hear about the internship opportunities since I am going to school for broadcast journalism," Ashley Bennett (junior-broadcast journalism) "I definitely plan to attend more of these meetings."

Linda Tataliba, executive director of State College Area Food Bank, speaks Tuesday. The Hunger Banquet informed students about hunger.

Banquet teaches effects of hunger

By Somer Wiggins COLLEGIAN STAFF WRITER

Students learned what it was like to be hungry Tuesday night. The Hunger Banquet in Paul

Cultural Robeson Center's Heritage Hall aimed to "heighten students' awareness of the inequitable distribution resources globally," said Gina Hurny, a program director for Center for Student Engagement.

Upon entering the hall, students were handed a popsicle stick with a colored dot on it, at random, that designated where the would sit for the banquet.

Some students were seated at the upper-class table, a long table covered in a purple table cloth with 10 ceramic place settings, complete with glass cups and intricately folded napkins.

These students were given water bottles, which servers poured into their glasses for them. They were served a first course of individual salads a main course of lasagna.

The middle class group was centered around a circular table, with a second row of chairs behind the row next to the table. A pitcher of water and paper cups sat atop the table and these students were given paper plates and plastic silverware, and large howl of rice and another bowl of beans, with serving utensils in the bowls. The lower class sat inside a square taped on the floor. Students had trouble fitting into the group but had to squish themselves inside.

Inside the square was a pitcher of water and paper cups, but not enough for everyone in the group. They were also served a bowl of rice and a bowl of beans to share but were given neither utensils

for serving or eating nor plates to eat on, and were forced to eat with their hands and share cups of food. Amy Copley, vice president of Oxfam International, a group dedicated to changing inequalities around the world, welcomed the students and gave background information and statistics on hunger around the world.

"We are here today for the one million people who suffer from hunger, Copley (sophomore-political science, international relations and French) said.

Students from Oxfam led a discussion with the groups and asked what their experience was like for those having to watch some students have very little food while they had plenty and vice versa. Ben Reimold was in the lower class group and said he found the event eye opening.

"It helped us see the hungry people better," Reimold (juniornuclear engineering).

Some members of the lower class group walked up to the upper class group at one point during the meal and asked if they could have their leftovers. The students complied but Reimold doubted they would have done that had they not seen the students with less food than themselves. Linda Tataliba, executive director of the food bank in the State College Area, spoke to students at the end to give the program a more local angle.

Tataliba explained the definitions of hunger and food security and the difficulty in setting aside ones pride and asking for help.

"Those who never thought they would have to use the food bank are now," Tataliba said.

To e-mail reporter: ssw5070@psu.edu

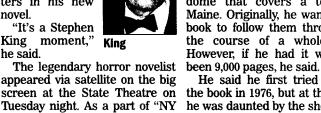
King interview airs at Theatre King replied with an anecdote dished it to the audience to

By Ricky Morales COLLEGIAN STAFF WRITER

A man standing near the outskirts of a small town is being showered by the debris of a

destructed airplane and bloody animal parts; this is how Stephen King described one of the characters in his new novel.

King moment,"



released the same day. King was interviewed by New

Maslin, who asked him about topics from his novel, including politics, religion and the industry. "This is a problem," Maslin

"How much does it weigh?"

regarding a critique of one of his emphasize his preference of books. In it, his critic's number one piece of advice was "Don't read it," he said. "Two," King continued, quoting that?" he said. "That's nice.'

the review, "if you do read it, don't drop it on your foot.'

He said the book follows a large cast of more than 100 characters during a week as they live underneath a mysterious invisible Maine. Originally, he wanted the book to follow them throughout elementary school teacher. the course of a whole year. However, if he had it would've

screen at the State Theatre on the book in 1976, but at that time support writers by reading as Tuesday night. As a part of "NY he was daunted by the sheer size many manuscripts as he can. TimesTalks LIVE in HD," he of the task. He started writing the spoke about "Under the Dome," book again during President his latest book, which was George W. Bush's administration, and it took him two years to write.

Maslin also asked him ques-York Times book critic Janet tions that exposed King's fears about the Internet's effect on the book industry. "You wonder if the printed word isn't becoming the vinyl of the 21st century," he said.

said, hefting the 1,088-page tome At one point during the interas she walked onto the stage. view, he picked up the hard copy of "Under the Dome" and bran-

printed publications over electronic books.

"I mean, wouldn't you want

King said he went to college to become a high school English teacher so he could support his passion for writing. He said a lot of students had already decided they didn't like reading by that dome that covers a town in point, and he considered reattending college to become an

"It's like the Catholic Church says: 'Let's get them while they're young, then they're ours He said he first tried writing forever," he said. He also tries to

> Jason Smutz attended the event and is an avid Stephen King fan, having read novels from "The Stand" and "The Dark Tower"

> "I thought he was much more outgoing and talkative than I expected him to be," Smutz (senior-psychology) said. "What surprised me the most is how he never seems to run out of ideas."

To e-mail reporter: ram5400@psu.edu

PSU couple talks about acts of love

By Paige Minemyer **COLLEGIAN STAFF WRITER**

Edgar Farmer wanted to make sure the students attending "Living Like the Huxtables" would remember that love is more than just a word.

'Love is an action. You demon-

strate your love," he said. Farmer and his wife, Barbara, gave a presentation on building and maintaining a healthy relationship, which was held in the Chambers Building and sponsored by the Omega Psi Phi fraternity.

Edgar and Barbara both work for Penn State — he is the head of the Department of Learning and Performance Systems and she is director of multicultural affairs for the College of Information Science and Technology.

The Farmers have been married for 41 years, and they used their time together as basis for their presentation

Students in attendance were asked to choose the topics of discussion and came up with a list that included communication, relationship longevity and trust.

and Barbara Edgar addressed each of the topics first, giving the male and female perspective on each one. They particularly stressed the importance of good communication in a relationship.

'That's why we have two ears and one mouth - we should lis-



Barbara and Edgar Farmer talk to a group of students at the Chambers Building on Tuesday night. The couple discussed maintaining healthy relationships.

ten twice as much as we talk," Edgar said.

They also introduced the "Rosenthal effect:" the idea that those who expect more get more.

The Farmers gave the students a copy of a column they wrote for the Centre Daily Times, referring to it throughout the night and using it to supplement their presentation.

In the article, they detailed the "five love languages" and presented them to the audience. The "love languages" included spending quality time together and giving gifts.

Barbara showed off her "bling" for the students to highlight the idea of gift giving.

what I've been given," she said.

After the initial discussion, the students split into two groups,

with Barbara leading the women and Edgar leading the men. The two groups discussed the

same topics before reconvening and going through them together. As a whole, the group talked

about conflicts and how to diffuse them. The Farmers gave personal anecdotes to help illustrate solutions.

"One of my husband's favorite responses when I get like that is, 'I think you need a nap,' " Barbara said, referring to when she is irri-

Edgar told the men to think about how their ladies feel they're treated — especially when their girlfriend is not with them. "It comes down to, when she's

"This is not what I sought, but not with you, how do you make her feel?" he said.

To e-mail reporter: pem5068@psu.edu

Dickinson panelists discuss health care

Brendan McNally FOR THE COLLEGIAN

At a discussion Tuesday hosted by Penn State's Dickinson School of Law, a panel of law, business, health and policy experts all agreed American health care needs to be changed.

The program, titled "Lifting the Fog on Health Care Reform: Policy and Transactions," took place at the Lewis M. Katz Law Building and focused on two aspects of health care reform: government policy and business.

But there was little debate among the panelists on the need for reform. William Follansbee, master cli-

nician professor of cardiovascular medicine at the University of Pittsburgh Medical Center, said health care costs are projected to make up 100 percent of the United States' gross domestic product by 2082, but Americans are getting little return on that huge invest-

"We've been able to edge out Albania for the 35th best health care system in the world," he said a stark fact received with chuckles by the audience of about 75. Marilyn Yager, senior policy adviser at the Washington, D.C. firm of Alston & Birdone and of the panel's moderators, highlighted contentious issues surrounding reform, including abortion, rural care and public insurance

Public insurance, or what has been called the "public option,"

has been stiffly opposed by Republicans in both houses of Congress as well as by insurance companies.

The topic was central to the panelist's discussion on policy.

Samuel Thompson, a Penn State law professor and the program's co-chairman, said the public option is a common-sense solution that would create competition for insurance companies, ultimately driving down costs.

Some worry that publicly financed insurance would be unfair competition for private insurance companies, Thompson dismissed the idea.

"Insurance companies are run by the quintessential capitalists. If they're as efficient as they say, they should be able to beat the government hands-down," he

Republicans in Congress have opposed the public option, arguing that it is a government takeover of health insurance and fiscally irresponsible. But Yager said the public option included in the House health care reform bill. which passed Saturday, will not cost taxpayers a dime.

The public plan pays for itself through premiums," she said.

Besides health care policy, the program explored business issues that may arise as results of reform. Robert Harper, an attorney at Buchanan, Ingersoll, & Rooney, said that whatever measures are introduced by reform, insurance companies will adapt to remain profitable.