# USG Sanctions Eligibility Resolution



A CONFERENCE with the parliamentarian, spirited debate and determined voting characterized the Undergraduate Student Government Congress meeting last night. Here, left to right, are David DeMuch, USG treasurer, Benjamin Nowak, USG president, Paul McPherson, acting parliamentarian, and Ronald Faucher,

USG vice president. Novak relinquished his gavel to Faucher a number of times during the meeting, while the Congress discussed a bill proposed by the USG president. Novak chaired his last meeting as USG president yesterday. He will graduate at the end of this term.

### **By LAURIE DEVINE**

Not with a whimper but a bang . . . That's how the political open season ended last night. The Undergraduate Student Government

Congress accepted a compromise resolution en-abling Barry Clemson, Mississippi civil rights worker, to seek the USG presidency in next term's elections. Congress has been embroiled in heated debate

since last Thursday's midnight meeting over Clem-son's eligibility for the office.

Controversy flared because Clemson, who has not been matriculated here since last spring, previously had said he would not be enrolled here during the coming spring term. He said he intended to return to the University for the academic year '65-'66, beginning with the fall term.

# By Proxy

But Clemson announced by proxy at the con-clusion of the Congress meeting that he had en-rolled (yesterday) "as a full-time matriculated student for the spring term.'

The 23-year-old civil rights worker has been vying for the Campus-Liberal Party endorsement for the USG presidency since announcing his can-didacy two weeks ago in The Daily Collegian.

A student at the University on and off since 1959, Clemson has already completed 13 terms on campus. He must attend for three more in order to graduate, because he lost over 30 credits when switching majors at one time.

The legality of Clemson's candidacy, which has enmeshed the assembly since last Thursday's emotion-packed meeting, was peacefully resolved last night with the passage of Senior Class Presi-dent Bruce Trotman's resolution. It reads:

"In order to be eligible for a USG executive office, a person must be able to qualify as a fulltime undergraduate student here at the time of his announced candidacy, and if elected, must be enrolled as a full-time student at the University Park campus for at least two full terms during his tenure of office."

Trotman's compromise bill brings to a close

four days of political haranguing since last week's heated USG meeting. At that session USG President Benjamin No-vak introduced a surprise resolution which would make any attempt of Clemson's to seek elective office illegal office illegal.

"All candidates for the USG executive, class offices and USG Congress must be full-time, ma-triculated students of The Pennsylvania State University," Novak's bill read.

Congressmen, some summoned from their beds to provide a quorum, debated the issue for over two hours, until finally adjourning at 12:45 a.m. with no decision.

In the interim between the two meetings, Congressmen issued statements opposing the resolution because it was either deemed ex post facto or out of the realm of Congressional action. Others supported Novák's proposal, saying it was "ridi-culous to let a non-student run for USG office." Reconsideration

That's how the matter stacked up when Con-gress reconvened in special session last night to reconsider the problem.

Action began with a substitute motion to No-vak's original bill.

Introduced by Pollock Congressman Addie Andrews, the resolution provided that all USG candidates be full-time matriculated students here "at the time they are recognized by the elections commission as the legal candidates."

Miss Andrews' bill further provided that all candidates "must assure the elections commission in writing that they shall serve at least four of the five terms which he is elected." The bill was to go into effect "as of June 12, 1965."

As soon as this resolution was submitted Trot-

man countered with his compromise. In a complicated parliamentary procedure tangle, Congress approved Trotman's resolution, rejecting the motions of both Miss Andrews and Novak.

After the Clemson controversy was settled, Novak took the floor to deliver farewell remarks to Congress and his special aides. He said that

while he had not achieved all of his foals as USG President, he hoped that the course had been set for effective student government action in the future.

The retiring USG head, whose duties will be assumed by Vice President Ronald Faucher until spring elections are completed, pointed to enact-ment of the solicitations rule as an accomplishment of his administration.

The rule, completely approved by the University Senate a week ago today, gives USG the power to regulate student fund drives on campus 'Bad Publicity'

Congress now has the power to pass "laws" because of the solicitation rule and should assert-its authority, Novak said. He said congressmen should learn to live with "bad publicity" and not be disturbed by it in the course of their duties.

Novak also said he "may not have been the best president in terms or organization and admin-istration" but that he hoped the "hard work and effort" of his administration would not come to nought.

The president, whose own election last spring was by one of the closest margins in history, thank-ed the "82 persons" who had termed the election in his favor and made him the first Liberal Party candidate to win a USG executive post.

He also expressed his thanks to the present congressmen for their support and said the new structure of USG, as established by the revised constitution enacted last fall, pointed toward more productive student government during the coming year.

Novak said he had learned the only way to deal with "no's" from the administration is to ask "why" and then circumvent their opposition. "They will never change," he said, but added that a re-sponsible student government could work out meaningful compromise with them. Novak made 'no direct reference to his defeat

on the Clemson controversy, or to the upcoming spring elections except to say that when elected last spring he had promised only to "make things exciting" and he felt he had achieved that goal.



"Under socially accepted conditions any undergraduate student who has parental permission, which is on file with the office of en or dean of wo lean of

SENIOR CLASS PRESIDENT Bruce Trotman emphasizes a point last night at the Undergraduate Student Government Congress meeting. Trotman's proposal to let students who will be full-time, matriculated students for at least two terms run for USG offices passed Congress by a 16-7 margin. The legislation will permit civil rights worker Barry Clemson to run for the USG presidency.

# Workshop Series Scheduled by IFC

The nine basic workshops and their chairmen, as an-nounced by Workshops Chair-man James Hicks, are: President's, Bert Velinski, Beta Theta Pi: Treasurer's, John Boniface, Pi Kappa Al-pha; House Manager's, Mike Friedman, Tau Epsilon Pi; Rush, Mike Carbone, Pi Kappa Alpha; Caterer's, Don Milligan.

Alpha; Caterer's, Don Milligan, Delta Phi; Pledge Educator's, Glenn Bush, Pi Kappa Phi; So-ommendations for the follow-ing year

Glenn Bush, Pi Kappa Phi; So-ommendations for the follow cial, Mike Kirschner, Phi Sig-ma Delta; Alumni and Public Kéynote speaker Shofstall, a Sigma Tau Gamma member Relations, Mike Frischorn, Tau Sigma Tau Gamma member,

accumulations should be no more than an inch or two. To-day's high will be about 38. It will become somewhat tonight and tomorrow. A low of 24 is expected tonight and a high of 35 is indicated for tomorrow.

tomorrow. The total accumulation of snow will be preceded by a private ests. from last Friday's big storm was snow was so wet and packed ternity presidents, administra-phases on increased activity in down as it fell the greatest tive personnel and representa-individual living units, will also measured snow depth was 13 tives of the dean of men's of be initiated. inches.

which the service placed yesterday with New York pub-lishers. Zurndorfer said the BOS committee had reduced its expectations from "four figures to three," because peo-ple are naturally "suspicious" of any new enterprise. As Critique's sales reached the has been uniformly favorable (mann. said. They will be

of any new enterprise. Zurndorfer attributed the 1,000 mark, Jerry Liebermann, Lieberman noted. There have improvements in makeup, per-small number of books mainly a member of the board of edi-been some requests for poetry haps using a new method of of The

to the fact that the BOS was tors, announced the magazine in the magazine, but none was printing. unable to offer students a "de-cent returns policy." He said and was operating in the black the board member aid. Last Friday the editors dis-cussed ways of streamlining

cent returns policy." He said and was operating in the black the majority of publishers again. would not give cash refunds for returned books, but rather paign, Critiques were sold on started to come in, Libermann ing distribution were the main turn the money into credit campus at the Hetzel Union added. The monetary contribu-toward other books. He explained this return sponsored Fulton J. Lewis, III will also received by policy put students at a dis-advantage in the event of de-partmental changes in book House. Libermann said conies of faculty members. Requests for faculty contribu-toward the books. He explained this return sponsored Fulton J. Lewis, III will also received by policy put students at a dis-advantage in the event of de-partmental changes in book FOR Spring lermWith "Cooperation" as its over-all theme, the Interfraternity Council's 1965 Workshop program will be held<br/>Monday and Tuesday, March 29 and 30, the first two<br/>days of spring term classes.addressesSpeech, the Sure Freedom Rally,<br/>and at the Jawbone Coffee<br/>Husse.Critique are now given approval<br/>by the entire board. It was de-<br/>bone the speaker of fraternity life, and<br/>a note speaker of fraternity and<br/>trainona State University and<br/>and the result workshops<br/>and the result.Nonday and Subject to approve the students at a dis-<br/>speech, the Sure Freedom Rally.<br/>Critique will continue to be sold.<br/>The magazine's editorial board meetings.Critique are now given approval<br/>the BOS were<br/>course<br/>scheduling. "If the BOS were call the Bos were call the students' money and<br/>use the credit in our future<br/>for the students' money and<br/>to redering."Critique are now given approval<br/>the BOS were call the Bos were call the students' money and<br/>use the credit in our future<br/>the added that USG could<br/>the expected to appropriate<br/>the necessary capital to BOS<br/>since the success of such an<br/>operation is "very difficult to<br/>anotes speaker of fraternity, Hicks saidNonday and the Pennsylvania<br/>the expected to appropriate<br/>the secses of such and<br/>to erest address by Weldon F.<br/>Husse.<br/>He added that USG could<br/>the necessary capital to BOS<br/>since the success of such an<br/>operation is "very difficult to<br/>Better Organized'<br/>Zurndorfer also said the en-<br/>"Better Organized'<br/>Zurndorfer also s

a member of the opposite sex in a residence in State College may do so."

### Both Responsible

Under the current ruling, no undergraduate men or women are allowed to visit downtown living quarters of the opposite sex, and both men and women are held responsible for infractions of the rule.

AWS defines a socially acceptable conditions as those in which the living room is separate from the sleeping quarters.

Women of sophomore standing, according to AWS plans, will be allowed to visit the downtown residences if they have parental permission. In the case of transfer students, they will be allowed visitations after one term on campus.

Suspension Penalty Penalty recommendations under the proposed amend-ment to the University policy state that the student who violates the ruling would be suspended or dismissed from the University the University.

AWS is sending the letters and questionnaires to parents to receive opinions, not definite permission for stu-dents to visit downtown residences.

Reasons behind the proposed amendment state that present ruling has led to many administrative problems because of its limited effectiveness. The letter to parents points out that cocds cannot be reached in case of emer-gency, and the new ruling will eliminate this because they will be required to sign out for the address they intend to visit.

AWS has stressed that any and all opinions on the pro-posed policy change will be welcomed. Further, the organ-ization asks that students urge their parents to consider the letters and questionnaire and return them to the AWS office by April 1.

Kappa Epsilon; and Scholar-ship, Jim Huck, Sigma Alpha Epsilon. Has given several well-received speeches on the fraternity sys-tem, including one at a recent the launching of a newly-organ-Minutes of the workshop national convention of Kappa ized commission system are the Delta sorority in New Orleans, two big projects on tap for the which was published in Vital Men's Residence Council next

**Occasional Snow** Decessional light snow is expected today and snow flurries are indicated for tonight, but accumulations should be no should be no second Der

**Community College Comparison** 

### By TONY FOGLIO Special to The Daily Collegian

MONTICELLO, N.Y., March 6-The present furor over whether the University or the com-munity college system should be given priority by state officials is a question that must be resolved for the sake of better education.

One possible answer might be for the Commonwealth to emulate the New York State system of publicly-owned and supported community colleges.

Briefly, the NYS system puts all community colleges under the general authority and auspices of the State University of New York, with the local boards of trustees arrogating to themselves a degree of autonomy that might almost be classified as independence.

### THE University

This is unlike Pennsylvania's system in that community colleges have no link with the University, which—theoretically, at least, and especially in times of state allocations—claims to be THE university of Pennsylvania. This is an old claim, and one which de-serves some credit

But the New York system would be un-workable until, and unless, PSU's trustees agree to surrender their conveniently-invoked "private college" status to actually become the public university of the Commonwealth.

If this should ever occur, PSU would be-come the State University of New York's parallel in the bordering state.

Upon this supposition, then, the following system might be adopted. This has proven work-able, efficient and educationally wise—with some notable exceptions—in NYS. Proposed System

Both Penn State's Commonwealth campuses and the various community colleges spring-ing up around the state, particularly in the Philadelphia metropolitan region, would be integrated into, one educational system that would truly serve the state's educational needs. PSU's board of trustees would supervise the

system, maintaining offices for curricula, planning, development, etc.

As under the present system, the Commonwealth campuses would be under direct super-vision of the PSU trustees, who would name directors to oversee the running of their resspective campuses on a local level.

The community colleges would be govern-ed by boards of trustees locally selected, pos-sibly by the same system employed by NYS: five of the nine-member board would be chosen by the municipal government (e.g., county com-missioners) and the other four by the governor.

These local boards would be responsible for academic programs offered on their respective campuses, building programs, and appointment of administrators and faculty.

The local boards, however, would be re-quired to get approval of the state university's trustees for programs they wish to adopt. In this manner, the state's standards would be maintained, obviating the present probability of each community college having differing standards.

### Flaws Revealed

However, there are flaws in this system, as there are in any system conceived by man. One obvious flaw is the possibility of poli-

Sullivan County, N.Y., of which Monticello is the county seat. The particular problem now facing the two-year Sullivan County Community College (SCCC) is the selection of a permanent site for the campus Presently the collogies is becauted in the campus. Presently, the college is located in a twice-converted public school.

The problem actually stems from the gub-ernatorial appointments made nearly three

years ago. Gov. Nelson A. Rockefeller, a Republican, solicited the names of potential trustees from the county GOP chairman, who accordingly submitted a list from which four Republicans were selected.

Although this may seem to be sufficient reason to regard the board skeptically, the problem doesn't end there because Sullivan County, a nationally famous resort area about 80 miles northwest of New York, is beset with sectional problems.

One of the county's 15 townships—and the second largest—was aroused at the Rockefeller appointments because only one of its residents was named to the SCCC board. In contrast, the two other largest towns were represented by two men each.

When, after 19½ months of deliberation, the board finally agreed by a razor-thin one-vote margin, to select a site at the county seat, the sectionalism latent in Sullivan surfaced.

As a result, the trustees were pressured, as were the county board of supervisors (comissioners in Pennsylvania), to rescind their site resolution—which they did 17 days later.

## Situation' Unresolved

As of this writing, there is extreme disgust at the maneuverings and machinations involved in the site selection, which is important because of the economic benefits the township finally chosen will derive.

In addition, there are whisperings of wheth-er Sullivan County really needs, or deserves, a college.

If the question of politics can be nullified, and if the problem of sectionalism does not crop up, this system would almost certainly resolve Pennsylvania's quandry as to priorities while assuring the students of Pennsylvania uniformly good education throughout the state.

Princeton Edges State, 60-58- See Page 6 have been a second of the s