tate Interference Barred at Ole Miss Berlin Talks Possible If 'K' Comes to U.S.

ATLANTA, Ga. (A) - The U.S. 5th Circuit Court of Appeals issued a sweeping injunction against the State of Mississippi and its officials yesterday, barring them from interfering in any way with the desegregration of the University of Mississippi.

Five of seven judges agreed on the injunction requested by the Justice Department. Judges Griffin B. Bell of Atlanta and Walter Gewin of Tuscaloosa, Ala., dissented in part, voicing serious. doubts about naming the state as a party.

THE JUSTICE DEPARTMENT said in Washington that probably never before has there been as sweeping an action by an appellate court.

The injunction was the only ac-tion on which a decision was isyesterday, although the sued judges had under consideration contempt charges against Missis-sippi Gov. Ross Barnett and Lt. Gov. Paul B. Johnson Jr.

Chief Judge Elbert P. Tuttle said a decision would be issued as soon as possible in the contempt cases. He declined to say whether the judges had reached a decision.

The preliminary injunction enjoined Barnett, the state and its officials from attempting to ar-rest James H. Meredith, a Negro admitted to the University of Mississippi under court order.

IT ALSO enumerates actions prohibited, including prosecution of a false voter registration charge against Meredith, any civil action against. Meredith, any attempt to

Stock Prices Fall In Heavy Trading

NEW YORK (AP) - Stock prices took a battering yesterday in the heaviest trading in nearly four weeks.

The downfall was broad, extending through the steel, motors, utilities, chemicals and rails categories. The more volatile growth stocks took the deeper losses.

The sharp drop apparently was Wall Street's opinion of the Federal Reserve Board's decision to cut reserve requirements on bank time deposits, a move designed to smooth the flow of money.

Of 1,297 issues traded on the New York Stock Excange, 843 declined, and 139 hit their lowest prices of 1962. There were only 211 advancés.

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ing, threatening or intimidating to dissolve the order and to dis-James Howard Meredith in any miss the contempt proceedings other way or by any other against Barnett and Johnson. means." THE DECISION said the State

the District Court in Mississippi ficials of the university, for enforcement.

retain the contempt proceedings now pending against Gov. Barnett and Lt. Gov. Johnson for final disposition." "The governor and lieutenant

purge themselves of contempt," Bell and Gewin said. "Upon their yielding, the enforcement of all other orders in this matter would and should be the duty of the District Court."

they would dissolve a temporary tional rights.

secure state court injunctions restraining order. The majority against him, or "injuring, harass- decision denied the state's motion

other way or by any other against Barnett and Jonnson. means." In their dissenting opinion Bell and Gewin said they would make the injunction the mandate of the Circuit Court and forward it to the Difference of the security of this court's injunction against the of-

The court said evidence showed "The remand should tend to re-that Mississippi state, county and store normalcy in Mississippi," ithey said. "Of course we should implement the provisions of an interposition resolution adopted by the Mississippi Legislature and a proclamation by Barnett assertng the doctrine that the state can ing the doctrine that the between Andrei A. Gro-citizens and the federal govern- myko Thursday, governor must yield in order to citizens and the federal government.

The court held that actions of the defendants, unless enjoined, would impair the integrity of federal judicial processes, obstruct the administration of justice and The dissenting judges also said deprive Meredith of his constitu-

WASHINGTON (AP) — Presi-dent Kennedy was reported yes-terday to have sent word to Khrushchev that that he is willing to talk with the

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to talk with the Soviet premier about Berlin if Khrush chev comes to the United States. Kennedy's re-

action, conveyed to Russian For-John F. Kennedy was described as

falling short of an invitation to formal two-man summit алу parley on the festering German dispute.

was portrayed as neutral, in this fashion:

If Khrushchev does decide to visit the United Nations next month and wants to talk to Kennedy about Berlin, as he has said indicated, then the President would see Khrushchev in an entirely informal way. Aides said Kennedy does not

want to rebuff Khrushchev by refusing to meet him. But Kennedy was also said to be opposed to any formal meetings with the premier which would raise false expectations worldwide for a Berlin settlement.

THERE WAS no glimmer of

went to the State Department for a working dinner with Rusk which lasted past midnight.

. U.S. officials said Gromyko repeated the Kremlin's longstanding proposals for a German peace settlement which would push the Western powers out of West Berlin.

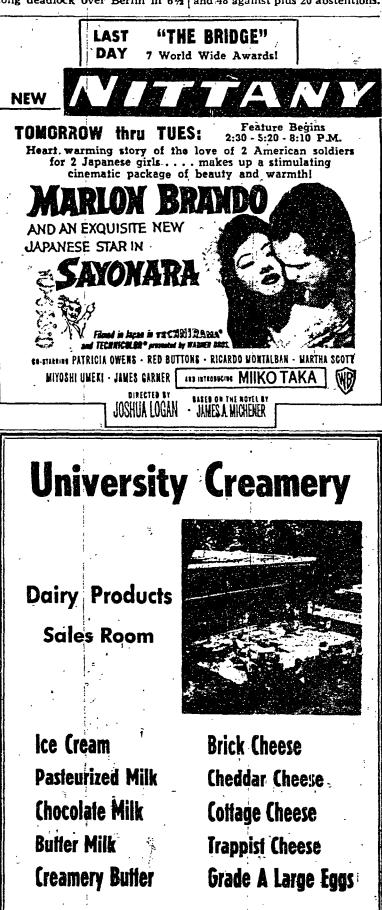
The American leaders sought to impress on Gromyko once again that the Western Allies are determined to stand fast on their Berlin rights and to fight, if necessary, to protect them.

Rather, the President's position Red China Debate Again Set at U.N.

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y. (AP) -The Soviet Union set the stage yesterday for another assembly debate on Red China's representation in the United Nations. The United States expressed confi-dence the outcome would be the same as last year-no opening of the door to Red China.

In advance of Monday's assembly meeting, the Soviet Union submitted a resolution demanding ousting of the Chinese National-ists and inviting the Chinese Communists to take their place.

THERE WAS no glimmer of A similar resolution was de-progress toward a break in the feated last year with 36 in favor long deadlock over Berlin in 6¹/₂ and 48 against plus 20 abstentions.



30 Countries Request Test Ban; U.S., Britain Urge Limited Ban

nuclear testing by Jan. 1. The prompt United States and Britain guickly tion. countered with a proposal for a limited ban.

The proposals were submitted in the form of resolutions for consideration in the U.N. General Assembly's main Political Committee, now debating the nuclear test issue.

THE 30-NATION resolution would have the 109-nation assem-bly condemn all nuclear weapon tests; ask that they cease immediately and not later than Jan. 1. and call on the nuclear powers in their permanent cessation.

The American-British resolu-tion asked the assembly to call and underground tests. for an interim treaty banning such tests in the atmosphere, the ocean and outer space, where they can be detected and identified without international controls

IT WOULD HAVE the assembly call for an eventual treaty

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American and British sources said their delegations would vote against the demand for a cutoff date in the 30-nation resolution. The resolution originated among the eight nonaligned members of the 18-nation Geneva Disarmament Committee.

THE PROPOSAL concentrated on a memorandum the eight countries produced in the Geneva negotiations last April 16. The memorandum aimed to break the the Geneva disarmament talks East-West deadlock over whether to negotiate an agreement for a test ban agreement should provide for on-site inspection to distinguish between carthquakes

> Britain and the United States insist there should be such in-spection, but the Soviet Union

refuses to accept it.

CATHAUM กระสมการราชสาวาร เสมราวราชกรณา กระสมระวัฒนธรรมสน TODAY at 1:30-3:30-5:25-7:30-9:30 TOMORROW at 2:10-3:55-5:45-7:20-9:25 detail interesting the the the "A SIDE-SPLITTER!" TELEVISION -Bosley Growther, N.Y. TIMES "GREAT FUN!" 1 Archer Winsten, K.Y. POST "HILARIOUS!" Alton Cook, N.Y. WORLD-TELECRAM "A BEST SELLERS!" Justin Gilbert, N.Y. MIRROR ★ STARLITE ★ PETER

SPLEBRE

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y. (\mathcal{P}) banning all nuclear weapon tests —Thirty non-nuclear countries everywhere, including those called yesterday for an end to all underground, with effective and

