## Girls Warned About Going Out Alone Activities Budgets <br> By dave runkel Warnings that ask coeds not to venture out alone after dark have been issued throughout <br> resident for Stephens and Hibbs, the spring, Miss James explained. ecause prowlers have been de- A senior resident in Atherton ected peering in first floor win- reported yesterday that no warn- dows and also because of the re- ings like those posted in othe dows and also because of the re--ings like those posted in other cent flood of ru being attacked. <br> Allotted by Ratios <br> <br> (This is the second in a series of articles outlining system of allocating funds for student activities.).

 <br> <br> (This is the second in a series of articles outlining the present} <br> <br> (This is the second in a series of articles outlining the present}the campus.
This warning has been posted
on most bulletin boards in wom on most bulletin boards in wom en's residence halls by junior resi
dents and has been announced a regularly-scheduled floor meet
ings, according to several senior inss, accor
residents.
The warnings have been issued in the West Halls as a result of a recent inciaent in the area.
in which two girls were ap.
pionched by an unidentified proarhed by an unidentified
man, Mrs. Grace Howe, senior man, Mrs. Grace Howe, senior
mesident in McKee said last resident
night.
In the South Halls area the warnings have been issued, ac-
cording to Reta Peoples, senior

Girls living in Haller and Lyons Neither Dean of Women Dorhave been asked to be careful othy J. Lipp nor Marian B. Davi when out arter dark, the senior son, assistant dean, could be
resident for the halls said last reached for comment last night

Student activities may receive funds from student fees if the activity "serves, represents or is open to the whole student body," according to William F. Fuller, manager of the Associated Student Activities.

Such funds are allotted on a population ratio basis from a general activities fund adminis- residence councils.
tered by ASA, he explained,
$\qquad$ In explaining the operation of Leonid uncis. the present activity budget sys- each independent woman. tem, Fuller gave the following $\begin{aligned} & \text { oLaVie receives } \$ 1.75 \text { for each } \\ & \text { breakdown of fee allotments: }\end{aligned}$ - The Student Govermment As- studs $\$ 110$ The student radio sta. - The Student Government As- gets \$1.10. The student radio sta-
sociation receives 50 c for each tion WDFM gets 20 c per student. student. SGA then allots money $\quad$ Forensics and glee clubs share student. SGA then allots money . Forensics and glee clubs share
to other groups under its juris-
35 c with forensics receiving 220
 Week.
The Association of Women The
dent. Siudents and the Women's Rec-
reation Association split $\$ 1.50$ for


$5 \sim r u r u r u r u r u r u$
50
50
50 Education majors enrolled in Elementary Education 326 did earlier this month when they demonstrated teaching aids in
arithmetic to a group of 23 arithmetic to a group of
Latin American educators. ranged from an abacus to. tions to ask about the devices
and suggestions for their use some thought about, according to Dr.

The project is designed to

Dr. Richard R. Renner, assistant

## Have a WORLD of FUN! <br> Travel with <br> $\square$

 have been asked to announcethat all girls should travel in

$$
\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned}
& \text { groups entering: } \\
& \text { Up to } 1800-A
\end{aligned}\right.
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { groups entering: } \\
& \text { Up to } 180 \text { Alpha Xi Delta and } \\
& \text { Chi Pi, Alpha Gamma Rho and }
\end{aligned}
$$

The teachers, who average 1 years of teaching experience were fascinated with the devices
shown them by the students. They wooden clock
The educators had many quesof which the students had no ucation.
The visiting educators are en rolled in the Latin American Ed ucation Project, sponsored by the University and the Internatio
Cooperation Administration gain a knowledge and broad understanding of the American school system. They spend 11 months studying on the campus and travelling throughout the schools in operation.
Countric: represented in th Colombia, Costa Rica, Ecuador Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua Paraguay and Panama. professor of education, is direc
tor of the nroject. Bor ot the moject
aid.
Miss Genevieve C. James, resiPollock, said yesterday that the junior residents in the area pairs when going out after dark. mon sense for anytime or

## 35 Campus Groups Enter Spring Week

## Thirty-five independent and Greek groups have entered this year's Spring Week carnival, David Cooper, carniva

 application chairman, announced yesterday. each woman student. AWS gets 55 per cent of the $\$ 1.50$the other 45 per cent. 5 Each college council receives Sigma Sigma Sigma, Sigma Delta Tau and Phi Epsilon Pi, Theta and Ewing Hall, Alpha Zeta and Tau Alpha, Nittany Council and Alwerton Hall, Pollock C and Mc-
Elwain Hall, Pollock B and Sim1800 Hall, Zeta Psi and Simmons. 1800 - 1900: Alpha Phi and Kappa Delta Rho, Kappa Kappa
Gamma and Alpha Sigma Phi, Delta Chi and Alpha Omicron Pi,
Delta Upsilon and Delta Zeta, Beta Sigma Rho and Alpha Epsilon Phi, Phi Mu Delta and Alpha Gamma Delta, Kappa Sigma and Alpha Chi Rho, Acacia and Atherton, Tau Kappa Epsilon and Delta East Halls, Sigma Pi and Pi Beta 1900 to present-Delta Phi Eps on and Phi Kappa Theta, Ph Gamma Delta and Kappa Alpha
Theta, Theta Phi Alpha and Zeta Beta Tau, Delta Gamma and Ph Sigma Chi, Delta Sigma Phi and Alpha Chi Omega, Kappa Delta
and Phi Delta Theta, Beta Theta Pi and Chi Omega, Gamma Ph Beta and Lamblachi, North Halls and Pollock $A$
The carnival will be held Satur day night, April 29. Cooper said gelting its own tent and that tents are available at Ray Burial Vault
Tyrone.

## AROUND the WORLD

 ' 30.46 Days, ncl. Air, from $\$ 1,930$ many tours include college credit Also lois cost tours to Mexico $\$ 196$ up, South,Amarica $\$ 937$ up, The West from $\$ 456$, Africa America $\$ 937$ up, The West from $\$ 456$, Africa
from $\$ 1767$,
PRAN S SAA 5
sulto 23. 111 S . Allen St.
AD 8-0528

## ARE YOU FORCED TO BUY?

If the American people were as gullible and as easily persuaded as the critics of advertising insiss, wo would have been forced to lock up our wives and daughters long ago! These critics have far more faith in the power of advertising than any the person-to-person sales pitch of someone trying to sell us an item we don't want. Since the high pressure salesman can be refused, it is hard to credit the admonitions of those who maintain that advertising leads us like sheep to the stores where wo
buy new washing machines to relace scrub boards, or a new car to replace a perbuy new washing machines to replace scrub
fectably serviceable car only ten years old.

These same critics insist the time may come when we will fall into a subliminal trance and elect politicians, buy soap and fly to Europe against our conscious will. What a shock to be rudely awakened by an auto horn and discover that we are in London! How embarrassing to explain to a Bobby
ber was watching the late, late show in State College.

The absurdities of such a situation are clear. But, if we must follow the cyn. ical approach we can rest assured that a rival air line would use a counter electronie ray to send us to Mexico. These hypnotic beams would cancel each other out and wo would remain drearily in State College.

Critics who say advertising makes us buy thinga we don't need are speaking nonsense, bscause the people who say this are confusing needs with wants. You and I buy things all the time - everybody
But we are buying things that we want.

Alfred Marshall observed half a century ago that as the economy expands and man progresses, "his wants become rapidly more subile and more varied; and in the minor details of life he begins to desire change for the sake of change.'

Let us consider two different aspects of spending behavior: 1. Long-term inends in $p$

As to long-term trends in purchasing power, every indication is that the "leveling process "of having a huge midale majority is not just a maiter of income. it is also that people are becoming more and more uniform in their pratterns of choice in the world, we have tended as consumers to become more and more alike in what we do and how we spend our money! We have tended again and again to buy the same products which everybody else has, and not to deviate from this very much becauso we do not went to appear too different from our neighbors.

How do spending habits change with changes in income? We continue to become more of a middle class market, but this huge middle class market may not always be content with tendencies to uniformity. Perhaps people will want to upgrade their living and will no longer be satisfied with six neckties, but will want 20.

Today most of us have an enormous amount of free time, to use as we wish. For producers, the opportunities to manufacture all kinds of leisure materiala are excellent. 'Sociologists now wonder how long it will take for people to become satiated with watching TV, reading magazines and smoking cigarettes? Many people

Actually, there is considerable uniformity as to the percentage of the dollar income spent on recreational activities, regardless of family income. About 5 cents
out of every dollar goes for recreation. The really startling thing is the consistency out of every dollar goes for recreation. The really starining ining is ine cons
of the percentage, $5-6$ per cens, allotied for recreation, regardless of income.

re tremendous - new ways of putting, things together, new ways of packaging.
As consumers, We want all sorts of things, and because we have learned to ucts have become more expensive. There is more to it than that, of course - but to some extent variety is the spice of price. Competing manufacturers, using advertising to inform the public, will force prices down as new products become more plentiful.

Leading American economists, at a conference in 1958, were almost unani-
in their opinion that there should be no attempt to "tone down" the number of mous th their opinion that there should be no attempt to "tone down" the number of

Our view has been well put by Dr. Richard G. Gettell, formerly economist for Fortune magazine and now president of Mount Holyoke College: "In this less waste. But as soon as we contemplate alternatives involving more government regulation, or restriction of advertising, it is felt that, first, we cen afford the waste, and, second, that the sacrifice of inhibiting that sort of thing should be greater than the
alternative of accepting the waste."

