

Kefauver, Eisenhower Happy Over Victories

By The Associated Press

Both Senator Kefauver of Tennessee and Gen. Eisenhower said yesterday (Wednesday) they were happy about their victories in the New Hampshire presidential primaries.

But the losers didn't concede anything either.

Republican leaders yesterday hailed the upset defeat of President Truman in New Hampshire as a "complete repudiation of Trumanism" and an omen for GOP victory in November.

Senator Estes Kefauver, who beat the President, said he thought his triumph over Truman by a margin of 20,147 to 16,298, indicated that Democratic voters want "new ideas, new face, and aggressive action."

On the Republican side, General Dwight D. Eisenhower, who uttered not a single word on his own behalf during the New Hampshire campaign, beat Taft by 46,497 votes to 35,820, with former Gov. Harold E. Stassen of Minnesota trailing in third place with 6549 and Gen. Douglas MacArthur fourth with 2974.

Taft, busy campaigning in Texas, told newsmen he was "a little disappointed" over his showing in the New Hampshire race.

Other comments were:

PARIS, March 12—(AP)—Gen. Eisenhower heard the returns from New Hampshire today and said he was proud of getting so much support—by golly.

At Rhine-Main airport, Frankfurt he said: "Any American who is honored by so many Americans considering him fit for the Presidency should be proud or, by golly, he is no American."

WASHINGTON, March 12—(AP)—Senator Kefauver, a great believer in the political power of the handshake, said today he plans to keep right on with the same sort of campaign that brought him victory in New Hampshire.

"I will continue to take my campaign to the people," Kefauver told a cheering crowd out to meet him at the airport. The New Hampshire results, he said, were "encouraging."

KEY WEST, Fla., March 12—(AP)—President Truman maintained silence today in his defeat in the New Hampshire Democratic primary while he studied ways to recover lost prestige.

He let it be known that Tennessee Senator Estes Kefauver's sweep of the first presidential preference primary would have absolutely no effect on his decision whether to seek re-election.

Reds Bolster Troops

LONDON, March 12—(AP)—Soviet Russia has been sending more troops into eastern Germany during the past few months, the House of Commons was told today. Nigel Birch, parliamentary undersecretary in the ministry of defense, said details were a military secret.

Cuban Tank, Soldiers



A CUBAN ARMY TANK, surrounded by Cuban soldiers, stands in the street near the presidential palace in Havana, March 10, during the revolt staged by the Army and strong man Fulgencio Batista. (AP Wirephoto)

Takes Oath



Fulgencio Batista

Batista Takes Oath As Cuban Prime Minister

HAVANA, Cuba, March 12—(AP)—Fulgencio Batista, Cuba's strong man, took the oath as prime minister of his revolutionary government late today in the presidential palace.

The man he kicked out of office, President Carlos Prio Socarras, remained at the Mexican Embassy, where he had fled for asylum, and deferred until tomorrow at least a flight to exile in Mexico. Batista has given him safe conduct guarantees. There was no immediate explanation for Prio's decision to stay in Cuba another night.

Before the oath-taking, Batista, tired and hoarse, strode across a palace terrace, receiving applause from a crowd of about 2000 in the park opposite.

Batista in his terrace speech assailed Prio for "converting himself into an election agent for his unpopular, hand-picked candidate." Batista repeated his charge that Prio had planned a phony revolution April 15 to keep himself in power.

U.S. to Begin Negotiations With Spain

WASHINGTON, March 12—(AP)—Secretary of State Acheson said today that the United States is ready to start negotiations this month with the Franco government for American naval and air bases in Spain.

Newly-appointed Ambassador Lincoln MacVeagh will carry on the negotiations with the assistance of a 100 million dollars bank roll, already voted by Congress as aid to Spain.

He will be assisted by a four-member military mission headed by Maj. Gen. August W. Kissner of the air force.

Acheson announced this development in the western defense buildup at a news conference where he also said that the United States is forced to rearm "by the threat to world peace and security stemming from the existence of huge armies and armaments in the Soviet Union and its satellites."

In a statement on the United Nations disarmament commission which starts work Friday in New York, he said that the U.S. is prepared to negotiate in good faith. He said this country is ready "as we have always been" to reduce armed forces "if agreement can be reached on an effective plan of balanced disarmament."

Red Aircraft Industry Solid Figures Show

WASHINGTON, March 12—(AP)—Russia has about 85 aircraft factories and more than 28 engine plants and probably produced 22,000 airplanes—half of them fighters—last year, the technical and trade magazine, Aviation Age, said today.

It added that the plants are well scattered, from Smolensk and Kiev in the west all the way across the vast nation to Kamohatka peninsula north of Japan.

But the only three of large size are in the west: one near Gorki—southeast Moscow—with a production area of almost 30 acres; one in Moscow; and the largest at Tiflis, a short plane-hop from the Turkish border.

Aviation Age estimated that in 1951 Russia produced 10,700 fighters, 530 reconnaissance planes, 3060 light and medium bombers, 1246 heavy bombers, 1430 transport aircraft, and 5000 trainers and liaison aircraft.

1960 Census Guess Called Inadequate

HARRISBURG, March 12—(AP)—The state planning board today said the population forecast for 1960 made by the U.S. Census Bureau is of little value.

The census bureau has predicted that by 1960 Pennsylvania might have either 10,755,000, 11,266,000 or 11,992,000 persons.

"To a person wishing to make some practical use of a population estimate," the board said, "these figures are of little help."

It said the range is so extreme that one is left in a position not much better than if the weather bureau predicted for tomorrow either warm with a heavy rain, cloudy with light showers or fair and colder—take your pick.

U.S. Cuts Economic Aid To Western Germany

BONN, Germany, March 12—(AP)—American economic aid to western Germany will amount to 106 million dollars in the year ending June 30, the Mutual Security Agency (MSA) announced tonight. Last year the aid totaled \$384,758,000.

Denies Red Charges



GEN. MATTHEW B. RIDGWAY, supreme UN commander, wearing his customary battle dress including grenade strapped to shoulder, tells newsmen at the Munsan, Korea, peace camp that Red accusations of bacteriological warfare are "known falsehoods." He said it was impossible for him to guess what would happen next in current peace talks with the Reds. Vice Admiral C. Turner Joy, chief UN negotiator, listens at left. (AP Wirephoto via radio from Tokyo.)

Red Korea Proposal Rejected by UN

MUNSAN, Korea, Thursday, March 13—(AP)—The Reds changed their tough tune at the Korean truce talks Wednesday, apparently because of the stern Allied warning against further threats.

There still was no progress.

In sharp contrast to their tirades of several days ago, the Reds Wednesday suggested mildly that neutral truce inspectors—in-

cluding Russia—be permitted to examine secret military equipment.

The United Nations command rejected the proposal on grounds it "amounted to a forced gathering of military intelligence." The Allies want inspection of replacement equipment only.

Regarding Russia as one of the neutral inspectors, the Allies previously said no—finally and irrevocably. That is one major roadblock in the current truce supervision negotiations.

In an adjoining faded tent at Panmunjom, Allied truce delegates told the Reds again they could not accept the vaguely-worded Communist proposal of March 5 to exchange prisoners on the basis of lists already traded.

U.S. Rear Adm. R. E. Libby, UN command delegate, said the Allies still insist on voluntary repatriation of prisoners—a point the Reds have said they would "reject forever if necessary."

SEOUL, Thursday, March 13—(AP)—Sharp-shooting U.S. jet pilots destroyed four more Communist MIGs Wednesday in the third straight day of some of the hottest air combat of the entire Korean war.

The Communists so far this week have lost at least 15 of the swift jets in their futile effort to ward off the fierce air blows that are battering the Red supply system.

They lost four Tuesday and seven Monday. In addition, one MIG was probably destroyed and 10 damaged. Allied losses, if any, will be recorded later in a weekly summary.

In Wednesday's seven-minute dogfight high over northwest Korea, the U.S. jets outnumbered the Reds for a change—20 F-86s against 17 MIGs.

New Affidavit Filed for Hiss

NEW YORK, March 12—(AP)—Alger Hiss' lawyer charged today that an old typewriter which helped imprison Hiss was faked and planted evidence.

Said Attorney Chester T. Lane in a new affidavit:

"It can only have been planted on the defense by or on behalf of Whitaker Chambers as part of his plot for the false incrimination of Alger Hiss."

Hiss is serving a five year federal prison term for lying. He has denied he ever gave government secrets to Chambers to give to a prewar Russian spy ring.

Lane said he has evidence the type on the old Woodstock was unsoldered and replaced with type faces from another machine.

Morris Claims No Knowledge Of Oil Embargo

WASHINGTON, March 12—(AP)—Newbold Morris testified today he did not know the defense department was objecting in 1949 to oil deliveries to Red China by a shipping firm with which he has ties. He said he would have stopped them if he had known.

In fact, Morris told investigating senators, he did not even learn of the shipments until December, 1949, or January, 1950.

Morris, New York lawyer picked by President Truman to clean up the government, was back for the second day before the Senate investigations subcommittee, and again it was a rough and tumble session.

In one angry flareup, Morris told Sen. McCarthy, (R-Wis), "you've knocked off a lot of characters but you're not going to knock off me."

McCarthy had declared the oil shipments helped "sign the death warrants of American boys in Korea," and had said to Morris: "Either you were the greatest dope and the greatest dupe of all time, or you were responsible for earning a vast amount of money that was soaked in American blood."

McCarthy challenged Morris to name "any characters McCarthy knocked off that shouldn't have been knocked off."

Morris mentioned no names. The oil was hauled between June, 1949, and May, 1950, by ships of United Tanker Corp., New York. The Korean war began in June, 1950.

THE TAVERN

MENU

Thursday, March 13

HUNGARIAN GOULASH
CALVES LIVER - ONIONS
ITALIAN SPAGHETTI
PRIME STEAKS

DINNER 5-7:30 p.m.
Reservations after 6:30