

The County Superintendency.

The recent triennial election of County Superintendents throughout the State has again brought the question of the superintendency prominently before the eyes of the public.

Let us glance for a moment at the magnitude of our school system. For the school year 1868, it comprised 13,667 schools, 16,871 teachers, 746,726 pupils.

We think that no candid individual who is acquainted with the facts, whose knowledge, whether derived from personal observation or from reading, will enable him to compare the system as it was twenty years ago with it as we find it to-day.

That in many cases the best man is not chosen to the office, is no argument whatever against it. That remark will apply to every office equally well.

On motion, the Representative delegate to be elected was instructed to support Gen. John W. Geary as Cambria county's first choice for Governor.

On motion, Messrs. F. M. Flanagan, J. M. Christy, and R. H. Canan were appointed Senatorial conferees to meet like conferees from Jefferson and Indiana counties, on a day to be hereafter named.

The District Court.

The District Court is creating trouble in the south of this county. With the legal fraternity there, it seems to be popular, but with those who are neither lawyers nor sons of lawyers, it is said to be looked on with positive disfavor.

Concerning the specific disposal of the money which has been or will be paid to carry on the court, there is also a row. Fronheiser's hall, which is reported on one hand to be a large, light, and airy building, and well calculated to meet the wants of the Court, and on the other hand to be a low, dingy, uncommodious, ill-contrived, out-of-the-way, and dear-at-any-price second story hall, was offered for a yearly rental of \$400.

Some persons see in this action of the Judges a piece of reprehensible extravagance—an outrage on the tax payers. Our neighbor the Freeman takes this view of the case, and has been saying some very plain things about it.

We know nothing as to the merits of the respective halls named, and so can give the preference to neither. But we have seen Union Hall, and it strikes us that a yearly rental of \$800 is a trifle steep for that building, especially seeing that it will be used by the Court only four or five weeks during the year.

We think that no candid individual who is acquainted with the facts, whose knowledge, whether derived from personal observation or from reading, will enable him to compare the system as it was twenty years ago with it as we find it to-day.

The Law on the Subject.

Now, to wit, June 2d, comes bounding into the legal arena the editor of the Williamsburg Temperance Indicator—one Dr. J. P. Thompson—redolent of the aroma of assosfetida and arnica, pills and powders, and sarsaparilla and squills.

We are not a lawyer, as the editor of the Indicator presumes himself to be, yet we undertake to tell him that under the license law of this State, if a citizen of the district in which he resides presents his petition, signed by twelve citizens, to the Court, setting forth that he is a man of good moral character and that he is provided with all necessary accommodations for keeping an inn, that although twenty remonstrances were presented against the granting of the license, yet the court, under law, is bound to grant it, unless it is well satisfied that the applicant is unfit in a personal point of view, or that he has not the necessary house-room and other accommodations.

As we have heretofore said, a Judge does not make the law, but only executes it. If a law is thought bad, the proper course is to attack the body who made that law—not him whose sworn duty it is to carry it into effect.

The accounts from Cuba are very conflicting, but it is thought the advantage is with the revolutionists. Anarchy prevails all over the island, and the Spanish rule must crumble away.

EDITORIAL ETCHINGS.

Look well—the crops. Paris dandies wear silk coats. Large—the attendance at Court. J. Frost bobbed round on Sunday night.

The juveniles were entertained by an organ grinder the other day. There were 128 deaths in Baltimore last week. Wheat is heading out near Quincy, Ill.

The season at Saratoga has fairly commenced. All the hotels are open. There are still 400 lines of stage coaches in America.

Means business—our Street Commissioner. Look out for him. Several hogs were "gobbled" the other evening.

Fruit growers complain that apples will be scarce this year. Gen. Jos. E. Johnston is a candidate for Mayor of Savannah.

Read our advertisements before making a purchase. A \$1,000,000 diamond has been found at the Cape of Good Hope.

The graves of Confederate dead at Richmond were decorated. Queen Victoria is to make a Continental trip this summer.

Coming—the Fourth of July?—How shall we celebrate it? The Huntington Globe says: We have authority for saying that Hon. D. J. Morrell is not a candidate for Governor.

We acknowledge the receipt of a handsome mess of new potatoes from Falter, the vegetable man. The small-pox, which has been raging in New York for three or four weeks, is subsiding.

San Francisco papers of the 21st were in New York by tea o'clock on the 29th ult. "Your feeble kicks never hurt any one."—Tem. Vin.

Can you say as much of your pills and potions. The Hollidaysburg Standard touches on the topic of hogs. He is at home there.

The Tem. Vin. calls us a whisky apologist. It is a whisky apol-lis-gist. The ninth anniversary of the Pa. Reserve Corps was celebrated at West Chester on the 1st.

Pratt's whitening factory, in Philadelphia, was burned yesterday morning. Loss, \$20,000. The editor of the Tem. Indicator calls whisky benzine, and styles himself an M. D.

"Write the name, town, county, and State very plain."—T. Vin. Or the editor of T. V. will not be able to read them.

"A little of the hair of the dog that bit him."—Tem. Vin. We put things by their proper name a couple of weeks ago.

Holmesburg, Bucks county, boasts of the oldest grist mill in the State, it having been built in 1679, or one hundred and ninety years ago.

"What are we to understand by 'of course'?"—T. V. You are to understand by it that "of course" you are a blockhead.

A Nebraska editor says "hell is treeless" and taking that original assertion for a text, he warmly exhorts his readers to "plant trees," in order to make a difference between Nebraska and hell.

A lady living in Louisville, who weighs 200 pounds, has lived for the past two months without eating the least food. The attending physicians can give no aid, as she suffers neither pain nor hunger.

The McKibbins, who for so many years held undisturbed sway at the celebrated "Merchants' Hotel," in Philadelphia, have sold out their interest to Messrs. Hager, Dash & Co.

Last Friday evening the town of Shipman, Illinois, was almost completely destroyed by a tornado. The loss of property is estimated at \$500,000, and several persons were badly injured.

In Fayette county is an apple tree which was planted in 1772, four years before the revolution. It is said to be still in good condition. Forty bushels of apples is its average yield for each season.

At the Union Course, Long Island, the trot for the \$2,500 purse was won by American Girl, who beat Lucy and Goldsmith Maid in 2:23 1/2, 2:23 and 2:25. Lady Thorne was lame. It was showery, but there were nearly 5,000 persons present.

Janessville, Wis., has exported the skins of 40,000 muskrats this season. A firm of Sac City, Sac county, Iowa, have, during the same period, hauled 60,000 muskrat skins. The average value of these skins is twenty cents.

—David Stewart, Sr., an old and respected iron master, died at Colerain Forge, Huntingdon county, on the 19th ult., aged 77 years. A call has been issued, by a meeting of Irishmen at Clacinnai, for a national convention, to meet in St. Louis on the 1st of September, to establish Irish emigrant aid societies for settling Irish immigrants on western lands.

The Lewistown Democrat gives Wm. A. Wallace the following left-handed compliment: "It is said that Hon. Wm. A. Wallace declines to serve further as Chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee." It would have been better for the party, beyond doubt, if he had declined two years ago.

The Bedford Springs will open on the 10th inst. Several improvements have been made looking to the comfort of visitors. One hotel has had a double row of porches built all around it, and another a private boarding house, we believe, has had a new ten pin alley and a croquet ground added to it.

Minnie Ream's statue of Abraham Lincoln, if not a masterpiece of art, is as literal a representation of him as can be found outside of a collection of wax works. His coat, his cravat, his gloves, and even his boots have been so carefully studied by Miss Ream that future generations will be in no doubt as to Mr. Lincoln's "deas of dress."

Since the French discovery that sewing machines can be economically run by an electro-magnetic engine, parties in Hartford have been experimenting upon a miniature steam engine, to be used in the same way. It is expected that a single engine will furnish power enough for several machines and at the same time be so cheap as to be within the reach of every one.

Indian outrages have of late come under the joint attention of the President, the Secretary of War, and the Commissioner for the Indians. The result of their deliberations is the adoption of a measure urged by Senator Ross—the establishment of more military posts along the frontier. The President purposes to issue a proclamation outlawing all bands found out of their reservations.

Notwithstanding General Sickles accepted the Spanish mission, there are certain conditions connected with it which render it doubtful whether he will enter upon his duties. Secretary Fish has addressed him a letter, asking if he was ready to proceed to his post, as the President was anxious we should have a representative there immediately on the retirement of the present Minister, which takes place July 1.

Public opinion is becoming aroused to the importance of changing the laws of our State relative to the office of State Treasurer and the custody of the public money. That we should have continued so long to lose a practice, now that attention has been called to it, is surprising to every one. Other States, which had this or similar laws, long since changed them; not, however, before experience had taught a severe lesson in large losses and public scandal.

A swindling firm in New York, styled S. W. Waters & Co., lottery agents, wrote some days ago to Ex-Gov. Thomas E. Bramlette, of Kentucky, informing him that he had won a watch worth \$250, and that by sending \$13.50 to the firm it would be expressed immediately. Bramlette had purchased no ticket, but suspecting some rascality, ordered Waters & Co., to express the watch C. O. D. The prize was sent, and as suspected, it was a miserable brass watch. Bramlette having paid the charges, went before a Justice and attached the money and the watch in the hands of the Express Company.

Horace Greeley has commenced a series of articles in the Tribune, on Political Economy, in which he will "expound and defend the doctrine of Protection." In the several chapters before us, Mr. Greeley handles his subject in a clear, able and forcible manner, which is a sure guarantee of what is to come, and we only regret that every man in the country cannot have the opportunity of reading and reflecting over the principles promulgated by so able and clear-sighted an advocate of protection to American industry as Horace Greeley, who is surrounded on every side by Free Traders, yet he bears the lion in his den.

THE MARKETS. EPHRATA, June 10, 1869. Reported for The Alleghanian by V. S. Barker. Apples, dried, lb. 13 Wheat, bu. 1.50 Beans, 3.00 Oats, 1.25 Butter, 25 Lard, lb. 20 Bacon, 15 Fish, Lake Her., 6.00 Corn, bu. 1.25 Flour, White, 11.00 Eggs, doz. 15 " Mackerel, 10.00 Flour, blk., 8.00 @ 9.00 " Flaxseed, 2.50 Hay, ton, 20 @ Flaxseed, 2.50 Potatoes, bu. 1 @ 2.00 Beeswax, lb. 35 Tye, 1.25 Country Soap, 15 S. L. bbl. 3.50 Tallow, 15 PHILADELPHIA, June 8, 1869. Flour, \$5 @ \$5.50. Extra fancy brand, \$5.75 @ \$6.15. Wheat, \$1.50 @ \$1.65. Rye, \$1.48. Corn, \$1 @ \$1.25. Sugar, 12c. to 13c. Hams, 18c. @ 19c. PITTSBURGH, June 9, 1869. Eggs, 18c. Butter, 10c. to 10c. Hams, 17c. to 21c. Cheese, 16c. to 25c. Potatoes, 50c. Flour, \$25 @ \$32. Flour, \$5.50 to \$9.00.

DISSOLUTION.—Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing under the name of S. A. Kephart & Co., was dissolved on the 20th of May last. The books, accounts, &c., have been left with Kephart Bros. at the old stand for settlement. S. A. KEPHART & Co. June 3, 31

THOS. J. LLOYD.—Dealer in LUMBER OF ALL KINDS, EPHRATA, CAMBRIA COUNTY, PA. The highest market price will be paid in cash, for all kinds of good Lumber. Particular attention paid to filling all orders. [Aug. 13.]

LATEST ARRIVAL! AT THE LARGE AND ELEGANT NEW ROOM OF ZAHM & SON, High Street, Ebensburg Pa.

ENTIRE NEW STOCK OF GOODS! Consisting in part of DRY GOODS, DRESS GOODS, CLOTHING, BOOTS and SHOES, HATS and CAPS, AND A FULL LINE OF SUMMER GOODS!

GROCERIES! Coffee, Sugars, Syrup, Candles, Molasses, Tea, Spices, Hams, Oils, Fish, Cheese, Crackers.

HARDWARE! A general assortment of Hardware will always be kept on hand.

QUEENSWARE! In great variety. FLOUR, FEED, &c., &c.

By keeping constantly on hand a well assorted stock of goods the undersigned hope to merit and receive a liberal share of patronage. June 19] ZAHM & SON.

ESTABLISHED IN 1856. THE JOHNSTOWN DRUG STORE! Is the oldest and largest in Cambria County.

It is the place to buy your DRUGS AND MEDICINES! It is the place to buy your PAINTS AND OILS! It is the place to buy your DYES AND DYE STUFFS!

It is the place to buy your PERFUMERY, TOILET ARTICLES, HAIR RESTORERS AND DYES, PATENT MEDICINES, and all other articles pertaining to a FIRST CLASS DRUG STORE!

OUR STOCK IS THE LARGEST EVER OFFERED IN THE COUNTY! Agent for Davis, Chambers & Co.'s PURE WHITE LEAD!

WHICH IS THE BEST IN THE MARKET. Dealers can save freight by purchasing their goods from our house. Price lists sent on application. C. T. FRAZER, No. 201 Main street, Johnstown, Pa. June 8]

M. L. OATMAN, DEALER IN CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES!

consisting in part of DOUBLE EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR, GRAIN, FRED, BAGGON, SALT FISH, DRIED APPLES AND PEACHES, ALL KINDS OF CANNED FRUITS!!

SUGARS! TEAS! COFFEES! SYRUPS! MOLASSES! CHEESE! &c., &c., &c.

Also a large stock of the best brands of CIGARS AND TOBACCO! Store on High-st., three doors east of Crawford's Hotel. [Feb. 4.]

VALUABLE TOWN PROPERTY AT PRIVATE SALE.—The undersigned will sell at private sale the House and Lot in the East Ward of Ebensburg Borough, fronting 66 feet on High street, and extending back along Caroline street 264 to Lloyd street.

For terms apply to Catharine Roberts, at the residence of R. E. Jones, in the West ward of said Borough, or to the undersigned at his office. WM. H. SECHLER, Attorney at law. May 13-14]

GEO. F. ROBINSON, Manufacturer of PINE, HEMLOCK, BEECH, and MAPLE LUMBER. Also, FLOORING, WEATHERBOARDING, SHINGLES, LATH, BLACK WALNUT, ASH, AND CHERRY.

Orders sent to Ebensburg Cambria co., or Rush House, Pittsburg, will be promptly attended to. [Aug. 13.]

HAVE YOU SUBSCRIBED FOR "THE ALLEGHANIAN"? TERMS, \$2.00 PER YEAR, IN ADVANCE

NEW GOODS! CHEAP GOODS! WHOLESALE AND RETAIL CONFECTIONERY! West end Cambria House, Ebensburg, A. H. Faller, Proprietor.

ANOTHER LARGE STOCK ANOTHER LARGE STOCK ANOTHER LARGE STOCK OF CONFECTIONERY Just received and for sale cheaper than ANY OTHER MERCHANT in Ebensburg CAN AFFORD TO SELL.

1,000 Pounds Stick Candles, 500 Pounds Fancy Candles, 700 Pounds Assorted, 10 Boxes Prunes, 7 Boxes Currants, 6,000 Boxes Prime Cigars, &c., &c., &c.

RESTAURANT! where will be served at all hours OYSTERS, stewed or fried, HOT COFFEE, PIGS' FEET, TRIPE, SARDINES, DRIED BEEF, &c., &c.

IF YOU WANT BARGAINS, GIVE ME A CALL. A. H. FALLER. Jan. 7, 1869.

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS! THE PEOPLE'S ONE PRICED STORE! HIGH STREET, EPHRATA, PA. ASK FOR FRY'S CHEAP STORE.

EVERYTHING BOUGHT SINCE THE GREAT DECLINE IN PRICES.

THE LARGEST AND CHEAPEST STOCK OF GOODS IN TOWN.

BARGAINS! NEW STOCK OF DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, &c., JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE AT THE NEW CHEAP CASH STORE OF A. G. FRY!

In the rooms formerly occupied by R. H. Tabor, on High-st. BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS! BROWN MUSLINS, BLEACHED MUSLINS, CHECKS, GINGHAM, TICKINGS, SHIRTINGS, DENIMS, DRILLS, JEANS, DELAINES, LAWNS, PRINTS, &c.

BOOTS AND SHOES! Men's Calf and Kid Boots, Ladies Congress Gaiters, and French Morocco Shoes, Children's Shoes.

BARGAINS IN GROCERIES! COFFEES, TEAS, SYRUPS, MOLASSES, SYRUPS, SOAPS, CANDLES, SPICES, &c., &c., &c.

HARDWARE IN GREAT VARIETY! QUEENSWARE AND GLASSWARE! CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS! A beautiful assortment of hand and foot sale cheap.

PROVISIONS! HAM, LARD, BUTTER, SJOE, SHOULDERS, EGGS, MESS PORK, CHEESE, FISH, &c.

COUNTRY PRODUCE! taken in exchange for goods. Call and be convinced that I am selling cheaper than any other store in the county. QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS. May 13, 69.] A. G. FRY