The Alleghanian.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1867.

Texts from the "Democrat."

"From all directions come the complaints of laborers unemployed, and that many with their families are really suffering for the want of the necessaries of life. Why this is so is a matter demanding the vigilant attention of the American people. The products of the laborer demand high prices. Money is abundant—more in circulation in ratio with the number of inhabitants than any other country in the world. To a casual observer, this state of things cannot be explained."

We take the foregoing paragraph from the Johnstown *Democrat* of last week, with the design of testing the accuracy of its statements. As the *Democrat* declares that "from all directions come the complaints of laborers unemployed," we ask if such complaint comes to an unusual or alarming extent from the toiling people of its own neighborhood? Many of our large manufacturing establishments are unfortunately closed, but much as the *Democrat* may deplore the fact of their being closed, it never has a word to say in favor of measures that will enable them to re-open.

The price of wool is fifty cents per pound, and woolen goods are nearly or quite as low as before the war; the price of muslins ranges at retail from eighteen to twenty-six cents per yard; the difference between the cost of a ton of American iron and a ton of English iron is twelve dollars, after adding to the English ton the cost of transportation—is so great that the Union Pacific railway, which is bound by its charter to use American iron, petitions Congress to allow them to use foreign iron; and yet the *Democrat* tells its readers that "the products of the laborer demand high prices." Does the *Democrat* presume upon the ignorance of its patrons?

We have the authority of perhaps the ablest statistician and economist of our day for saying that the amount of money in circulation in the United States is less in ratio to the number of inhabitants than that of either England or France. In England, it is $30 per head; in France, it is $25; but in the United States, it is about $12.50 per head. Yet the *Democrat* says that the amount of money "in circulation is more in ratio with the number of inhabitants than any other country in the world." So much for a mere matter of fact.

The *Democrat* does not undertake to divine the cause of its asserted state of affairs, but with astounding astuteness of intellect declares that the cause "is attributable in a great measure to the present appearance of instability in our government," and certain acts of usurpation by a "Rump Congress," of all which "the result is, stagnation in business and a fearful *looking for impending ruin, &c.*" Will our cotemporary allow its attention to be called to a few facts not deniable by any one? Neither throughout the war, nor for a year afterward, was there stagnation in business nor lack of employment for laborers, yet taking the *Democrat's* word for it, disunion was impending then, and usurpations by the Executive and by Congress were of frequent occurrence.—Why, then, should stagnation seize us now? We will try to make the *Democrat* sensible of the reason.

During the fiscal year ending in 1866, our imports, according to the report of the Secretary of the Treasury, exceeded our exports to the amount of *One Hundred Millions of Dollars.* Until within a very short time past, we have continued to import enormous quantities of other really needless fabrics, or fabrics which we ourselves should have manufactured, thus increasing our indebtedness to foreign capitalists; and this debt we pay to a great extent in Government bonds at seventy-five cents on the dollar. Many of our iron mills have ceased operations. Nearly all our woolen factories have closed, and also our cotton factories. Yet have we ceased to consume iron, or to wear woolen or cotton goods as largely as in former periods? If the *Democrat* so affirms, will it be good enough to explain our astounding imports of foreign manufactures, nearly all which should be manufactured at home? We claim that a European balance of trade against us proves conclusively, not that we have ceased to consume, but that we are consuming the products of foreign workshops. And if the *Democrat* will show this claim to be untrue, we will stand corrected.—One plain, efficient remedy exists for the present stagnation in some branches of industry, and that remedy is an adequate protective tariff—yet few Democratic speakers or presses have a word of encouragement to utter for protection. During the war, the internal tax about equaled the tariff on many articles of manufacture, but the inflated state of the currency made it unprofitable to import foreign goods or wares, thus giving the country increased protection.

The present condition of the Southern States affects the trade between them and the North, and to a like extent retards the prosperity of the whole country, yet we hope that ere another year shall pass away they will be represented in both branches of Congress. As an axiom in the work of reconstruction, we know of none better than the words of the *Democrat* that—

"The stability of the government and the prosperity of our citizens depend upon a perpetuity of the union of these States, and a settled policy of government, guaranteeing to all the citizens of the whole country their inalienable rights. And until this is accomplished, the sun of prosperity will not shine upon us as a people. We need equal laws, equal participation in all the favors and blessings of government. These blessings should fall like the dew of heaven—on all alike, North and South, East and West."

The *Democrat* has indeed stated with exact accuracy the entire platform of the Republican party in the great work of reconstruction. The trouble is the *Democrat* and its friends will not stand by its declaration. Every man, woman or child born in the country, saving certain tribes of red men, is a citizen thereof, but the moment "equal laws" or "inalienable rights" are to be given to a black man, no odds how true, how intelligent, how capable, we hear the cry, "He's a nigger!"

Light!

There seems to be a prospect, at last, of reconciliation between the President and Congress. On Saturday night, the Senate finally adopted Mr. Sherman's substitute for Mr. Stevens' military organization bill, (previously passed by the House,) by a vote of 29 yeas to 10 nays.—The substitute provides for dividing the rebel States into military districts, which, until civil governments are restored, will be governed by military commanders designated by the President. The Constitutional Amendment is to be the basis for restoring civil governments; all male persons of proper age, without regard to race or color, are to be voters from the start, and whenever a State shall thus reorganize and elect representatives, it shall be admitted to a seat in Congress. This plan is said to have the concurrence of the President, who has felt himself obliged to yield somewhat to the pressure brought to bear upon him by the loyalty of the people. The bill goes to the House, where it is thought it will speedily pass.

Mr. Sherman's bill embraces every essential idea contended for by Congress from the start. It declares that no legal government or adequate protection for life or property exists in the rebel States; it inflicts a penalty upon treason; it disfranchises leading traitors; it repudiates the rebel debt; it preserves inviolate the Federal debt; it secures equal suffrage. In short, it will do to tie on to. The problem of reconstruction has been a knotty one, but it looks as if the present Congress would prove equal to the task of solving it.

The Bounty Bill.

On Friday last, the lower House of Congress passed the Bounty bill by a vote of 95 to 68. In the shape it was passed, it gives $8.33 per month for each month's service during the war, to each soldier, sailor, and marine, deducting all bounties or annuities previously allowed, and excluding all substitutes or captured prisoners of war who enlisted into our army, and all those who were discharged at their own request prior to April 19, 1865, unless such discharge was obtained to re-enlist or to accept promotion. The bill repeals the main sections of the act of July 28, 1866, but permits the papers and evidence already filed under that act to be used in the settlement of the claims under this present act, but deducts all moneys paid claimants under the law of last year. It is substantially the same as the bill passed by the House at the last session, but which failed to be considered by the Senate. It will go to the Senate for concurrence, but it is believed it will share the fate of its predecessor.

While a company of U. S. soldiers were passing through Richmond, lately, a rebel flag was displayed at the window of a prominent citizen. Gen. Granger wrote to the Mayor of the city on the subject. His worship replied that the people of Richmond were loyal and law-abiding, and that the display of the rebel rag was not intended as an insult to the government. Whereupon all parties shook hands and took a drink. Is it any wonder the whipped rebels remain defiant and unsubdued?

Treading close on the heels of the reported change in the Presidential policy comes the rumor of pending changes in the Presidential Cabinet. It is positively affirmed that Secretaries Seward and Randall will shortly resign their portfolios of office, while further changes are not unlooked for. By common consent, Horace Greeley is held to be the coming man for the Postmaster Generalship.

Surratt, the assassination conspirator, has arrived at New York.

EDITORIAL ETCHINGS.

☞ Going—the snow.

☞ Going to go—the mud.

☞ To-morrow is Washington's birthday.

☞ Hon. A. A. Barker attended a late State dinner of President Johnson.

☞ They have an astronomical observatory in Pittsburg.

☞ P. T. Barnum has been nominated for Congress in the 4th Connecticut district.

☞ "Tom. cat." is a Western abbreviation of tomato catsup.

☞ Johnstown wasn't flooded away, but a good many of its inhabitants fled away.

☞ Only two prisoners died in the Western Penitentiary during 1866.

☞ Cowan's nomination as Minister to Austria has been rejected by the Senate.

☞ A religious revival is in progress in the Methodist churches of Johnstown.

☞ George W. Oatman, Esq., of Ebensburg, was admitted to practice in the Blair county Court at its late session.

☞ A crumb of comfort for the prematurely gray—"whom the gods love dye young."

☞ The unkindest cut of all—Bradley's cut, on the Ebensburg Branch, in a snow storm.

☞ Hezekiah Malone, the Blair county bigamist, was sentenced to nine months in the Western Penitentiary.

☞ George Alfred Townsend lectured in Pittsburg on "Europe Armed" on Thursday night.

☞ The Hollidaysburg *Register* condemns the jail at that place as unfit for the safe confinement of prisoners.

☞ The "Immortal" J. N. Free, well known here and hereabout, died in Alabama a few days since.

☞ The Pittsburg and Connellsville railroad bill was killed in the State Senate on Friday, by a vote of 13 to 17.

☞ Another Atlantic cable, with its termini on American and Portugese soil, is going to be laid.

☞ George C. Fisher, of Johnstown, had the cap of one of his knees knocked off by a barrel of oil falling upon him.

☞ It is not true that Gen. Butler has prosecuted "Brick" Pomeroy for slander.—The General does not step out of his path to kick skunks.

☞ The First Nine of the Enterprise Base Ball Club intend signalizing the opening of the spring campaign by making an extensive professional tour westward.

☞ Both Houses of the Pennsylvania Legislature have passed and Governor Geary has signed a resolution ratifying the Constitutional amendments.

☞ The Fenians are on the rampage in Ireland. Cable dispatches state that some fighting has occurred between them and the Queen's troops.

☞ Lightning in February! The dwelling house of Mr. Wm. Stem, in Northampton county, this State, was twice struck by lightning during the prevalence of a storm on the night of the 9th.

☞ A State Temperance Convention is called to meet in Harrisburg on Tuesday, 26th inst. The call is signed by Governor Geary, Secretary of State Jordan, Speaker of the Senate Hall, and many other eminent gentlemen.

☞ Solomon Johnson, a colored man, and formerly President Lincoln's barber, has been appointed to a first class clerkship in the Treasury Department at Washington, with a desk in the Secretary's office. Don't the world move?

☞ Justice is always represented as holding in her hand a pair of scales. Apropos of this, the people of Ebensburg demand that they be allowed to buy their coal by weight. The scales being correct, they know they would then get justice.

☞ A communication in the Hollidaysburg *Register* recommends Hon. Geo. Taylor, President Judge of this Judicial district, as a suitable gentleman to succeed Judge Woodward on the Supreme Bench. We second that motion.

☞ Miss Mary Harris, who shot and killed her seducer, Burroughes, in the vestibule of the Treasury Department at Washington, two years ago, and was discharged by the finding of the jury, has just been admitted to the insane asylum at Washington.

☞ During the continuance of a row at the railroad depot at Hollidaysburg, on Monday evening of last week, Capt. J. W. Doherty was twice stabbed in the abdomen by an Irishman named Matthew Farren. Doherty is not expected to recover. Farren was arrested and committed.

☞ The Penna. Railroad has presented eleven of its conductors with the sum of $100 each, in token of acknowledgment of their fidelity to its service. Capt. A. Boyd Scott, formerly of the Ebensburg Branch but latterly of the West Penna. Railroad, is one of the number thus complimented.

☞ A joint committee was appointed by the Pennsylvania Legislature to investigate the charges of corruption made in connection with the election of Simon Cameron to the U. S. Senate. They have just made their report, in which they say that, after full investigation, they have been unable to discover the slighest evidence of corruption.—So, a large item in the stock in trade of the Democracy is taken away.

☞ George Duncan, his wife and four children, and a man named Stephens, all residing in Centre township, Indiana county, indulged in the diversion of a small free fight the other day. George, with commendable resolution, undertook to castigate the entire party, but the combined six proved too many for him and overcame him. He thereupon made complaint against the victors, and had them all committed to the Indiana jail on the charge of assault and battery. Mrs. Duncan entered a counter charge against her husband, and he too was jugged. Infelicitous domestic relations were the cause of the troubles.

Who Was He?—We clip the following account of how a Cresson man fell into the hands of the Philistines from the Pittsburg *Dispatch* of Saturday: "Early on Friday morning, a gentleman residing at Cresson went to the Union depot to await the early train for home. While sitting in the waiting room, a man came and sat down beside him, and engaged in conversation. Upon learning that the gentleman was going to Cresson, he stated that he was going there too, and after some further talk, he invited the Cresson man to go down to the Irwin House and get a drink, where he would introduce him to another man who lived on the mountain. After some persuasion, the gentleman went with him, and with other parties had a drink. They stopped there awhile, and soon his new made friends got into throwing dice, and money was put on the throwing.—The man who had introduced himself to the Cresson gentleman talked very "big" about the money he had, and blowed that he could "clean out" the rest of them.—He stated that he had four thousand dollars, but not at hand, and asked his Cresson friend to loan him some to "clean these fellows out." The traveling gentleman very foolishly advanced him various sums until about two hundred dollars had been lost, when the game was stopped.—He then asked his Cresson man to come up to the Depot, where they would get their tickets, and he would then return his money. When the party got outside of the Irwin House door, the crowd gathered round the stranger, the doors were barred, the gas put out, and the borrower "skipped up a dark alley." The stranger soon came to the conclusion that he had been "fleeced," and remained in town.—Yesterday he appeared at the Mayor's Office and made known his loss. He will make information against the proprietor of the Irwin House. The police are on the lookout for the thieves, and it is thought they can be apprehended."

Ingratitude.—Mr. Peabody's gift of $2,100,000 to the Southern States, for the education of their youth, is not very gratefully received. *The Richmond Dispatch, Augusta Chronicle*, and other leading papers, consider that the selection of Northern men for the majority of the trustees is "a gratuitous insult to the honor, intelligence, and manhood" of the South, that the fund is intended to educate "children at the South as Yankees," and they especially object that it is to be used for the education of negroes. Nevertheless, the money is not likely to be rejected.

Exodus of Negroes.—Virginia papers are considerably exercised at the rapid disappearance of the colored population from the State; and advise that no effort should be spared, such as kind treatment and good pay, to retain them within the State limits. If they hadn't exercised themselves so vigorously in driving the negroes out, they would not have to howl over the evils and inconveniences that their exodus has brought upon them.

—Geo. W. Ellery, who was the last man living whose father signed the Declaration of Independence, died at Newport last week.

—It is positively denied that General R. E. Lee is writing a history of the army of Northern Virginia.

Do You Want Anything?—If so, go to V. S. Barker's cheap cash store. He keeps everything. He has, this week, just received a large supply of excellent lake herring, white fish, &c., which he will sell at either wholesale or retail. Give him a call! *

Remember!—That the place to buy cheap ready made clothing, and all kinds of goods, is at A. A. Barker's variety store, High street, Ebensburg. He keep a large and well selected stock, and is enabled, by purchasing large amounts at a time, to sell at extremely low rates *

Try It.—The maxim, that the way to make money is to save it, is aptly illustrated by going to J. M. Thompson's cheap cash store, High st., and buying some of his cheap goods. He also keeps a large supply of Dobbins' electric soap on hand After one trial, no family will be without it. *

Going!—That ready made clothing at E. J. Mills', P. O. building. All persons wishing good, fine, serviceable garments, would do well to go and purchase now, as he intends closing out his winter stock, regardless of cost. *

Juicy—The bargains to be had at C. T. Roberts' jewelry store. He keeps a full assortment of clocks, watches, jewelry, cutlery, trunks, valises, mats, rugs, clothes and hair brushes, stationery, and everything in the notion line. *

Itch! Itch! Itch!—Scratch! Scratch! Scratch!—*Wheaton's Ointment will cure the Itch in 48 Hours.* Also cures Salt Rheum, Ulcers, Chilblains, and all Eruptions of the Skin. Price 50 cents. For sale by all Druggists.

By sending 60 cents to WEEKS & POTTER, Sole Agents, 170 Washington street, Boston, Mass., it will be forwarded by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States.

January 24, 1867-6m*

TAKE TIME BY THE FORELOCK!—Persons having Carriages, Wagons, or anything in that line, should have them repaired *now*, so as to be ready for usage when needed.

Any person wishing to buy a heavy, well ironed *Two-horse Wagon* can do so by calling on R. H. Singer, at his shop, near the Foundry.

He will furnish persons desiring it with "I C. Singer's Labor-Saving Tire and Band Bender."

Horse shoeing, Chain making, and all kinds of Blacksmithing, done *cheap for cash.*

R. H. SINGER.

Ebensburg, January 31, 1867-3m

SHOE STORE! SHOE STORE!!

The subscriber begs leave to inform the people of Ebensburg that he has just received from the East and has now opened out, at his store-room, the

LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTMENT OF WOMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S BOOTS AND SHOES OF ALL KINDS!

ever brought to town. The stock was made expressly to order by the

BEST SHOE MANUFACTORY IN PHILA.,

the subscriber having gone to the trouble and expense of visiting that city especially to order it. The work is warranted not to *rip*—if it rips, it will be

REPAIRED FREE OF CHARGE!

A visit to his establishment will satisfy any one that he can not only sell a BETTER ARTICLE than all competitors, but that he can also sell

CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST!

He also continues to manufacture Boots and Shoes *to order*, on short notice and in the most workmanlike style.

A VERY SUPERIOR LOT OF REAL FRENCH CALF SKINS ON HAND!

☞ Stand one door east of Crawford's Hotel, High street, and immediately opposite V. S. Barker's store.

feb21] JOHN D. THOMAS.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned not to purchase or receive in any manner whatsoever a certain Due Bill for $145, payable seven months after date, executed by J. W. Dunwoody and William Griffith in favor of John Roberts on the 22d day of January, 1867, as it was unduly obtained, and without consideration, and will not be paid unless compelled by law.

J. W. DUNWOODY.

Warrior's Mark, Feb. 21, 1867.4t

FLOUR.....PRODUCE.

T. C. JENKINS,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
Wholesale Dealer and Receiver of
FLOUR, PROVISIONS, all kinds of PRODUCE, and REFINED OILS.
Cheapest Flour House in Pittsburg.
☞ All choice reliable standard Family Brands constantly on hand. Quality of Flour guaranteed. Reduction to dealers. Customers furnished with Price Current weekly.
Checkered Front, 273 Liberty st.,
feb21.1y] PITTSBURG, PA.

WM. M. COOK. GEO. D. COOK.
COOK BROTHERS & CO.,
Wholesale dealers in
PROVISIONS, FLOUR, SALT, CHEESE, CARBON OIL, SOAPS, CANDLES, &c.
345 Liberty st., near Union Depot,
feb21] PITTSBURG, PA.

ARCADE HOTEL,
EBENSBURG PA.
HENRY FOSTER, *Proprietor.*
The first class position among first class Hotels will be maintained in the future, as in the past, by the Arcade. [feb21

AT COST! AT COST! AT COST!—The subscriber will sell a lot of Cooking, Parlor and Heating STOVES at cost for CASH. Do you want a bargain?
feb21.4t] GEORGE HUNTLEY.

WM. M. LLOYD, *Prest.* D. T. CALDWELL, *Cash'r.*
FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF ALTOONA.
GOVERNMENT AGENCY,
AND
DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY OF THE UNITED STATES.
☞ Corner Virginia and Annie sts., North Ward, Altoona, Pa.
AUTHORIZED CAPITAL.....$300,000 00
CASH CAPITAL PAID IN..... 150,000 00
All business pertaining to Banking done on favorable terms.
Internal Revenue Stamps of all denominations always on hand.
To purchasers of Stamps, percentage, in stamps, will be allowed, as follows: $50 to $100, 2 per cent.; $100 to $200, 3 per cent.; $200 and upwards, 4 per cent. [jan23

PRIVATE SALE!—Will be sold at private sale, my *Farm* of 180 acres, situate in Cambria township, on the Ebensburg & Wilmore Plank Road, three miles from Wilmore, and five miles from Ebensburg. Eighty acres of the land are cleared, and have thereon erected a good frame House and a large Barn. There is an excellent Orchard on the premises.

Will also be sold, at private sale, a half share in a stationary *Steam Saw Mill*, located on lands of Wm. A. Skelly, in Summerhill township, about 2 miles from Wilmore, with a lease of 130 acres of well timbered land. There is an abundance of timbered land in the neighborhood.

The foregoing property will be sold on reasonable terms. For particulars, call on the subscriber at his farm, or address him through the P. O. at Wilmore, Cambria co.

Feb. 14.4t. ROBT. W. ROBERTS.

NOTICE.—Whereas, on the 10th day of January, 1867, E. Bedell, as active, and George W. Kerby, as silent partner, doing business in the Borough of Wilmore, Cambria county, Pa., in the name of E. Bedell, made a voluntary assignment for the benefit of their creditors, under the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, to the undersigned, residing in the said borough, of all the stock, merchandize, rights and credits, goods and chattels, of them, the said E. Bedell and George W. Kerbey, in the business aforesaid; notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to make payment without delay, and those having claims are requested to present their demands within the time required by law. EDWARD D. EVANS,

Feb. 7, 1867-6t. Assignee.

PUBLIC SALE!—The subscriber will sell at public sale, at his Foundry, in Ebensburg, at 10 o'clock a. m. on *Thursday, February 21st, 1867*—
PLOWS of all descriptions;
THRESHING MACHINES;
SLED SCALES;
COAL STOVES;
Improved HATHAWAY COOK STOVES and many other articles.
☞ *Sale positive!* ☜
At the same time and place, will be offered for sale, two Lots of Ground situated in Ebensburg boro. [jan31] E. GLASS.

NOTICE.—The partnership heretofore existing between J. M'Gonigle, J. H. Dysart and W. C. Keller, in the Mercantile business, at Hemlock, Cambria county, Pa., is this day dissolved by the withdrawal of J. M'Gonigle. The business of the late firm will be settled by J. H. Dysart and W. C. Keller, at the old stand, who will continue the business under the same as heretofore.

Boot and [illegible] J. H. DYSART,
bands of comp[illegible] J. McGONIGLE,
[illegible]7-3t W. C. KELLER.

PRIVATE SALE!—The subscriber will sell the following property at private sale:

One House at Portage Station, on the P. R. R., with 2 acres land. Suitable for store room or a dwelling.

One House and 90 acres land, on P. R., one-half mile west of Portage, opposite siding of the Union Mills of the subscriber, and at the terminus of the railroad of Thos. & Co.

One House and 2 acres land at Portage, now occupied by Louisa Keepers. A fine site for a store.

One Water Power Saw mill, within 3 miles of the P. R. R., one-half mile west of Portage, together with timber land, 100, 200, 300 acres, to suit purchasers. The mill and houses on the same cost $1,500 when lumber was cheap.

Or, I will sell the whole tract of 480 acres with timber enough on the same to run the water mill for seven years. The property has 1,500 to 2,00 feet of side tracks connecting with the P. R. R.

A general Warrantee Deed will be given on ten days notice for all the foregoing property, and possession of all houses, &c., given on the 1st April next.

Call soon, as the property will be disposed of on or before the 1st April.

The improvements cost the sum of $6,000.

150 acres of the land is timbered with Sugar, and the land itself is warranted as good as any in Cambria county.

Three creeks pass through the land, viz: Trout Run, M'Intosh Run, and Wright's.

There is *Coal* on the land, and any amount of *Cord Wood.*

The location is the only outlet to the lands of Burke and the Wm. M. Lloyd lands.

Two pieces of the land adjoin the farm formerly owned by Hon. Thomas A. Scott, known as the M'Coy Farm.

One-third the purchase money will be required down; the balance in six and twelve months.

Ten per cent. will be deducted for cash payments.

The property will be *sold* in preference to *rented*, as the subscriber has not time to collect rents.

The house and lot, say 1 acre of land, in Portage, now occupied by Louisa Keepers, will be sold low if sold soon. Also, the store room at the same place, with 2 acres, formerly occupied by Victor Voeghtly—cost me to him at one time for $725—will be sold for $600. The former will be sold for $350, cash, or its equivalent.

CALL SOON!

WM. R. HUGHES.

Wilmore, January 31, 1867.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—VALUABLE REAL ESTATE IN TOWN AND COUNTY!

By virtue of orders of sale, issuing out of the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, the undersigned will expose to sale, at the Mansion House, in Ebensburg, on

WEDNESDAY, 6TH OF MARCH NEXT, TWO O'CLOCK, P. M.

All that certain LOT, fronting 33 feet on High street, extending back to the Alley, having theron erected a LARGE STORE HOUSE, WARE-HOUSE, STABLE and CARRIAGE HOUSE. This property being situated in the centre of the Town, is very valuable for a business location.

ALSO:

All that LOT fronting on Ogle street 50 feet, extending back 128 feet to the lot of John E Evans, having a new FRAME STABLE and a number of young fruit trees thereon; is under fence, and in a *good state* of cultivation.

ALSO:

All that certain SQUARE, situate in the Borough of Ebensburg, adjoining Shoemaker on the north, thence south 25 perches to a Beech alley to land formerly of D. Jones, thence west 16 perches to Julian street, thence 25 perches along said street to lot of E. Shoemaker. Containing two and one-half acres, is under fence, and is desirable as a pasture lot.

ALSO:

All that large body of LAND situate in Blacklick Township, warranted in the name of Nathaniel Simpson and Joseph Cooper, containing 600 acres. This land lies on both the upper branches of the Blacklick Creek. It is valuable for the COAL and TIMBER in and upon it, and will be sold as a body, or in lots, to suit purchasers.

ALSO:

All that certain tract of LAND, situate in Cambria Township, on the Turnpike, one mile west of Ebensburg, adjoining lands of Alexander M'Vicker, and others, containing 7 acres and 110 perches.

Terms of Sale:—One-half *the purchase* money to be paid on confirmation of the sale, and the balance in one year, with interest, secured upon the premises by the bond and mortgage of the purchaser.

GEO. M. REAL,
Adm'r. of Robert Davis, dec'd.

☞ At the same time and place, will be exposed to sale, 12 SHARES of the EBENSBURG & CRESSON RAIL ROAD CO., 100 SHARES of the AMERICAN ILLUMINATING OIL CO. Certificates exhibited and passed over to the purchasers. [5

NOTICE.—The following Petitions for Tavern License have been filed in the office of the Clerk of Quarter Sessions of Cambria county, to be presented to the Judges of said Court on the first Monday of March next:

Peter Keelan, Cambria bor.; Owen Lafferty, Cambria bor.; Henry Foster, Ebensburg; Gotlieb Lessinger, 2d Ward, town; J. S. Kiel, Washington tp.; [illegible] Detling, Washington tp.; Otto Helly, Washington tp.; John Coad, Cambria bor.; [illegible] C. Fitzsimmons, Johnstown, 2d W.; [illegible] Barret, Johnstown, 2d W.; John [illegible] W., Johnstown; Jacob Holtzworth, 3d W., Johnstown; Henry G. Ritz, 3d W., Johnstown; Thomas M'Cann, 3d W., Johnstown; John Henning, 3d W., Johnstown; John [illegible] W., Johnstown; Pius Klug, 3d W., Johnstown: August Weigand, 5th W., Johnstown; Henry Fritz, Yoder tp.; Jacob Gearhart, Tittzin; Lawrence Campbell, Gallitzin; [illegible] Barberick, Carrolltown bor.; John [illegible] Prospect bor.; Thomas Callan, Loretto; [illegible] Valentine Maltzie, Wilmore bor.; [illegible] Wentrode, Wilmore bor.; Joseph [illegible] Millville bor.; James M. Riffle, Summerhill; Michael Latterner, Cambria tp.; George Gough, Clearfield tp.; John Wilkinson, Washington tp.; Daniel Coufer, Taylor tp.; [illegible] Patterson, Conemaugh bor.; Simon [illegible] Carrolltown boro.; Jas. H. Benford, Johnstown.

Quart License.

Patrick O'Connell, Johnstown bor.; [illegible] Cyrus Hart, Johnstown bor., 3d W.; [illegible] Tudor, W. W., Ebensburg bor.

GEO. C. K. ZAHM, Clk.

Ebensburg, Feb. 7, 1867.

LIME—OR LEAVE.—Lime for sale, at Lilly's station, Plane No. 4, by the bushel or car load. Shipped to Johnstown, Ebensburg or station on the Penna. Rail Road.

WM. TILL

Address

jan24] Hemlock P. O., Cambria co.

—Reading matter on every page.