THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1867.

Our Public Schools.

During the past school year, 725.312 pupils have been in attendance at the population of California, six times that of Delaware or Kansas, twice that of equal to that of either Wisconsin, Texas, South Carolina, New Jersey, Mississippi, Michigan, Maine, Maryland, or Iowa .for the instruction of these children is ! of Philadelphia, the percentage of attendance is six hundred and twenty-eight the people. thousandths. That is, out of every hundred pupils, something less than sixtythree were in daily attendance. Supposing each school in the State to be composed of forty-five pupils, only twenty-eight were to be found daily within the schoolroom. The absence of the remaining seventeen may will cause us to ponden-Though the school system of the State should present no other problem, this one would be sufficient to occupy the attention of educators as well as others for at least five years to come. The question, indeed, eighty-five or ninety per cent. to one their protection. hundred.

It is scarcely possible to make plainer than do these figures, the alarming nature of this evil. Of the thirty-seven absentces out of each hundred, scarcely more other twenty-two are taking lessons (receiving their education) on the street. recognize their criminality as determined, and they will be looked upon as a class of the great community-as a low, depraved class, but nevertheless as a class whose status is fixed beyond change. Even such of them as do not become steeped in crime will cover rival in thrift, in intelligence, in influence for good, those who daily attend the sessions of the school.

As to the causes of this absenteeism, we think they may be divided into-1st, laxity of parental government; 2nd, lack of interest in school affairs; Sd, searcity of well qualified, successful teachers; 4th, natural avereion of some children to any-

thing like study. In naming the first three causes of the evil, we imply the remedies for all. We do not so much need legislation, as higher standard of public opinion in regard to the common schools of the State, and a very great increase in the number of well qualified teachers-qualified in scholarship, in aptness to teach, in patience, and all the virtues necessary to being a successful teacher. Legislation which tends to secure either of these results, or both of them, should be hailed with delight, but no act of legislation, nor any revenge to offer as a palliation for his amount of it, can supersede the necessity of waking up the people to a lively interest in school affairs, nor of increasing the fitness of those engaged in the teachers' nalling. Give us humane, patient, welleducated, active teachers, who fairly comprehend what it is to teach, and we have no fear that the improvement in attendance will be so great as to make glad the heart of every friend the school system has. But to get these teachers-that's the question; and to this end, two suggestious, one from State Superintendent Wickersham alone, and the other from the convention of County Superintendents and the State Superintendent together, are now before the Legislature, which to

CANm be increased to six months. Alsonese suggested changes once incorposold ted into the law, and then constant, vigorous effort to enliven the people in school matters, would, we doubt not, result in much good to the entire system. But nothing is more needed than active work among the people, and nothing will bills, his objections to the contrary notdo more toward raising the character of withstanding.

and that in each county the district

tors from among the successful teachers.

The other change is, that the school tax,

not inclusive of the tax for building pur-

posce, be made equal throughout the State

and equably divided among the different

also suggested that the minimum school

our schools than such work and the increasing of the grade of the school certificate, so as to exclude entirely from the profession the more incompetent.

We can see no reason to object to compulsory education so far as the exercise of authority is concerned, but we may well various public schools of the State-a inquire if a child can be expected to do number nearly twice as great as the much good at its studies when its parents send it there unwillingly! And foregoing all thought of forcing attendance, we Vermont or New Hampshire, and about offer the opinion that a vigorous use of the means at hand will work wonders, and if the Legislature add to these the two changes advocated by the State Superia-The total number of teachers employed tendent and the Superintendents of the counties, all the better. But no legisla-16,144, or one teacher for every forty-five | tion, we may say it at the risk of repetipupils. Exclusive of the city and county tion, can take the place of increased efficiency of teachers and interest among

Savages.

The Indians are becoming troublesome on the plains. About a month since, some fifty of the soldiers garrisoning Fort Phil. Kearney, an advanced outpost, were decoyed into an ambush by the red-skins, and were cruelly murdered. Since then, they have been growing fiercer and more defiant, as though the taste of blood indulged in had only whetted their appetite for a feast. It is reported that 12,000 are on the war path, and endless privaof all questions concerning our schools, is tion and suffering are foretold for the the one of increasing the percentage of settlers. United States troops in considattendance so that it will range from erable numbers are being sent forward for

The cause of these troubles is in some measure to be found in the faithlessness of the Government, or rather its agents. By the terms of treaties entered into with the Indians, the Government is obligated than fifteen are detained from school by to pay to them certain sums of money sickness or other sufficient cause. The yearly; but through the dishenesty of Governmental agents, scarcely one dollar out of every ten reaches the hands of These twenty-two absentees are our future those for whom intended. Hence, the criminals. In a few years, the laws of the Indians have come to look upon these State, as also the customs of society, will treaties as so many promises made to the ear to be broken to the hope, and, obeying their savage instincts, they seek revenge for the seeming treachery of the pale face by rushing into deeds of cruelty and

> On the principle that the "star of empire" must not be allowed to be obstructed in its westward course, not a few newspai pers urge that the "stamping out" process be applied to the aborigines.

> Side by side with the account of the Indian troubles, we read that a rebel revolt has occurred in Bowie county, Texas. The unreconstructed of that section have risen up against the Union men, and are butchering them like so many dogs. A tooman is among their victims. Other reports of a similar character come up from various quarters of the South .-Now, the Indian is a savage by an ordinance of the Almighty, and he only obeys an instinct strong as the love of life itself when he indulges in bloodshed, especially when, as in this case, he is moved thereto by real or fancied injuries received. The rebel, on the other hand, is held by popular consent to be civilized, while he has not even the poor excuse of atrocities committed upon Union men. Surely, after the favors and kindnesses heaped by the North upon the South, it will not be said that the latter has cause for vindictive feelings against the former. It must therefore follow that while the Indian kills as part of the business of his life, the rebel kills as pastime.

> It may be right to "stamp out" the Indians. But if so, it would be a hard question to determine why, by the same rule, we should not also and at the same same time "stamp out" the revolting rebels of Bowie county, Texas.

Hon. M. S. Quay, of Beaver, has introduced into the House of Representatives at Harrisburg a resolution to call a our mand will tend greatly to hasten the convention to amend the Constitution of desired result if made part of the school this Commonwealth. His resolution delaw of the State. The first suggestion is fines the object of the convention to be to that the number of Superintendents be strike the word "white" from the clause increased so that instead of one State defining the qualifications of voters. Re-Superintendent, there be two, the duties membering that it was on Pennsylvania of the additional one being the visitation soil that the immortal maxim was first of the schools and the teachers' institutes, promulgated that "all men are created free and equal," it is a shame and dis-Superintendent for whom the law now grace that this qualification, begot of makes provision be selected by the direcpride and aristocracy, was not long since stricken from our organic law. Let us have the Convention, and speedily.

As was expected, President Johnson has vetoed the Nebraska and Colorado bills. His chief arguments are directed districts. In connection with this, it is against the assumed insufficiency of population of these territories for admission into the Union, though it is well understood that the radical character of the Constitutions of the would-be States is what provokes his special opposition .-A. J. is whistling against the wind, for of course Congress will hasten to re-pass the

EDITORIAL ETCHINGS.

-Gold is quoted at 1384. -They have a daily paper in Oil City. -The proper way to buy and sell coal

-The Emperor Napoleon's present position: exposition.

-The tie which binds A. J. to the rebels:

-Garret Davis has been re-elected U. Senator from Kentucky.

-Publication of the Indiana True American has been suspended.

-Senator Bigham has introduced a gen eral railroad bill into the Legislature.

-The rebel Gen. Albert Pike is going to edit the Memphis Appeal. -The cost of the proposed water works at

Johnstown is set down at \$100,000. -Hon. Henry S. Magraw, formerly State Treasurer of Pennsylvania, died in Washington on Friday.

-Hon. Philip Johnson, a Pennsylvania Congressman, died in Washington on last

-A cabin at one time tenanted by Old John Brown is to be sent to the Paris Ex

-The world moves! Horace Greely and deliver a lecture each in Atlanta, Ga. -A match game of base ball was placed

on the ice of a skating park in New York on -Why is the mass of snow now covering the ground quadrupedal? Because it is four of the application.

-Our thanks are due and are tendered to Cel. John P. Linton, our Assemblyman, for public documents sent us.

-The Tariff Bill passed the Senate on Thursday by a vote of 27 to 10. It is now under consideration in the House.

-A. B. Waller, well known as a special agent of the P. O. Department, died at Newark, Del., on the 26th ult.

-- Hon. Louis W. Hall, of Altoona, is named as the next U. S. Senator from Pennsylvania. Or any other Blair county man. -Mr. Crosby has bought the Chicago Opera House from Mr. Lee, the holder of the lucky ticket number 58,600 in the late lottery scheme, for \$200,000.

-A cyprian undertook to do the Mrs. Cunningham-Burdell game on a tolerably only when good reasons shall be furnished God, and as a useful minister of the Gospel, respectable man in Pittsburg, lately, but | for so doing.

-"True as the needle to the Pole" may be an apt comparison, but "true as the needle gun to the Prussian" is certainly equally striking and expressive.

-It is said that Government is about purchasing sixty thousand reams of white paper. Is this an indication of a multitudinous sea of forthcoming veto messages?

-The thaw on Friday and Saturday last raised the western rivers to a great-height, and considerable damage to property was

son's Sewing Machine to Grover & Baker's :

overwhelmed us. In return, we are able to do no more than offer the single sentiment-"Forever float that Standard sheet!"

-It is said there is a woman residing in Munster, Cambria county, who has lived there forty years, and during all that time has never been a longer distance than four miles away from home.

-Mr. Jonathan Beiber, a good Union man, was convicted by a Berks county Court and jury for having, as Judge of Election, refused to receive the vote of a skedaddler. H was promptly pardoned by Gov. Geary.

-Within a period of less than fourteen years last past, the Ebensburg Dem. & Sent. had seven different editors. Of this number, four are now dead, namely, Richard White, Charles D. Murray, James S. Todd, and Mi-

-The National Publishing Co. of Philadelphia will shortly issue a history of the late war by A. H. Stephens. Zeigler, M'Curdy & Co., of Philadelphia, will also issue shortly a book entitled "Women's Work in the Civil War."

-"There is a tide in the affairs of men, which, taken at its flood, leads to fortune,' saith Shakspeare. Should the present snow go off suddenly, there will be a tide in the affairs of many men living in the lowlands, which, taken at its flood, will lead to sudden

-The Freeman pitched into Mr. John J. Glass last week with a vim absolutely astounding. The evident intention was to pulverize the gentleman into infinitesimality .-If Glass was demolished, it is an exemplifica- these drawbacks and disadvantages, the tion of the fact that a bull may once in a trains on the Pennsylvania Railroad, while get into a china shop.

-Saturday last was Candlemas day. An old Scotch adage rhymes thus: "If Candlemas day be dry and fair,. 'The half o' winter's to come and mair;

If Candlemas day be wet and foul, The half o' winter's gane at Yule.' Saturday was wet and foul as rain and slush could make it; wherefore, winter must be

more than half over. Rejoice ! ton .- The Alleghanian. pention was prepared

where we are told it was a better answer would have been-a Single-ton .- Freeman. Seeing that somebody has "shut up the eye" of the Freeman with regard to the authorship of Mr. Glass' petition, probably the

very best answer would be-a Johns-ton. -Jubal Early, in his "Last Year of the War," says of the burning of Chambersburg: For this act, I alone am responsible, as the officers engaged in it were simply executing my orders, and had no discretion left them." Has, oh! has Jubal been pardoned yet? If not, all possible haste should be made to extend the soft mantle of amnesty around him, for he may be needed by some "conservaman at the next election.

Executive Clemency.

Governor Geary has promulgated the following excellent rules to apply to the granting of pardons :-

First. No pardon will be granted until notice of the application therefor shall have been given by publication, once a week for two consecutive weeks, in a the conviction was had.

Second. No pardon will be granted unless notice of the application shall have been given to the judge who tried the cause, to the district attorney, or to the attorney who presecuted, proof of which notice shall be furnished this Department.

Third. All applications for pardon must have with them the following papers, written in a clear and distinct hand: 1. A certified copy of the whole record, including docket entries, minutes of court, copy of indictment, pleas, and all other

2. A full statement of the reasons upon which the application is based, setting forth all the facts; the notes of evidence taken on trial; letters from responsible persons in the community where the crime was committed; a recommendation from Henry Ward Beecher have been invited to the jurors who sat on the trial, and if any of them refuse to recommend a pardon,

reasons given for such refusal : letter from

the district attorney or counsel who tried the case; and a letter from the judge, setting forth his views upon the subject Fourth. Recommendations for pardon for unexpired terms of sentence, must have a cory of the whole record as before

petition from prisoner setting forth reasons, and statement from warden and inspectors of prison. Fifth. No personal application will be

required. Also, a copy of commitment,

Sixth. All of the above papers, when submitted, must be accompanied by a printed copy of same, in pamphlet form, twelve copies of which, at least, must be sent to this Department. If the parties are too poor, the paper book need not be

Seventh. As these rules are intended to subserve the administration of justice, they will be strictly enforced, and relaxed JOHN W. GEARY. | should be kept in the field. EXECUTIVE CHAMBER.)

HARRISBURG, Jan. 31, 1867.

STATE AGENCY AT WASHINGTON .-Col. Stewart, the new Military Agent at Washington, publishes the following card announcing his preparedness to attend to official duties :-

"By order of his excellency John W Geary, Governor of Pennsylvania, notice is hereby given that the Pennsylvania State Agency, at Washington, D. C., will attend with promptness, and without charge, to the adjustment of the claims -Morning salutation of Wheeler & Wil- of soldiers for pensions, bounties, etc., from the United States, as well as to those sew-sew. Grover & Baker to Wheeler & of widows, orphans, and other relatives. to present their demands within the time That claims can be sent directly to the | required by law. EDWARD D. EVANS, -The magnitude of the Hollidaysburg parties interested in them, or, if they Standard's puff of The Alleghanian nearly | prefer it, through local agents or attorneys. The Agency was originated for the benefit of the living soldiers and the widows and orphans of those who died in defence of the country; and it is the special desire of the Governor that it be continued for the meritorious purpose for which it was established, and that no effort be omitted to increase its efficiency. Blanks and instructions can be furnished

"Communications may be addressed, Pennsylvania State Agency, Washington, D. C., lock box 71.

THE LATE STORM .-- The hurricane blasts of the late storm had the effect of obstructing the tracks of the Penna, railroad, along the Conemaugh Slackwater, some distance west of Johnstown. At this point, for the distance of about two miles, the snow drifted upon the track very rapidly, and a force of some two hundred men was necessary to keep it clear. The wind was so strong that the snow accumulated on the track at the rate of about one foot per hour, although very little snow was falling from the clouds, the greater portion being carried from the high ground adjacent. This space of two miles had to be cleared off, its whole length, no less than three times on Saturday, to allow the passage of trains. After the wind fell, the obstruction ceased, and the men returned to this city. The present winter has been very severe on the railroads, involving very considerable outlays for the removal of snow and ice, and the repairing of wreeks, etc., caused snow blockades. Netwithstanding especially those carrying passengers, have been run with great regularity, and with extraordinary immunity from fatal accidents .- Pitts. Chron.

-It is known that Mr. J. L. Motley, American Minister to Austria, has resigned his portfolio of office, and that Mr. Edgar Cowan has been named for the position in his stead by the President .--What is the weight of a fool? A simple The cause of the withdrawal of Mr. Motley has just come to light. It appears that some busybody traveling in Europe reported to the Secretary of State that Mr. Motley was not a "my policy" man, but, on the contrary, that he was an unconquerable radical. Mr. Seward wrote a rather impertment letter to Mr. Motley, demanding to know if this were the case. Mr. Motley replied that it was true-that he did not and could not endorse the President's scheme of reconstructionand wound up by tendering his resignation. His course will commend itself to the people as that of a good man and incorruptible patriot.

-The fact that no murder was comtive" Southern constituency as a Congress- mitted in Memphis one day last week is set down as a singular circumstance.

The Case of Rev. W. E. Evans.

BY REQUEST. We, the undersigned, Elders of the Welsh Christian Church, south, Ebensburg, Cambria co., Pa., to whom was entrusted the investigation of the sad affair connected with Elder W. E. Evans, are now prepared to announce to the world the result of our investigations. The committee spared neither time nor labor in order to find out all newspaper printed in the county in which | the facts touching the matter, and have learned (independent of the woman's confession of having administered poison to her husband at four different times, and of her having surrendered the remainder of the poison in her possession,) that all the statements made by Evans in the case are true, and are fully established by many credible witnesses, so that there is no room for the least doubt to linger in the minds of those who are acquainted with the affair, with regard to the guilt of the woman. In the opinion of the committee, Evans is not only exonerated from blame, but is entitled to our highest regard and esteem for such an exalted exhibition of forbearance and christian spirit. The church at this place, in harmony with papers on file in the court relating to the the church at Diamondville, Indiana co., hold themselves responsible for recommending our beloved brother to the confidence

> R. T. DAVIES, REES E. REES. Ebensburg, Feb. 4, 1867.

DIAMONDVILLE, PA. The Christian Congregation of Diamondville, Indiana county, Pa., to the brethren

and support of the brethren abroad, as an

able and faithful minister of the Gospel.

scattered abroad, send greeting : This is to certify that we believe our beloved brother, Wm. E. Evans, is a man of truth and honesty, and that his character, walk and conversation comport with his christian profession, and after baving passed through affliction's furnace, exhibits a spirit of forbearance, of love, joy, peace, gentleness, goodness, &c., and we feel ourselves willing to be responsible for commending him to the confidence of the brethren abroad.

Written and adopted by a unanimous voice of the church-one member only being absent JAMES DAVIS, JEREMIAH LONG, Elders.

DIAMONDVILLE, Pa. Bro. R. E. REES: I am willing to state for the benefit of those whom it may concern, that I have perfect knowledge of all that formerly occupied by Victor Voertig transpired during brother Evans' troubles. to him at one time for \$725 -- will I was one of those that helped to bring Mrs. Evans. She partly confessed to me on the road, as we brought her. I was present at the church meeting where brother Evans gave in his testimony. I was acquainted with what transpired when the doctors were called in, as he lay under my roof and in the care of my family, and I am free to state that I think him a just man, and one that fears

> Your brother in Chris J. R. BUTERBAUGH.

TOTICE .-

Whereas, on the 10th day of January, 1867, E. Bedell, as active, and George W Kerby, as silent partner, deing business in the Borough of Wilmore, Cambria county, Pa., in the name of E. Bedell, made a voluntary assignment for the benefit of their creditors, under the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, to the undersigned, residing in the said borough, of all the stock, merchandize, rights and credits goods and chattels, of them, the said E. Bedell and George W. Kerbey, in the business aforesaid; notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to make payment without delay, and those having claims are requested repaired now, so as to be ready f Feb. 7, 1867-6t.

The partnership heretofore existing between J. M'Gonigle, J. H. Dysart and W C. Keller, in the Mercantile business, at Hemlocz, Cambria county, Pa., is this day dissolved by the withdrawal of J. M'Gonigle. The business of the late firm will be settle! by J. H. Dysart and W. C. Keller, at the old stand, who will continue the business under

the same name as heretofore. J. H. DYSART. J. McGONIGLE W. C. KELLER.

TOTICE -The following Petitions for Tavern License have been filed in the office of the Clerk of Quarter Sessions of Cambria county, to be presented to the Judges of said Court

on the first Monday of March next: Peter Keelan, Cambria bor.; Owen M'Cafray, Cambria bor.; Henry Foster, W. W., Ebensburg; Gotlieb Lessinger, 2d W., Johnstown; J. S. Kiel, Washington tp.; Richard Detling, Washington tp.; Otto Helly, Washington tp.

GEO. C. K. ZAHM, Clerk. Ebensburg, Feb. 7, 1867.

DOBERT E. JONES,

Hemlock, Feb. 7-3t

LUMBER DEALER,

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA COUNTY, PA. Will buy Cherry, Poplar, Ash, and ind Lumber. Highest prices in cash paid. Orders promptly filled.

J. WATERS, Justice of the Peace and Scrivener. Office adjoining dwelling, on High st., Ebensburg, Pa.

M. R. HUGHES & CO., WILMORE, PENNA. Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Willow-ware, Queensware, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c.

Also, dealers in Hemlock, Cherry, Ash, Bass, Maple, and Sugar Lumber Bills for Frame Lumber filled to order promptly. We buy our goods for cash, and can sell lower than "Bedford County" or any other his store, on High street, Ebenshith

dealer in this country. Our senior partner has had twenty years' experience in business, and flatters himself he can sell a little lower than men who have had no experience whatever in business.

CALL AND SEE US! Cash paid for Wool, Rags, and Country Produce. We do not ask 60 days credit, as the credit system has played out in the course of human events.

We pay Cash, and sell for Cash or its was equicalent. WM. R. HUGHES & CO. [jan24

DOOT AND SHOE EMPORIUM !-The subscriber begs leave to inform the public that has opened out a Boot and Shoe Store in the rooms formerly occupied by Davis & Evans, on Center street, Ebensburg, where he will carry on the business on an extensive scale. READY-MADS BOOTS AND SHOES-

For sale at City Prices . BOOTS AND SHOES made to order-On shortest notice!

The public are invited to give me a call. I will sell cheap as the cheapest, and station on the Penna. Rail Road tion. [jan31] JOHN C. EVANS. jan24] Hemlock P. O., Cambril

DRIVATE SALE!-The subscriber will sell the fall property at private sale : One House at Portage Station,

R. R., with 2 acres land. Suitable store room or a dwelling. One House and 90 acres land, on ? one-half mile west of Portage, opport siding of the Union Mills of the and

and at the terminus of the railroad One House and 2 acres land at a now occupied by Louisa Keepers.

site for a store. One Water Power Saw mill, within of the P. R. R., one-half mile west tage, together with timber land, 100 300 acres, to suit purchasers. The and houses on the same cost \$1.50 lumber was cheap.

Or, I will sell the whole tract of 480 with timber enough on the same to m water mill for seven years. The p has 1,500 to 2,00 feet of side tracks co ing with the P. R. R. A general Warrantee Deed will be on ten days notice for all the foregoin

erty, and possession of all houses, at on the 1st April next. Call soon, as the property will be of on or before the 1st April.

The improvements cost the s 150 acres of the land is timbered wi Sugar, and the land itself is warrant as good as any in Cambria county.

Three creeks pass through the la frout Run, M'Intosh Run, and Wrigh There is Coal on the land, and any of Cord Wood. The location is the only outlet to the ands of Burke and the Wm. M. Llor

Two pieces of the land adjoin formerly owned by Hon. Thomas A known as the M'Coy Farm. One-third the purchase money will mired down; the balance in six and

Ten per cent, will be deducted avments The property will be sold in prefere

ented, as the subscriber has not time The house and lot, say I acre of h Portage, now occupied by Louisa E. will be sold low if sold soon. Also, room at the same place, with 2 um sold for \$600. The former will be

\$350, cash, or its equivalent. CALL SOON! WM. R. HUG

Wilmore, January 31, 1867. ORIVATE SALE !-

The subscribers, having quit ufacture of Lumber, desire to disper following property: 2 good WAGONS;

4 large MULES, with Harness; 1 STATIONARY STEAM SAW with 30-horse power Engine, in goo

Also, 110 acres good FARM LA watered, situated one mile west urg, on the Indiana Pike, 15 acres are cleared, and having thereon two-story Plank House and a Fran with a spring of never failing Water

The above property will be easonable terms. Ebensburg, January 24, 1867-31

MAKE TIME BY THE FOREL -Persons having Carriages, W or anything in that line, should Any person wishing to buy a hear

roned Two-horse Wagon can do so ling on R. H. Singer, at his shop, t He will furnish persons desiring I C. Singer's Labor-Saving Tire an

Horse shoeing, Chain making and al of Blacksmithing, done cheap for cash.

Ebensburg, January 31, 1867-3m DUBLIC SALE!-The subscriber will sell at pu

at his Foundry, in Ebensburg, at a. m. on Thursday, February 21st, 1 PLOWS of all descriptions; THRESHING MACHINES SLED SCLES COAL STOVES

Improved HATHAWAY COOK SI nd many other articles. Bale positive!" At the same time and place, will b

for sale, two Lots of Ground situated ensburg boro. [jan31] TOTICE .-

To the creditors of the Huntingia bria & Indiana Turnpike Company:of Huntingdon county has directed me to the creditors of said road one per the claims against said road, as the January 11, 1841. I am prepared to amount on the presentation of prop of indebtedness. JOHN LL

Ebensburg, jan 31-3t. Huntingdon Globe and Hollidays dard please copy 3 times and seed

UDITOR'S NOTICE.-The undersigned, having been ted Auditor to report distribution money in the hands of Cecilia Wilt & M'Mullen, administrators of the estal seph Wilt, deceased, hereby gives a he will attend, for that purpose, st of Johnston & Scanlan, in Ebers Monday, the 18th day of February, one o'clock, p. m., of said day, where all persons interested may JOHN S. RHEY. jan24-4t]

ATEST ARRIVAL !-The subscriber has just rece and salable stock of

Barrel Salt, Table Salt, Tobacco, and everything in the Grocery, Notion and Confectiont) Also, Boots and Shoes, Carbon st

ating Oils, &c., &c. All which will be sold ve [jan24]

STRAY.—
Came to the premises of the in Susquehanna Township, Cambre un or about the 20th of June, 1866, ling BULL, color dark red, no may owner is requested to come for property, pay charges, and take his he will be disposed of as the law d THOMAS GOODE

Platteville, Jan. 24, 1867-8t IME-OR LEAVE.-Lime for sale, at Lilly's Plane No. 4, by the bushel or Shipped to Shipped to Johnstown, Ebensburg