THURSDAY, MAY 24, 1866.

the friends of the General Government in the late War to suppress Rebellion, and who now hold that the great Principles vindicated in the Field must be preserved in the Councils of the Nation, are requested to meet in their respective Election Districts on Saturday, the 26th day of May, instant, between the hours of 8 and 7 o'clock, p. m., and select two Delegates from each of said Districts to represent them in a County Convention, to be held in the Court House, Ebensburg, on Monday, the 28th day of May, at one o'clock, p. m., when and where Congressional Conferees will be appointed, a County Ticket nominated, and such other action taken as the usages of the party require or the exigency demands. D. O. EVANS.

Chairman Union County Committee. May 2, 1866.

#### The Political Campaign.

Although three mouths will soon have passed since the two political parties in this State put their candidates for the gubernatorial chair into the field, our exchanges come to us almost as barren of political strife as if the coming summer and fall were to bring no contest whatever, much less a contest that promises to

be one of the most vigorous in the annals of the State. The stillness that now prevails is only the calm before the impending storm. New accretions, to all intents and purposes, in the person of the President and his followers, to that party, which, through the whole course of the war, was the bane of the nation second only to the rebels themselves, give it renewed hopes of once more assuming the control of the State and finally of the whole country. A complete success this fall, such a success as the leaders of the Copperhead party are working for, would give them the Governor, the Legislature, and the return to the United States Scnate of Edgar Cowan, or his replacement by one of like actions though of more has no other public man who, like him, names presented for our support should

dogmas (it might be a too severe sarcasm to say principles) of another.

The stillness of the present time is aignificant only of the secret machinations and bargainings, the concessions on the one side, and the patronage on the other, now transacting between these loving allies. The present nominee of the Copperheads for the executive chair of the State, superlatively obnoxious to the people on account of his persistent opposition to the war for the Union, it is pretty well conceded, is to be taken from the track, and some soldier who can be prevailed upon to become the tool of these schemers to be put in his place. No great secret is made of the fact that Maj -Gen. Mende is the first choice of the supporters of "my policy," but with the example of the fate of Gen. Slocum in New York one year certain that Gen. Meade can be induced to accept the doubtful honor. The influence, political or other, of the occupant of the Governor's chair in times of peace is not apt to be a great matter, and knowing this, these men, whose lust is power, and whose bond of union is the patriotic (?) anxiety to get cheek by jowl with reconstructed and unreconstructed rebels alike, think to throw dust into the eyes of the people and secure their votes by the nomination of a popular and deserving General, but whom they wish only to use as a tool. Willingly indeed would they put a gallant General in the State executive chair if thereby they could secure the election of a Clymer, a Cowan, or any other of like ilk, to the United States Senate from March next, and a similar triumph in the congressional districts hitherto carried for the Union party only not work. The nomination of Clymer last March, and his withdrawal in June, or July, in favor of a more available candidate, will show too plainly the trick of the the full length of the Radicals in Congress.

that is to act without regard to the Presi- decision of the Supreme Court. deut. The lamented Lincoln differed widely at times with the best mon in the round him, as the dangers of dissolution | ing of the present session, this same Preswith individuals, as with Congress, never this very bill. But, then, it was an after begat division in the party. Nor need discovery on the part of A. J. that the any differences now between President | U. S. Senators elect from the new State and Congress as to the terms to be pre- to-be didn't support "my policy," and of soribed to the Southern States, nor in course they, and Colorado with them, negard to his exercise of the veto power, were doomed.

did Andrew Johnson continue to look for support to the men who elected him to the Vice Presidency. He chooses, bowever, to turn his gaze upon, and ask support from the men, who, when this same Andrew Johnson supported the war for the Union, and because he supported the war for the Union, had no denunciations of him too bitter, no epithets too vile .-Turning his face also to the London Times (that dear friend of America!) he tells the anglo-rebel sympathizers that he bas fought disunion and treason at one end of the line, and now he is fighting them at the other, and soon he will have completed the circle; that at the beginning of the war there were two parties, one in the South that were willing to destroy the Union for Slavery, and the other in the North that were willing to destroy the Union in opposition to Slavery; that he has fought the former, and now in fighting the majority in Congress he is fighting the latter. Had Mr. Johnson only made this known through his friend, Mr. Seward, or some other, to the Baltimore Convention, he would not have been troubled with the nomination for Vice President. But such is the man, and such are his followers, whom we are to meet in the political arena this fall. They will not succeed, we feel assured, but to defeat them will require energy, tact, organization, and the hearty co-operation of all true men. Not even Andrew Johnson, backed by many of his cabinet, can lead the people of Pennsylvania into the Cop-

### The Coming Convention.

The Union men of Cambria county should bear in mind that the election of delegates to our County Convention will be held on Saturday next, between the hours of 3 and 7 o'clock, p. m. Let there be a full turn out, and a full and fair expression of the popular will. The Convention which meets on the following Monday should take care to give us the very strongest ticket possible. A Goverconsistency, inasmuch as Pennsylvania nor is to be elected next fall, and the could, throughout his entire course, as be those of men who will prove, not a Senator, profess adherence to one party dead weight, but a source of strength to while constantly supporting the changing | the gallant Geary. Something has been said in opposition to early nominations and long campaigns. Col. A. K. M'Clure was Chairman of the Union State Central Committee of Pennsylvania in 1860, and conducted the brilliant campaign which crowned Andrew G. Curtin Governor by policy it may be, and follow it, though the 32,000 majority in October, and Abraham Lincoln President by 63,000 majority in November, and this is the advice he gives in that connection :

> "We would earnestly enjoin upon our Union friends throughout the State to make early nominations and present their candidates to the people as blameless as their principles. The safety of the Union party s in its courage, fidelity, and early and thorough organization.

# Cowan.

Saturday night, the telegraph says, the individual whose name heads this article made an eloquent argument at the Philaago before him, it is not by any means delphia Academy of Music. He said-1. The Constitution is the law of the

> distribution of the distribution 2. If the Southern people had not forcotten their obcdience to the Constitution.

there would have been no rebellion. 3. He was opposed to any amendment

to the Constitution at the present time. 4. Now, after the Southern people had surrendered to the law, is the time to

extend them mercy. Law sakes, Mr. Cowan, whar did yer larn so much? Be thar any more like as you be whar you be from? We allers thort the rebs caved in to ole Grant and Sherman 'cause they couldn't help it.

# Justice to Gov. Curtin.

The act disfranchising deserters passed by both branches of the Legislature last winter not yet being signed by the Governor, is not to be found in the general by dint of exertion. But the game will laws of the State for this year. Because of this, there seems to be a good deal of anxiety that Gov. Curtin does not intend to sign the bill. We think we are safe in saying that such fears are needless. The players to succeed in winning the votes of efficiency of the act in question depends also said that Justice Field, of the Supreme such Union men as are not disposed to go in a great measure upon the act of Congress passed for the same purpose, of The President may choose to violate his which the constitutionality is disputed promise that this question should be fought and will probably be decided by the out within the lines of the Union Party, Supreme Court of this State in a short but the people will not choose to forget it. time. The delay of the Governor is We have but one course to pursue, and merely out of deterence to the anticipated

THE President has vetoed the bill ad Union ranks, but looking always for sup- mitting Colorado into the Union. In his port and counsel to the men who gathered annual message to Congress at the openbecame fearfully imminent, his differences | ident earnestly urged Congress to pass

#### Make Haste Slowly!

The following eloquent extract is from fair fields of this country with loyal blood; rear no more hecatombs of loyal bones; but stand here in this breach made by them, as the Romans stood, firm and determined that what you do shall be well again. If all these recollections are not enough, in the name of the martyred of the American Government. If that is not enough, I demand it in the name of the mangled living

"My friend from Wisconsin will pardon me, having great faith, as he says, in the and freedom itself and its perpetuation, I demand caution at every step you take .-Rush not madly on to any policy. See where your strength lies, and follow that. See where the right lies, no matter whose

nation is to be the freest, noblest, happiest nation of the earth. Through whatever every true patriot." tribulations we may have to go, I see through the mists and the fogs of the present its coming glory in the future -This continent is destined and dedicated as the abode of a happy and free people. If our sufferings have not yet been sufficient to bring us to the true consideration of what is demanded at our hands, it may be that we shall be called upon to wade through still deeper afflictions; but, sir, the spirit of this people will rise with the demand. It will carry on to perfection the great work commenced by our fathers here of making this the abode of the free and the home of the oppressed of every race and clime."

WILL JEFF. DAVIS BE EXECUTED ?-Many Southern newspapers are holding forth the idea that Jeff. Davis, although indicted and tried for treason, cannot be convicted, as no jury can be obtained that will render a verdict of guilty, even in the face of the most convincing testimony. They say that no Southerner will so far forget the doctrine of State rights as to believe that a man can be guilty of treason against the United States. Others say that he may be convicted, but will never be executed. In this connection, the Washington correspondent of the N. Y Tribune has the following :

"It is said that the indictment under which Jeff. Davis will be tried has been drawn to meet the provisions of the act to purish treason, passed July 17, 1862, the second section of which provides that any person who shall hereafter set on foot or engage in any rebellion against the authority of the United States shall be imprisoned not exceeding ten years, or be fined not exceeding \$10,000, and the liberation of all his slaves'-a tremendous method of making treason odious. It is Court, has expressed the opinion that this section repeals all previous provisions of the law for the punishment of treason -Johnson's plan for the trial of Jeff. is regarded here as a farce and a mockery.'

C. O. I. R. Stephens made a speech in New York one day last week, wherein he stated that money and arms are all that is required to establish the independence of Ireland at an early day.

Mr. Smythe, a banker of New York, has been confirmed Collector of the port of that city, vice Preston King, who committed suicide.

We commenced last week and finish this week the publication of Congressman Scofield's great speech on Reconstruction .-Let it be read by all.

The Reno Times, the most able of the papers published in the oil regions, has been is therefore a law. discontinued. Cause, want of support. Gold closed at 130 on Monday:

#### Pennsylvania U. S. Senator.

The Harrisburg correspondent of the a late speech of Senator Nye, of Nevada: Chambersburg Repository, in his last let-"Three weeks ago I went over to Ar- ter to that paper, says: "The pending lington Heights. I counted there a great political contest will be enlivened and its many graves, and they told me there were interest be intensified by the struggle for fifty past grands were admitted to memfourteen thousand dead soldiers reposing United States Senator to succeed Cowan. bership. The greater part of the session upon the heights of Arlington. Early in There are a number of names mentioned May, 1861, I stood upon those heights, | - Curtin, Formey, Kelly, Cameron, Grow, and there was not a grave there. The Cossna, Williams, Schofield, Thomas, and inquiry naturally arose in my mind, why others, but from recent movements I are so many here now? I found a quick | presume the contest will in a little time and ready answer in a recurrence to the assume the shape of Curtin against the terrible revolution of the last four years. field. He has taken no steps to make There lie mingled the remains of rebels himself a candidate, nor will he do so, I Secretary, William Curtis, Philadelphia, and the remains of Union men. I noticed learn. He has been tendered a first-class not unfrequently, as I passed along, the mission by the President, the proffered inscription 'unknown' on the headboard honor dating back to November last, of the Union soldier. Sir, in behalf of before his departure for Cuba and before that unknown soldier, I require prudence the Washington political complications at the hands of this Congress. There I had commenced; but I hazard little in got the inspiration, if I may use the saying that he will not leave his position expression, of extreme caution. I stand until his term expires, and if so, he will here the advocate of that unknown soldier; find himself in the Senatorial contest and in his name and by his memory I nolens volens. From every part of the demand of the Congress of the United State the desire is manifested to crown States that they shall tread cautiously in his brilliant administrative career, in this great work of binding up the wounds which none but himself bas been his of the country. In the name of all the parallel, by calling bim to the highest dead, I demand it. In the name of mour- legislative tribunal of the Republic. The ning millions, I require at the hands of Union men feel that the times demand everybody who is engaged in this work to men whose history is interwoven with the see to it that it is done in such a way as bright chaplets of our thrilling historyto render a recurrence of this terrible who cannot afford to be faithless and blot rebellion impossible. Stain not again the the fame won by matchless fidelity and enlightened patriotism. They feel that the great Keystone State must cease to be the ill-starred one of the sisterhood, whose fame has been blistered and whose done, and that it shall not require doing | imbecility and treachery. The State cannot add to the honors won by Andrew G. Curtin. He has been in the great trials Lincoln I demand prudence at the hands of our liberties, and not less so the countless duties demanded by the sad bereavements of treason. Wherever there is a soldier of the Republic there is, in perpatual freshness, affection for the Executive, and wherever there has been mourfinal result, if I call his attention to ning the offices of sympathy have been another view. Sir, beyond the grave we fulfilled to the uttermost. The shattered shall meet an army of three hundred ranks of our heroic armies were filled by thousand dead, who will never again his tireless efforts, and they were nerved answer to roll-call on earth, but in the day to confidence and valor by his inspiring of judgment they will be there. In their presence in every camp. The sick were name and by their memory, by the immor- ministered to by his nourly care, the dead tal death they died and lives they lived, found sepulchre to sleep with their kin-I demand that Congress and every depart- | dred, and the sorrowing were solated by ment of this Government shall tread cau- | his tireless efforts for the living and the tiously in this great work of reconstruction. | honor maintained for our martyred dead Sir, my mind is made up. Encounter That true men, with their sacrifices still whatever opposition I may, from whatever shadowing them, should point to him to source, I will be prudent. By all the redeem the record of our State in the sacred recollections of the past, I demand | Senate, is but the natural dictate of mincaution. By all that is garnered up in | gled justice and affection, and his name the rich treasure-house of the future. I will be pressed with a concentration of demand caution. In the name of liberty power and energy that cannot fail of success. Whatever may be his own wishes or views on the subject, I am convinced that I am correctly foreshadowing the struggle. His triends will make no war upon any one of the distinguished names mentioned in connection with the nigh office to be filled, nor will they distract the "Sir, I entertain no fears for the future Union ranks to subserve personal ends. of this country. It is written by the They are for the Union organization and finger of Omnipitence himself that this its candidates first of all, and regard effort for its success as the paramount duty of

# The Battle Flags.

The general committee representing the military divisions of Pennsylvania, ppointed to make arrangements for the presentation of the battle-flags to the Governor, on the Fourth of July, in Independence Square, assembled in Philadelphia, on Saturday. Gen. Harry White, chairman of the committee, took the chair; he was afterward chosen permanent president. Speeches were made by Governor Curtin, the Mayer, General White, and others. The following programme was adopted:

First. On the second of July that the flags which will have been deposited in Harrisburg should be brought to Philadelphia by a guard of honor, composed of the surviving color-hearers and colorguards of all the regiments of the State. Second. The flags, when brought to appropriate hall until the time of the

Third. A military escort, with appropriate music, will be provided to proceed with the flags and their guards of honor to Independence Square.

Fourth. A proper person to be selected to present formally the flags to the Governor on their arrival at Independence

Fifth. Suitable music, vocal and instrumental, after the ceremonies of the reception of the flags.

Sixth. Thanks to Almighty 3od for victory and return of peace. Seventh. Proper music. Eighth. After the arrival of the flags in

Independence Square a Governor's salute, and after the ending of the ceremonies of reception a national salute shall be fired, to which end a battery shall be stationed in Washington Square. Ninth. At the conclusion of the cere-

mony, the flags shall be escorted to the hall from whence they were brought, where they will be kept until returned to Harrisburg and deposited in the archives of the Commonwealth. Tenth. The committee, in order to carry

out this programme, recommend the ar pointment of committees of arrangement and of finance.

It was unanimously resolved that Major General Meade be requested to present the flags.

THE habeas corpus act, a righteous provision to protect civil and military officers of the Government from malicious prosecution for acts committed in discharge of duty or in obedience to orders during the war, has been signed by the President and of their respective accounts, and those having

It is currently reported that the Senate has a Nye on the President.

The ahmual session of the Pennsylvania Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows commenced on Tuesday of dast week, in the Odd Fellows Hall, Philadelphia .-There was a large attendance from all years, has now taken rooms at the parts of the State. About a hundred and county, Pa, where she proposes was occupied in electing officers. The result was as follows: Worthy Grand Master, George Fling, of Germantown, Chronic-will remove extraneous Lodge No. 10; Deputy Grand Master, from the eyeballs, cure granulated es Richard Watson, Doylestown, Lodge No. 193; Grand Warden, Peter B. Long, Philadelphia, Lodge No. 353; Grand Lodge No 28; Grand Treasurer, M. Richard Muckle, Philadelphia, No. 46; Representative Grand Lodge of United States, Robert A. Lamberton, Harrisburg, Lodge

Union State Central Committee met in Philadelphia on Wednesday last. to perfect arrangements for prosecuting the political campaign with that energy and zeal which begets success. The proceedings of the meeting were entirely harmonious, and the reports from all parts of the State were of the most flattering character. Col. Frank Jordon, of Bedford, is Chairman of the Committee; W. H. Kemble, of Philadelphia, Treasurer; G. W. Hamer-ly, of Germantown, A. W. Benedict, of Huntingdon, and J. Robley Dunglison, of Phila., Secretaries.

The House Committee on Elections has voted to admit as evidence before them the ballot and registry of loyalty has been mocked and libeled by Indiana county, in the contested case of the sixteenth district of Pennsylvania, of Fuller vs. Dawson. This is regarded as fatal to the sitting member, Mr. Dawson. The committee, it is believed, will report against him.

> A convention of soldiers of Cambria county, to elect five delegates to the Soldiers' State Convention, will be held in Johnstown, Friday, June 1st. The State Convention meets in Pittsburg Tuesday, 5th June.

General Knipe has been confirmed Postmaster of Harrisburg, vice Bergner

The internal revenue assessments in New Orleans for the past year amount to \$4,487,000.

TISSOLUTION .-Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Michael Snyder and Silas Byrne, in the Lumber business, on the Susquehanna River, is dissolved. The business will hereafter be carried on by the subscribers.

SNYDER, GILLINGHAM & GARSON. Susquehanna tp., May 24, 1866-3t.\*

OST !-A Between Foster's Hetel and Thomas Davis' Blacksmith Shop, Ebensburg, on the 17th inst., a DELAINE DRESS PATTERN. The finder of the same will be rewared upon BENJ. G. WILLIAMS. returning it to Ebensburg, May 24, 1856

DEES J. LLOYD, Successor of R. S. Bunn. Dealer in DRUGS, MEDIGINES & PAINTS Office on Main Street, opposite Moore's Hote!, Ebensburg, Pa. May 24, 1866-tf.

T ICENSE NOTICE. I The following named persons have filed their petitions for licenses, which will be presented for the action of the Court of Cambria county, before the Judges thereof, on Monday, 4th June, 1866. To wit:

Philip Faddel & Co., Allegheny tp. ; A. P. Baker, Carroll tp.; Adam Kurtz, Cambria bor. ; Paniel M'Donald, Cambria bor. ; Edward Howe, Cambria bor. ; Michael Barnicle, Clearfield tp. ; Peter Malzie, Conemaugh bor, 1st W.; Francis Seitz, Conemaugh bor., 2d W.; John Sivert, Conemangh bor., 2d W. John Fisher, Conemangh bor., 2d W ; James Downey, Johnstown, 2d W.; John Bending, Johnstown, 2d W.; John Kraft, Johnstown, 3d W. ; Remiguis Durach, Johnstown 31 W. John B. Myers, Loretto bor. ; Philip Herzog, Loretto bor. ; Joseph Geis, Richland tp.; George Conrad, Richland tp.; Peter Heim, Richland tp.; Victor Voeghtly, Summerbill tp. ; Henry Hughes, Summitville bor. ; Len-hart Kest, Taylor tp. ; William Callen, Washington tp. ; Isaac Crawford, Ebensburg bor., W. W .: Michael J. Smith, Allegheny tp. Philadelphia, shall be deposited in some Joseph Cole, Carroltown boro.; Francis P. Grosberger, Carrolltown bor. ; Lawrence Stich Carrolltown bor. ; Lawrence Scroth, Carrolltown bor. : Joseph Cole, Carrolltown boro. Jacob Glasser, Chest tp. ; Joseph Shoemaker, Conemaugh bor, 2d W.; George Garley, Ebensburg, W. W. ; John B. Williams Johnstown. 2d W.; J. B. M'Creight, Johnstown, 2d W. ; Richard Jelly, Johnstown, 2d W.; Wm. D. Nichelson, Johnstown, 2d W.; Wm. Palmer, Johnstown, 3d W.; David Metzgar, Johnstown, 4th W; Dominick M'Hugh, Millville bor.; Emannel James, Millville bor. ; Lawrence Furlong, Taylor tp.; George W. Mullin, Washington tp; Veronice Reilly, Washington tp.; John Wilkins, Washington tp.; J. A. Moore, Ebensburg, E. W.; S. F. George, Chest Springs; M. J. Platt, Susquehanna tp.; John A. Blair, Ebensburg, W. W.; George N. Hohmar, Johnstown, 4th W.; Mary Ann M'Kenzie, Chest Springs bor. ; Owen Sweeny, Washing-

Quart License. Henry Schnabel, Johnstown bor., 4th W. Cyrus Hart, Johnstown bor., 4th W.; D. W. Goughnour, Johnstown, 3d W GEO. C. K. ZAHN, Clerk Q. S.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF CAMBRIA COUNTY. In the matter of the petition of John Williams et al. for the Corporation of the First Congreg ational Church of Ebensburg-No. 64 June Term, 1866.

And now, April 4, 1866, petition read and cation to be advertised in The Alleghanian for three successive weeks. By the Court. [L. s.] Extract from the Record. Certified and opened out the largest stock of 7th May, 1866. GEO. C. K. ZAHM, Pro. May 10, 1866-3t

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE. Letters testamentary on the estate of Mrs. Jane Roberts, late of the borough of Ebensburg, Cambria co., deceased, having been granted the subscriber by the Register of said county, all persons indebted to said estate are bereby notified to make payment claims against it will present them, properly

authenticated, for settlement, E. J. WATERS, Er't. Ebensburg, May 17, 1800-66

THE LADY OCULIST. that the eyelashes, instead of ground bristles down upon the eyeballs ar eventually destroying the sight w standing-all without the use of the

two of the most lingering and which proceed some of the most respectfully call the attention of cordially invite the afflicted to come and the effect of the treatment for themselsuring those whose cases are curable follow strictly the directions given, they certainly be rewarded with

HEALTH AND SIGHT. These are facts, and facts are said stubborn things. REFERENCES :

Lunar Caustic, Blue Stone, or ane

severe remedies so frequently app

Miss LE SEUR also

ensburg, Pa. Rev. E. B. Snyder, Pastor Christ's Church, Pittsburg. Rev. J. A. Swaney, Pastor Beaver st E. Church, Allegheny City.

Thomas Clark, Esq., firm of Clark & as, Pittsburg. Joseph Anderson, Esq., proprietor S Hotel, Pittsburg. Wm. Edy, Esq., 31 Fifth st., Pittsbar

Thompson Bell, Esq., Commercial Fourth st., Pittsburg.

hev. Templin Moore, D. D., Philain March 29, 1866-3m\* ORETTO MARBLE WORK The undersigned begs leave the citizens of Cambria and adjoin

ties that he has just received a stock finest Italian and other Marbles at lishment, in Loretto, Cambria coun Monuments, Tombs, Grave Stones, Bureau tops, manufactured of the mos tiful and finest quality of Foreign and bu tic marble, always on hand and made to as cheap as they can be purchased in ther in a neat and workmanlike manner, and

the shortest notice. The public are respectfully invited by me a call before purchasing elsewhere a am confident that my work and post w satisfy any person desiring anything is line of business.

Now is the time to get a cheap job! JAMES WILKINSON Loretto, May 3, 1866:ly

ISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSH Notice is hereby given that the the name of E. J. MILLS & Co., is the dissolved by mutual consent, E. J. M retiring. All persons knowing them indebted to the said firm are re-The undersigned will continue the

tile business at the old stand of E. J & Co., and respectfully requests a conti of the patronage given to the old firm J. MILLS will continue to have charge of business and make settlements.

ICENSED AUCTIONEER. A The subscriber, having taken regular license as an Auctioneer, is p to cry all manner of Sales on short and at reasonable terms. Address JESSE WOODCOCK

Hemlock Cambria to TO THE PEOPLE!

"REMEMBER NUMBER ( Bring your Greenbacks along and g Horses shod for \$2,00. You can get Buggy or Wagon ironed or repaired at Singer's shop, near Isaac Evans' Tanne

R. THOMAS H. DOYLE, located permanently in Chess Pa., respectfully tenders his profess vices to the citizens of that place and vi Office one door above E. & H. Nutter's Chess Springs, April, 23, 1866-46

QUICK SALES, QUICK SALES. QUICK SALES,

SMALL PROF SMALL PROF SMALL PRO

BARKER'S CHEAP STORE BARKER'S CHEAP STORE EBENSBURG EBENSBUR

> BARKER'S BARKER'S

THE LARGEST STOCK OF GOOD THE LARGEST STOCK OF THE BEST SELECTED. THE BEST SELECTED, THE BEST SELECTED EVER BROUGHT TO TOWN!

EVER BROUGHT TO TOWN! EVER BROUGHT TO TOWN! LARGEST! CHEAPEST! BEST LARGEST | CHEAPEST | BEST LARGEST! CHEAPEST! BEET!

GO AND SEE GO AND SEE

GO AND SEE! The subscriber calls the attention public to the fact that he has just reck

> SPRING GOODS, SPRING GOODS, SPRING GOODS,

both Foreign and Domestic, ever bross-Ebensburg.

Buying twice as large a stock as any merchant in town, he buys cheaper, & therefore sell cheaper, than any compet The public is invited to call before public

sing elsewhere. No charge for sh goods, buy or not buy.

The highest market price pa County Produce