

UNION COUNTY CONVENTION!

The Union Men of Cambria county, who were the friends of the General Government in the late War to suppress Rebellion, and who now hold that the great Principles vindicated in the Field must be preserved in the Councils of the Nation, are requested to meet in their respective Election Districts on Saturday, the 26th day of May, instant, between the hours of 8 and 7 o'clock, p. m., and select two Delegates from each of said Districts to represent them in a County Convention, to be held in the Court House, Ebensburg, on Monday, the 28th day of May, at one o'clock, p. m., when and where Congressional Conferees will be appointed, a County Ticket nominated, and such other action taken as the usages of the party require or the exigency demands.

D. O. EVANS,

Chairman Union County Committee.

May 2, 1866.

About English.

Boston, sometimes yodeled the Athens of America, and anon the Hub, not of America, simply, but of the universe, a city of fair dimensions, and of good manners, in which a man is fined for puffing his Havana in the public street, has somewhere in its limits, perhaps on Tremont street, a building from which issues a periodical magazine known as the Atlantic Monthly. We are regular purchasers of the Atlantic, and like it very much for its literary worth, for its inculcation of good principles, and for its devotion to Freedom, and what is the same thing, Protection. Among the writers for the Atlantic are two women, one of whom, especially, is well known on both sides of the ocean, loved by some, and hated by others, for awakening the conscience of the nation more effectively than had ever been done before by means of a simple, truthful, and attractive story that had its power in its truthfulness. The other of these women is somewhat less known, but managed, not a great time ago, to bring upon her head the sharp criticisms of the orthodox world for venturing into a "New Atmosphere" which the orthodox thought smelled of future brimstone; and they ought to know, seeing the mass vote them competent to decide what opinions are and what are not acceptable to his Satanic Highness who rules here.

"Hope never comes that comes to all." Now, it may be venturesome in the editor of a country paper to criticise anything coming from the Hub through the editorial sanctum of the first literary monthly in America, but as humble people have ventured before, and doubtless will again, we will take courage enough to ask if the chimney corners of America ought to be echoing from the lips of American boys and girls, or American men and women, either, French, or Latin, or any other foreign phrases, to the exclusion of our own English. Isn't Mrs. Stowe's "Chimney corner" intended for the chimney corner, or only for those palaces where fire-places and chimney corners have been ousted from all the finer rooms and consigned to the cellar, and surnamed "the furnace"? We say nothing against houses bereft of chimney corners, but we do say that the chimney corner is not, in our judgment, (and it ought to be a clear and cool one, here on the top of the Alleghenians,) a fit place for French phrases. Nor do we think that our chimney corners are filled of evenings by young people as glib in any foreign tongue as one would suppose them to be in French by reading certain articles in the Atlantic. Is it possible that the author of "The New Atmosphere" could not fill a few pages in regard to "A struggle for shelter," that in the sequel proves to be a refuge among "saucepans," "gridirons," "butter jars," "bread and rolls," "pepper," "turnips," "cranberries," "potatoes," "turnips," and many other articles of similar kind, without commenting them with next thing to a dozen foreign terms, less appropriate by far than easily selected words from our own tongue? Why should the authoress of Uncle Tom's Cabin in seeking to overthrow Paris as the leader of American Fashion set us the example of tramping upon our own language, than which there is no better, and of exalting that of France? How many bright eyes seated in the homestead chimney corner will gather more vividness, or beauty, or completeness of expression, from coiffure than from head-dress, from abandon than from negligence, from aura than from atmosphere, or from outre than from inappropriate? Pray, do not, while seeking to overturn one false god, set up another, before, too, you are certain of overturning the old one. Let us go over the list of foreign expressions taken from twenty-eight pages of leaded matter written by these two women, among the foremost in America; grande dame, outre, demi monde, cordon sanitaire, religieuse, passee, en avant, "terra firma" of realities, petite, petite, petite, salon, recherche, acquavite, griselette, multum in parvo, prima dona, Fais ce que

The Fenians--Bursting of the Bubble.

The O'Mahoney bubble has burst at last. The gross frauds perpetrated upon the masses of the Fenian Brotherhood for the last four months in the name of patriotism, have at last come to a close. Ever since the 8th of December, when the Senate, headed by Colonel Roberts, left the organization located at Union Square, the O'Mahoney party have been weakening gradually and imperceptibly, and it was only by the most desperate falsehoods and the most profuse expenditure of the moneys taken from the pockets of the honest members of the Brotherhood for the ostensible purpose of liberating Ireland, that the Union Square establishment has existed and received life from the heart's blood of the organization.

The expedition of Lieutenant-General Killian and his host of Major Generals and lesser dignitaries to the frontier, with the advertised purpose of capturing the inoffensive island of Campo Bello, has at last opened the eyes of all honest Fenians to the terrible swindle which they have been duped into supporting and abetting. The real purpose of Killian in taking 300 badly armed men to Eastport was to help the cause of confederation of the British provinces, and to create a row by breaking the neutrality laws, in order that the Government might be compelled to issue a proclamation which could only result in breaking up the plans of Colonel Roberts and General Sweeney. For this Killian and O'Mahoney have labored assiduously, and all the money which has been subscribed to free Ireland from the shackles of British tyranny has been devoted merely to pay broken down politicians and one-horse spouters high salaries to plunder the honest men of the organization who have sought to protect their countrymen from being robbed and plundered in the name of patriotism.

During the last three or four days the men who left their families and their homes, went, as they supposed, to take shipping for Ireland, Killian having informed the men that General Sweeney was already in the field, and that the movement to Eastport was but a part of the plan of that officer, who was to support them by a diversion on Canada. The men were induced to believe these villainous falsehoods, and left the frontier in perfect good faith, to take shipping at once. But when they arrived at Eastport they found neither transports nor ironclads; and, as a last resort, the leaders, Doring, Sinnott, Killian and company, wanted their deluded followers to attack Campo Bello with nothing but their pistols. Colonel Walsh, Captain Laynor, and others, who did not wish to see the men slaughtered by the shells from the British fleet lying off the island, refused to accede to this mad-brained attempt of Killian and his confederates, and the entire scheme fell to the ground. The men had to beg their way back to New York as well as they could.

On Saturday last, the Eastport contingent of the grand army of invasion called on John O'Mahoney and demanded that they should receive remuneration for the loss of time and employment that they had suffered in the wild goose chase. O'Mahoney refused at first, and denounced Killian as a traitor, who had sold the cause to the enemy, Killian having already asserted the same thing of O'Mahoney in the streets of Eastport, stating that the reason why his invasion scheme had come to grief was because "the administration had refused to support him in the field." (Meaning John O'Mahoney.) This did not satisfy the men, however, and Colonel Walsh and Captain Gaynor, it is understood, presented pistols at the head of the O'Mahoney, having previously locked the doors of the mansion to prevent escape. O'Mahoney, after a slight delay to gather his scattered faculties, paid the demands of the men, and they went on their way rejoicing, with \$30 per capita in their pocket.

SEND YOUR PHOTOGRAPH.—It is proposed by the State authorities to procure a full history of the services rendered by Pennsylvania regiments in the war to crush the slaveholders' rebellion, and as an interesting portion of that history, it has been suggested by Gov. Curtin that the State Librarian collect Photographs of all officers of such regiments, to be deposited in the State Library, in such a form as to be easily referred to and examined. In accordance with this proposition, the State Librarian now requests all such officers to send well executed card Photographs of themselves, addressed to the State Library, and where the officer has perished, that the friends of the gallant dead send such photographs.—Each card to be carefully inscribed beneath the photograph with the name, rank, company and regiment in which the officer served.

THE LEGAL RATE OF INTEREST.—We see that some of our cotemporaries are under the impression that an act was passed at the last session of the Legislature, changing the legal rate of interest from six to seven per cent. Journalists are led into this misapprehension by the fact that a bill providing for this change had been before the House, which was defeated, but on reconsideration was carried. When the measure came before the Senate it failed. The opposition to it was decided from all parts of the State. A proposition was made at the same time to permit banks to charge seven per cent. interest on their discounts. This met the same fate, and its rejection was prompt and decided. The legal rate of interest, therefore, remains unchanged, and it would be well to let the fact be generally understood.—Har. Tel.

THE JOHNSTOWN TRIBUNE SAYS THAT Daniel J. Morrell, manager of the Cambria Iron Works at that place, will be a candidate for the nomination for Congress in this (17th) district.

THE celebrated Count Gurowski died in Washington city on Friday, aged 82 years.

United States Senators.

A Washington correspondent furnishes the following in relation to the expiring terms of United States Senators:

The present Congress—ending on the 4th of March next—terminates the Senatorial career of the following gentlemen, unless they shall be re-elected meantime: Daniel Clark, of New Hampshire; Lafayette S. Foster, of Connecticut; Ira Harris, of New York; Luke P. Poland, of Vermont; Edgar Cowan, of Pennsylvania; Lyman Trumbull, of Illinois; Benjamin Gratz Brown, of Missouri; Garrett Davis, of Kentucky; James W. Nesmith, of Oregon; Samuel C. Pomeroy, of Kansas; Henry S. Lane, of Indiana; Timothy O. Howe, of Wisconsin; John A. J. Creswell, of Maryland, and James A. McDougall, of California. The only elections that have yet taken place for the term commencing in 1867 and ending in 1873 are: Mr. Sherman, of Ohio, and Mr. Cole, of California. Mr. Clark expects to be re-elected. Mr. Foster hopes to be, but is in doubt. The successors of Harris will create quite a lively contest in the Empire State. Governor Fenton, Henry J. Raymond, Horace Greeley and half a dozen others are candidates. Mr. Cowan of Pennsylvania, is certain to be thrown overboard. Mr. Trumbull will have an exciting contest to go through. Gen. Logan, Governor Oglesby, Mr. Washburn, Gen. Palmer and several others, will be his opponents in his own party, to say nothing of the chances of a conservative triumph in Illinois, and the choice of a Democratic aspirant, of whom there are several.—Of the Republican competitors of Mr. Trumbull, Logan's prospects are the best. His army record is the best, perhaps, of any citizen general of the late war, and he relies on this to carry him through.

THE EMPEROR OF RUSSIA.—The recent attempt to assassinate the Emperor of Russia, who has signalized his reign by the emancipation of more than twenty millions of serfs, was made by a landholder who considered himself aggrieved by this noble deed. Thus the fenish spirit of slavery which doomed to martyrdom the chosen ruler of America, has displayed itself in a similar manner in the dominions of our ancient and faithful ally. We are furnished with a new proof of the fearfully demoralizing influence exercised by the sum of all villainies upon its supporters, and see that the revengeful and dangerous passions it generates are confined to no clime or country. It breeds traitors and assassins as naturally as a serpent distils venom.

APROPOS OF THE attempted assassination, the National House of Representatives has passed, and the Senate probably will pass, the following joint resolution: "Resolved, By the Senate and House of Representatives in Congress assembled, that the United States of America has learned with deep regret of the attempt made upon the life of the Emperor of Russia, by the enemy of emancipation.—The Congress send their greetings to His Imperial Majesty, and congratulate two millions of serfs upon the providential escape from danger of a sovereign, to whose head and heart they owe the blessings of their freedom."

THE CHOLERA.—The cholera, instead of spreading in New York, seems, at present, to be dying out on board the infected steamers and the hospital at quarantine. Dr. Swinburne, the health officer, reports favorably. There have been no new cases on the Virginia for the past week. None of the passengers on the England have been attacked, and out of the ninety-nine cases in the hospital, fifty are convalescent. The baggage has been removed and fumigated, preparatory to sending to the city. The Erin had eighteen hundred passengers, all of whom are well. Four deaths had occurred during the voyage from infectious diseases. Many ladies in New York have volunteered as nurses in the hospital.

THE BATTLE FLAGS.—May 16, 1861, the Legislature, by joint resolution, charged the Governor with the duty of procuring regimental standards of all Pennsylvania regiments sent into the field, and provided that after the term of service of the respective regiments, these flags should be returned to the Governor and carefully preserved. The flags will be given over to the Governor on the 4th of July next, at Philadelphia. General Harry White is Chairman of the Committee of Arrangements, and Col. John P. Linton, of Cambria county, is a member thereof.

Mrs. Jeff. Davis was permitted to have an interview with her husband, in Fortress Monroe, on Friday.

It is said the President will veto the bill admitting Colorado into the Union.

To Put a Stop to Corruption.

To the Editor of The Alleghanian: Something like the following ought to be adopted—late, better than never: "I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully execute the office of President of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, preserve, protect and defend the Constitution of the United States, and further, that I will be impartial in approving or disapproving of the acts of Congress, and in all other duties imposed upon me by the Constitution and laws of the United States; and that I will not accept of any money or other emoluments or promise thereof, in any shape whatever, of any company or individuals, for furthering their cause." The above oath to be administered to all lawmakers in the United States, suiting it to their different offices. One word more to our Congressmen and Legislators who are in the habit of absenting themselves from their seats to let bad laws be passed—which is similar to the sentinels placed around a camp leaving their posts to let the enemy pass in, for bad laws are an enemy. If there is not something done to put a stop to corruption, God will not wink at it. STEPHEN LLOYD. Ebensburg, May 4, 1866.

THE COTTON PRODUCE.

There is a good deal of speculation as to the cotton product of this country, not only among dealers in the article but by all interested in the rate of sterling exchange. Cotton is equal to coin in maintaining the balance of trade, and in the absence of produce bills is the main reliance to save an export of specie. Very contradictory statements are made, not only as to the amount of cotton on hand, but also as to the product of this year's crop. After a careful examination of all the data pro and con, furnished on the matter, the conclusion is that the yield will fall between two and three millions of bales.

LETTERS REMAINING UNCLAIMED

At Ebensburg, State of Pennsylvania, May 1, 1866. Joseph Conway, Messrs. E. & C. Jones, A. L. Coyle, Miss Reuben James, Mrs. Maria E. Davis, Jacob Kirkpatrick, David Davis, Wm. Key, Mrs. Elizabeth Davis, E. L. Meyers, Samuel Dull, J. B. Miller, B. E. Evans, Miss Elizabeth M'Coy, Wm. Edwards, Fettey Quarts, Miss Mary Elgenbrod, Jacob Frittle, T. R. Ewing, Miss Caroline Powell, Jas. C. Fegan, H. Strouse, Wm. Feath, Thos. Stabler, E. H. Underdshot, Miss Charlott Vonderloek, Henry Horton, Henry Wolf, Henry Helisel, David Horrid.

To obtain any of these letters, the applicant must call for "advertised letters," give the date of this list, and pay one cent for advertising. If not called for within one month, they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office. Free delivery of letters by carriers, at the residences of owners in cities and large towns secured by observing the following rules: 1. Direct letters plainly to the street and number, as well as the post office and State. 2. Hand letters with the writer's post office and State, street and number, sign them plainly with full name, and request that answers be directed accordingly. 3. Letters to strangers or transient visitors in a town or city, whose special address may be unknown, should be marked, in the lower left-hand corner, with the word "Transient." 4. Place the postage stamp on the upper right-hand corner, and leave space between the stamp and direction for post-marking without interfering with the writing. 5. A request for the return of a letter to the writer, if unclaimed within 30 days or less, written or printed with the writer's name, post office, and State, across the left-hand end of the envelope, on the face side, will be complied with at the usual prepaid rate of postage, payable when the letter is delivered to the writer.—Sec. 28, Law of 1863. JOHN THOMPSON, P. M.

LICENSE NOTICE.

The following named persons have filed their petitions for licenses, which will be presented for the action of the Court of Cambria county, before the Judges thereof, on Monday, 4th June, 1866. To wit: Philip Faddel & Co., Allegheny tp.; A. P. Baker, Carroll tp.; Adam Kurtz, Cambria bor.; Daniel M'Donald, Cambria bor.; Edward Howe, Cambria bor.; Michael Barnicle, Clearfield tp.; Peter Malzie, Conemaugh bor., 1st W.; Francis Seitz, Conemaugh bor., 2d W.; John Sivert, Conemaugh bor., 2d W.; John Fisher, Conemaugh bor., 2d W.; James Downey, Johnstown, 2d W.; John Bendig, Johnstown, 2d W.; John Kraft, Johnstown, 3d W.; Reimigis Durach, Johnstown 3d W.; John B. Myers, Loretto bor.; Philip Herzog, Loretto bor.; Joseph Geis, Richland tp.; George Conrad, Richland tp.; Peter Heim, Richland tp.; Victor Voegtly, Summerhill tp.; Henry Hughes, Summitville bor.; Lenhart Kest, Taylor tp.; William Callen, Washington tp.; Isaac Crawford, Ebensburg bor.; W. W. Michael, J. Smith, Allegheny tp.; Joseph Cole, Carrolltown bor. Quart License: Henry Schnabel, Johnstown bor., 4th W.; Cyrus Hart, Johnstown bor., 4th W. GEO. C. K. ZAHM, Clerk Q. S. May 10, 1866-3t.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF CAMBRIA COUNTY.

In the matter of the petition of John Williams et al. for the Corporation of the First Congregational Church of Ebensburg—No. 64 June Term, 1866. And now, April 4, 1866, petition read and directed to be filed, and notice of said application to be advertised in The Alleghanian for three successive weeks. By the Court. [L. S.] Extract from the Record. Certified 7th May, 1866. GEO. C. K. ZAHM, Pro. May 10, 1866-3t.

QUICK SALES, QUICK SALES, QUICK SALES.

SMALL PROFITS! SMALL PROFITS! SMALL PROFITS! BARKER'S CHEAP STORE! BARKER'S CHEAP STORE! BARKER'S CHEAP STORE! EBENSBURG, PA. EBENSBURG, PA. EBENSBURG, PA. BARKER'S! BARKER'S! BARKER'S!

THE LARGEST STOCK OF GOODS, THE LARGEST STOCK OF GOODS, THE LARGEST STOCK OF GOODS, THE BEST SELECTED, THE BEST SELECTED, THE BEST SELECTED, EVER BROUGHT TO TOWN! EVER BROUGHT TO TOWN! EVER BROUGHT TO TOWN! LARGEST! CHEAPEST! BEST! LARGEST! CHEAPEST! BEST! LARGEST! CHEAPEST! BEST! GO AND SEE! GO AND SEE! GO AND SEE!

The subscriber calls the attention of the public to the fact that he has just received and opened out the largest stock of SPRING GOODS, SPRING GOODS, SPRING GOODS, both Foreign and Domestic, ever brought to Ebensburg. Buying twice as large a stock as any other merchant in town, he buys cheaper, and can therefore sell cheaper, than any competitor. The public is invited to call before purchasing elsewhere. No charge for showing goods, buy or not buy. The highest market price paid for County Produce.

DR. THOMAS H. DOYLE, located permanently in Chess Springs, Pa., respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of that place and vicinities to the citizens of that place and vicinities. Office one door above E. H. Nutter's, Chess Springs, April 23, 1866-4tr.

THE LADY OCULIST.

MISS LAURA LE SCUR, whose successful practice has been well known in Pittsburg and vicinity for the last several years, has now taken rooms at the residence of Mrs. Stahl, High st., Ebensburg, Cambria county, Pa., where she proposes spending the summer for the purpose of treating

DISEASES OF THE EYES. The System is a cautious and safe one—never been known to fail in subduing inflammation of the Eyes, either acute or Chronic—will remove extraneous substances from the eyeballs, cure granulated eyelids, that the eyelashes, instead of growing in bristles down upon the eyeballs and thereby eventually destroying the sight, will assume a correct position—become soft, and natural will strengthen and restore the eye to its standing—all without the use of the Lunar Caustic, Blue Stong, or any of the severe remedies so frequently applied, to the destruction of the eyes.

MISS LE SCUR also treats successfully RHEUMATISM and NERVOUS DISEASES, two of the most lingering and painful cases to which mortals are subject, and which proceed from some of the most fatal causes of the eyes. But as diseases are cured on paper and deeds are much more satisfactory than words, she would respectfully call the attention of an intelligent community to her practice, and cordially invite the afflicted to come and see the effect of the treatment for themselves, saying those whose cases are curable that they put themselves under her treatment to follow strictly the directions given, they certainly will be rewarded with

HEALTH AND SIGHT. These are facts, and facts are said to stubborn things. REFERENCES: Rev. A. Baker, Pastor M. E. Church, Ebensburg. Rev. E. B. Snyder, Pastor Christ Church, Pittsburg. Rev. J. A. Swaney, Pastor Bear st. Church, Allegheny City. Thomas Clark, Esq., firm of Clark & Thomas, Pittsburg. Joseph Anderson, Esq., proprietor St. Charles Hotel, Pittsburg. Wm. Edy, Esq., 31 Fifth st., Pittsburg. W. Thompson, Esq., Commercial block, Fourth st., Pittsburg. Rev. Tempin Moore, D. D., Philada. March 29, 1866-3m\*

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

The undersigned will expose to public outcry, at the Court House in the borough of Ebensburg, on SATURDAY, 19th day of MAY next, at one o'clock, p. m., the following real estate, of which Harry died seized. A lot or piece of ground, situate in the borough of Ebensburg, being part of lot No. 134, designated on the plan of said borough, fronting on High st. 27 feet, and extending back 41 feet, bounded on the east by lot of C. T. Roberts, and on the west by lot of H. S. T. Roberts, and thereon erected a building, recently occupied by George Rogers, and now occupied by Mrs. George Rogers.

ALSO: A lot of ground, designated on plan of said borough by the No. 108, front on High st. 66 feet, and extending back Carolina st. 264 feet to Sample st., have thereon erected two adjacent dwelling houses, a log stable, and other out-buildings. ALSO: About 5 acres of ground, situate in the east end of the borough of Ebensburg, being composed out of lots Nos. 6, 7, 8, 9, known as the "factory field," bounded on the south by the road leading to Loretto, on the north by land of Daniel O. Evans, on the east by land of David Jones, and on the west by land of Samuel Baxter. ALSO: All the right, title, and interest in the wherry, of 15, and to lot No. 77, in the borough of Ebensburg, bounded on the west by Sample st., on the north by Crawford st., and on the west by Phany st., having thereon erected a frame dwelling house and log stable, now occupied by Lewis Rodgers. Terms:—One-half the purchase money be paid when the property is sold, and balance in one year thereafter, with interest to be secured by the judgment bonds of the purchasers. GEO. J. RODGER, Executor of the last will and testament of HARRY W. KITTELL.

LORETTO MARBLE WORKS.

The undersigned begs leave to inform the citizens of Cambria and adjoining counties that he has just received a stock of the finest Italian and other Marbles at his establishment, in Loretto, Cambria county, Pa. Monuments, Tombs, Grave Stones, Table Tops, Manufactured of the most beautiful and finest quality of Foreign and Domestic marble, always on hand and made to order as cheap as they can be purchased in the in a neat and workmanlike manner, and the shortest notice. The public are respectfully invited to give me a call before purchasing elsewhere, as am confident that my work and prices will satisfy any person desiring anything in my line of business. Now is the time to get a cheap job! JAMES WILKINSON. Loretto, May 3, 1866-ly

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between E. J. MILLS and V. S. BARKER, trading under the name of E. J. MILLS & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. E. J. MILLS, who is indebted to the said firm, is requested to make settlement. E. J. MILLS & Co. The undersigned will continue the mercantile business at the old stand of E. J. MILLS & Co., and respectfully requests a continuance of the patronage given to the old firm. J. MILLS will continue to have charge of the business and make settlements. V. S. BARKER. Ebensburg, Feby. 17, 1866.

PITTSBURG LIGHTNING ROD WORKS.

LOCKHART & CO., manufacturers of best Copper and Iron Lightning Rods, Dugan's Way, 2d door below Hand Street Bridge, PITTSBURG, PA. Wholesale Dealers are invited to order for prices. Persons of large or small amount wishing a good paying business will call at our address us.

LICENSED AUCTIONEER.

The subscriber, having taken out regular license as an Auctioneer, is prepared to cry all manner of Sales on short notice and at reasonable terms. Address JESSE WOODCOCK, mar26,65] Hemlock Cambria co. Pa.

TO THE PEOPLE!

"REMEMBER NUMBER ONE!" Bring your Greenbacks along and get your Horses shod for \$2.00. You can get your Buggy or Wagon ironed or repaired at Singer's shop, near Isaac Evans' Tannery, Ebensburg, Oct. 12, 1865-3m.