

With malice toward none, with charity for all, with firmness in the right, as God gives us to see the right, let us strive on to finish the work we are in; to bind up the nation's wounds; to care for him who shall have borne the battle, and for his widow and his orphan; to do all which may achieve and cherish a just and a lasting peace among ourselves and all nations.—Abraham Lincoln's Second Inaugural Address.

FOR GOVERNOR: Maj.-Gen. JOHN W. GEARY.

Our Nominee for Governor.

On the outside of to-day's paper, we give the full proceedings of the Union State Convention, who concluded their labors by placing in nomination for the highest office in the gift of the people of the State, Maj.-Gen. John W. Geary. Gen. Geary is no stranger to the people of Cambria county. During the days of the Allegheny Portage Railroad, he resided for a considerable length of time in our county, as Superintendent of that road. To say that he enjoys in a high degree the esteem and confidence of those with whom he then associated, cannot be denied. His reputation is of the best, and his old friends and acquaintances will take pleasure in doing tribute to his worth by voting for him on the second Tuesday of October.

Returning home at the end of the war, President Polk recognized his eminent services by appointing him Postmaster of San Francisco, and general mail agent throughout California. His career in that State was a brilliant one. He filled several important offices by election, among them First Alcalde of San Francisco and Mayor, always giving the most unbounded satisfaction in the discharge of his duties. When the question of the admission of California into the Union as a State came up, Gen. Geary took a decided stand against the pro-slavery element who were laboring to incorporate Slavery into her Constitution, and it is perhaps as much owing to his earnest and efficient efforts as to those of any other single man that the virgin soil of the Golden State was dedicated to freedom.

Gen. Geary returned to Pennsylvania in 1852. He remained in private life until, in 1856, he was appointed Governor of Kansas Territory by President Pierce. The reader no doubt remembers the condition of things which prevailed in that Territory at that time. A desperate effort was being made by the South to force Slavery upon the people of the Territory, and this being resisted by the actual settlers, civil war was raging throughout the length and breadth of the land. Gen. Geary, as Governor, speedily reduced the troubled elements to a condition of comparative tranquility; but becoming convinced, in the course of his administration, that President Pierce, and after him President Buchanan, was in league with the South and at the bottom of the plot to fasten the curse of Slavery on the Territory, he resigned his commission and washed his hands of the iniquitous transaction. Returning to Pennsylvania, with the whiteness of his soul unstained, he ranged himself under the banner of Stephen A. Douglas, and so helped to break up the faction who had so long ruled and who came so near ruining the country, in the interest of the "sum of all villainies."

He continued firm, from first to last, in his determination to resist the encroachments of the slave power. Upon the breaking out of the rebellion, Gen. Geary raised the Twenty-Eighth Penna. Volunteers, and was elected its commander. He led it to the field, and remained with it, participating in all its many battles, till he was promoted to the rank of Brigadier General. In January, 1865, he was breveted Major General.—He remained in service till the end of the war, doing as much hard fighting as any other man in the field. Upon the capture of Savannah by Sherman, Gen. Geary was made its Military Governor, which position he filled with signal credit. His recent military career, however, is too well known to require further mention at our hands. Such, in brief, is the history of our

candidate. Is not his record good? Does it not commend him to you as worthy of your support?

Although the public expectation of Gen. Geary's nomination, says the Philadelphia Press, almost amounted to a demand, he was not chosen without an animated and honorable competition. The other candidates were gentlemen of high political and personal character, known for their sterling patriotism and commanding ability, and they were supported with zeal and energy by large and influential bodies of friends. But the people, conscious of the necessity of again recognizing the immortal valor that saved our country and slaughtered treason, and feeling that the most thorough and radical measures to complete the overthrow of the rebellion needed not only a willing, but a successful champion, indicated an early and decided preference for General Geary as their standard bearer in the coming campaign. There is a double fitness in his nomination. It proves again, and most eloquently, that the professions of devotion to the soldiers of the Republic, by the National Union party, were not made to be broken, but were so sincerely and so frequently recorded as to be enshrined among the first of our political and personal obligations. It proves, also, that while the Democrats have again shown themselves true to their settled hostility to these saviours of republican liberty, no consideration of doubtful expediency could tempt the National Union party to follow so ungrateful an example. But there is a yet profounder philosophy in the action of the Union Convention.—In placing the name of Gen. Geary upon their ticket, the Union delegates took care first to understand his exact relations to those fundamental interests and principles now more than ever on trial. They knew that we were in the midst of a crisis, and on the eve of exigencies that would demand extraordinary nerve, endurance and sincerity on the part of the leaders and organs of the American people.—They knew that the liberties that cost so much blood and so much valuable life to save from death were again in jeopardy, and that to guard them against betrayal would challenge the highest sagacity of the statesman and the unshaken courage of the patriot. These indispensable qualities were found rarely commingled in the person of the Union candidate for Governor. It was not necessary to catechize a citizen who so well appreciated his own part in the premises as to anticipate the wishes of the masses of our people; and when we state that the emphatic resolutions of the Convention—covering as they do the whole ground of doctrine and of duty—were submitted to him for suggestion before they were adopted, and have since received the solemn seal of his public sanction, we fully establish his own ardent devotion to the great cause, and point the way to a manly, honorable and unambiguous canvass. Standing upon the rock of such a faith as this, and proudly referring friend and foe to an unstained military career, what soldier who fought for and what citizen who loves his country will not enjoy a more than usual pleasure in contributing to the triumph of the Union candidate for Governor?

Democratic Platform.

The following is the platform of principles adopted by the Democracy of Pennsylvania at their late State Convention:

Resolved, 1st. That the States whereof the people were lately in rebellion, are integral parts of the Union, and are entitled to representation in Congress by men duly elected who bear true faith to the Constitution and laws, and in order to vindicate the maxim that "taxation without representation" is tyranny, such representatives should be forthwith admitted.

2d. That the faith of the republic is pledged to the payment of the national debt, and Congress shall pass all laws necessary for that purpose.

3d. That we owe obedience to the Constitution of the United States, including the amendment prohibiting slavery, and under its provision will accord to those emancipated all their rights of person and property.

4th. That each State has the exclusive right to regulate the qualification of its own citizens.

5th. That the white race alone is entitled to the control of the government of the republic, and we are unwilling to grant to negroes the right to vote.

6th. That the bold enunciation of the principles of the Constitution and the policy of restoration contained in the recent annual and Freedmen's Bureau veto message of President Johnson entitles him to the confidence and support of all who respect the Constitution and love their country.

7th. That the nation owes to the brave men of our army and navy a debt of lasting gratitude for their heroic services in defence of the Constitution and the Union; and that while we cherish with a tender affection the memory of the fallen, we pledge to the widows and orphans the nation's care and protection.

8th. That we urge upon Congress the duty of equalizing the bounties of our soldiers and sailors.

Democratic Ratification Meeting—The First Gun of the Campaign—And a Pop-Gun at that!

WHERE THE LOAVES AND FISHES ARE THOUGHT TO BE, THERE ARE THE DEMOCRATS GATHERED TOGETHER!

[The editor of The Alleghanian takes pleasure in saying that, to the end of affording his readers the high privilege of hearing discussed both sides of the political questions of the day, he has made arrangements by which all, or a majority, of the mass meetings to be held throughout the county during the canvass, by either party, will be fully and fairly reported in these columns. Without further preface, and knowing that his efforts to enlighten and instruct will be duly appreciated, he submits the subjoined notes of the late Democratic ratification meeting held here to general consideration.]

In pursuance of a call promulgated at least a month prior to the meeting of the Democratic State Convention, the Democracy of Cambria county, a portion of them, assembled in the Court House, Ebensburg, on Wednesday evening last, to ratify the nomination of Heister Clymer, endorse the reconstruction policy of President Johnson, and perform such other business as might be brought forward.

The meeting was called to order by George W. Oatman, Esq., Chairman of the Democratic County Committee, who said: "Fellow-citizens, that ours is a great country, is undeniable. I myself have traveled over a considerable portion of it, and think it might with propriety be said of it that it is a very great country. Look at our rivers, and lakes, and mountains, and then tell me—where is their equal? (Cries of cheer! cheer!) Not in Canada; for it is a well attested fact that the rivers there are rivulets, the lakes lagoons, and the mountains molehills. Not in Mexico; or history, as embodied in the person of Terence O'Rafferty, tells a lie. Not in England, not in France, not in Spain. (Applause.) Tell me, furthermore, where will you find telegraphs, and railroads, and steamboats, and canal boats like unto ours? Your silence, I take it, signifies assent to the proposition that you will find these things, in their sublimest perfection, nowhere except here. (Applause.) Well, fellow-citizens, it becomes my duty to inform you that this great country of ours, the greatest of all countries, is now, as it has been for five years, in the hands of (not to mince matters) Abolitionists; and the point I desire to make is, that it must be got out of their hands, and that forthwith, or the result will be that in an incredibly short space of time, our rivers, and lakes, and mountains will be overgrown and dwindled away until they are no more than rivulets, and lagoons, and molehills, while some enterprising New-Zealander, seating himself on the ruins of the Great Tunnel at Gallitzin, will sketch the downfall of the entire telegraph, railroad, steamboat and canal-boat system of the country. (Uproarious applause.) Yes, fellow-citizens, during the past five years, the star of Abolitionism has been in the ascendant. During that long, long period, the Democracy have been in the background—out in the cold—in the dark. The latter idea suggests the remark that we now see a ray of light. (Cheers.) Away off, so far distant that you can scarcely discern it, there is a ray of light which beckons us from the misty swamps and the gloomy caverns of our degrading slavery to the ever-welcome feast of the loaves and fishes. (Unbounded enthusiasm.) The moment is an auspicious one; let us soar equal to its demands and necessities. Putting on the helmet of right and a clean shirt, and grasping the Constitution firmly in our hands as our guide, let us go forth (taking care to first provide ourselves with ten days rations) like an avante-lanche, and scattering the integers, who have seized upon our rightful substance and heritage, let us do what is in our heart of hearts. (We will!) A ray of light, I presume it is hardly necessary to say to you, is understood to be a material fluid of extreme subtilty emanating in particles from a luminous body. I would therefore move that Michael Hasson, Esq., be elected President of this meeting."

The motion prevailed. On taking his seat, Michael said: "Men, I don't want to make a speech to you, and I am sure you don't want to hear a speech from me. There is a disturbing agent operating throughout the land, and it is Abolitionism. I now declare this meeting ready for business."

On motion, R. L. Johnston, Esq., was invited to address the meeting. He took the floor and said: "In 1862-3-4, when Abraham Lincoln was battling for the great principle that no State could go out of the Union, we vehemently contended that Abraham Lincoln was a fool, that the Union was indeed and in truth interrupted, and that peace could never be restored over a reunited country. The logic of events proved that Abraham Lincoln was right, and that we were wrong. Five years of bloody war were necessary in bringing about a determination of the issue, but it was determined that the Union could not be dissolved. I understand the political situation, and I think I do, then, and I think you do, that John is Jack, is also Andy Jackson, holds to precisely the same theory in the premises as that entertained by Abraham Lincoln. He declares that the Union cannot and was not dissolved—that the rebellious States were never for a single moment out of the Union—that peace is restored over a whole country. It therefore becomes our duty, as consistent Democrats, to endorse Andy Johnson and his policy, and I am glad that this meeting was called to afford us opportunity for the expression of our sentiments. As to Heister Clymer, our nominee for Governor, one of his family was a signer of the Declaration of Independence, and none of them ever took in boot-black for a living. Like myself, he was once a Whig, but has been for years a Democrat, and so is worthy of your warm sympathy and support. His record throughout the war is untarnished. I may sum it up in a word by saying that he never voted a man to be killed nor a dollar to be entailed upon us in the shape of a standing debt, during the entire continuance of hostilities.—With these two gallant men for our standard bearers—Johnson and Clymer—and with our former record and our present platform, defeat at the polls next October were a moral impossibility."

John S. Rhey, Esq., next came forward. He contended himself with saying that he had the "documents" in his pocket to prove that anything that any Abolitionist ever had said or ever would say was false.

John P. Linton, Esq., was called upon. He thought that too much had already been said, and begged to be excused from saying anything. He was excused.

W. H. Rose, Esq., was requested to come out. But the gentleman had just gone out.

At this juncture, a series of resolutions passed by a jury in a case pending before Court, and who were locked up for the night in a private room, was presented, read, and adopted. They breathed the spirit of true Democracy, but by unanimous consent were voted to have been in exceeding bad taste.

A series of resolutions passed by the prisoners in the county jail, also breathing the spirit of pure Democracy, was not presented by the gentleman having it in charge.

Mr. H. D. Woodruff, now of Johnstown but late of Perry county, was requested to ventilate any views he might have convenient at hand. His speech was taken up in a futile attempt to demonstrate that two and two make five.

Mr. C. Wilson offered the following resolution: "Whereas, this country is going down; "And whereas, this country ought to go up; "And whereas, this country will continue to go down until a triumph of Democratic principles shall send it up; therefore, "Resolved, that Democratic principles triumph on the second Tuesday of next October."

Which was adopted. The meeting then adjourned.

BERKS COUNTY AND GUBERNATORIAL CANDIDATES.—The nomination of Heister Clymer by the Democracy for Governor makes the eighth candidate for that position furnished by Berks county. The first Governor of Pennsylvania under the Constitution of 1790, was Thomas Mifflin, a native of Berks. In 1808 Berks county presented John Spayd for Governor, but he was defeated by an overwhelming majority. In 1817 Joseph Heister, of Berks, was a candidate and defeated; in 1820, Mr. Heister was again a candidate, and elected by a small majority. In 1835, Henry A. Muhlenberg, of Berks, was defeated by Joseph Ritner, the Whig candidate; he was a candidate a second time in 1844, but died during the canvass.—Hon. John Banks, of Berks, was the Whig candidate in 1841, but was defeated. In 1836, Heister Clymer is the Democratic candidate, who will be defeated by John W. Geary, on the second Tuesday of October next.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONY.—Gen. Grierson, the hero of the famous raid in the Southwest, has testified before the Committee on Reconstruction that he believes "there is now an organization existing in the South for the renewal of the rebellion" and that if we were engaged in a foreign war, "the enemies of the Government throughout the South would not fail to seize the opportunity to attempt again its destruction." Do the people of Pennsylvania think any of their interests can be seriously injured by extending the probationary term of a people animated by motives like these?

In cleaning out well No. 66, Holmden farm, on the 3d instant, the superintendent struck a large crevice in the rock, and on using the sand pump, brought from a depth of 616 feet, to the surface, a live fish having no eyes, which was of a brown color and some four inches in length. The fish was immediately put in water, but, being used to a mixture of salt water and oil, survived the changed condition of life but a few hours. It was as tightly "bottled" as Butler on the James, and will be sent to Barnum.

The man who contemplated the assassination of Governor Brownlow, of Tennessee, has been arrested at Gretna, Mississippi, and ordered to Nashville for trial before a military commission.

An order has been issued to quarantine all vessels arriving at Texan ports, on account of official notice having been received of the prevalence of the cholera in the West Indies.

GRADUATED.—At Duff's Mercantile College, Pittsburgh: J. S. Tait, Decatur, Illinois. O. B. Dent, New Comerstown, Ohio. John S. Wilkin, Londonderry, Ohio. J. F. Birney, Deersville, Ohio. Samuel B. Dawson, Smith's Ferry, Pa. James Lynch, Pittsburgh. Wm. W. King, Sandy, Ohio. J. E. Byers, Brookfield, Ohio. N. D. Hooper, Fred'k's ten, New Brunswick. Clarence K. Tibball, New Castle, Pa. John Hazlett, Allegheny city. C. W. Burt, Worthington, Ohio. H. C. Hunter, Bridgeport, Ohio. George P. Davis, Minerva, Ohio. C. C. Gray, Turtle Creek, Pa. Thomas Moses, Johnstown, Pa. Wm. M. Riddle, Canonsburg, Pa. Wm. J. Sturgeon, Pittsburgh. M. M. Braden, Beaver, Pa. J. B. Stewart, St. Clairsville, Ohio. F. Miskimen, New Comerstown, Ohio. G. A. Taylor, Monongahela city, Pa. T. D. Stewart, Pittsburgh. A. L. Hoover, Clearfield, Pa. George W. Butcher, Atchison, Kansas. Wm. M. Nowell, Summerfield, Ohio. Charles W. Philpot, Summerfield, Ohio. C. H. Barwell, Zanesville, Ohio. Thomas A. Briery, Cleveland, Ohio. A. Disque, Powhattan Point, Ohio. Wm. L. Metcalf, Girard, Ohio. George B. Dawson, Rochester, Pa. All of whom passed the usual searching examinations of the College satisfactorily, and who will, no doubt, hereafter distinguish themselves by an honorable proficiency in business. Each graduate was awarded the beautiful diploma of the College, as a credential of his proficiency, of his industry and of his exemplary deportment during his course of study.

ITCH! ITCH! ITCH!—SCRATCH! SCRATCH! SCRATCH!—Wharton's Ointment will cure the Itch in 48 Hours. Also cures Salt Rheum, Ulcers, Chilblains, and all Eruptions of the Skin. Price 50 cents. For sale by all Druggists. By sending 50 cents to WEEKS & POTTER, Sole Agents, 170 Washington street, Boston, Mass., it will be forwarded by mail, free of postage to any part of the United States.

LICENSE NOTICE. The following named persons have filed their petitions for licenses, which will be presented for the action of the Argument Court, of Cambria county, before the Judges thereof, on Tuesday, the 3d of April next, to wit: DANIEL RAFFERTY, Cambria bor.; Peter Fisher, Conemaugh, 1st w'd; James H. Benford, Johnstown, 3d w'd; Philip Shulties, Johnstown, 3d w'd; Francis J. Parrish, Allegheny tp.; Jacob Ream, Yoder tp. GEO. C. K. ZAHM, Clerk Q. S. March 15, 1866.

HOLLIDAYSBURG IRON WORKS AND NAIL FACTORY. B. M. JOHNSTON, Manufacturer of BAR, BOLT & ROD IRON, NAILS & SPIKES, Hollidaysburg, Blair Co., Pa. March 15, 1866.

LETTERS REMAINING UNCLAIMED IN THE POST OFFICE, At Ebensburg, State of Pennsylvania, March 1, 1866. Wm. A. Kerr. N. F. Ames. David Miller. Wm. Ayres. James R. McConnell. I. C. Barr. Mrs. Elizabeth Meyers. Mrs. C. Badger. J. B. Miller. Timothy Brooks. Miss B. Ellen Nelson. Adam Bernhart. John Nelson. Joseph Bender. John Rowland. James Conway. Rebecca Shankel. Mrs. Maria Davis. Minnie Shortcarrier. Adam Elmer. Peter Semore. Rev. Thomas I. James. Thos. L. Shields. Michael Kryes. Miss Lucy Singer.

To obtain any of these letters, the applicant must call on "advertised letter," give the date of this list, and pay one cent for advertising.

If not called for within one month, they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

Free delivery of letters by carriers, at the residences of owners in cities and large towns secured by observing the following rules:

1. Direct letters plainly to the street and number, as well as the post office and State. 2. Head letters with the writer's post office and State, street and number, sign them plainly with full name, and request that answers be directed accordingly. 3. Letters to strangers or transient visitors in a town or city, whose special address may be unknown, should be marked, in the lower left-hand corner, with the word "Transient." 4. Place the postage stamp on the upper right-hand corner, and leave space between the stamp and direction for post-marking without interfering with the writing. N.B.—A request for the return of a letter to the writer, if unclaimed within 30 days or less, written or printed with the writer's name, post office, and State, across the left-hand end of the envelope, on the face side, will be complied with at the usual prepaid rate of postage, payable when the letter is delivered to the writer.—Sec. 28, LAW OF 1863. JOHN THOMPSON, P. M.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP. Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between E. J. MILLS and V. S. BARKER, trading under the name of E. J. MILLS & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. E. J. MILLS retiring. All persons knowing themselves indebted to the said firm are requested to make settlement. E. J. MILLS & CO.

The undersigned will continue the mercantile business at the old stand of E. J. MILLS & CO., and respectfully requests a continuance of the patronage given to the old firm. E. J. MILLS will continue to have charge of the business and make settlements. V. S. BARKER. Ebensburg, Feb. 17, 1866.

DISSOLUTION.—The partnership heretofore existing between Thos. B. Moore, A. A. Barker, Evan D. Evans and David Lewis, under the name and style of MOORE, BARKER & CO., engaged in the manufacture of Lumber, has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. A. A. Barker and Evan D. Evans having sold their interest to Thos. B. Moore. All debts of the firm will be settled by Moore & Lewis, who still continue the manufacture of Lumber at the old mill. MOORE, BARKER & CO. February 22, 1866-3t

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of William G. Williams, late of Ebensburg borough, Cambria county, have been granted to the subscriber, residing in Cambria township. All persons indebted to said estate will come forward and make payment, and those having claims against the same will present them for probate for settlement. THOMAS W. WILLIAMS, Executor. March 1, 1866-6t.

THE SINGER SEWING MACHINES.—Our Letter A Family Sewing Machine is fast gaining a world-wide reputation. It is beyond doubt the best and cheapest and most beautiful of all Family Sewing Machines yet offered to the public. No other Family Sewing Machine has so many useful appliances for Hemming, Binding, Felling, Tucking, Gathering, Gauging, Braiding, Embroidering, Cording, &c. No other Family Sewing Machine has so much capacity for a great variety of work. It will sew all kinds of cloth, and with all kinds of thread. Great and recent improvements make our Family Sewing Machine most reliable, and most durable, and most certain in action at all rates of speed. It makes the interlocked stitch, which is the best stitch known. Any one, even of the most ordinary capacity, can see, at a glance, how to use the Letter A Family Sewing Machine. Our Family Sewing Machines are finished in chaste and exquisite style.

The Folding Case of the Family Machine is a piece of cunning workmanship of the most useful kind. It protects the machine when not in use, and when about to be operated may be opened as a spacious and substantial table to sustain the work. While some of the Cases, made out of the choicest woods, are finished in the simplest and chaste manner possible, others are adorned and embellished in the most costly and superb manner. It is absolutely necessary to see the Family Machine in operation, so as to judge of its great capacity and beauty. It is fast becoming as popular for family sewing as our Manufacturing machines are for manufacturing purposes.

The Branch Offices are well supplied with silk, twist, thread, needles, oil, &c., of the very best quality. Send for a Pamphlet. THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO. 458 Broadway, New York. PHILADELPHIA OFFICE, 810 CHEST-NUT ST. C. T. ROBERTS, AGENT IN EBENSURG. March 9, 1865-y.

ON A PIANO-FORTE! \$10! \$20! \$30! \$40! SAVED! SAVED! SAVED! ON AN ORGAN OR MELODEON! By sending your Order to O. J. WILLARD, No. 547 Broadway, New York. Wholesale Agents for Wm. A. Pond & Co.'s, Boardman, Gray Co.'s, Wm. Knabe & Co.'s, and other class Piano-Fortes, and Cabart, Needham & Co.'s New Parlor Organs, Melodeons, Church Harmoniums, Also, J. D. & H. W. Smith's American Organs. MUSIC TEACHERS and DEALERS will be supplied with Sheet Music, Instruction Books, Pianos, Organs or Melodeons at Wholesale prices. NEW MUSIC sent to any address, free postage, on receipt of price. Victory at last. Song and chorus by W. B. Bradbury. Our Noble Chief has Passed Away, an elegy on the death of Abraham Lincoln. It's all up in Dixie, by Tucker. Jeff in Pettichets, by Tucker. I'm lonely since he left me, by M. Keller. He, or down in Pennsylvania, by Schmitt. I believe her true to me, by H. Willard. I have so much to tell, by J. R. Thomas. Let him rest, tribute to the late Stephen C. Foster, embellished with likeness. Limerick is beautiful, by Boucicault, music by Dan Bryant. Lost star of my hope, last song and chorus, by Henry Tucker. Little house on the hill, by E. C. Phelps. Leave me not in deep despair, by Wood. Mind you that, by J. H. McNaughton. Moonlight with thee, by R. Meyer. My beautiful Lizzie, by J. McMahon. My Polly Ann, comic, David Reed. Mother's blessing, by F. Widdows. Maggie Moore, by P. D. Isaacs. My angel boy, by S. C. Foster. Music on the waves, duet, C. W. Glover. Never deem my love can change, Thomas. Tell me, twinkling star, Griffin. There's none to say good night to me, Be thou forever mine, H. Willard. Beautiful dreamer, for guitar, S. Winner. Beautiful Isle of the sea, J. R. Thomas. Blue-eyed Lety May, P. B. Isaacs. Cadaverous Jones, G. Bowdman. I cannot call her mother, Chamberlain. Jennie lives but for thee, J. Mahan. Kissing on the sly, J. G. Marler. Kiss me, father, ere I die, Walker. Bury me in the sunshine, H. Willard. Angel child, W. H. Burr. Beautiful cloud, Aradia. Striking it, as sung by Dan Bryant. INSTRUMENTAL—NEW WALTZES. L'Ardis, by L. Ardis. Belles of Brooklyn, G. W. Warren. Dalia grand valse, E. Kettner. Faust, T. Oesten. Flower streamlet, C. Wells. Faust, G. W. Warren. Harvest home, Jean Manus. Heart's ache, Wm. B. Allen. Ida, Jean Manus. Kiss, L. Ardis. Kiss, brilliantly arranged by C. Kitzner. MARCHES AND QUICKSTEPS. Lincoln Funeral March. Funeral march, from Don Sebastian, Fradel. March Hongroise, H. Wollenhaupf. March Trompette, De Pomban. March Montenegro, H. Mayher. VARIATIONS. Beautiful dreamer, A. Baumach. Call me not back from the echoes shore. Dear mother, I've come home to die. Lanigan's ball, H. Baumach. Send for illustrated price lists of instruments and catalogues of music. Address O. J. WILLARD, Wholesale Piano Forte & Music Dealer, dec. 7, 65 547 Broadway, N. Y.

\$50! \$75! SAVED! ON A PIANO-FORTE! \$10! \$20! \$30! \$40! SAVED! SAVED! ON AN ORGAN OR MELODEON! By sending your Order to O. J. WILLARD, No. 547 Broadway, New York.

Wholesale Agents for Wm. A. Pond & Co.'s, Boardman, Gray Co.'s, Wm. Knabe & Co.'s, and other class Piano-Fortes, and Cabart, Needham & Co.'s New Parlor Organs, Melodeons, Church Harmoniums, Also, J. D. & H. W. Smith's American Organs.

MUSIC TEACHERS and DEALERS will be supplied with Sheet Music, Instruction Books, Pianos, Organs or Melodeons at Wholesale prices.

NEW MUSIC sent to any address, free postage, on receipt of price.

Victory at last. Song and chorus by W. B. Bradbury.

Our Noble Chief has Passed Away, an elegy on the death of Abraham Lincoln. It's all up in Dixie, by Tucker.

I'm lonely since he left me, by M. Keller. He, or down in Pennsylvania, by Schmitt.

I believe her true to me, by H. Willard. I have so much to tell, by J. R. Thomas.

Let him rest, tribute to the late Stephen C. Foster, embellished with likeness.

Limerick is beautiful, by Boucicault, music by Dan Bryant.

Lost star of my hope, last song and chorus, by Henry Tucker.

Little house on the hill, by E. C. Phelps. Leave me not in deep despair, by Wood.

Mind you that, by J. H. McNaughton. Moonlight with thee, by R. Meyer.

My beautiful Lizzie, by J. McMahon. My Polly Ann, comic, David Reed.

Mother's blessing, by F. Widdows. Maggie Moore, by P. D. Isaacs.

My angel boy, by S. C. Foster. Music on the waves, duet, C. W. Glover.

Never deem my love can change, Thomas. Tell me, twinkling star, Griffin.

There's none to say good night to me, Be thou forever mine, H. Willard.

Beautiful dreamer, for guitar, S. Winner. Beautiful Isle of the sea, J. R. Thomas.

Blue-eyed Lety May, P. B. Isaacs. Cadaverous Jones, G. Bowdman.

I cannot call her mother, Chamberlain. Jennie lives but for thee, J. Mahan.

Kissing on the sly, J. G. Marler. Kiss me, father, ere I die, Walker.

Bury me in the sunshine, H. Willard. Angel child, W. H. Burr.

Beautiful cloud, Aradia. Striking it, as sung by Dan Bryant. INSTRUMENTAL—NEW WALTZES.

L'Ardis, by L. Ardis. Belles of Brooklyn, G. W. Warren.

Dalia grand valse, E. Kettner. Faust, T. Oesten. Flower streamlet, C. Wells.

Faust, G. W. Warren. Harvest home, Jean Manus. Heart's ache, Wm. B. Allen.

Ida, Jean Manus. Kiss, L. Ardis. Kiss, brilliantly arranged by C. Kitzner.

MARCHES AND QUICKSTEPS. Lincoln Funeral March. Funeral march, from Don Sebastian, Fradel.

March Hongroise, H. Wollenhaupf. March Trompette, De Pomban. March Montenegro, H. Mayher.

VARIAIONS. Beautiful dreamer, A. Baumach. Call me not back from the echoes shore. Dear mother, I've come home to die.

Lanigan's ball, H. Baumach. Send for illustrated price lists of instruments and catalogues of music. Address O. J. WILLARD, Wholesale Piano Forte & Music Dealer, dec. 7, 65 547 Broadway, N. Y.

PRICES REDUCED! JOHNSTOWN MARBLE WORKS. The subscriber has just received a large and beautiful invoice of ITALIAN MARBLE AMERICAN MARBLE, comprising the largest and finest stock of kind ever brought to Johnstown, at his establishment, on Franklin Street, where he prepared, with an adequate force of experienced and skillful workmen, to execute all kinds of MONUMENTS, TABLE TOPS, BUREAU TOPS, &c., &c., as cheap as they can be purchased in any of the cities. A large stock of GRINDSTONES on hand and for sale low. Articles of my manufacture can be purchased at the Hardware Store of Mr. George Huntley, in Ebensburg. Prompt attention paid to orders from a distance, and work delivered where directed. November 30, 1865-tf JOHN PARKER.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Evan E. Davis, late of the borough of Ebensburg, Cambria county, have been granted to the subscriber, residing in said borough. All persons indebted to said estate will come forward and make payment, and those having claims against the same will present them for probate for settlement. THOMAS E. DAVIS, Executor. February 8, 1866-6t

STRAY.—Came to the premises of the subscriber in Allegheny tp., in the month of December last, a two-year old BULL, red and white spotted, with right ear off. The owner will come forward, prove property and take away to law, otherwise he will be disposed of according to law. SIMON BENDER. March 1, 1866-3t.

JUST RECEIVED! A full assortment of MEN'S AND BOYS' CAPS. A large assortment of OVERCOATS, GENTS' SCARFS, TRUNKS. A splendid assortment of CARPETS! A. A. PARKER'S. Ebensburg, Pa.