

EBENSBURG AND CRESON RAILROAD. On and after Monday, November 20, 1865, trains on this road will run as follows: LEAVE EBENSBURG—At 5:35 A. M., connecting with Day Ex. East and Pitts. & Erie West. At 7:30 P. M., connecting with Altoona Accom. West and Mail East.

THE PRESS IN EBENSBURG.—We have before us two copies of the first newspaper published in Ebensburg, the Olive Branch, one copy bearing date June 3, 1819, and the other December 13, 1819. The former copy is described as Vol. I No. 28, which, allowing one number to each week, would make the date of the first establishment of the paper the latter part of 1818, instead of 1816 as we gave it last week. In size, the sheet is 19x24 inches, or a little larger than one page of The Alleghanian. It was published every Thursday by Thomas Foley, at two dollars per annum, half yearly in advance; two dollars and fifty cents at the end of six months; or three dollars at the end of the year—those receiving their papers by the "post rider" to pay twenty-five cents per annum, for postage, in addition to the price of the paper. The editor made it a rule that "no subscription would be taken for a shorter period than six months, nor would any subscriber be at liberty to withdraw while he remained in the editor's debt." The following is very nearly a facsimile of the heading of the paper:

THE OLIVE BRANCH, AND CAMBRIA RECORD.

Its motto was: "Every kingdom divided against itself is brought to desolation; and every city or house divided against itself shall not stand"—Mat. c. 12, v. 25. It contains four columns to the page, or six columns in all, the major part of which is set up in type considerably larger than that used upon The Alleghanian.

In the paper of June 3, four and a half columns are devoted to reading matter, the residue being filled with advertisements. A single editorial article appears, which we transfer entire to our columns: "A society lately established in Philadelphia for the encouragement of domestic manufactures, has published several addresses to the public on the advantages of protecting and encouraging manufactures in our own country. They are written in a manner which must bring conviction to the truths they contain to the breast of every reader; and while they are remarkable for the justness of their reasoning, they must be admired for the simple yet elegant style of the diction. We regret that the limits of a weekly paper cannot admit their insertion, as they are extensive, but until we can obtain more liberal patronage, we are precluded from the means of enlarging our establishment, to give a greater diversity of intelligence to the public; to support our own character in the editorial department—to do justice to ourselves and our public."

From this, it will be seen that the Ebensburg editor of forty-seven years ago was emphatically "sound on the tariff." He grieves, as will the reader, that his "patronage" never became such as to justify him in enlarging his establishment to the extent sufficient to enable him to do justice in his columns to himself or the public upon the great question of the management of domestic manufactures.

Next follows an extract from the Hunt, which states that "turnpike money daily growing better, and without another effort is made to put it out of credit, by misrepresentations, we hope shortly to see it rival in credit any of the bank notes in circulation." The "turnpike money" spoken of was the scrip issued by the Huntingdon, Cambria and Indiana Turnpike Company. It may have served a useful purpose in those days, and even for a time have rivalled in value any of the bank notes then in circulation, but it speedily went out of use, and is now as great a curiosity almost as the old Continental currency, or as will be Barker's scrip" fifty years hence.

A two-column article follows, headed "Indication of the Turnpike." It appears from the context that "sundry evil disposed persons" had been circulating "slandrous reports" for the purpose of "impairing the credit of the Huntingdon, Cambria and Indiana Turnpike Company," and this indication was uttered to "conquer those slanders," and "prevent the frauds from being imposed upon by misstatements," whose sole motive, it is stated in the article, "appears to be to discredit the Company's paper, and then to buy it at a large discount." The vindication is full and complete, and shows the Company to have been in good financial condition at that writing. It may not be necessary to mention, that in the course of the year the Company fell into an unhealthy condition, and its turnpike was made over to a sequestrator for the benefit of its

creditors, in whose hands it yet remains. Then come several items on miscellaneous subjects. One of these contains a warning of so extraordinary a character that we subjoin it. It is copied from the New Hampshire Patriot: "Fellow mortals, be careful!—Be careful this year of fire! I have noticed from my tenth to my seventieth year, that when August comes in on the Lord's day, great property is consumed by fire. LEVI HADLOCK."

The Ebensburg, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Norfolk and New York markets are given. In Ebensburg, flour sold at \$8.00 per barrel; wheat, \$1.50 per bushel; corn, \$1.00; potatoes, 50 cents; butter, 16 cents; eggs, 12 cents; whisky, new, 75 cents per gallon.

Besides attempting the publication of a newspaper, Foley appears to have been engaged at the same time in endeavoring to turn an honest penny by keeping a sort of literary and news depot. In the advertising columns, we find that he gives forth that he has for sale at his office, "on the most reasonable terms, for cash or country produce," school and prayer books, miscellaneous works, stationery, blanks of all kinds, &c.; &c.; that he is agent for the sale in and near Ebensburg of "The Life of our Blessed Saviour Jesus Christ" and "The Lives, Acts and Deaths of the Holy Evangelists and Apostles," both works written by J. Taylor, D. D.; that he is agent for the sale of "An Appeal to the Protestant Public, (just published,) by Demetrius A. Gallitzin," and that he is agent to obtain subscriptions to a proposed publication to be called "The Pocket Companion, or Every Man His Own Lawyer." To enable him to devote a fair share of time to this branch of his business, doubtless, he sends greeting to all printers, proclaiming that he wants immediately one compositor, acquainted with book work and able to work at press, to whom will be given employment for twelve months, at "Philadelphia prices."

Among the advertisements is one requesting the citizens of Cambria county to meet at the house of Samuel M'Anulty, in Ebensburg, on Thursday evening, June 10th, for the purpose of nominating candidates for the next general election. James Mageehan, of Allegheny tp, sets forth in a card to the "free and independent electors of Cambria county" that he is a candidate for the office of Sheriff. The list of causes for June term of the Common Pleas of Cambria county, 1819, is published; it is signed by J. C. Maguie, who was the second Prothonotary elected in Cambria county. The Sheriff's sales for the same session of Court are given; John Murray, Sheriff. Peter Keller, Jr., requests the person who borrowed his saddle without leave to return it forthwith. The cards of Drs. Strickland and Steel appear. J. E. Walker, watchmaker, silversmith and jeweler, and Ezekiel Davis, shoemaker, inform the public that they have commenced business, each in his own line, in Ebensburg. A meeting of the directors of the "Cambria Bible and Tract Society" is called for 9 o'clock Monday morning, 7th June. Jas. Kean has opened out a spinning-wheel manufactory on the turnpike road between Ebensburg and Munster. James Meloy, of Munster, complains that his store was broken open on the night of the 9th February, and robbed of \$235 in money and \$500 in bonds, notes, &c.; he offers a reward of \$80 for the arrest and conviction of the thief. Besides these advertisements, there appear several turnpike notices, stray notices, legal notices, land sales, stage line advertisements, patent medicine advertisements, &c., &c.

BUSER AND HOUSER.—The application of Buser and Houser to the Supreme Court for a new trial, on a writ of error, has been refused, as will be seen by the following "opinion" of Chief Justice Woodward:

John B. Houser and Daniel Buser vs. the Commonwealth. Error to Oyer and Terminer of Cambria county. Opinion of Woodward, C. J.

Polly Paul, an elderly maiden lady, who was reputed to possess money, and Cassie Munday, a young girl who lived with her, were cruelly murdered on the evening of 7th of June, 1865, in Summerhill township, Cambria county. The plaintiffs in error were defendants below in an indictment which charged only the murder of Miss Polly Paul; and after a full and careful trial, were both convicted of murder in the first degree. The first and ninth assignments of error complain of the admission of John Buck and George W. Kerby, two of the jurors in the box, as witnesses on the part of the Commonwealth. They were called to incidental and immaterial points. Let it be distinctly said that jurors are not incompetent witnesses in either civil or criminal issues. The second and fourth assignments of error are to the admission of the testimony of the prison warden as to the admission of the prisoners, because he is required to keep a journal of the reception and discharge of prisoners, and that record is the best evidence. The act of Assembly does not make the warden's journal a record, and that point is overruled. The fifth assignment is to the admission of the evidence of a convict. Prisoner exhibited his pardon, and was therefore competent. The other points are of minor importance, and the judgment of the court below is affirmed.

THE weather is cold, stormy, and disagreeable.

OUR JOHNSTOWN LETTER. MELANCHOLY CASE OF SUICIDE.—A CASE OF THE SAME KIND WHICH WAS NOT MELANCHOLY.—A FORMER JOHNSTOWNER SHOT AND KILLED.—THE NEW POLICE FORCE, AND WHAT THEY ARE DOING.—DISORDERLY CONDUCT, SEDUCTION, BIGAMY, RAPE, AND LARCENY.—REAL ESTATE OPERATION.—SOLDIERS' MEETING.—THE DISTRICT COURT, &c., &c., &c.

JOHNSTOWN, March 4, 1866. A melancholy case of suicide occurred in this vicinity last week, the particulars of which may be summed up briefly as follows: Samuel Keim, an old citizen of Richland twp., disposed of his farm, stock, &c., a few days ago for the sum of \$10,000, intending to move westward, whither some of his family had already gone. His eccentric movements on Wednesday and Thursday induced his friends to keep a watch over him, but on the evening of the latter day, he succeeded in eluding their vigilance, and going to a log house a short distance off, he set it on fire, and perished in the flames. The discovery of a razor in the ruins disclosed the horrible fact that after firing the building, the unfortunate man had cut his own throat. He had the entire amount of money on his person, which was, of course, consumed. It will be remembered that Peter Keim, a brother of the above, committed suicide by hanging himself some five years since.

Philip Sloan, residing in the lower part of town, tried to poison himself, by taking arsenic, on Thursday last. Procuring the poison, he went into a lager beer shop and called for a glass of lager, and pouring the poison into the beer, drank it. A Doctor was quickly summoned, who succeeded in ejecting all the poison from his system. Not being an adept in the poison business, Sloan had taken an over-dose, with the above result.

Albert French, a young man about twenty years of age, and for many years a resident of this place, was shot and instantly killed, near Benwood, West Virginia, on Sunday last, by a young man named M'Mehen. It is alleged the act was done in self defence. French was an orphan, and bore the reputation of being an honest, hard-working lad. He served a term of service in the army, under Captain Ryekman.

The new Police force have succeeded in establishing peace and order here, and evil-doers no more commit crime publicly, and defy punishment openly. Monday of last week produced \$50 in the way of fines, for drunkenness, rowdiness, &c.—Heretofore it was unsafe to appear in the streets after nightfall, and a lady passing a street corner at almost any hour was certain to hear the most disgusting and filthy language, but now the corners are clear, and a lady can pass along without being publicly insulted.

The following are a few of the cases disposed of last week: On Sunday, five young men of the "fast" school took on an extra allowance of tanglefoot, and becoming musically inclined, they indulged their vocal organs in a stentorian sort of a way, in a popular melody entitled, "The Yellow Rose of Texas." The police, not being of a musical turn of mind, arrested three of the singers; the other two escaped, and took a freight train east. The unfortunate trio had the felicity of paying a fine of five dollars each, before they were set at liberty.

A telegram was received by the police, on Friday, from Stoystown, to arrest a man who had run off from there. He was caught at Conemaugh station just as he had stepped on the platform of the cars to go east. The police remanded him to the "lock up," to await a requisition from Stoystown. By a strange coincidence, another "case" was arrested at the same time and place, for the same offence, seduction. The latter gave bail for his appearance to answer the charge.

A man was arrested on Sunday, for Brigham Youngish propensities, he having one "rib" more than the law permits. I understand he also gave bail for his appearance to answer the charge.

An attempt to commit a rape on a young girl named Norris, was frustrated the other evening by the timely arrival of the police. This girl started to walk to Conemaugh station, and when just above town, some six or eight rowdies caught her, and tying a handkerchief over her mouth, tried to accomplish their hellish purpose. She succeeded in pulling off the handkerchief, and her screams brought the police to her aid, but the villains escaped.—Luckily their names are known, and they will yet be brought to justice.

Another case turned up yesterday of a young lady having two husbands living, who went round borrowing dresses from various parties, ostensibly as a pattern for a new one she wished to make, but, as was suspected, as a preparatory step toward eloping with a third man. The police were notified of this, and it coming to the ears of the girl that she was marked, she deposited all the dresses on the porch of one of the houses from which she had

borrowed, and then left town the same night with her man.

Two lads named Jones were arrested a day or two ago and sent to jail, to await trial for stealing turkeys. This offence was supposed to have been committed in October last. The warrants were issued in the beginning of November, but not served until last week.

The summing up of all the cases of last week amounts to this, that some eight bad characters have run off from town, about the same number have been sent to jail to answer more serious charges, upwards of \$100 were collected as fines, &c. A lot of ground in Conemaugh boro., known as the "island property," belonging to the heirs of Welch, Jones & Co., was sold last week, by John Crouse, Esq., agent for the Administratrix, for the sum of \$2,100. Capt. W. B. Bonaker was the purchaser. A few years ago this property was not considered worth over \$200. Mr. Crouse informs me that as soon as a partition of the estate can be made, all the Welch & Jones property will be thrown into the market. It consists of nearly all the warehouse and slip ground around the old Basin, and some of it is the most valuable in town.

A meeting of the soldiers came off in Council Chamber last week, for the purpose of petitioning the Legislature to equalize the bounties of volunteers during the war. A committee was appointed to draw up a petition and procure signers to the same, after which the meeting adjourned. The largest bounty paid (\$400, I believe,) is taken as a basis, and the Legislature petitioned to equalize the bounty of '61 and '62 soldiers with this amount.

Hon. C. L. Pershing has presented to the Legislature the bill providing for the establishment of a District Court in this place. Also, a bill to incorporate the Johnstown Water Company. A lecture is to be delivered in St. John's church, this place, on the 17th inst., (St. Patrick's day,) by Rev. Brown, assistant pastor. The proceeds will be applied toward assisting in procuring a library for the Young Men's Catholic Association. D. D.

TURNED UP AGAIN.—Our readers will remember the man McCreery who was paroled out of the Western Penitentiary in December last, expressly to enable him to testify in the case of the Comth. against Buser and Houser, and whose evidence aided so materially in convicting those two men of the crime of murder. McCreery seems to be an incorrigible villain. The two terms he has already served in the penitentiary have proved signally unavailing to win him from the path of vice to that of virtue. The other times, he tried his hand at robbing and house-burning—this time, his "lay" has been counterfeiting. After he had given in his evidence before our Court, in December last, he went west, to Ohio, plying his peculiar vocation en route. Ultimately, he found his way to Erie, Pa. His plan of operations was to have a small boy, whom he paid a fixed salary per month, dispose of the bogus notes, while he laid back in the shade, keeping the supply equal to the demand. In Erie, as luck would have it, the boy was detected passing a bad bill, and was promptly arrested. He at once made a clean breast of the whole thing. Just at present, the police are looking most diligently for McCreery, who is non est.

THE GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINE.—We take for granted that the mass of our readers know and understand, that the Grover & Baker is the equal in all respects and the superior in many of all the Sewing Machines before the public. Knowing this much, those of our readers residing in this neighborhood will be glad to hear that the agent of this excellent machine is stopping at the "Mountain House," Ebensburg, where he will remain through the whole of the present and a portion of the next week, to afford practical demonstration to all who may favor him with a call that his is indeed the cheapest and the best sewing machine in the market. The ladies particularly are invited to call; they will be waited upon and instructed in the use of the machine by a well-qualified lady.

COURT.—Court met on Monday, at 11 o'clock, a. m.—Almost the whole of that day was consumed in swearing in the newly elected Constables. On Tuesday, several cases were disposed of. We will give an abstract of the business transacted in our next issue. The attendance is quite small.

DIED.—This (Wednesday) morning, in Ebensburg, after a protracted illness, PHILIP S. NOON, Esq., late District Attorney of Cambria county, aged 30 years. On Saturday, March 3, in Ebensburg, Mrs. White, of Blacklick township, aged 63 years.

MAN KILLED.—A man was instantly killed on the Penna. Railroad near Summerhill, on Thursday afternoon, 21st ult. He was walking westward on the north track, and was struck by the engine of the through freight, going west. When discovered by the engineer, it was impossible to check up in time to prevent the accident. The unfortunate man carried an oilcloth bag, in which were a set of carpenter's tools and some shirts. Sixty-six cents were found upon his person, but nothing by which his name or residence could be ascertained. He was about 50 years of age. So says the Johnstown Democrat.

ETCHINGS.—Strangers in attendance at Court will consult their own private interests by visiting J. M. Thompson's cheap cash store, P. O. building, Ebensburg, and buying a bill of goods before they leave town.... March came in like a lamb, and if there be any truth in the old adage, it will go out like a lion.... It is reported that the drug store of Dr. S. Christy, of Oil City, was swept away by the recent freshet in Oil Creek.

DUFF'S COLLEGE! IRON BUILDINGS, NO. 37 FIFTH STREET, PITTSBURG, PA. TUITION FEE NEVER CHANGED. FORTY DOLLARS PAYS FOR THE FULL GRADUATING COURSE

Time unlimited in Book Keeping, BUSINESS PENMANSHIP, COMMERCIAL CALCULATIONS, LECTURES UPON LAW, ETHICS, DETECTING COUNTERFEIT MONEY, &c. Other Colleges have either advanced their tuition fee to \$50, or charge \$10 to \$15 extra for Penmanship. Their Books and Stationery, also, costing from \$12 to \$20.—DUFF'S ORIGINAL PLAN OF BUSINESS EDUCATION, as taught in this city for about twenty-five years, from his own systems of Book Keeping, which are sanctioned by the American Institute and Chamber of Commerce, and other competent authorities of New York, as the most perfect system in use, with W. H. DUFF'S FIRST PREMIUM BUSINESS AND ORNAMENTAL PENMANSHIP taught in Day and Evening classes. It will be found by proper inquiry that this is the only College of the kind in the Union conducted by an experienced Merchant, and whose Penman is a trained accountant.

Those desiring our elegant new Circular, pp. 75, containing an outline of our Course of Study and Practice, with samples of our Penman's Business and Ornamental Writing, must enclose Twenty-five Cents to P. DUFF & SON, Pittsburg, Pa. We will mail any person enclosing us \$2, a copy of either our Mercantile or Steamboat Book Keeping, post-paid. Nov. 30, 1865-4m

TAYLOR & CREMER, AT THE HUNTINGDON NURSERIES, HUNTINGDON, PA. Sell Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Vines &c. of better growth, larger size, and at lower prices than any of the Northern or Eastern Nurseries and warrant them true to name. Standard Apple trees at 1 1/2 cents each—\$16 per 100. Peach trees, 15 to 20 cts each—\$12.50 to \$15 per 100. Standard Pear trees, 50 to 75 cts each. Dwarf Pear trees, 50¢ to \$1 each—20 to \$60 per 100. Dwarf Apple trees, 50 to 75 cts each. Standard Cherry trees 3/4 to 75 cts. Dwarf Cherry trees 50 to 75 cts. Plum trees 50 cts. Apricot trees 40 to 50 cts. Nectarine trees 25 cts each. Grape Vines 25 cts to \$1. Silver Maple trees 6 1/2 to \$1. European Ash, 75 to \$1. European Larch, 75 cts to 1.50. Norway Spruce, 50 cts to \$1. American Balsam Pine, 75 cts to \$1.50. American & Chinese Arbor Vitae, 50 ct \$1.50. Strawberry Plants, \$1 per 100, &c. &c. Huntingdon, Jan. 25, 1866

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF ALTOONA, OF ALTOONA, Corner of Virginia and Annie Streets, opposite Superintendent's Office Penna. RR., Blair county, Penna. U. S. DEPOSITORY & FINANCIAL AGENCY. Monies received on deposit. Interest allowed on time deposits. Gold and Silver Bought and Sold. Fractional Currency and mutilated United States Notes Redeemed.—Drafts on the principal Cities for sale. Central Depot for the sale of United States Internal Revenue Stamps. This Bank keeps on hand for sale the 7-10 U. S. Treasury Notes, and takes subscriptions for the same. This is the Popular Loan, the only Government Loan now in market at par, giving those who have money a safe and desirable opportunity for investment. Two Cents a Day for each \$100. These Notes, at Maturity, can be exchanged for 6-20 Six per cent. Gold bearing bonds. WM. M. LLOYD, President. D. T. CALDWELL, Cashier. Feb. 9, 1865-1f.

GLEN CONNELL STORE FOR SALE! The subscriber will sell, at cost, his stock of merchandise, together with Store-house and dwelling, and lot planted with choice Fruit Trees. The location is one of the best in Cambria county, being in the center of a thriving country, seven miles from any other store. Terms will be made to suit purchasers. For further particulars, call on or address JOSEPH GILL, Glenn Connel, Cambria Co., Pa. Dec. 14, 1865-4f.

W. M. LLOYD & Co., BANKERS, ALTOONA, PA. Drafts on the principal cities, and Silver and Gold for sale. Collections made. Monies received on deposit, payable on demand, without interest, or upon time, with interest at fair rates. [Nov 3 1859f

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION TO "THE ALLEGHANIAN." \$2.00 IN ADVANCE, OR \$5.00 IF NOT PAID IN ADVANCE.

STOP COUGHING! SELLERS' IMPERIAL COUGH SYRUP For the Cure of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Influenza, Tickling Sensation of the Throat, Whooping Cough, &c., &c., &c. ESTABLISHED IN 1835. It is an old and well tried remedy, and has stood the test of thirty years. Read the following: ONE TRIAL WILL CONVINCE! Baltimore, Fairchild County, Ohio, January 21, 1859. Mr. R. E. SELLERS:—Dear Sir:—I am entirely out of your "Imperial Cough Syrup." Will you send me, say six dozen. I do not want to be out of it, as it is the only medicine that will come so near raising the dead. It will cure the worst cough immediately: I have recommended it to persons and given them one bottle on trial, and in every case they have given clear testimony that it gave immediate relief. I have used it in my own family, and find it a sure cure for coughs and colds of all classes. One trial will convince any person that it is a sure cure for the worst of coughs and colds. Yours, etc., A. L. SIMMANS. The above is strong testimony, and offered without solicitation, in behalf of the best cough medicine of the day.

THE GREAT CURATIVE. Pittsburgh, April, 1856. R. E. SELLERS:—I have been troubled with a cough for the last ten years, by reason of which I have frequently been unable to sleep more than half the night. I tried many remedies but all in vain. I heard of your Cough Syrup and resolved to try it, and now state that the use of a few bottles has cured me entirely. I cheerfully recommend it as a safe, speedy and pleasant cure for coughs and colds. Respectfully, WM. WOOD. This is strong testimony, and given voluntarily. PREPARED BY R. E. SELLERS & CO., PITTSBURGH, PA. FOR SALE BY A. A. BARKER, Ebensburg, Pa.

THROW AWAY YOUR CRUTCHES! WALK HENCEFORTH UPRIGHT, AND WITH MANLY STEP! RHEUMATISM CONQUERED BY JOHNSON'S RHEUMATIC COMPOUND. Messrs. R. E. SELLERS & Co: This is to certify that for the last sixteen years I have been severely afflicted with rheumatism, often confined to my house, and even unable to walk. Being in the Postoffice, about two months ago, Mr. Clark observed my crippled condition, and urged me to try a bottle of "Johnson's Rheumatic Compound." I followed his advice and now, by the blessing of God, and the use of half a bottle of your "Compound," I am free from all symptoms of rheumatism, and can walk without the aid of my staff, as well as ever. JAMES McDOWELL, Tarentum, October 25, 1865.

I have known Mr. McDowell for a number years, and do not hesitate to vouch for the truth of the above statement. JAMES CLARK, Postmaster.

GIVE IT A TRIAL—DO NOT HESITATE A MOMENT! R. E. SELLERS & CO., Sole Proprietors, PITTSBURGH, PA. Sold Everywhere. FOR SALE BY A. A. BARKER, Ebensburg, Pa.

SELLER'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, Plain and Sugar-Coated. As a safe, convenient, and never-failing remedy for LIVER COMPLAINT, COSTIVENESS, SICK HEADACHE, AND ALL BILIARY DISORDERS, Seller's Liver Pills Stand Unrivaled! They are prompt but mild in their effect; cause a healthy action of the Liver; carry off morbid secretions, and leave the system in a healthy condition. To prove what we say, we only ask a trial. R. E. SELLERS & CO., Sole Proprietors, PITTSBURGH, PA. FOR SALE BY A. A. BARKER, Ebensburg, Pa.