

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

EBENSBURG AND CRESSON RAILROAD. On and after Monday, November 16, 1863, trains on this road will run as follows:

LEAVE EBENSBURG— At 7.20 A. M., connecting with Balt. Express West and Thro' Accom East. At 7.15 P. M., connecting with Mail Train West and Thro' Express East.

LEAVE CRESSON— At 10.45 A. M., or on departure of Thro' Accommodation West. At 8.45 P. M., or on departure of Express East and Mail West.

LOCAL ETCHINGS.—

See new advertisements. The small-pox is raging in Greensburg. If you have got a business, advertise it. Let people know where you hang out your shingle.

Tell them what you have got for sale, and how you sell it.

By acting up to this advice, many a fortune has been and will yet be made.

Mr. Isaac Wike has been sworn in as the new Treasurer of Cambria county.

The maple sugar yield this spring has been small.

Wanted: a new supply of tan-bark on the walk to the Railroad depot.

Ditto: the amelioration of the condition of many of our pavements.

Ditto: the repairing of one or two crossings, that they may become passable in muddy weather.

He who continues long to drink the health of others, is pretty sure to drink away his own.

Eggs sell at twenty cents per dozen in our market. Who wouldn't be a hen in these latter days!

A patent has been issued to Mr. Henry Jacobs, Loreto, this county, for an improvement in standards for lumber cars.

See advertisement elsewhere of M. I. C. Singer's Patent Fire and Band Bender. It is said to be a really valuable invention.

A tremendous conflagration, resulting in the destruction of \$75,000 worth of property, occurred in Oil City on the 6th inst.

Cyrus Elder, E-q., associate editor of the Cambria Tribune, who has been quite unwell for several weeks past, is, we are happy to learn, at his pins again.

According to the new Apportionment Bill, now before the Legislature for its concurrence, Cambria, Indiana and Jefferson counties compose the Twenty-second Senatorial district.

We understand that the Penna. RR. Company intend building a new and enlarged depot at Cresson station the coming summer. Such an institution is badly needed there.

The Tribune says that Johnstown has not filled her quota under the last call by volunteering, but, on the contrary, that she will be obliged to stand the draft to raise the men.

Major Hamilton, the indefatigable, has stated for a term of years the "Jefferson House," Wilmore, and refitted and refurbished it as a place of entertainment for man and beast. When you visit that village, stop with him.

The editor of the Johnstown Democrat says he has taken "the pledge"—for three years, unless sooner discharged. We wonder whether he took it "with sugar on it," after Artemas Ward, or raw!

The editor of the Hollidaysburg Standard, Mr. O. A. Traugh, has recently died with a severe affliction in the death of two of his children, Mary Walker, aged 10 years, and Rachel Susan, aged 11 years. They died within a few days of each other.

The Dem. & Sent. is out for Fremont for the Presidency! At least we judge from the fact that that journal publishes, with apparent relish, an article from the New York Nation, entitled "The truth told," wherein is the Path-finder lauded to the skies. The D. & S. has not as yet pinned his name to its mast-head as "our choice," but we would be surprised to see it do so some of these fine mornings. Apparently, wonders will never cease!

A correspondent says that the appointment of the editor of the Johnstown Democrat to a place on the Dem. State Central Committee is proof positive that his worth and multifarious shining qualities are beginning to be appreciated by the people. Not at all. That streak of political good luck is due simply to the fact that the appointee was a delegate to the Dem. State Convention—that "mutual admiration society," which, vide the Democrat itself, generously divided all the honors within their gift among—them-

self.

"THERE'S NO SUCH SEASON!"—Last week we thought, and with good reason, that Spring had really, and truly, and without dissimulation, come among us to stay. We thought that Winter had lingered with us about long enough, and that the Weather Clerk had arrived at that conclusion and had determined to dethrone the grim old monarch. So, for a couple of days we were favored with delightful weather—the sun shone bright and cheerily: the air was balmy as a maiden's breath: the birds sang sweetly on the lilac-sprays. Everything looked gay, as is the wont of early Spring, and indications betokened a continuance of fine weather. Whereat, being human, we all rejoiced. But—on Saturday it had to go and commence raining. Rained all day: rained all night: rained Sunday and Monday—rained enough to create tremendous freshets in all the streams and rivers hereabouts. It rained!

On the principle that freshets are not a bad sort of thing to have in a lumbering region, dependent upon high stages of water for facilities to transport its chief product to market, we might not have complained of the rain. But with the rain also came sporadic effusions of snow. And with the snow came gold blasts.— And with the cold blasts came catarrh fevers, and rheumatism, and the thousand-and-one other ills to which flesh is heir, and of which such weather is a decided provocator. And as accompaniment to these came dissatisfaction, despondency, and a general sentiment of disgust at the unexpected and unwished-for turn of events.

Of course, it were our duty to take the weather just as it comes—to uncomplainingly grin and bear it and its various phases of heat and cold, storm and shine, knowing that we can change it for neither better nor worse. But there are those who look less philosophically at the matter than this. Perhaps they are men who praise God in one breath, and find fault with His works in another—we don't know. Thus, the other day we heard a man, into whose cellar a torrent of water was finding its way from the gutter in front of his house, and to whom it had been suggested to dam the flood so as to turn it into another channel—heard him distinctly exclaim, as a sort of amendment, "Dam—the weather, rather!" This was profanity. Profanity, in such instance, will not remedy the evil nor remove the cause. Profanity is always reprehensible. It is anti-philosophic, and we can't endorse it. Truth compels us to say, however, that a superabundance of moisture is conducive to profanity, and that if one is to be held guiltless ever for the use of the same, he whose cellar becomes flooded is the man.

It is here now, is cold, disagreeable weather—here as we write, with no telling when it will do us the favor to leave. Oh, Spring! oh, humbug! oh, git out! We endorse Pope when he says of Spring—

"There's no such season!"

He must have had the Alleghenians peculiarly in his mind's-eye when he penned that sentiment.

PARDON OF JOSEPH MOORE.—In conformity with the expressed desire of four out of every five of the people of Cambria county, Governor Curtin has seen fit to accord an unconditional pardon to Joseph Moore, convicted of the murder of Jordan Marbourg at our late Court, and sentenced to six years imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary. There is no possibility of mistake in the announcement—we have the very highest authority for saying the pardon has actually been granted. We do not know that the official document has as yet been received by the Sheriff; if not, it may be expected any time.

The pardoning power, vested in the hands of the chief Executive of a State, is a prerogative the too free exercise of which is calculated to engender contempt for the Courts, and to a certain extent to nullify the law. It should be rarely exercised. Saying thus much, we have to further say that the case of Moore was one in which such interposition was eminently called for by surrounding circumstances, explaining away, as they do, a large measure of his responsibility for the crime committed. Our readers are conversant with the facts of the case: we will say no more.

THE NEW NICKELS.—There will soon be an abundant supply of new cents. The present small nickel cent weighs seventy-two grains, and contains eighty per cent. of copper and twelve of nickel. The new cent will weigh only forty-eight grains, and will consist of ninety-five per cent. of copper and five per cent. of tin. They will be ready for delivery shortly.

LOCAL CORRESPONDENCE.

LOVE LAUGHS AT LOCKSMITHS?—THAT FRUITFUL AND HIGHLY INTERESTING TOPIC, THE WEATHER.

JOHNSTOWN, April 10, 1864. Correspondence of The Alleghenian.

"Love laughs at locksmiths" is an adage trite as true, and one we had fully exemplified during the past week. A few months ago, a young man named Berry, from the vicinity of Wilmore, came to this place to work. He remained but a short time; yet short as was his stay, he managed to form before he left an attachment for the stepdaughter of the proprietor of the house at which he boarded.— His attachment was reciprocated, and when he returned to Wilmore, a short time ago, it was with the mutual understanding that they should be faithful to each other, even unto death. Time passed on, and a new actor, in the shape of a young German, appeared upon the stage. The latter wooed the maiden, and the maiden, at the violent instigation of her friends, was constrained to look with favor upon his suit. He pressed her to fix "the happy day," but, upon one pretext or another, she refused so to do. The German, in the meantime, purchased a house, in anticipation of the event. At length, the lady was importuned so strongly to give her consent to an early celebration of the nuptials, that, in despair, she wrote to Berry, telling him that he must come soon and claim her—that she could not hold out much longer. This on Friday last. Immediately on receipt of the letter, Berry started hither, and, upon arrival, laid claim to his betrothed. The proprietor of the house, aforesaid, was unable to recognize the validity of his claim in the premises, and a quarrel was the result. In the melee, Berry was struck on the head with a poker, and his skull slightly fractured. A doctor dressed the wound. The better to guard against the possibility of a reunion of the parties, all the clothing of the girl, except one old working dress, was locked up, and a strict surveillance instituted upon her actions. Late in the evening, however, she succeeded in eluding the vigilance of her watchers, and, in pursuance of an arrangement made by a third party, she and Berry dropped in on Eq. McKee, and in a few minutes the twain were made one. They took the first train thereafter for Wilmore. The German lover was totally inconsolable at the turn events had taken, and cried bitterly when the stern truth burst upon him that although the cage was prepared the bird had flown. Every one conversant with the circumstances admires the spunk displayed by the girl, and her young husband will doubtless love her none the less for the sacrifices she made for him.

The thanks of your correspondent are due a party of young ladies for the compliment of a serenade paid him one evening last week. The time and place—by the brink of a rippling water, in the silvery moonlight of a balmy evening—were certainly propitious to a full appreciation of melody divine. My heart is full—language to express my thanks for their kindness fails me. However, may their pathway through life be ever strewn with flowers, and their vocal organs lose never a charm of their original sweetness.

I suppose, in the absence of other topics, it will not be amiss to jot down a few observations touching the weather. During the past week, the clerk of the weather obviously got things considerably mixed, or else he lost his reckoning entirely. First, we had a couple of days of snow; then we had about the same length of time of that kind of weather especially adapted to and no doubt set aside for lovers' moonlight walks; and then again we had two days of rain. The effect of the latter has been a great rise in the rivers hereabouts and the development of untold quantities of mud in our streets.

Yours, MAY LEON.

DIED.—On Tuesday morning, March 29th, of typhoid fever, HARRISON DELINGER, in the 20th year of his age.— Prostrated by disease, he was conveyed to the Hospital, there to die amid his sorrowing comrades. His remains were interred in the Lutheran cemetery at Wilmore. To the home of his childhood we welcome him back. With a greeting as warm as his ashes are cold—no more. To the home and the hearts he shall gladden To the grave in whose dampness shall slumber his mould.

He left us in gladness—his eye was as bright As the future, that shone like a sun on his way; And we gazed on his form with a pride like While our hearts throbb'd with dread on that desolate day.

Since 'twas ordered that death should enthrall what was loved, Oh, would that the field should have witnessed his fall!

Not sickness, which comes like a thief in the night, For valor gives laurels; disease but the pall. Wilmore, Pa. MOLLIE.

ENTIRELY VEGETABLE!

NOT ALCOHOLIC. A HIGHLY CONCENTRATED VEGETABLE EXTRACT. A PURE TONIC.

DR. HOOFLAND'S German Bitters, PREPARED BY DR. C. M. JACKSON, Philadelphia, Pa.

Will effectually cure LIVER COMPLAINT, DYSPEPSIA, JAUNDICE, CHRONIC OR NERVOUS DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED LIVER OR STOMACH, such as Constipation, Inward Piles, Fulness or Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the pit of the stomach, Swimming of the head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the heart, Choking or Suffocating sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of vision, Dots or Webs before the sight, Fever and dull pain in the head, Deficiency of perspiration, Yellowness of the skin and eyes, Pain in the side, back, chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of heat burning in the flesh, constant imaginings of evil, and great depression of Spirits.

And will positively prevent Yellow Fever, Billious Fever, &c. THEY CONTAIN NO ALCOHOL OR BAD WHISKEY!

They will cure the above diseases in ninety-nine cases out of a hundred.

From Rev. J. Newton Brown, D. D., Editor of the Encyclopedia of Religious Knowledge. Although not disposed to recommend Patent Medicines in general, through want of their ingredients and effects; I do not know of any ancient reasons why a man may not testify to the benefits he believes preparation, in the hope that he may thus contribute to the benefit of others.

I do this the more readily in regard to Hoofland's German Bitters, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, of this city, because I was prejudiced against them for many years, under the impression that they were chiefly an alcoholic mixture. I am indebted to my friend Robert Shoemaker, for the removal of this prejudice by proper tests, and for encouragement to try them, when suffering from great and long continued debility. The use of three bottles of these Bitters, at the beginning of the present year, was followed by evident relief, and restoration to a degree of bodily and mental vigor which I had not felt for six months before, and had almost despaired of regaining. I therefore thank God and my friend for directing me to use them. PHILADELPHIA, JUNE 23, 1861.

ATTENTION SOLDIERS! Will build up the constitution, and give health and strength to an overtaken and diseased system.

PHILADELPHIA, August 12, 1862. Dr. C. M. Jackson—Dear Sir: While in Virginia, owing to the change of water, I was taken with a severe diarrhoea, which seemed incurable, and which greatly weakened me. When we reached Martinsburg, I feared that I should have to come home; but noticing some of your Bitters in the store of Mr. H. H. Price, in that town, I purchased a supply, and on taking it was speedily restored to health. The diarrhoea was quickly checked, and I experienced no return of it. A number of my comrades, who suffered in the same manner and from the same cause, with whom I shared the Bitters, join me in this certificate. I expect to return to the seat of war with the Legion, and I shall certainly take a supply of the Bitters in my knapsack. I would not be without it for its weight in gold, particularly on going into a limestone region. Yours, truly, A. E. ALMEETS, Company H, Scott Legion.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS! See that the signature of "C. M. Jackson" is on the wrapper of each bottle.

Price per bottle 75 cents Or half dozen for \$4.

Should your nearest Druggist not have the article, do not be put off by any of the intoxicating preparations that may be offered in its place, but send to us, and we will forward by express, securely packed.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE AND MANUFACTORY No. 631 ARCH ST. Jones & Evans, (Successors to C. M. JACKSON, & Co.) PROPRIETORS.

For sale by Dr. G. H. KEYSER, 41 Wood st., SIMON JOHNSON, corner Fourth and Smithfield sts., Pittsburg, and by Druggists and Dealers in every town in the United States. [July 9, '63.]

THE GREATEST DISCOVERY OF THE AGE.

Farmers, families and others can purchase no remedy equal to Dr. Tobias' Venetian Liniment, for dysentery, colic, cramp, chronic rheumatism, sore throats, toothache, sea sickness, cuts, burns, swellings, bruises, old sores, headache, mosquito bites, pains in the limbs, chest, back, &c. If it does not give relief the money will be refunded. All that is asked is a trial and use it according to the directions.

DR. TOBIAS—Dear Sir: I have used your Venetian Liniment in my family for a number of years, and believe it to be the best article for what it is recommended that I have ever used. For sudden attack of cramp it is invaluable. I have no hesitation in recommending it for all the uses it professes to cure. I have sold it for many years, and it gives entire satisfaction. CHAS. H. THIMMER, Quakertown, N. J., May 8, 1858. Price 25 and 50 cents. Sold by all druggists. Office, 56 Cortlandt street, New-York.

GREEN & BROTHERS.—Lumber Merchants, PLANING MILL, SASH AND DOOR FACTORY, CHESS SPRINGS, CAMBRIA CO., Pa. Flooring Boards, Sash, Doors, Frames, Laths Venetian and Panel Shutters, made to order and constantly on hand. In connection with the mill is a patent Grist Mill, where corn, chop, &c., can be procured at short notice. Sept. 3, 1863-ly.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of George Leslie, dec'd. late of Carroll tp., Cambria county, having been granted the subscriber by the Register of said county, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to call and settle the same immediately, and those having claims against said estate will present them, properly authenticated, for settlement. HIRAM FRITS, Carroll tp., March 24, 1864-6t.

NEW TAILOR SHOP.—The undersigned having opened a new room formerly occupied by Evans & Son, respectfully informs the public that the business will there be carried on in all its branches. All work will be done in the latest style, with neatness and dispatch, and on the most reasonable terms. D. J. EVANS, Ebensburg, Nov. 5, 1863.

QUICK SALES.—"SMALL PROFITS!" 1864. THE LATEST ARRIVAL! WHO DON'T WANT BARGAINS! A. A. BARKER, EBENSBURG, PA.

The subscriber takes pleasure in announcing to the people of Ebensburg and vicinity that he has just received, at his store, on High street, the largest and most complete assortment of

Winter Goods ever before brought to this county, all of which he is determined to sell cheaper than the cheapest.

DRY GOODS, In endless variety. DRESS GOODS, Of every description. WOOLLEN GOODS, A full and complete assortment. WHITE GOODS, Embracing all the latest styles. EMBROIDERIES, Handsome and of the best quality. HOUSEKEEPING GOODS, Of all sorts, sizes widths and prices. HOOP SKIRTS and BALMORALS, The latest and best styles. READY-MADE CLOTHING, A better and cheaper article than ever before offered to this community. ROOTS AND SHOES, Of the very best workmanship. HATS AND CAPS, Fashionable and of durable material. MILLINERY GOODS AND NOTIONS, HOSIERY AND GLOVES. BUFFALO ROBES.

Hardware, Queensware, Groceries, Flour, Bacon Cheese, Syrups, Molasses, Mackerel, Herrings and Cod Fish, Iron and Nails, Cedar and Willow Ware, Drugs and Medicines, Carbon and Fish Oil, etc., etc.

These, and many other descriptions of Goods, too numerous to here mention, constantly on hand.

Not to mince matters, he keeps a FIRST CLASS COUNTRY STORE, where anything or everything a person may need or desire can be obtained.

By buying a large stock at a time, and paying for the same almost entirely in Cash, the subscriber is enabled to sell considerably cheaper than other dealers in this community. To be convinced of the truth of this assertion you need only call and examine his Schedule of Prices.

NO CHARGE FOR SHOWING GOODS. Customers will be waited upon by accommodating Salesmen.

The Public is requested to roll in—the more the merrier—and secure Bargains. A. A. BARKER.

From City College

HON. WILSON M'CANDESS, Judge of the United States Circuit Court, President. PITTSBURGH, Pa., corner Penn and St. Clair Sts.

The Largest, Cheapest and Best \$35.00 Pays for a Commercial course.

No extra charges for Manufacturers, Steamboat, Railroad and Bank Book-Keeping. Ministers' Sons at half price. Students enter and review at any time.

This Institution is conducted by experienced Teachers and principal Accountants, who prepare young men for active business, at the least expense and shortest time, for the most lucrative and responsible situations. Diplomas granted for merit only. Hence the universal preference for graduates of this College, by business men.

Prof. A. Co WLEY, the best Penman of the Union, who holds the largest No. of 1st Premiums, and over all competitors, teaches Rapid Business Writing.

Circulars containing full information sent free on application to the Principals. JENKINS & SMITH, Pittsburg, Pa.

Attend where the Sons and Clerks of Bankers and Business men graduate. April 24, 1862-ly.

PROVOST MARSHAL'S OFFICE, 17th DIST., PENNSA., HUNTINGDON, June 11 1863.

MEN WANTED FOR THE INVALID CORPS. Only those faithful soldiers who, from wounds or the hardships of war, are no longer fit for active field duty will be received into this Corps of Honor. Enlistments will be for three years unless sooner discharged. Pay and allowances same as for officers and men of the United States Infantry; except that no premiums or bounty for enlistment will be allowed. This will not invalidate any pensions or bounties which may be due for previous services.

All persons honorably discharged from the service, not liable to draft, whether they have served in this war or not, can be admitted into this Corps of Honor.

Men who are still in service and unable to perform effective field, may be transferred to this Corps.

For the convenience of service, the men will be selected for three grades of duty.— Those who are most efficient and able bodied, and capable of performing guard duty, etc., etc., will be armed with muskets, and assigned to companies of the First Battalion. Those of the next degree of efficiency, including those who have lost a hand or an arm; and the least effective, including those who have lost a foot or a leg, to the companies of the Second or Third Battalions; they will be armed with swords.

The duties will be chiefly to act as provost guards and garrisons for cities; guards for hospitals and other public buildings; and as clerks, orderlies, etc. If found necessary they may be assigned to forts, etc.

Adj. Provt. Marshals General Regular Service, or of the Invalid Corps, are the assistants of the Provost Marshals of the army who have completely fulfilled the prescribed conditions of admission to the Invalid Corps, viz:

1. That the applicant is unfit for service in the field.

2. That he is fit for the duties, or some of them, indicated above.

3. That, if not now in the service, he was honorably discharged.

4. That he is meritorious and deserving. For enlistment or further information apply to the Board of Enrollment for the district in which the applicant is a resident.

J. D. CAMPBELL, Capt. and Provost Marshal. Ebensburg, July 2, 1863-4t.

GRATEFUL REMOVAL DOWN TOWN!

Although the Union is about to be dissolved, WM. DAVIS has just received and offers for sale the largest, best and most varied assortment of Goods ever offered to the citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity: consisting in part of

DRY GOODS, GREENSWARE, HATS AND CAPS, BOONERS, GROCERIES, SHOES AND SHOES, NOTIONS, etc., etc.

In fact, every article commonly kept in a country store can here be had, all of which he offers at REDUCED PRICES. Call and examine for yourselves. Goods exhibited free of charge. Grain, Lumber, &c., taken in exchange for Goods.

WM. DAVIS, Altonville, Pa. Respectfully requested to call and settle on or before the first day of January, 1864.

N. B.—Those indebted to the late firm of Davis & Lloyd either by note or book account are requested to make immediate payment, as further indulgence will not be given. Ebensburg, December 9, 1860.

EBENSBURG HARDWARE AND STOVE DEPOT.

BARGAINS TO BE HAD! The undersigned has just received a large and splendid assortment of Hardware and Cutlery, Cooking, Parlor and Heating Stoves, Nails, Window Glass, Hoop Iron, Carbon Oil Lamps and pure Carbon Oil, Japanned and Britannia Ware, Glass Ware, &c., &c., all of which he will sell very low for CASH or exchange for Country Produce.

Also: He still continues to manufacture Tin and Sheet Iron Ware of all descriptions, for sale either by the Wholesale or Retail. Repairing done on short notice.

He returns his sincere thanks to his old friends and customers for the patronage extended him, and begs leave to hope that they will come forward and settle up their accounts of long standing, and commence the new year "on the square." He must have money to enable him to keep up his stock.

Prices low, to suit the times. GEO. HUNTLEY, Ebensburg, Jan. 9, 1864

Reading matter on every page of today's paper.