Somerset see that our being held back was not our fault. If it is blood they want, we feel like satisfying them to the full extent of our power. But we would say to them, that perhaps if they would have some influence in getting us out for a target for Rebel balls !

HORACE.

# The Alleghanian.



RIGHT OR WRONG. WHEN RIGHT, TO BE KEPT RIGHT, WHEN WRONG, TO BE PUT RIGHT.

#### EBENSBURG:

## THURSDAY::::::MAY 22.

# People's State Convention.

The War news of the past two or three weeks, glorious as it has been, has so trespassed on our columns that we have really not had space to publish or otherwise no. tice the admirable call, issued some weeks ago, for a People's State Convention. It reach the higher battery, which rendered gives us great pleasure, however, to attend her useless. The banks of the river were to this duty to-day. The call is as fol-

THE PEOPLE OF PENNSYLVANIA, who desire cordially to unite in sustaining the NATIONAL ADMINISTRATION in its patriotic efforts to suppress a sectional and unholy rebellion against the UNITY OF THE RE-PUBLIC, and who desire to support, by every power of the Government, one hundred thousand heroic brethren in arms, braving disease and the perils of the field to preserve the Union of our Fathers, are requested to select the number of Delegates equal to the Legislative Representation of the State, at such times and in such manner as will best respond to the spirit of this call, to meet in STATE CONVENTION at HARRISBURG, on DITOR GENERAL and SURVEYOR GENER-A. K. M'CLURE, common country. Chairman People's State Committee.

GEO. W. HAMMEBSLY, Secretaries. JOHN M. SULLIVAN, We heartily endorse this call in every particular, and rejoice over the wise action of the Committee which prompted it. The language in which it is set forth is exceedingly well chosen, and the great object which it proposes-a union of the People of Pennsylvania for the sake of the Union-is one eminently dear to every loyal and patriotic heart. It is peculiarly acceptable in the fact that it presents a basis of action which cannot, in the slightest degree, be obnoxious to any one who is in favor of preserving our Republic, and of thwarting and punishing the wicked men who have undertaken to distinctions and bitter controversies about party; the question is: Shall the administration of ABRAHAM LINCOLN be encouraged and sustained with men and

That it should be, is a Platform long enough, broad enough, and high enough sympathizes with his country in this hour of its trial. We are well aware that there are a few so called Democrats who do not that account. The men and the journals in the State that find fault with it, are generally of the BRECKINRIDGE stamp, and it would be impossible for loyal men to take such action as would please those who adhered to the sinking fortunes of that rebel chief. We are perfectly content to pit this call against the manifestoes recently emanating from VALLANDIG-HAM & Co., or any similar document, and let the PEOPLE OF PENNSYLVANIA be the judges.

uphold the Constitution?

### Our Navy.

We publish on our outside to-day, a speech of the Hon. HIRAM WALBRIDGE. of New York city, delivered at Tammany Hall, on the 21st of August, 1856, and will give it a careful perusal, in view of the important subject of which it treats. It will be noticed that it proposes the incorporation of a "Militia of the Seas" on an original and most effective basis, for uniting to our great and growing commercial marine, the means for its protection, and at the same time strengthening our national defences. Though delivered nearly six years ago, the publication of this address we conceive to be peculiarly fitting at this time. It exhibits much derecust and valuable information, and though its wise suggestions may hitherto Richmonds

hope yet to let the people of Cambria and have fallen unheeded, we trust this will be the case no longer. The recently threatening aspect of our Foreign Relathous, added to our domestic troubles, suggests the importance of more earnest address the Secretary of War, they might and greater efforts to place the Republic, by sea as well as by land, upon the most effective war-footing. In all our national difficulties, the pavy has proven itself a most powerful arm of the Public Service, and, as such, every judicious means should be employed to give to it still greater strength and usefulness.

#### General War News.

The following despatch has been received at the War Department from Gen. M'Clellan: "The gunboats Galena, Monitor, Aristook, Naugatuck and Port Royal miles below Richmond, yesterday. A red free. portion of them have returned to James Island, near Williamsburg, in the James river. Lieut. Morris, commanding the Port Royal, sent overland to us this morning for intelligence in regard to the ports below the Island, and also to assist in burying the dead which he brought down with him. Seventeen bodies have been interred on the banks of the river, and there are a number of wounded on board, including Lieut. Morris himself. The 100 pound gun of the Naugatuck exploded at the first fire. The Monitor could not elevate her guns sufficiently to filled with rifle pits, from which an incessant fire was poured upon the fleet, a part of which was engaged at from six hundred to one thousand yards of the main battery. After an action of four hours, the fleet finding it impossible to silence the battery on the bluff, under the circumstances, withdrew."

The latest intelligence from Corinth says: There is a general advance along our lines to-day towards the enemy's entrenchments. There has been much skirmishing and several severe engagements. Gen. Sherman's Division lost forty-four killed, and a large number wounded, in THURSDAY, the SEVENTEENTH DAY OF attacking Russell's House, which the reb-JULY next, at eleven o'clock on said day, to els have occupied for some time past, nominate Candidaces for the offices of the worrying our pickets. We succeeded in worrying our pickets. We succeeded in driving the enemy from his position back deemed necessary to strengthen the Govern- to his works. Our men are under arms amon peril to a night and day, and are daily expecting to be attacked. There is skirmishing from the Eighth Missouri, only about three hundred yards from the enemy's breast works. Several guns were captured in the skirmish on our right, perfectly new, and marked "Breeze & Frilmen, Bremen." They are much superior to the rifles used by our sharpshooters, having a range of twelve or fifteen hundred yards, while ours are only effective at about a thousand. Deserters from the enemy report that a great deal of hard feeling exists between Missouri and Tennessee troops and those from Southern States, the former urging that their States being restored to the Union, they see no reason why they should be compelled to fight for the Independence of the Cotton States.

A dispatch from Cairo says that a Memphis paper has been received, which contains the following dispatch from Pensacola, dated May 10: At twelve o'clock being about its overthrow. The present last night the Pensacola Navy Yard and is not a time to engage in hair-splitting forts were set on fire and destroyed .-When the enemy discovered what was gong on, Fort Pickens opened a furious bombardment and kept it up during the conflagration, but without doing any damage. At Pensacola all public property, money, in its efforts to crush Treason and except the Custom House, which was incapable of being burned, was destroyed, but all moveable Confederate property had been saved. The railroad track leading out of the city towards Montgomery was for every one to stand upon, who really torn up. A Federal vessel with a flag of truce, came up to the city to-day, demanding a surrender Maj. Bolbee refused to comply with the demand, but stated that as all the military forces had left, he approve of this idea of a People's Conven- had no power to oppose. The Federal tion, but it is none the less admissable on officers replied that they would occupy the city to-morrow, but that the inhabitants need not be alarmed.

The War Department has received the following dispatch from Brig. Gen. John W. Geary, dated Rectortown, Va., May 16: "A company of Infantry of my command was yesterday ordered to Linden to remain stationed there. A detachment of seventeen, guarding the company wagon, reached there a short time before the main body of the company, which was on a train, when they were attacked by a body of cavalry, variously estimated at from 300 to 600, coming upon them from keeping up a sharp fire, under shelter of the depot, which was riddled with bullets. My men were overpowered. One was killed and fourteen taken prisoners, three hastily retired under fire, and with some less. I have been informed that a porwe trust that each and all of our readers tion of Gen. Shields' command had a skirmish with them."

preparations are making to bombard Sa. mounting Parrott guas, have been erected all around the city. Our troops have a portion of the railroad, between Charleston and Savannah, in their possession!

At last accounts, General M'Clellan was vigorously pursuing the retreating rebels, and was within fitteen miles of

#### Right Between the Eyes!

From the New York Tribune

gades, has issued the following important | litical party: order:

HEADQUARTERS DEPT. OF THE SOUTH. ) HILTON HEAD, S. C., May 9, 1862. CENERAL ORDERS, No 11.—The three States of Georgia, Florida, and South Carolina, comprising the Military Department of the South, having deliberately declared themselves no longer under the protection of the United military necessity to declare them under martial law. This was accordingly done on the 25th day of April, 1862. Slavery and martial law in a free country are altogether incompatible. The persons in these three States, Georgia, Florida, and South Carolina, were repulsed from Fort Darling, seven heretofore held as siares, are therefore decla-

[Official.] DAVID HUNTER, Maj. Gen. Commanding.

Ed. W. Smith, Acting Ass't Adjt. Gen. This Order, we understand, is based upon explicit instructions to Gen. Hunter to countervail any attempt of his traitor adversaries to use negroes against him by the United States flag? the most obvious and efficient means .-The instructions carried out by General Sherman would of themselves have justified this step, but we believe there are others to the same purport, but more re- Bull Run worse than brutes last July? cent and explicit.

Thus far, the Rebels have had a full year's start of us in the employment of open roads, throw up entrenchments, con- Union men found them? struct fortifications, plant batteries, and do all the fatigue duty of the War .- democrats and Know Nothings, and who Slaves have, of course, grown the food of are now Breekinridge men. the Rebels and produced the wherewithal to buy all that they did not steal of their | preachers from Texas? arms and ammunition. Blacks have for months been enlisted, mustered, organi- for Breckinridge. zed, and drilled, for the support of the most uniformly evinced a strange reluc. | East Tennessee? tance to avail itself of the services of this bservers to conclude that we were not in | cion, war, and high taxes. earnest, and that, after a decent show of resistance for form's sake, the Rebel Con- of Union loving citizens out of Tennesfederacy was to be acknowledged. Up to see? this hour, the Rebels, as if thoroughly in earnest, have wielded against the Union- | secuted Parson Brownlow. ists every weapon they could clutch ;while our side has seemed specially solic itous not to hurt the Rebels.

We judge this is now to end, at least who have been steadily and are heartily loyal is now relieved of all National obligation to be bought and sold, whipped and thy from first to last? paddled, at the beck of the most obstinate and flagitous Rebels. If compelled to serve these traitors any longer, it will not be by authority nor under compulsion of the United States.

"But what good will this do?" it is by the free labor of the North. asked, "since the Rebel soldiery are between us and the slaves, and will not al-

Department that ours is for him the side | wicked spirits sent out by these men yet | the Union their grand political purpose. we are seeking to steal him and sell him to Cuba; or, if he is, it will not be our fault. But the Rebel master's curses on this order will convey its purport into every household, and very soon nearly every negro in the Department will know that "Liberty and Union" are indeed "one and inseparable." Many are so benighted, debased, hopeless, that they will make no effort to escape from their chains; but thousands will be on the alert to gain their freedom; and a consciousness of this will distract the attention and paralyze the arm of the Rebels. They must rebellion? fight us with offe hand, using the other to collar their bondmen.

At all events, this Order is a great fact. It indicates Progress. It points the way taxes? to unity and victory. Revolutions take no backward steps till their full circle is accomplished. And this infernal rebellion, fomented and inaugurated in the interest of Slavery, and designed to insure to that great wrong boundless aggrandizedownfall and ruin.

-New York, May 19 .- The Tribune's dispatch says it is confidently asserted that four directions. Our men resisted them, the President has determined to modify vance step in this sluggish world, and as Gen. Hunter's Order of Freedom, by requiring him to conform to the act of Congress, passed at the extra session, by which of whom were wounded, when the enemy only the slaves actually employed in mili- of summer fields. And not merely those tary service by the rebels are liberated. future dwellers, but all the people of the There is reason to believe, however, that nation, to-day, will turn in gratitude to whatever the inclination of the President's Late advices from Port Royal state, mind may have been at the reception of that Gen. Hunter's proclamation had been the order, or whatever he may have said published in Charleston, and a negro in- to anxious querists, the decision is yet to surrection there was imminent. Vast be announced, and will be postponed uninstead of Gen. Hunter, but with no hope of success.

river, one of which the Guiena silenced. the position.

#### The Accusation and the Proof.

There is something fearful and truthful Gen. David Hunter, commanding the in the following interrogatories and their Department of the South, having ascer- replies. We copy them from the Wilkestained that the Rebel authorities in his barre Record of the Times, and reprint department were impressing slaves, arm- them, as the clearest conviction which ing them, and organizing them into bri- has ever been made in the case of any po-

> What party attempted nullification during Gen. Jackson's administration?

> The slave-holding democracy. What party elected James Buchanan to the Presidency?
> The slave-holding democracy.

States of America, and having taken up arms he stole our arms and ammunition, and against the said United States, it became a sent the loyal United States troops where cably dissolved, the great business inter- the barbarous ferocity of the rebels .they could not aid in suppressing rebel- ests of the loyal states, with those who had

He was no Republican.

to when he ran for President? No Republican voted for him, thank

Charleston to defeat Stephen A. Douglas and ruin the land by a wicked rebellion? The friends of John C. Breckinridge. Who fired on the Star of the West, and

The Breckenridge party. Who bombarded Fort Sumter? The Breckinridge party.

Who treated wounded Union soldiers at The Breckinridge party who always

called themselves democrats. Who massacred our friends at Ball's 'contrabands' in this war. Slaves and Bluff, and left their bones unburied to produce. This scheme is now one of the free negroes have alike been compelled to bleach in the weather for months, until

Men who had always called themselves

Who hung and drove out Methodist

in Gen. Hunter's department. That ma- the delight of women and children at the able to liquidate the debts they contracted. jority of the People of South Carolina approach of the glorieus old "Stars and

To the democratic party. Why?

Because the rebels were all democrats, and had been promised aid if they attempt- by making repudiation a policy of their ed to overthrow an administration elected party. The party that has advocated

Are all democrats traitors? low them to know what we propose to do really in favor of rebellion, but a very of repudiation. It will harmonize as large portion of the party used democracy | cordially with the feelings of such men to -It will do this good, at least, Sir; it to clock their hideous political deformity, make the bankruptchy of the nation their of Freedom-that, if he can only escape infest many who should have the nerve | This subject is worthy the attention of

> subdue our enemies. Are there any Republican rebels?

I never heard of one. the constitution, and strive to put down therefore, to resist the machinations of treason and rebellion ?

To a man. They ask that the best gov-

ernment on earth be spared to them, and that the free white labor at the North be What party is justly responsible for all

the debts and taxes entailed on us by this That question is easily answered. The

Breckinridge party is alone responsible. Does the Republican party oppose high

The Homestead Bill having now become a law, those who will directly be benefited by the measure, may justly trace that benefit to the energy and persevement, security and sway, is destined, in the rences of the Republican party in Con-Providence of God, to work its utter gress. This splendid achievement cannot possibly be over-estimated. No measure has passed Congress in ten years or twenty that carries on its shoulders such sheaves of wealth as this does. It is a stately adwe follow it for fifty future years, its promise reaches to the Pacific, and fills a zone of earth with the new music of summertoil, and the new beauty and fragrance the men who have made this bill a law.

A "diamond cut diamond" story is told of the Winstead Bank robbers,-They left the gold they obtained from the bank in charge of a New York accomplice who stole the money and went to Europe. vannah. Our gusboats have proceeded til those members of the Cabinet who are Green and his companion followed, found up the river, and our pickets are within now absent, return. An effort has been him, and demanded the money. The our miles of the city. Massive batteries, made to have General Benham placed in sharper refused to disgorge, threatening command of the Department of the South, to expose the bank robbery, and they lives, as they ere to flee at the approach were compelled to come home without it. of danger.

If a new military Governor has to Brig. Gen. William H. Keim died

#### Stand From Under!

From the Harrisburg Telegraph. in the loans recently negotiated by the letter now before us, describing the battle government, for the purpose of supporting at West Point, says: "The rebels found the army, while the soldiers who compose six of our men wounded. They robbed that army are battling to suppress rebel- them, and then cut their throats. I saw lion, tendered the loan in good faith and two of these victims of their savage barconfidence that it would be repaid with barity yesterday." interest. It was not made as a speculation, nor is it now a "fancy" of the money mar- able article on this subject. After referket. The investment was a solemn and a ring to the barbarities practiced upon sincere business transaction, accepted with | Union men in Tennessee, it says : its attendant risks in the emergency of What party did Floyd belong to when the defeat of our armies. If our country was destroyed-if the Union was irrevorisked their individual resources and means in the conflict, were ready also to the field, at his own desire, expressing his What party did Breckenridge belong go down. This was the spirit in which men invested their fortunes in this contest, and therefore the attacks of certain politiciaus and presses on the war debt, with Who broke up the Democratic party at the direct purpose of counseling repudia- and the ears shamefully mutilated. He tion, is as contemptible as their former was a brave and meritorious officer; he actions were mean and dastardly. The had behaved on that day with admirable people who have this money invested in coolness and courage, and an enemy not the war debt, must watch the feeling on lost to all sense of generosity and humanthis subject, as it is expressed by and con- ity would have honored the wounded here fined among a certain class of politicians. and treated him tenderly. At the same They must watch the men who are now battle the rebels searched and rifled the attempting the re-organization of the Dem- pockets of every soldier whom they found ocratic party, as one of the objects of that stricken down on the battle field, and re-organization is to repudiate the war sometimes murdered the wounded by debt, and thus force the north into a bank- piercing them with bayonets, and with ruptcy which southern treason and dough- the butts of their rifles broke in the skulls face complicity with rebellion could not of the dead. morsels which the locofoco press and any other cause than to an institution semi-locofoco traitors in Congress are busi- which gives an almost boundless license ly digesting, so that we may look for the to the worst passions of mankind. The announcement any day that Congress or people of Tennessee are of the same stock the President had no authority in the first | with ourselves-a generous stock ; in traplace to make war for the suppression of eing their origin a few years back, the the rebellion, and consequently no right | lines of consanguinity meet; their ances-Men who hate Abolitionists and voted to contract debts in furtherance of such a tors and ours were the same, among the purpose." It will require no more boldness descendants of whom in that State have Who threatened to hang Parson Brown- to make such a plea and assume this posi- been many whom we are proud to claim Rebellion. Meantime, our side has al- low for daring to support the Union in tion, than it did to declare the war a as our kinsmen. Slavery is the sole cause measure of coercion, and afterwards per- of this frightful backsliding in civilization Breckinridge and Buchanan democrats sistently maintain that there was no and of all the horrors we have enumeraspecies of force, which has led impartial who pretended to be opposed to "coer- authority in the Constitution to confiscate ted. God forbid that we should have a the property of rebels. One argument word to say against any measure which Who have just been driving hundreds follows another; one pretext springs from promises the extirpation of the root of so another in this entire business, and the many evils. man or men who contend that the proper-The same Breckinridge men that per- ty of rebels cannot be confiscated, or that this war is an act of aggression or coercion, | -Rebel democrats, who could not endure of a Southern Confederacy will never be Even the States which negotiated loans for that purpose will fail to discover their Where has rebellion looked for sympa- obligations, so that as repudiation follows rebellion in the south, bankruptcy attends the career of both, the Democratic press and leaders of the loyal states will once more bind the south to their allegiance, slavery for fifty years, and on all occasions made that institution supercede all other No! Very few good democrats are interests, will not shrink from the advocacy will assure every negro in Gen. Hunter's and for years ruled the party. And the object as it did to make the dissolution of

from the Rebels and reach the lines of to drive them out, for they teach love of the loyal American people, at a time when our forces, his Slavery is ended. He will slavery and hatred of free labor, and lead the leaders of assham Democracy are lano longer be puzzled nor confused by the their victims almost unconsciously to sym- boring to re-organize. If the war debt lying assertions of white scoundrels that pathize with rebels, and oppose the patri- is to be repudiated, and if taxation is to otic endeavors of the Administration to be resisted, we will become most effectually disgraced in the eyes of the world .-The shame will be greater than it could possibly have been made by the success of-Do republicans uphold the Union and the rebellion. It behooves honest men, the leaders of the locofoco party to achieve power. If they are successful, repudiation becomes inevitable.

> ren. The Secession armies are as cruel as they are cowardly. Each battle-field affords a new illustration of their savage watches to come forward, on or before the and inhuman spirit. They commenced 12th day of June next, prove property in the the practice of shooting our pickets along the line of the Potomac, and delighted in the cold-blooded murder of the brave guards of our outer lines. At Bull Run they killed defenceless prisoners, and made drinking cups of the skulls of their defenceless victims. At Pea Ridge they employed Indians, who repeated all the atrocities of savage warfare. At New Orleans they fired upon an unarmed crowd of Union men, women, and children.-At Yorktown, recently, they followed the farming utensils, stoves, and an extensive practice they adopted at Columbus, of eaving behind them torpedoes and infernal machines, for the purpose of wounding or killing a few of our soldiers. War, at best, is horrible enough, but the unnecessavy slaughter of human beings against the rules of warfare which all civilized nations respect, or to gratify a mere blood-thirsty spirit of revenge, without aiming at or expecting any military results, is as essention, all persons are forbid harboring or trustially sheer murder during the existence | ting her on my account, as I will pay no debts of hostilities as it would be in times of profound peace. The enemy have displayed all the instincts of rude and reckless barbarians, and few or none of the traits of gallant soldiers. They are as sanguinary where their power is unchecked as they are timorous in the presence of equal or superior force. They are as ready to commit outrages, which noble spirits would prevent at the hazard of their

be appointed for Virginia, as will be the in Harrisburg, on Sunday last, of typhoid It is stated that Com. Goldsbor- case if New Virginia is recognized as a fever. The deceased was well known ough has taken two batteries on the James | State, John Miner Botts is talked of for throughout the State for his patriotism and many virtues.

#### Rebel Barbarities.

One of the volunteers in the 72d Penn. Every man who has a dollar invested sylvania (Baxters Zouaves,) in a published

The New York Evening Post has an

The circumstances of the death of Maj. Reyerson, of New Jersey, at the battle of Williamsburg, are no less illustrative of Major Reyerson had been wounded, and in the heat of the engagement was left on confidence of good treatment from the enemy, should he fall into their hands .--His body was afterwards found, stripped of clothing, pierced with bayonet wounds

We cannot refer these enormities to

TEW GOODS!!-NEW FIRM!!!-

WM. DAVIS & SUAS are receiving and that the entire war debt should be repudiated. The traitors who sought the erection | which they offer to the citizens of Ebensburg

and vicinity at reduced prices. Their stock consists in part of-DRY GOODS. HARDWARE. QUEENSWARE. NOTIONS, HATS & CAPS,

BOOTS & SHOES, CLOTHING, etc., etc., etc.

No charges for exhibiting goods. Country Produce of every description waned in exchange for goods. WM. DAVIS & SONS.

Ebensburg, May 22, 1862-3t All persons indebted to me are re-

sectfully invited to come forward and settle WM. DAVIS.

A UDITOR'S NOTICE

A The undersigned, having been appointed by the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, to report distribution of the funds in the hands of Wm. Kittell, Esq., being proceeds of certain real estate of Thomas Jackson, dec'd, sold by virtue of an order of said Court, pursuant to proceedings in partition. hereby notifies all parties interested in said fund, that he will attend to the duties of his said appointment, at his office, in the borough of Ebensburg, on Thursday, the 22d day of May, at I o'clock, P. M. A. C. MULLIN, Auditor.

Ebensburg, May 1, 1862-3t.

MPORTANT NOTICE .-The undersigned, Administrators of Jacob Stahl, dec'd., have in their possession about 22 Watches, which appear to have been left with the said Jacob Stahl during his lifetime. for the purpose of being repaired. As we wish to close the business of the estate, notice is hereby given to the owners of the said same, and take them away, otherwise they willabe sold immediately after that date. We do not know who are the owners.

ELIZABETH STAHL, H. KINKEAD, Ebensburg, May 15, 1862

DUBLIC SALE!!-

I will expose to public sale, at my resdence, in Wilmore, Cambria county, on SAT-URDAY, the 31st day of MAY, instant, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, four head of horses. cows, wagons, hacks, sleds, sleighs, harness, amount of beds and bedding, carpets, chairs, tables, china of every variety-and a variety of articles too numerous to mention. Terms made known on day of sale, when a

reasonable credit will be given by WILLIAM PALMER Wilmore, May 15, 1862.

NOTICE.— Whereas, my wife, Margaret, has left my bed and board without just cause or provocaof her contracting.

RICHARD B. DAVIS Cambria Tp , May 15, 1867-3t.

FUST RECEIVED-

THREE BARRELS LAKE TROUT.

A PRIME ARTICLE,

AT A. A. BARKER'S STORE.

ONLY TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER DOZEN

Ebensburg, March 6, 1863.

Bonks of every description printed

CALL AND SAMPLE THEM

at this office to order