



RIGHT OR WRONG. WHEN RIGHT, TO BE KEPT RIGHT; WHEN WRONG, TO BE SET RIGHT.

EBENSBURG.

THURSDAY MORNING NOVEMBER 1.

People's Party Nominations.

FOR PRESIDENT: ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT: HANNIBAL HAMLIN.

People's Electoral Ticket.

AT LARGE: JAMES POLLOCK, THOMAS M. HOWE.

- Districts. 1. EDWARD C. KNIGHT. 2. ROBERT P. KING. 3. HENRY BUDIM. 4. ROBERT M. FOSTER. 5. NATHAN HILLES. 6. JOHN M. BROWNAL. 7. JAMES W. FULLER. 8. DAVID E. STOUT. 9. FRANCIS W. CHRIST. 10. DAVID MUMMA, JR. 11. DAVID TAGGART. 12. THOMAS R. HULL. 13. FRANCIS R. PENNINGTON. 14. ULYSSES MURPHY. 15. GEORGE BRUSSLER. 16. A. B. SHARRP. 17. DANIEL O. GELTER. 18. SAMUEL CALVIN. 19. EDGAR COWAN. 20. WILLIAM McKENNA. 21. JOHN M. KIRKPATRICK. 22. JAMES KERR. 23. RICHARD P. ROBERTS. 24. HENRY SOUTHER. 25. JOHN GREER.

Governor's Proclamation.

FELLOW CITIZENS—The revolutions of the year have again brought us to our annual festival of Thanksgiving to Almighty God. In no preceding year have we had more abundant cause for gratitude and praise. The revolving seasons have brought with them health and plenty. The summer fruits and the autumn harvests have been gathered and garnered in unexcelled abundance. A healthful activity has pervaded all the departments of life; and provident industry has met with a generous reward. The increase of material wealth has been liberally employed in sustaining our Educational and Religious Institutions; and both are making the most gratifying progress in enlightening and purifying the public mind. While in Europe, central and absolute governments, by their pressure on personal rights and liberties, are producing the excitements, which threaten to uproot the very foundations of society, and have led in some instances, to bloody and cruel wars, we, in the enjoyment of constitutional liberty, and under the protection of just and equal laws, are peacefully pursuing the avocations of life, and engaging in whatever promises to advance our social and individual improvement and happiness. "The lines are," indeed, "fallen to us in pleasant places, and we have a goodly heritage." In all this we see the orderings of a kind and merciful Providence, which call not only for our recognition, but for our public Thanksgiving and Praise.

Under this conviction, I, WILLIAM F. PACKER, Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do hereby appoint Thursday, the TWENTY-SIXTH DAY OF NOVEMBER NEXT, to be observed as a day of public Thanksgiving and prayer, and recommend to all our people, that setting aside, on that day, all worldly pursuits, they assemble in their respective places of worship, and unite in offering Thanks to God for his manifold goodness, and imploring his forgiveness, and the continuance of his mercies.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State, at Harrisburg, this Twenty-fourth day of October, in the year of our Lord, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Sixty, and of the Commonwealth the Eighty-fifth. WM. F. PACKER.

By the Governor, WM. M. HEISLER, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

A Word.

Good friends! Ere another number of The Alleghenian reaches you, the Presidential Election will have passed. A great battle will have been fought, and a brilliant victory won—by somebody. Who do you suppose will come out first best? Who will win? That's the question. Upon mature deliberation we have concluded that the Rail Splitter's chances are decidedly the best. Do you agree with us?—If so, then let us work hard to make them better—to make them a certainty. We must not rest as though secure in our strength, for the enemies of our principles and our candidates are not idle. Even though they are distracted and divided, still they are at work, always at work!—They will enter into every vile combination—resort to every species of guerrilla warfare—what will they not do to secure our defeat on Tuesday next? But do their best, we can beat them if we but make the necessary exertions. Let us all work then as though Lincoln's election depended upon the result in Cambria County.

TICKETS.—A good supply of Lincoln and Hamlin Electoral Tickets have been printed and are ready for distribution at this office. Our friends are invited to call around and get them.

The Way It Stands.

Before the October election, the papers throughout the State—both Republican and Loco-Foco—said, "As goes the election in Pennsylvania now so will it go in November," and "As goes Pennsylvania in November so goes the Union." The first election was made a test by which to determine the probable complexion of the second. And rightly. Well, it has been definitely determined and is now generally known that the noble old Keystone has gone largely Republican—that the People's candidate for Governor has received the tremendous majority of 32,000 over the strongest man the Loco-Focos could possibly have put in the field—and that the principles of Republican Reform have swept like wildfire over almost every county in the State. This of itself, then, would seem to determine the Presidential question. And the State elections in Indiana, Illinois, Ohio and Minnesota would serve to make assurance on our side doubly sure.

But should any one still doubt, let him hear the voice of the Loco-Foco press.

For instance: The New York Herald, one of the fiercest and most determined of Lincoln's political opponents, thus gracefully goes under:

It is universally conceded that, unless the vote of New York can be turned against him, Lincoln's election is inevitable. Common justice to all concerned demands that the plea that "something may turn up" to reopen New York should be abandoned. New York will vote for Lincoln, and by a larger majority, we say, than any other State. Lincoln will be elected. There is no use in minding the matter any longer.

This, from so influential a journal as the Herald, about so important a State as New York, is of considerable weight.

This same paper for several weeks used the "Disunion" hue and cry to intimidate the North. It said that Mr. Lincoln's policy, if elected, would be so directly antagonistical to Southern principles that it would touch the dreadful Fire Eaters square on the raw and unceremoniously precipitate the Slave States into rebellion. Now it deliriously crawls back, thus:

It thus appears that "Old Abe" is a conservative Republican—that he contemplates no war upon the constitutional rights of slavery in the slave States—that his platform is the Chicago platform in good faith, and that his general policy upon slavery will be to conciliate the South into submission instead of exasperating her people into open rebellion.

And again: The Harrisburg Patriot & Union—an able and conservative paper, which before the election was in ecstasies over how easy Foster would make mince-meat of Curtin, and what an effect that result would have upon its Presidential favorite—thus takes occasion to show its opinion of matters and things as they now stand:

We say frankly that the election of Andrew G. Curtin makes the defeat of Abraham Lincoln hopeless. It is useless to attempt to keep up appearances by affecting a hope that we do not feel. If the Democratic and conservative votes of Pennsylvania when generally united could not carry Foster, it cannot defeat Lincoln when divided among three candidates.

So, by the voluntary avowals of two respectable and well-informed Loco-Foco organs, New York and Pennsylvania—the two great pivotal States—will cast their votes for Lincoln. This, then, virtually decides the contest.

And this is not conjecture—it is sure, certain, and beyond the possibility of doubt. It is admitted by honest and intelligent men of all parties.

Besides, when Lincoln is elected, the Union ain't going to be dissolved. You needn't think that the South is going to secede because a few Southern journals preach "Disunion"—for political effect. The South is not a nation of fools, and they all know their own interest too well to do any such thing.

Fellow Republicans, we congratulate you on your near release from Loco-Foco tyranny—from the thralldom of a party which has always been opposed to your nearest and dearest interests. Like a hideous incubus, it has been with you only as a clog to your advancement. Cast it off, cast it off. Annihilate the whole vile organization, and allow it to quietly sink into everlasting repose in the deepest depths of sweet Oblivion. Let nothing remain of it but its name—that we will reserve as a target at which to forever point the slow, unmoving Finger of Scorn.

The Electoral Ticket.

The Electoral Ticket as published in to-day's issue of our paper is the correct one, being copied from a certified list furnished us by the State Central Committee. Voters can rely on its accuracy, and should compare the tickets they intend to vote with it, as fraudulent tickets will likely be scattered broadcast over the county. Do not be deceived!

Beware of frauds! Scrutinize your tickets closely before you vote.

United States Senator.

One of the most important duties which will devolve upon the next legislature will be the election of a United States Senator. The term of William Bigler, who has so grossly misrepresented our State, will expire on the 4th of March next; and that his successor for the six years thence ensuing will be a Republican, the recent glorious triumph of our party has rendered morally certain. But while this is so, the question very naturally presents itself who shall be the man, and from what part of the State shall he come? We cannot answer this better than by adopting the language of an article recently put forth on the subject, by the Pittsburg Journal: If Western Pennsylvania presents the right kind of a man, she is entitled to the Senator. We do not intend to indicate our choice, but have entire confidence in the West being able to agree upon a worthy representative of our principles for that station. We can scarcely ever remember a time when the West was so clearly entitled to the Senator as at present. Our State is naturally divided into three districts—the Eastern, the Central and the Western parts. The East has heretofore held more offices than the centre and the West combined, though she gives less Republican majorities than either of them. In fact, we think the East on Col. Curtin's vote gives a small majority against us; the centre some 12,000 in our favor, and the West 21,000 of a Republican majority.—The Eastern division has the present Senator, Supreme Judge, the Auditor and Surveyor Generals. The central has the Governor elect and State Treasurer, and the West nothing at all. The West has not had a Senator for many years, mainly, as we have been told, because so many Western candidates were put forward.—We suggest that some mode be adopted to concentrate the choice of the West upon an acceptable candidate. We have the material in this section equal to any in the State, and we cannot see any reason why it should not be asserted in favor of some one of our citizens.

Negro Equality.

The Democrat & Sentinel of last week falls into a grievous error. It says that Abraham Lincoln, our candidate for the Presidency, is in favor of raising the negro to an equality with white men; and of extending to him the right of suffrage and the right to hold office. We do not suppose that the editor made this ridiculous statement in good earnest. Not at all!—It was done, we presume, to frighten somebody, to scare the timid and vacillating from supporting Lincoln. But we cannot consent to silently stand by and allow him or any body else to falsify history with such a looseness as all this comes to. No, sir! Not that we think that any person believes any of that balderdash; but in order to prevent any misconception on the part of anybody, and to show our readers what our next President's sentiments on that subject are, we subjoin the following extract from a speech which Mr. Lincoln delivered during the famous controversy between Mr. Douglas and him—that same controversy in which the Little Giant was so magnificently used up. Here it is:

"I am not, nor never have been, in favor of bringing about, in any way, the social and political equality of the white and black races. I am not nor never have been in favor of making voters or jurors of negroes, nor of qualifying them to hold office, nor to intermarry with white people; and I will say in addition to this, that there is a physical difference between the black and white races which, I believe, will forever forbid the two races living together on terms of social and political equality. And inasmuch as they cannot so live, while they do remain together there must be the position of superior and inferior; and I am much as any other man, in favor of having the superior position assigned to the white race."

There, Mr. Dem. & Sent., are his views. What do you think of them? And ain't you a reliable family newspaper, going about with such a brazen-faced and east-iron-countenance falsehood on your unprepossessing exterior, endeavoring to divide voters into the support of your candidates? Now ain't you?

Lincoln and Hamlin Pole.

We neglected last week to notice the beautiful pole, recently raised on the farm of Mr. Robert W. Roberts, in Cambria Township. The pole is 90 feet above ground, and the banner which it supports is tastefully gotten up, and appropriately inscribed with the names of Lincoln and Hamlin—the next President and Vice President of the United States. The crowd of Republicans which participated at the "raising," was able and eloquently addressed by Messrs. Rees E. Rees, Daniel D. Jones and others. The good people of that neighborhood may be safely put down all right for the Rail-Splitter.

The Next Legislature.

SENATE. [Newly elected members marked with a star.] 1st District.—Philadelphia.—*Jeremiah Nichols, R., John H. Parker, R., George R. Smith, R., George Connell, R. 2d.—Chester and Delaware.—*Jacob S. Serril, R. 3d.—Montgomery—John Thompson R. 4th, Bucks, Mahlon Yardley, R. 5th, Lehigh and Northampton, Jeremiah Shindel, D. 6th, Berks. *Hiester Clymer, D. 7th, Schuylkill, Robert M. Palmer, R. 8th, Carbon, Monroe, Pike and Wayne, *Henry S. Mott, D. 9th, Bradford, Susquehanna, Sullivan & Wyoming, George Landon, R. 10th, Luzerne, W. W. Ketchum R. 11th, Tioga, Potter, McKean and Warren, Isaac Benson, R. 12th, Clinton, Lycoming, Centre and Union, Andrew Gregg, R. 13th, Snyder, Northumberland, Montour and Columbia, *Franklin Bond, R. 14th, Cumberland, Juniata, Perry, and Mifflin, Dr. E. Crawford, D. 15th, Dauphin & Lebanon, *A. R. Boughter, R. 16th, Lancaster, *Wm. Hamilton R., *J. Hiestand, R. 17th, York, W. H. Welsh, D. 18th, Adams, Franklin and Fulton, A. K. McClure, R. 19th, Somerset, Bedford and Huntingdon, S. S. Wharton, R. 20th, Blair, Cambria and Clearfield, L. W. Hall R. 21st, Indiana and Armstrong, J. E. Meredith, R. 22d, Westmoreland, and Fayette, *Smith Fuller, R. 23d, Washington and Greene, *George V. Lawrence, R. 24th, Allegheny, John P. Penny, R. E. H. Irish, R. 25th, Beaver and Butler, De L. Imbrie, R. 26th, Lawrence, Mercer and Venango, *J. H. Robinson, R. 27th, Erie and Crawford, Darwin A. Finney, R. 28th, Clarion, Jefferson, Forest and Elk, K. L. Blood, B.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Philadelphia—Joseph Caldwell, D. T. E. Gaskill, D. Patrick McDonough, D. Robert E. Randall, D. Joseph E. Moore, Jr., R. Daniel G. Thomas, R. Dr. J. H. Scholer, R. J. E. Ridway, R. Henry Dunlap, D. Henry G. Lisenring, D. Isaac A. Sheppard, R. Richard Wildley, R. William D. Morrison, D. George W. Smith, D. John F. Preston, R. Thomas W. Duffield, D. Charles P. Abbott, R. Bucks—Joseph Barsley, R. Dr. Asher Riley, R. Delaware—Chaikley Harvey, R. Chester—W. T. Shaffer, R., Caleb Pierce, R. Isaac Acker, R. Montgomery—Dr. John H. Hill, D. John Stoneback, D. John Dismant, D. Northampton, Jacob Cope, D. P. F. Eilenberger, D. Lehigh and Carbon, W. H. Butler, D. W. C. Lichtenwalder, D. Monroe and Pike, Charles W. Brodhead, D.

Wayne, A. B. Walker, R. Luzerne, Lewis Pugh, R. H. P. Hillman, R. Peter Byrne, D. Susquehanna, G. T. Frazier, R. Bradford, H. W. Tracy, R. Dr. C. T. Bliss, R. Wyoming, Sullivan, Columbia and Montour, Thomas Osterhout, D. Hiram R. Kline, D. Lycoming & Clinton, W. H. Armstrong, R. H. C. Bressler, R. Centre, W. C. Dunbar, R. Mifflin, A. E. Gibboney, R. Union, Snyder and Juniata, Thos. Hayes, R. John J. Patterson, R. Northumberland, Anos T. Bisel, R. Schuylkill, Daniel Koch, R. Henry Hubb, R. Jim Bartholomew, R. Dauphin, William Clark, R. Dr. Lewis Heck, D.

Lebanon, Mr. Bixler, R. Berks, E. Penn Smith, D. M. P. Boyer, D. Henry B. Rhodes, B. Lancaster, Henry M. White, R. Joseph Hood, R. M. Ober, R. J. M. Stehman, R. York, John Mauldold, D. Daniel Reiff, D. Cumberland and Perry, W. B. Irvin, R. W. Lowther, R. Adams, Henry J. Myers, D. Franklin and Fulton, Jas. R. Brewster, R. James C. Austin, R. Bedford and Somerset, Edw. M. Shrock, R. C. W. Ashcom, R. Huntingdon, Brice N. Blair, R. Blair, James Roller, R. Cambria, A. C. Mullin, R. Indiana, James Alexander, R. Armstrong and Westmoreland, J. R. McConigal, R. James Taylor, R. A. Craig, R.

Fayette, John Collins, R. Greene, Patrick Donely, D. Washington, John A. Happer, R. Robert Anderson, R. Allegheny, Kennedy Marshall, R. Thos. Williams, R. C. L. Goehring, R. William Douglas, R. A. H. Buras, R. Beaver and Lawrence, Jos. H. Wilson, R. J. W. Blanchard, R. Butler, W. H. Graham, R. Thos. Robinson, R. Mercer and Venango, George D. Hofius, R. Eliza W. Davis, R. Clarion and Forest, William Devins, D. Jefferson, Clearfield, McKean and Elk, Isaac Gordon, R. S. M. Lawrence, R. Crawford and Warren, Hiram Butler, R. E. Cowan, R. Erie, Henry Teller, R. Gideon J. Ball, R. Potter and Tioga, S. B. Elliot, R. B. E. Strang, R.

Republicans, 70. Democrats, 30.

RECAPITULATION. Senate, 6; House of Rep., 80. Dem. 6, 80; Rep. 27, 70. 36, 97; 36, 86. Rep. majority on joint ballot, 61.

Pennsylvania Election Official.

Table with 3 columns: COUNTY, Curtin, Foster. Lists 27 counties including Philadelphia, Allegheny, Lancaster, Berks, Dauphin, Lebanon, Blair, Indiana, Susquehanna, Montour, Northampton, Lehigh, Carbon, Chester, Schuylkill, Montgomery, Mifflin, Northumberland, Union, Snyder, Cambria, Delaware, Adams, Bucks, Fulton, Erie, Westmoreland, Centre, Washington, Armstrong, Bedford, Bradford, Butler, Clarion, Clearfield, Clinton, Columbia, Crawford, Lawrence, Luzerne, McKean, Mercer, Montour, Perry, Pike, Potter, Cumberland, Elk, Fayette, Franklin, Forest, Greene, Huntingdon, Jefferson, Juniata, Somerset, Sullivan, Tioga, Venango, Warren, Wayne, York, Lycoming, and Total. Total Curtin 262596, Foster 230312.

Hon. H. W. Davis delivered his first speech during the campaign, at Baltimore on Friday evening. The following we take from a telegraphic synopsis of his speech, which we find in the Philadelphia Inquirer:

He believed that if Lincoln should be elected the Republicans would attempt nothing toward the agitation of the slavery question, but would confine themselves simply to their opposition to the extension of slavery into territories now free. The issue was at an end as far as the territories now existing are concerned. Did they want to acquire more territory in order to reopen this agitation? Who proposed to buy Cuba and encouraged filibustering but the Democratic party?—If, however, additional territory should be acquired, the question would be determined by the existing state of things. If part of Mexico were acquired, it was not likely that the people having abolished slavery, would reinstate it; and if Cuba should be acquired; slavery already existing there could not be uprooted, no matter how much the opposition.

This howl about disunion in case of Lincoln's election was the same old time Democracy had been playing for many a year. He ridiculed the idea of disunion as a mere bug bear. There could be no danger of a dissolution of the Union in case of Lincoln's election. If danger was so great why did they not all vote for Breckinridge? Why did not Douglas withdraw his name in favor of his democratic competitor.

He denounced fusion in N. York as absurd. It was not intended to elect Bell but to defeat Lincoln. The cry of disunion is only a mere "wolf cry." This thing of always saving the Union was calculated to bring the Union itself into contempt.

TO BE HELD.—A grand Republican demonstration is to come off at Wilmore on next Friday evening, the 2d inst.—Several distinguished speakers will be present and address the meeting. After which a grand torchlight procession will be formed and march through the town. It is confidently expected that a large delegation will be present from this place. Turn out, friends of the People's cause, and attend it!

Fall Out.

It turns out at last that the real cause of apprehension in the South in the case of Lincoln's election, is that the Southern people will "fall out" among themselves about slavery, and that emancipation will follow. The Charleston (S. C.) Mercury, the leading disunion organ, enumerating the causes of fear, argues frankly that the moral influence of a Republican Administration will build up an Emancipation party at the South. It says: "They will have an Abolition Party in the South, of Southern men. The contest for slavery will no longer be one between the North and South. It will be in the South between the people of the South."

And such is the truth, and this we have been endeavoring to impress upon the minds of the people for years. The thing that is wanting to render Republicanism as popular in the South as it is in the North, is to satisfy the people of the true intent and meaning of the Republican party. No true interest—no true right of any person in the South is menaced by the Republican organization. They are a highly esteemed and as honestly regarded as brethren by the Republican party as by any set of men by whom they are known, and when cool reason assumes control and the foul concoctions of demagogues are discarded the slave holders will know and where their true of duty is to be found. We are rejoiced that one in South Carolina the truth is beginning to show forth, so that when honest independence is again restored between the sections a plan may be digested by the joint effort of all, by which this inequality may be removed from among us, and upon which we can ask the blessing of Heaven to best it will be better for the white population, it will be better for the colored man, and it will be better for the christian world.

On the night of the 16th of October the Wide Awakes of New England celebrated the glorious triumph of Freedom, in Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana, at Boston, Mass. The demonstration is said to have exceeded anything of its kind that ever took place in Massachusetts or perhaps in New England. There was present about 10,000 Wide Awakes from Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Connecticut and Rhode Island. Ever true to the rights of Freedom, our neighbors met to rejoice over our victory, which has decided the Presidential election.

DELAWARE.—A correspondent of the New York World says: I learn from good authority, that the Republicans of Delaware count with certainty on carrying the State for Lincoln. Breckinridge's majority over all, at the late inspectors' election, was only 210, and that is regarded as being already melted away under the Pennsylvania heats. I hear of some of the largest slaveholders in the State who have declared for Lincoln. A series of meetings is to be held throughout the State next week.

SHALL SLAVERY AGITATION CEASE?—Then put an extinguisher on the Democratic party. It created the Texas and Illinois for Cuba—it violated the Missouri compromise—it occasioned the "Border Ruffian" troubles—it created the Summer and other personal quarrels between our neighbors. Kill it, and we shall have peace and better times.

C. C. STEWART, 202 N. 4th St., Philadelphia. Importers and dealers in Foreign and Domestic Hardware and Cutlery. (North side, second door below PRY, No. 1, 1860) PHILADELPHIA.

E. G. WHITMAN & CO. Manufacturing Chemists. No. 102 SOUTH SECOND STREET (One door below Chestnut) PHILADELPHIA. E. G. WHITMAN. [Sole Proprietors] PHILADELPHIA.

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