



RIGHT OR WRONG. WHEN RIGHT, TO BE KEPT RIGHT, WHEN WRONG, TO BE SET RIGHT.

EBENSBURG.

THURSDAY SEPTEMBER 29

People's Party Nominations.

- FOR PRESIDENT: ABRAHAM LINCOLN. FOR VICE-PRESIDENT: HANNIBAL HAMLIN. FOR GOVERNOR: ANDREW G. CURTIN, of Centre Co. CONGRESS: SAMUEL S. BLAIR, of Blair county. ASSEMBLY: ALEXANDER C. MULLIN, Ebensburg. REGISTER AND RECORDER: EDWARD F. LITTLE, of Wilmore. COUNTY COMMISSIONER: JAMES COOPER, of Taylor. POOR HOUSE DIRECTOR: WILLIAM DOUGLASS, of Carroll. AUDITOR: THOMAS J. NELSON, of Clearfield.

Democracy and the People.

Whatever may be the result of the present conflict for the Presidency, it is certain that the Democratic party will be defeated. So far as the people are concerned the party is dead already, and will never more exist as an organization of any power in this country. Its intelligent members realize this fact, and all their battle now is to prevent the success of the party that has longest and most successfully withstood them. They desire to sell the little remaining life in their organization as dearly as possible, and with this view they are forming schemes for a union of their own scattered forces with every other faction in the land, and are endeavoring to introduce the formation of every possible number of parties, who will assist to lessen the vote of their greatest foe, Lincoln. They well know that he, of all candidates in the field, has a chance of success before the people, and their only object is to prevent an election by the free choice of the voters of this Confederacy. Democratic politicians see a ray of hope in the election of a President by Congress, and they well know that such is their last hope, and that they can never again get into power by the votes of the people of these United States. Their only aim in the approaching contest is to defeat the wishes of the people, who, though so long their deceived tools, have at length discovered their true character and turned against them. Democracy began by professing the utmost confidence in the people, and a desire to act always in accordance with their wishes. This was the theme with the Jeffersonian Democracy, which succeeded in overthrowing the old Federal party, which was more aristocratic. Democracy in those days was not what it is now; it was called Republicanism, and was the offspring of the French Revolution and the liberal ideas of Mr. Jefferson. The expressions of confidence in the capacity of the people to manage all their affairs, and a desire to advance their claims, proved to be the most effectual means of elevating a party to power. The Federalists were as sincere patriots, but professing less confidence in the masses, they would of course be less popular, and were overthrown, because the vote of a ragamuffin or fanatic would count as much as that of the most intelligent citizen, while the former class greatly outnumbered the latter. This flattery of the people was found to be the most effectual means of obtaining their votes, and was therefore always the distinctive feature of Democratic pronouncements. Selfish demagogues found that, to secure their election to coveted positions, it was only necessary to profess the most ardent desire to serve the dear people. While Mr. Jefferson and his confederates were undoubtedly sincere and just in their advocacy of popular rights, their successors have become more and more indifferent to the real good of the public, while retaining the popular phrasology. By these professions Democracy became very popular with the rabble, who were deceived by the sound, and had not intelligence enough to discern the true character of the demagogues who thusajoled them out of their votes. Sincere patriots, who had the real

good of the whole country at heart, did not consider it necessary to talk so much about their devotion to the interests of the people, being conscious that their plans contemplated only the best good of all classes. But the masses have not the means of knowing the sentiments of men unless from their public expressions, and accordingly they gave their support to those who were cunning enough to understand this weakness, and to profess the most sincere regard for their rights and welfare. But the people have at last been undeceived. They have discovered that the professions of Democracy regarded only their votes, and not their real good. They have become more intelligent in the affairs of Government, and have learned to judge men and parties by their works, and not by their words. They have learned that the leaders and politicians of the Democratic party are the veriest demagogues and aristocrats, and that they are totally indifferent to the good of the public, but endeavor to conduct the government to the interest of a privileged few. Having discovered these facts, the people will have no more of Democracy. As in cases of private friendship, so in coalitions between the people and their leaders; those who were once the firmest friends, when once enmity arises between them, are the most bitter foes.

In the present contest the war is between the disinherited Democratic politicians and their old benefactors—the people. The people are determined that the Democratic party shall no longer squander their money and sacrifice their interests. The Democratic leaders are endeavoring to prevent the people from electing, to take charge of the Government, whom they choose. The people desire to elect an honest, conservative President—a man of their own number and choice, and one who possesses their entire confidence. The Democracy are trying to defeat an election by the people, and to carry it where a few demagogues of their own faction will appoint a man to take the leading charge of public affairs. Which will win—Democracy or the people?

Are You Assessed?

The question now is, Are you assessed? If you are not, you had better see to the matter at once. In order to be enabled to vote, you must have your name on the assessment list at least ten days before the election. A great many votes are lost through carelessness in this respect. The PEOPLE and the PEOPLE'S friends! Will you see that this task is performed? Be assessed yourselves, and see that your neighbors are ditto. It is immaterial whether the Loco-Focos are assessed—nobody cares. Only a short time is left to perform this duty. SEE TO IT NOW!

Not the least gratifying feature of the campaign, says the Albany Evening Journal, is the marked and steady growth of Republicanism in the Slave States. Localities where four years ago freedom of speech was denied by mob force, now have their Republican meetings and Republican newspaper. Republican Electoral Tickets are running or to be run, in all the Northern Slave States, and the vote for them will show a steady and rapid growth of Republican sentiment. After this election wiser counsels will doubtless prevail at the South in regard to differences of political opinion, and the organization will be extended to every State not only with respectable strength, but with prospects of early success.

The Republicans of New York held an immense meeting in that city on Thursday night, at which Carl Schurz, the great German orator of Wisconsin, delivered the most powerful speech yet uttered by him. It occupies nearly ten columns of the Tribune, and that paper announces that it will be ready for delivery in pamphlet form this week, to all individuals or clubs sending orders. The speech is of such a character as will induce political men of all parties to desire its perusal.

A serious misunderstanding occurred at Kingston, C. W., on the occasion of the visit of the Prince of Wales, between the Orangemen and the Duke of Newcastle. The former insisted on taking part in the proceedings dressed in their regalia, which displeased his Grace, and the royal party proceeded on their way without landing at Kingston.

The Douglas and Breckinridge wings have failed to fuse in New York. Consequently, Lincoln will carry that State easily.

EDITORIAL NOTINGS.

See new advertisements. Reading matter on every page. The population of Clearfield borough is 702.

The sleep that knows no waking—evidently not that of a defunct Hiberno-Celt. The steamship Great Eastern will sail again for New York on the 11th of October. The election in Vermont has resulted in a glorious and complete Republican triumph.

Reports from Maine give the joyful intelligence that the Republicans have carried that State by 17,000 majority. Villains of the deepest dye—the rowdies who interrupted the Republican meeting at Hollidaysburg, on the 4th inst.

Notice is directed to the call published elsewhere for a grand Republican Mass Meeting at Pittsburg on the 27th inst.

The first article under our general head to-day is from a late number of the Philadelphia Daily News. It will well repay a perusal.

A reasonable joke.—The Loco-Focos will be so badly peppered by the People this fall that they will immediately take "eye salt." They will then be in a beautiful pickle.

The great American Antiquary—alias deliver into the mysteries of the forgotten past—otherwise old foggy and slow coach—that is to say, behind the times.—Old Buck.

Godey's Lady's Book for October is one of the most magnificent numbers of that handsome publication that has yet been issued. The engravings alone are worth a year's subscription to it.

The principal use of a bachelor is to count one in the census. So says an ex-lance. Bitters has discovered that while a bachelor counts one in the census, a married man counts two.

A terrible marine disaster, involving the loss of nearly three hundred lives, occurred on Lake Michigan on the 4th inst. It was occasioned by the steamer Lady Elgin being run into and sunk by another steamer.

The opposition to the People's Party in some places are organizing campaign clubs under the title of Fast Asleeps. The name is very appropriate—they are Fast Asleep now, and after the election they will be Faster Asleep than ever.

The attention of our readers is directed to the advertisement in another column of the New York Independent. This newspaper has a splendid array of contributors to its columns, and is, all in all, one of the very best independent papers published.

Col. Archibald M'Allister, of Blair county, has been nominated for Congress by the Loco-Foco Conference of this district. As the Democracy of this district are just now in a very bad state of repair, they have determined to try M'Allister as an all-healing ointment for their numberless ills.

The last Mountaineer advances in good faith the startling statement that "the election of Gen. Foster is now rendered certain." The editor may very satisfactorily convince himself that this is so, but he will experience some difficulty in bringing the mass of his readers to the same calm conclusion—for doubtful things are so mighty uncertain.

Dampfool has just delivered himself of the following horrible conundrum: What tory will the Republican party harbor in an entirely constitutional manner this fall?—Vic-tory, of course.

Dampfool says that although the conundrum may not be very good, it contains a vast amount of useful truth.

The Mountaineer is desirous of being pointed to that particular locality in the Republican Platform where we find that our party is favorable to Protection. As we are always willing to do one a favor—and thereby enlighten the ignorant—and satisfy the punctilious—we beg leave to refer him particularly to the twelfth plank of the aforesaid document.

It has been lately discovered up in Canada that Garibaldi is of Indian descent—in fact the son of an Iroquois chief named Garraballeh.

In view of the savage manner in which he has used up the Neoplatons, and the amount of glory he has covered himself with, we presume it would be natural for Garibaldi to take unto himself the aboriginal appellation—"Big Injun me." Ugh!

Gen. Foster made his first campaign speech of importance at Philadelphia on Monday night. In attacking the Republican doctrine of Congressional intervention for the prohibition of slavery in the territories, he said: "I maintain that Congress has no right to interfere in the matter at all." This expression, so evidently Douglasian, was received with immense applause by that honorable wing of the Democratic bird.

The Prince of Wales has signified his intention of being at Pittsburg on the 1st day of October. He will remain on until the next day.

In connection with this matter, we may state that a committee of two—consisting of our well known townsmen, Messrs. Bitters and Dampfool—have been despatched per Pony Express to Toronto to extend to this Leo Minor the hospitalities of ye mountain village, and request his attendance at our coming County Fair. The only intelligence we have yet received from the Committee on the subject is, that the Prince, after reading the invitation, made this jocose remark—"That's a Fair proposition, anyhow." The Duke of Newcastle is reported to have laughed all the buttons off his waistband at the lively salu of wit.

Lincoln and Hamlin, Curtin and Victory!

A grand Republican Mass Meeting will be held at Pittsburg, on Thursday, September 27th, inst.

The People of Pennsylvania, who are in favor of Protection to American Industry; who are in favor of Free Homesteads to actual settlers; who are in favor of protecting territories now free from the blight of slavery extension; who are in favor of maintaining our National Union and the supremacy of the Laws inviolate; who are in favor of a Radical Reform, such as will correct the shameful Profligacy and Corruption of the present National Administration, are invited to attend a GRAND MASS MEETING at PITTSBURG, on THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 27th, to strike a decisive blow at the perfidious Democratic rulers who have impoverished our Treasury, paralyzed our Commerce, and beggared our laborers by their Free Trade policy, and to raise their voices against Sectionalism and Disunion in any and every shape.

The following distinguished gentlemen are expected to attend and deliver addresses: Hon. Wm. H. Seward, Hon. F. Hassaurek, Hon. Cassius M. Clay, Hon. B. F. Wade, Hon. E. Cowan, Hon. J. P. Campbell, Hon. W. D. Kelly, Hon. A. G. Curtin, of Penna., People's Candidate for Governor, Hon. Carl Schurz, of Wisconsin; Hon. John Sherman, of Ohio; Hon. Thos. Corwin, of Ohio; Hon. Simon Cameron, of Pa.; Hon. Merton McMichael, of Penna.; Hon. John Hickman, of Penna.; Hon. James Pollock, of Pa.; Hon. John Covode, of Penna. The Lincoln, Hamlin and Curtin Clubs, throughout the State, and especially in all the western counties, are expected to attend, properly organized.

The Wide Awakes are invited and expected to attend in full force, and a Wide Awake Torchlight Procession will take place on the evening of the 26th.

Excursion tickets will be issued on all the Railways, good for the time necessary to get to Pittsburg, attend the meeting, and return home.

Friends of the right, the great preliminary struggle in this State is near at hand! Rally in your night to promote your glorious cause!

Chief Marshal, Alfred W. Lloyd; Committee of Arrangements, James McAuley, Chairman, Hon. Thos. M. Howe, Hon. Robt. McKnight, Benj. Patterson, A. M. Bane, Hon. J. K. Moorehead, James Park, Jr., Joseph Dilworth, Wm. Phillips.

"HONEST ABE."—A correspondent of the Portland Oregonian recalls the following anecdote of Hon. Abraham Lincoln: "During the Presidency of General Jackson, and while Mr. Barry, of Ky., was Postmaster General, Mr. Lincoln held the office of Postmaster, in the little town of New Salem, Sangamon county, Ill. The Government's portion of the receipts of the office for the two years he held it amounted to \$150 or \$200, all of which was permitted to remain in his hands, un-called for by the Postmaster General, for three or four years after Mr. Lincoln had resigned the office and removed to Springfield, where he now lives. In the meantime Mr. Kendall, having succeeded Mr. Barry in the Post Office Department, set about relieving the Department from its pecuniary embarrassment by picking up crumbs which Mr. Barry had thrown away as not worth the trouble of saving, and in the fall of 1834-'35, drew on Mr. Lincoln in favor of a mail carrier, for the amount standing against him on the books of the Department. The mail carrier inquired of me for Mr. Lincoln, at the same time showing me the draft on him for nearly \$200. I felt that this would be a large sum for a poor man like Mr. Lincoln to raise on demand, and on meeting with him offered to aid him if necessary. He thanked me, and said he did not need assistance, went to his room, and returned in a few minutes with a package in his hand containing the money, and on counting it out it was found to be the exact amount called for by the draft, and the very amount received by him four or five years previous."

A VIRGINIAN'S OPINION OF LINCOLN.—The Hon. William L. Groggin on Thursday evening addressed the Bell and Everett party in Petersburg, Va. His views upon the stability of the Union were clearly expressed in the following words: "There could be no danger of a dissolution of the Union, no matter who was elected." His opinion of Mr. Lincoln finds no less clear expression in the following language: "During the whole course of my connection with him in the House of Representatives, I must say that I have ever known him to be a gentleman. He is not what the Breckinridge party insinuate him to be. I wish to do justice on all sides. (Cheers.) If you want to know who Mr. Lincoln is, go and ask Stephen A. Douglas, with whom he stumped every county in the State of Illinois. (Cheers.) Yes, go and ask Mr. Douglas whether Abe Lincoln is a rail-splitter or not. (Loud laughter.) Ask him whether he is a Democratic molder or not. (Continued laughter and cries of "good!" "good!" "good!") It was my good fortune while I was a member of the House of Representatives, to be on a Committee with him. I was chairman, and I would say that no man on that Committee worked more industriously than he did. He is a man of a high order of talent, and when he spoke no man was listened to by those who were in that House, and visitors, with more apparent satisfaction. His private as well as his public character was free from stain or blemish."

A full life of constant employment is the only happy one.

A MAN TO BE HUNG.—This is not a very startling announcement. There are always men to be hung, beside a good many others who (in the world's judgment) richly deserve hanging. But only think of crime for which a man now lies under sentence of death in Camden, Arkansas, as we find reported in the St. Louis Express:—"A MAN SENTENCED TO BE HUNG FOR CIRCULATING THE N. Y. TRIBUNE.—Some time since a very respectable and well known citizen of St. Louis, named Henry A. Marsh, established a news depot at some point in Texas. Subsequently, he established other depots in Camden, Ark., and Memphis, Tenn. A few weeks since he received an order at his Camden depot for fifty copies of the N. Y. Tribune. As a matter of business, Marsh undertook to fill the order and the package arrived in due course of time, while he was absent at Memphis. It having been noticed about Camden that the Tribune was about being circulated, through the medium—indirectly, however—of Mr. Marsh, a committee of three men was appointed to go after Mr. Marsh and bring him back to Camden. Accordingly, they proceeded on their mission, and one night captured their unsuspecting victim, in Memphis, and conveyed him on board a steamer, and locked him in a state room.

The captain of the boat, on learning their intentions, refused to convey the party, and they were obliged to convey their captive across the river in a yawl. Arriving in Camden, Mr. Marsh was arraigned on the charge of circulating seditious and incendiary documents, was convicted and sentenced to be hung.—Time was however, given him to send for his wife and permission granted him to procure from citizens of St. Louis a certificate of former good character, respectability and loyalty. The wife of Mr. Marsh arrived in this city, en route for Camden, and is stopping at Barnum's Hotel, awaiting the completion of a petition already signed by many well known citizens of all political parties, for the relief of the unfortunate man, whose only crime is embraced in the faithful discharge of his business relations. Mrs. Marsh will leave for Camden to-day with the petition unanimously signed, with the heartfelt prayer of the citizens of St. Louis for the safety of her husband from the hands of fanatical fire-eating captors.—N. Y. Tribune.

THINGS TO BE REMEMBERED.—It should be kept before the people, that Mr. Douglas gave, in the United States Senate, as an illustration of the benefits of "non-intervention" to the South, that it has secured for Slavery, territory large enough to make five states as large as New York!

It should also be kept before the people as an illustration of the same doctrine, his refusal to vote to admit Kansas into the Union, when the people had formed a State Constitution, with a sufficient population to entitle them to admission, according to a law which he had aided to pass!

It should be kept before the people, that he advocated in Congress, the passage of a law to punish the people by imprisonment for opposing the extension of slavery.

It should be kept before the people, that he approves a decision of the Supreme Court, which declares that the Constitution carries Slavery into Territories and protects it.

Six thousand dollars have been collected in California toward a monument over the remains of the late Senator Broderick.

SCHOOL NOTICE.—The School Directors of the Townships of White, Clearfield, and Chest, and of the Borough of Chest Springs, are respectfully informed that I will be present at the following times and places, for the purpose of examining Teachers:

At Fallen Timber, in White Township, on Friday, the 28th day of September. At St. Augustine, in Clearfield Township, on Saturday, the 30th day of September. At Chest-Springs Borough, on Monday, the 1st day of October.

At the school-house on the farm of Richard J. Proudfoot, on Tuesday, the 2nd day of Oct. The examinations will commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on the days mentioned. Applicants will please attend.

THOMAS A. MAGUIRE, Co. Supt. C. S.

CHEST SPRINGS AND GALLITZIN TURNPIKE OR PLANK ROAD COMPANY. The undersigned, three of the Commissioners named in the Special Act of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, incorporating the above named Company, passed the 20th day of March, A. D., 1860, hereby give notice that, in pursuance of said act, and the general act in such case made and provided, approved the 20th day of January, A. D., 1849, with its supplement, books will be opened, and subscriptions to the capital stock of said Company received, at the following times and places, to wit:

At the store of E. & H. Nutter, Chest Springs, Cambria county, on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, the 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th and 28th days of September, A. D., 1860.

At the house of Michael J. Smith, Gallitzin, Cambria county, on Saturday, the 29th day of September, and on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, the 1st, 2d, 3d and 4th days of October, A. D., 1860.

At which times and places two or more of the Commissioners named in said act of incorporation will attend, and keep the said books open, respectively, for the purpose aforesaid, between the hours of 9 o'clock, A. M. and 3 o'clock, P. M., of each of said days, or until said books shall have the whole number of shares authorized by said act of incorporation therein subscribed.

HENRY NUTTER, M. D. WAGNER, M. DOUGLASS, Commissioners.

A full life of constant employment is the only happy one.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Orphan's Court of Cambria county, to distribute the fund in the hands of the Administrator of Wm. interested that he be notified all persons interested that he will attend to the duties of said appointment at his office, in Ebensburg, on Thursday, the 15th of October next, at one o'clock, P. M., where and where they may attend.

F. A. SHOEMAKER, Auditor. Ebensburg, Sept. 20, 1860-41.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—In the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria County, Jacob Settlement, vs. County. No. 37, June Term, 1860. VEND. ETC. And now, 12th Sept., 1860, on motion of Wm. Kittell, Esq., F. A. Shoemaker, Esq., appointed Auditor to make distribution of the proceeds of Defendant's real estate sold as above writ. [By the Court.]

Extract from record. Certified to the 12th Sept., 1860. JOSEPH M. DONALD, Auditor.

The above named Auditor will attend to the duties of said appointment at his office, in Ebensburg, on Tuesday, the 19th day of October next, at two o'clock, P. M., where and where all persons interested may attend.

F. A. SHOEMAKER, Auditor. Ebensburg, Sept. 20, 1860-41.

A SPLENDID ARRAY OF WRITERS. Mrs. Elizabeth Barrett Browning, Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe, Grace Greenwood, Miss G. Whittier, James Russell Lowell, Rev. Wm. Ward Beecher, Horace Greeley, Rev. Wm. A. R. Bart, Rev. Stephen H. Tyng, D. D., Dr. Allen Butler, Rev. Theodore L. C. Child, George B. Cheever, D. D., Bayard Taylor, John Bigelow.

The above distinguished writers are contributors to THE INDEPENDENT. If, in addition to READING THE INDEPENDENT, you would like a copy of WEBSTER'S DICTIONARY, you may acquire yourself with it, at the trifling cost of postage. Three new subscribers to the paper, The Dictionary will be promptly forwarded by press, on receipt of three names and \$2.00.

Terms.—Two Dollars a year, payable in advance. Address: JOSEPH H. RICHARDS, Publisher, No. 5 BEEKMAN ST., N. Y. Specimen Copies sent gratis to any address.

A CARD.—Witness's Estate. Lancaster Tp., July 20, 1860. Messrs. Evans and Watson: GENTLEMEN.—The small size No. 1 Salamander safe which I purchased from your agent, Mr. Allen B. Barr, in Lancaster City, on July 26th, 1860, has been subjected to a very severe fire, which it withstood in a most satisfactory manner. This safe, containing all my books, together with valuable papers belonging to myself and some to my neighbors and friends, and representing a value of Twenty Dollars and Dollars, \$20,000, was in my Mill street, and was destroyed on the night of the 27th of July, 1860, and passed through the fire unscathed. The safe was on the second floor and fell to the basement of the Mill, and subjected for six hours to an intense heat, among the ruins, which was greatly increased by the combination of a large quantity of gunpowder confined within the brick walls. After the fire the safe was opened and the books and papers taken out in a state of perfect preservation, the paper not even being discolored. This fact was, however, to many business a better recommendation of your safe than could be expressed in any other words.

Yours Respectfully, SAMUEL BARR.

A large assortment of the above quality of Fire and Thief Proof Safes, on hand and for sale at as low rates as any other firm at No. 204 Chestnut st., Philadelphia.

EVANS & WATSON'S.

IMPORTANT TO Farmers, Stock-Dealers, &c. THE SIXTH ANNUAL EXHIBITION OF THE CAMBRIA CO. AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY. Will be held at Ebensburg, On WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, AND FRIDAY, The 2d, 3d and 5th days of OCTOBER, 1860.

President, JOHN THOMPSON, Jr.; Presidents, Daniel J. Morrell, John A. P. Managers, Geo. J. Rodgers, John Fendley, John Lowman, A. Kiplin, H. C. Treasurer, James C. Noon; Secretary, A. McCoy.

THE ANNUAL ADDRESS will be delivered by JOHN SCOTT, Esq., of Huntingburg, at 10 o'clock in the afternoon of the last day of the Exhibition.

AUCTION. An Auction will be held on the second day of giving exhibitors an opportunity to sell stock, such as Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, or Manufactured Articles. The Auction will be held on the ground.

A large and varied PREMIUM LIST has been prepared, and the Premiums, offered for Stock, have been greatly increased, (see large bills), making it an object for those having good stock to bring it to the Fair. Managers assure the public that such arrangements will be made upon the arrangements of the former Fairs as will make by far the best one ever held by the Society; and such retrenchment will be made upon the expenditures as to insure PROMPT PAYMENT OF ALL PREMIUMS AWARDED. A grand Band of Music has been engaged, and will be on the ground during the entire exhibition.

FEES OF ADMISSION.—Certificates of Membership will issue at one Dollar, and will admit to the entire exhibition the member, his wife, and all their children under 25 years of age. Tickets good for only a single day for the entire exhibition will be issued for 10 years of age, half price. Children under 10 years of age, and servant girls at 50 cents. Stock Dealers are invited to attend.

For General Regulations, Judges, Committees, Premium Lists, &c., see large bills August 30, 1860.

BOWLING SALOON. SOMETHING NEW IN EBENSBURG. The undersigned having opened a Bowling Saloon, connected with his Restaurant, in the basement of Myers' new Hall, respectfully requests all who wish good exercise to give him a call. ALE and LAGER BEER, of the most approved manufacture, constantly on hand. THOMAS WATSON, Proprietor.

Ebensburg, August 27, 1860.