



RIGHT OR WRONG. WHEN RIGHT, TO BE KEPT RIGHT, WHEN WRONG, TO BE PUT RIGHT.

EBENSBURG.

THURSDAY AUGUST 30.

People's Party Nominations.

FOR PRESIDENT: ABRAHAM LINCOLN. FOR VICE-PRESIDENT: HANNIBAL HAMLIN. FOR GOVERNOR: ANDREW G. CURTIN, of Centre Co. CONGRESS: SAMUEL S. BLAIR, of Blair county. ASSEMBLY: ALEXANDER C. MULLIN, Ebensburg. REGISTER AND RECORDER: EDWARD F. LYTLE, of Wilmore. COUNTY COMMISSIONER: JAMES COOPER, of Taylor. FOUR HOUSE DIRECTOR: WILLIAM DOUGLASS, of Carroll. EDITOR: THOMAS J. NELSON, of Clearfield.

A Mass Meeting

Of the friends of Lincoln, Hamlin and Curtin, and THE PEOPLE'S COUNTY TICKET. Will be held at the Court House, in Ebensburg, on TUESDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 4th, at 8 o'clock. Addresses will be delivered by Hon. Samuel S. Blair, Abraham Kopelin, Esq., and others. During the evening a grand TORCHLIGHT PROCESSION will be formed under the auspices of the Ebensburg Lincoln, Hamlin and Curtin Club, and march through the principal streets. Similar Clubs throughout the county are cordially invited to participate in the proceedings. Come one and all. With banner, life and pealing drum. And clashing horn—O come! O come!

The Unterrified.

The Breckinridge and Lane wing of the unterrified Democracy of Little Cambria, manifested itself in County Convention, in this place, on Tuesday last. Forty-two delegates were present. The Convention organized by selecting H. Kinkead, Esq., President, Geo. Walters and John Shambaugh, Esquires, Vice Presidents, and Thomas McConnell and S. B. McCormick, Esquires, Secretaries. The principal contest was in nominating a candidate for Assembly, the gentlemen ballotted for being M. D. Magehan, Geo. Walters, Geo. Engelbach and William Kittell, Esquires. On the second ballot, however, Mr. Magehan out-distanced all competitors, and was then duly declared unanimously nominated. M. J. Smith, Esq., now made a motion that the Convention endorse for the remaining offices the nominees of the Douglas County Convention. This was voted down with great unanimity. Mr. Smith then stated that he heartily agreed with the Convention in its opposition to George Nelson Smith; but as he could go no farther than that, he therefore declined to take part in any other nominations, and withdrew. A. M. Gregg, of Johnstown, was then nominated for Register and Recorder; Joseph Gill, of Chest, for Commissioner; and Henry Hopple for Poor House Director. Various committees were appointed, and resolutions were passed strongly condemning Stephen A. Douglas, Geo. N. Smith and all others of that ilk, and highly laudatory of Breckinridge, &c. We recognized in the Convention many of the most influential men in the party. Taken as a whole, it was a very respectable body of men, and all its proceedings were conducted with dignity and decorum. Suf. ed.

Mon. S. S. Blair.

It will be seen, by reference to the proceedings of the Conference of this district, that this gentleman has been re-nominated as the People's candidate for Congress. His course while in that branch of our National legislature, during the last session, came up to the fullest expectations of his warmest friends and admirers, and even won for him the confidence and esteem of the party which opposed his election. He is regarded by all as a true son of Pennsylvania, and as one of the ablest advocates of her interests anywhere to be found. It will give the People pleasure to re-elect him by an overwhelming majority.

Conferee Meeting.

At a meeting of the Congressional Conference of the Eighteenth Congressional District, held in Johnstown on the 23d of August inst., to nominate a candidate, the following conferees were present: Blair County—S. R. McCune, David T. Caldwell, Joseph Smith. Cambria County—Jacob M. Campbell, William H. Gardner, Howard J. Roberts. Huntingdon County—Hayes Hamilton, George A. Steel, P. M. Bare. Somerset County—John Knable, Wm. A. Ogle, R. R. Marshall.

On motion Jacob M. Campbell was elected President, and R. R. Marshall Secretary. On motion of Wm. H. Gardner, the Convention then proceeded to nominate candidates. Mr. Smith nominated Hon. S. S. Blair, of Blair county. Mr. Ogle nominated Edward Scull, Esq., of Somerset county. Howard J. Roberts moved that the nominations close, which was carried. The first ballot resulted as follows:—Blair, 9; Scull, 3. On motion of Mr. Ogle, the nomination of Mr. Blair was made unanimous. On motion of Wm. H. Gardner, a committee of three, consisting of Messrs. Gardner, Ogle and Smith, was appointed by the President to inform Mr. Blair of his nomination.

The committee retired a few minutes, and returned, accompanied by Mr. Blair, who, having been notified of his nomination, entertained the Conference in a neat and appropriate speech, returning thanks for the mark of confidence reposed in him and for the endorsement of his course in the present Congress. On motion, the Conference adjourned. JACOB M. CAMPBELL, President. R. R. Marshall, Secretary.

Politics in Philadelphia.

On Saturday evening last, the Republican Wigwam in Philadelphia was inaugurated, and the event was the occasion of a large mass meeting and a grand torchlight procession by the many Republican Clubs of the city. The Wigwam, which is of a hexagonal form, is a massive structure, one hundred feet in diameter. It is capable of conveniently seating two thousand persons. The main or center pole of the Wigwam is forty feet in height, and upon this is erected a flag-staff thirty-four feet high, making the total height seventy-four feet. The building is lighted by means of gas. The scene within and without the Wigwam was animated to the extreme. Without, flags floated to the breeze, illuminated transparencies inscribed with party mottoes everywhere met the eye, and crowds collected to gaze upon the scene. Everywhere the air was filled with the sounds of sweet music. The Campaign Clubs, dressed in their uniforms, and bearing torches, lanterns, banners, &c., presented a handsome appearance. Not less than six thousand persons were present in and about the building, yet not a single instance occurred to mar the harmony of the occasion. Within the building, banners and lanterns bearing all manner of devices were scattered around. Above the platform waved a mammoth American Flag; in front was a large transparency on which was inscribed, "Our Abe must and shall carry the old Keystone State;" and upon the stage was a handsome painting of Mr. Lincoln's residence. The meeting was called to order by Francis B. Warner, who appointed Chas. M. Neal, Esq., President of the meeting. Addresses were delivered by Henry D. Moore, District Attorney Mann, Col. Philip S. White, Judge Kelley, and several other distinguished speakers. During the meeting, the Campaign Clubs and delegations from the various wards continued to pour in. The "Wide Awake Clubs," the "Lincoln Defenders," the "Sixth Ward Legion," the "Lincoln Rangers," the "Philadelphia Campaign Club No. 1," the "Continental," and the "Republican Invincibles" now appeared on the ground, and presented a beautiful appearance. At a late hour the meeting broke up, after three times three hearty cheers had been given for Lincoln, Hamlin and Curtin; and the crowd slowly wended their way to their homes, fully convinced that Philadelphia and our glorious old Keystone State were once more to be freed from the polluting grasp of Loco-Foco despotism. ALPHA. PHILADELPHIA, August 27, 1860.

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EDITORIAL NOTINGS.

See new advertisements. Reading matter on every page. Cool—the weather lately. Gen. Sam Houston has withdrawn his name as a candidate for the Presidency. Suggestive of two in a bed and "spoon fashion"—the nights lately. Attend the mass meeting and torchlight procession on next Tuesday evening. Thaddeus Stevens has been re-nominated for Congress in the Lancaster district. William B. Astor, son of John Jacob Astor, of New York, is said to be worth at least \$25,000,000. "Let me kiss him for his mother," is the song of the girls where the Prince of Wales is staying. Can anybody inform us?—Has J. B. gone to the Bedford Springs for the purpose of taking the water? Snow fell at Quimper, in Brittany, and at Lyons, and other places in France, during the beginning of the present month. Col. J. Buchanan Cross, the forger, has been sentenced to five years' imprisonment in the eastern penitentiary. An exchange says that the Virginians who chopped down the Republican pole lately must have been troubled with the pole evil. There are, it is said, about four thousand divisions of the Sons of Temperance in the United States, with nearly 150,000 members. Lady Franklin, the widow of Sir John, has arrived at New York. She is at present the guest of Mr. Grinnell, and purposes making a tour of the United States. Why is Stephen A. Douglas like a little boy who dislikes to learn the alphabet? Because he is afraid of the ABC he sees.—(A. B. C.s.) A good man in affliction, who was asked how he bore his sorrows so well, replied: "It lightens the stroke to draw near to Him who handles the rod."

John W. Ellis, Democrat, is elected Governor of North Carolina by a majority of about four thousand. This is a Democratic loss of over twelve thousand votes since 1858. Col. Forbes, who obtained considerable notoriety by his connection with the Harper's Ferry Raid, has turned up in Sicily, where he is high in command under Garibaldi. A highly interesting account of the inauguration of the Republican Wigwam at Philadelphia will be found in another column. We shall be pleased to hear from "Alpha" often. Prentice says that between a Douglas fever and a Breckinridge sweat, office holders have a hard time generally. Their feelings lie on one side, their bread and butter on the other. The capital invested in the coal lands of Pennsylvania is said to be nearly \$342,000,000. The canals and slackwater contained within the anthracite coal trade, measured 815 miles in length, and cost \$40,000,000. Two distinguished Hungarian officers of high rank have offered their services, through Ex-Governor Kessuth to Garibaldi, and with the assistance of friends of the cause in Glasgow, leave immediately for the seat of war. The Loco-Focos have already begun, to find Jordan a hard road to travel, and they will soon be in the condition of the traveler out West, who found that the road he was following ended in a squirrel path, and finally ran up a tree. Bitters says that a great many people will doubtless be in town during the first week in October—some to see the fair, and others to see the fairest of the fair. Between the two, he thinks we will have a pretty good turn-out. It has been decided by the department at Washington that deputy postmasters are not required to distribute newspapers, sent to one address, among members of a club, from a furnished list of names, unless a quarter's postage is paid in advance. The Prince of Wales, otherwise the Baron Renfrew, intends going from Canada across the lakes to Cincinnati. He will return by way of Pittsburgh, Johnstown, Wilmore, Cresson, Harrisburg and Baltimore, to Washington city. Somebody has named his latest born in honor of the editor of the Huntingdon Union. Whereupon that editor threatens to stand the entire cost of at least one pair of boots for the youngster. To all of which we would merely remark—go it boots. Talleyrand said of certain ladies' dresses that they "began too late and ended too soon." If he could look in upon the fashions where the long trailing robes are so much worn, he would be apt to remark that the dresses begin so late that they don't get thro' in any kind of season. The original cost of the Great Eastern was \$4,500,000. She stands charged to the present owners at \$2,150,000. Of this amount \$500,000 is preferred stock. The holders of this stock will doubtless soon own the ship, and they are likely to find her an elephant which they cannot manage, and which will be to them only a great bill of costs. By private despatches, we learn that the editors of the Echo and Dem. & Sent. have at length taken that oath. We take great pleasure in laying it before our readers. It is as follows: "Each solemnly places his right hand upon his proboscis, and slowly repeats, 'Py tam, I always votesh de Shamocratiche dicket, a coople dimes—yah.'"

Douglas Demonstration.

To the Editor of The Alleghanian: The unterrified, straight out Douglas democracy held a grand ratification meeting on the Public Square, in Johnstown, on Saturday evening last. There was a large crowd in attendance, and the greatest enthusiasm prevailed. Col. T. L. Heyer was chosen President by acclamation, and N. W. Horton, with ten or fifteen others, as Vice Presidents, and W. H. Rose and J. P. Linton, as secretaries. Col. Heyer, the President, then in a few appropriate remarks introduced Oliver H. Gaither, of Bedford, who proceeded to address the crowd. This gentleman pitched into the Republicans with a perfect looseness. It was really amusing the way he handled Old Uncle Abe. He dilated at considerable length on the folly of nominating a person of no political reputation for the highest office in the gift of the People, after which he took his seat amid the music of one faint cheer. Gen. Wm. H. Miller, of Harrisburg, was the next speaker. The Gen. took the other side, and pitched into the Breckinridge disunionists in a manner truly refreshing to a Republican, after the unmerciful lampooning given them by the first speaker. The Gen. showed clearly, and conclusively, that Breckinridge by accepting the nomination of the Richmond Convention had unconditionally placed himself under the care and keeping of Yancey & Co. He then proceeded to urge upon the democracy the duty of supporting their regularly nominated county ticket, and wound up by saying that he would not have been present but for one man, Capt. G. N. Smith, whom he loved, even to the buttons on his coat. This last remark proved distasteful to some of the squatters and seceders, and the cheering was very slight when the Gen. resumed his seat. Maj. Gen. A. H. Coffroth, of Somerset, was the next speaker. The Gen. started off finely, eulogizing the candidate of the national union democracy for President, Hon. S. A. Douglas. He claimed that he was regularly nominated by the Front Street Baltimore Convention, and if the votes as recorded by the Secretaries did not give him the nomination, that he (Coffroth) was at that Convention and that John Cessna had gone round, to those not voting, and got votes enough to give him two hundred and three votes, the requisite amount to nominate him by a two-third vote. He also compared the Breckinridge men to fallen angels, as portrayed by Milton, and assured them that their fate would be the same. By this time the Gen. was beginning to get hoarse, and speaking went hard with him, so he produced from a capacious pocket a very greasy-looking paper which we took for a copy of that detestable sheet, the Pittsburg Post, and read extracts from the speeches of Lincoln, Wade, Sumner and Seward, to prove the Republican party a sectional one, and finally closed by pronouncing the great Republican party one grand humbug. A malicious wag at our elbow remarked *sotto voce*, if they are as great a humbug as you appear to be, the age for humbugs is not yet over. At the conclusion of the Gen.'s speech the band played "Pop goes the weasel." Col. P. Linton, Esq., was the next speaker. Mr. Linton made decidedly the best speech delivered during the evening. It was a calm and dignified review of the position of the Douglas wing of the democratic party. He claimed that Mr. Breckinridge and his friends were outside of the regular organization, and that Douglas stood on the Cincinnati Platform and by the old landmarks of the party. In concluding he gave his friend, Gen. Miller, a fly dig for his friendly hit to Capt. Smith, imitating pretty plainly that it was trespassing on the very principles of Squatter Sovereignty. Wm. H. Rose next addressed the meeting, in a few remarks in favor of Gen. H. D. Foster for Governor. He said that Foster had a better tariff record than Curtin, but as it was "getting late," concluded not to hunt up the record. Col. Heyer then closed the meeting in a brief speech thanking the assembly for their attention and good order. The Col. was vociferously cheered, and the assemblage then adjourned with three cheers for Douglas. Towards the close of Col. Heyer's remarks there was a disposition manifested by some persons to interrupt him, by hisses and hollering, but which, we are glad to know, but partially succeeded. We do hope that such conduct will not happen again, and that all attempts to prevent the exercise of free speech will be frowned upon by all good, law-abiding and right-thinking citizens.

ROPE WALKING FOR A GOOD PURPOSE.—Mr. John Stieckel, a native of Antrim township, Washington county, Md., a carpenter by occupation, was engaged in building a mill for Mr. John Cushman. The building, a brick structure, was up to the square; a number of neighbors—perhaps several hundred—had collected to assist in raising timber; a rope was stretched across the building, near the middle, for some purpose or other; Mr. Stieckel was on the wall near the one end of the rope, and a young man in his employ was on the wall at the opposite side of the building, at the other end of the rope; the young man fell, and in falling, caught the rope, but was not able to raise himself, and if some one had not hastened to his relief, he would have fallen sixty-two feet, into the cog-pit over which he was suspended. The crowd who witnessed the young man's peril seemed paralyzed. Mr. Stieckel's attention was directed to the young man's dangerous situation by the murmur of awe from those below him, when, without a moment's hesitation, and without a balance pole, he fearlessly walked the entire length of the mill on the rope, over the sixty-two feet chasm, and rescued the young man from an awful fate, amid the rapturous shouts of all present. This was rope walking to some purpose, and we doubt whether it has its parallel on record. Mr. Donald McKay, the great Boston ship builder, in a recent letter, gives the preference to American timber over all others for ship building purposes. He also says: "I do not see any iron either in England or France at all comparable to our Pennsylvania iron, and our copper mines on the Lake Superior are inexhaustible. Let more development be given to our iron mines in Pennsylvania, and very soon not a bar of iron will be introduced from England. Lincoln is a dead letter in this county said the Eastern Argus. To which the Grotton Mercury retorted, "Like other dead letters, he will besent to Washington."

Cambria County.

CHAPTER XXV. Chest Springs Borough. This rapidly increasing village was erected into a borough some three years since, by act of Assembly; being formed from about equal proportions of Allegheny and Clearfield townships. It is situated on the dividing ridge between the waters of Clearfield and Chest; from the latter of which it derives its name. It is well located as to public highways. The Dry Gap and Philipsburg roads, occupying the same ground for two or three furlongs, constitutes the main street of the borough. The former road having attained the Allegheny Mountain from the Eastern side, continues in a North-westerly direction by Ashland Furnace, and enters the village at its Northern extremity, where it is intersected by the Philipsburg road. Its course is then nearly South to the Southern extremity of the town, where it leaves the Philipsburg road, and passes on towards the Cherrytree, or Canoe Place, its destination. The Philipsburg road, passing a little East of North from Loretto, passes, as we have already stated, in the same direction, directly through the village, on its way by St. Augustine, Roseland, and Mount Pleasant, to Philipsburg in Centre county. A turnpike or a plank road has also been projected from Chest Springs to Gallitzin. It is hoped that sufficient experience of plank roads has already been had in Cambria county, and that the enterprising firm who have this improvement so much at heart will endeavor to have a turnpike constructed. The population of Chest Springs is in the neighborhood of 400, and it has already become the formidable rival to Loretto, Carrolltown, and other neighboring villages. The original owner of the ground upon which the borough stands was Mr. Andrew M'Guire, who owned the farm, and kept a tavern here for many years. He laid out a village here some years ago, which was indifferently known as Stevensville and Thornburg. Daniel Litzinger, Esq., and others, improved in the northern part of the village, at the juncture of the two roads; but a subsequent sale of the whole tract of land to the Messrs. Nutter has given the town a fresh impetus, and its growth has been very rapid. It now contains about 75 dwelling houses, two taverns, as many stores, an extensive shoo shop, a coach manufactory, and a large steam, grist and saw-mill. The erection of a foundry is also contemplated. A majority of the inhabitants are natives of New England, but there are quite a number of inhabitants from the immediate neighborhood. The latter are Catholics, and have a chapel, though St. Augustine is their regular place of worship, while the former are Methodists, principally, and have a place of worship in the village. The question of the erection of a new county, with Chest Springs for its seat of Justice; or the removal of the present county seat from Ebensburg to Chest Springs, has been mooted, not only in the village of Chest Springs, but in the surrounding neighborhood. Should this event take place, which it is admitted is not very probable at this time, it would give the town an additional impetus, and the public buildings, lawyers' offices, &c., would add to its size and appearance; but it is somewhat questionable whether the increased taxation would not more than counterbalance these advantages. But this is for the politician and not the historian or geographer to decide. JONATHAN OLDBUCK. MONROEVILLE, August 30, 1860.

SEALING FRUITS.—A correspondent who has been successful in preserving fruit in jars, for four seasons, says: "I used sealing glass jars, and my method is this: I put fruit into my porcelain preserving kettle, enough to fill two quart jars; sprinkle over it about one quart of sugar; place it over a slow fire and gradually heat through. (The secret is in having the fruit thoroughly heated though not cooked.) While the fruit is heating I keep the jars filled with hot water till the fruit is ready, which of course, prevents them from cracking: Fill up to the brim with hot water and seal tight: As it cools, a sufficient vacuum is formed in the jar to prevent bursting. In this way fruit of every kind will retain its flavor. My strawberries taste precisely like those picked from the vines, and sprinkled with sugar and set away long enough to let the sugar melt. There is no mistake in preserving fruit this way. Sometimes a thick, leathery mould forms on the top—if so all the better."

The latest gossip from Europe is a rumor that Napoleon has offered to make Baron Rothschild's King of Jerusalem.

SECRETARY COBB RECEIVES NOTICE TO QUIT.—Mr. Ebenezer Jayne, keeper of Life Saving Station No. 17, on the Long Island, received notice from Secretary Cobb a few days ago that his services would be required no longer. The following answer was returned to Mr. Cobb by Mr. Jayne: "Sir: I take this public method of thanking you for your zeal in procuring members of the Democratic party to have the manly independence to stand and act for themselves. I have been long enough disgraced by holding office under a nigger driving administration, and have therefore much reason to congratulate you for my removal. Meantime, however, you will please take notice that the freemen (not slaves) of whom I am composed have come to the wise conclusion to dispense with your services next November. You will therefore hold yourself in readiness to make your final exit on the 4th of March next, 12 o'clock noon. Allow me here to add, for your special edification, that while you are quarrelling about your sectional differences, professing to care whether slavery is voted up or down, and making war upon 'Honest Old Abe' the 'Rail-Splitter,' there are hundreds, nay, thousands, who have heretofore acted with your party, delighted with sitting on his fence. Very respectfully yours, EBENEZER JAYNE."

SWIFT STEAMERS.—The London correspondent of the New York Herald says: "There are at least two parties now engaged in constructing steamers, with which they say they can cross the ocean in three days or less. If I knew the secret or plan of their inventions, of course you would not expect me to divulge it. Suffice it to say that I believe they are bound to achieve a success that sober-minded people would consider fabulous. Within the next five years the voyage between New York and England will be made in less than five days. That I consider almost absolutely certain. The basis of improvement are, mode of propulsion, style of engines, and form and size of hull. It is now reduced to a practical certainty that steam can be heated up 600 degrees (Fahrenheit), and that alone is going to effect a saving in motive power of not one-fifth—but more than four fifths."

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.—The London Globe in a long review of the speeches of the Hon. Abraham Lincoln, the Republican candidate for the Presidency of the American Union thus refers to his mental powers: "It is from the speeches which Mr. Lincoln has from time to time delivered in opposition to Mr. Douglas, that we gather some idea of his mental qualifications. We collect from the speeches of Mr. Lincoln that he has a mind rather of the straight-forward than of the subtle order; that he rather seizes upon great and prominent facts and argues them in plain conclusions than builds up elegant but fragile theories upon the treacherous basis of fanciful speculation; that he is earnest more than passionate, and commanding more than persuasive. Indeed every one of his speeches which we have read bears upon the face of it evidence that he is 'Honest Old Abe.'"

The papers are bragging of an invention by which leather can be tanned in ten minutes. We have seen the horse hide, however, tanned in five. Our shoemaker used to do it in two.

CHEST SPRINGS AND GALLITZIN TURNPIKE OR PLANK ROAD COMPANY. The undersigned, three of the Commissioners named in the Special Act of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, incorporating the above named Company, passed the 29th day of March, A. D. 1860, hereby notice that, in pursuance of said act, and the general act in such case made and provided approved the 26th day of January, A. D. 1849, with its supplement, books will be opened, and subscriptions to the capital stock of said Company received, at the following times and places, to wit: At the store of E. & H. Nutter, Chest Springs, Cambria county, on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, the 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th and 28th days of September, A. D. 1860. At the house of Michael J. Smith, Gallitzin, Cambria county, on Saturday, the 29th day of September, and on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, the 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st days of October, A. D. 1860. At which times and places two or more of the Commissioners named in said act of incorporation will attend, and keep the said books open, respectively, for the purpose aforesaid, between the hours of 9 o'clock, A. M. and 3 o'clock, P. M., of each said day, or until said books shall have the whole number of shares authorized by said act of incorporation therein subscribed. HENRY NUTTER, M. J. WAGNER, M. DOUGLASS, Commissioners. August 30, 1860.

REGISTER AND RECORDER.—Believing that but a very small portion of the citizens of my native county are willing to countenance fraud, deception and falsehood on the part of any avowed enemies, and knowing that they cannot and will not appropriate double dealing, treachery and base ingratitude on the part of pretended friends, I take myself as an Independent Candidate for the office of Register and Recorder. If elected, all my efforts will be directed to a faithful discharge of the duties of the office. ROBT. H. CANAN.

To the Voters of Cambria.—I offer myself as an INDEPENDENT CANDIDATE for the House of Representatives at the coming General Election. MICHAEL DAN MAGEBLAN. Ebensburg, July 12, 1860.