



THURSDAY, DECEMBER 22.

The "National Democracy."

It is really refreshing to look about us occasionally, and witness the dilapidated condition of the so-called national Democratic party. Distracted and divided, and cut up into factions by the diverse opinions of its members, as to its Principles and Policy, it exists only in name—as a name without a substance.

South and North there are to be found those who would fondly cling to the tattered remnants of this "National Democratic Party," if by so doing they might save it.

At 6 A. M. the field was occupied by the troops, and at seven minutes of 11 o'clock the procession made its appearance; it arrived at 11 o'clock at the scaffold; the prisoners were in a wagon; accompanied by the Sheriff and Jailor they mounted the scaffold with a firm step.

Before the rope was cut, Green was heard to offer up a fervent prayer. Copeland was not heard to pray. Green's neck was broken, and he died without a struggle.

The night before, Cook and Coppee, who were confined in the same room, made an almost successful attempt to escape. It seems they had managed to obtain possession of a barlow knife, which they converted into a saw, and a bed screw, which answered for a chisel.

At a quarter past 8, on Thursday evening, they made the attempt to regain their liberty. They easily made their exit from the jail, and had got as far as the top of the wall which surrounds it, when they were discovered by a sentinel, who challenged them, but receiving no answer, fired.

These, then, are some of the discordant elements of the "National Democratic Party." Hitherto, the "unterrified" drill, and have maintained a sort of cohesion by force of discipline, backed by promises and expectations of federal influence and federal spoils.

The best safety valve to a boiler, is a sober engineer. Congress may legislate till doomsday, but as long as the officers carry to much steam, the boats will follow their example.

an and Douglas, and their respective friends, is no easy task. They are differences, distinctly and openly avowed on either hand, and cannot be compromised, except at the sacrifice of principle.

Under the circumstances, we feel anxious indeed to see how the Charleston Convention will go about the business of reconciliation, harmonizing and patching up. But until that body meets we are content, inasmuch as our Loco-Foco contemporaries will not and dare not say anything about their own men and measures, to permit them to vilify without stint the Party of the People, and to defame the characters of the illustrious champions of its glorious principles.

Execution of Greene, Copeland, Cook and Coppee.

CHARLESTON, Dec. 16.—The negroes Shields, Green and John Copeland, have just paid the forfeit of their lives. The crowd in the town is very great; the execution was witnessed by about 16,000 people.

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EDITORIAL NOTINGS.

Read new advertisements. Sweet—the merry jingle of the bells. Read the tale on the outside of today's paper.

John Culvert, the Fostoria founding, is dead. Nothing is known certainly concerning his parentage.

We are indebted to our friend, J. S. Clark, Esq., for the particulars of the accident published in our local columns to-day.

Our friend Foster, of the Arcade, yesterday killed a porker weighing 445 pounds, clean meat. Some pig, that.

In anticipation of a large increase of business, the Pennsylvania Railroad Co. are now having 350 new cars built.

We have received another exquisite poem from "Jennie," entitled "The old wooden Church," which we will give to our readers next week.

The annual fair of the Children's Missionary Society will be held on next Monday, December 26, at their rooms, one door east of Evans & Son's store.

Bitters thinks it would be a bad speculation, to buy Mordecai at the price he puts upon himself, and then sell him at the price the public would put upon him.

During the holiday season, we doubt not, the young men will sleigh the girls. In the meantime, Bitters will confine his attention to slaying the turkeys.

The wit prepared by Prentice for the N. Y. Ledger, amounts each week to about half a column. Pointing it out a few days since, Bitters remarked, that that was Prentice's half wit column. The rascal!

James Smyth, convicted of Arson at our late term of Court, was sentenced to three years and ten months' imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary, and was removed thither by the Sheriff on Tuesday last.

We have excellent sleighing on the mountain. The snow on an average is near two feet in depth. In some places, on the side-walks in town, it will go about six feet, but our citizens will readily see the drift of that.

Dampfool assures us he is not, and will not be, a candidate for Congress, the statement of Mordecai to the contrary notwithstanding.

He (Dampfool) is very sure of never being caught in Congress Hall. That's so.—Dem. & Sent.

Dampfool hopes that Mordecai may be equally sure of never being caught in Myers' Hall,—especially when a lecture is to be delivered there.

Congress has not yet elected a Speaker. Formerly, the members were not under pay until the House was organized. This arrangement, however, they took good care to change; so that they may now sit there all winter, practically doing nothing, and still job the spender.

Our friend of the Register is in error as to the doings of our late County Convention. Our Senatorial Delegates were instructed for Col. J. M. Campbell, of Johnstown, and not for Mr. Barker. The latter gentleman has the voice of our People in his favor for delegate to the National Convention, and, however the selection may be made, we hope he will be the man.

The Altoona Tribune says ladies who venture out on slippery pavements should be provided, like locomotives, with "tenders."—Rather a questionable suggestion. We should think a "tender" behind would be rather a doubtful help to a lady on a slippery pavement.—Standard.

Gov. R. J. Walker, whose name preceded that of Judge Douglas in the Kansas troubles and agitations of '57 and '58, seems to have retired from the fight. A Washington letter writer speaking of him, says: "He is now domiciled with Senator Gwin, a well known opponent of the Douglas-Kansas policy, and this to the political guidance is strong evidence that Buchanan and Gwin mean to cook, serve up and devour the little statesman." From present appearances, we judge some of "the little giants" friends are beginning to fear that even he is getting "weak in the knees."

A proposition recently made in the Senate, to re-instate him as Chairman of the Committee on Territories, looks ominous.

Agricultural Convention.

It is proposed to have what may be termed a great agricultural "protracted meeting" at Yale College during the present Winter, to last throughout the whole month of February.

Among the lecturers are Lewis F. Allen, Cassius M. Clay, and Francis Rotch on Cattle; Sanford Howard and Dr. Gulliver, on Horses; C. L. Flint and others, on the Dairy; Hon. Marshall P. Wilder, Dr. G. W. Grant, Messrs. P. Barry and R. G. Pardee, on Fruits; Prof. Porter on Organic Chemistry; Prof. S. W. Johnson on Agricultural Chemistry; Prof. B. Silliman, Jr., on Meteorology; J. Stanton Gould on Grasses and Irrigation; Judge French on Drainage; Joseph Harris on Cereals; Prof. Brewer on Commercial Plants, (flax, hemp, tobacco, etc.); Geo. B. Emerson on Forest Trees; Dr. Comstock on Fish Culture; Donald G. Mitchell (k. Marvel) on Rural Economy.

The whole is to be free, except the nominal charge of say ten dollars or less to meet the necessary expenses of lectures and other incidentals. The occasion will doubtless be one of great interest to cultivators generally, and call together a large attendance from all parts of the country. Inquiries with reference to this project may be addressed to Prof. John A. Porter, New Haven, Conn.—Agriculturist.

Emancipation of the Serfs.

The recent arrivals bring us intelligence concerning the progress of the great emancipation movement in Russia. No check has been given to it by the government, as was reported a short time since, but on the contrary, the Central Committee are steadily going forward with its plan, and are seeking to obtain a modification of the original plan, which fixed the period of twelve years for the regulation of the territorial relations between peasants and their masters.

This long delay, they say, will give rise to disputes between discontented proprietors and the ignorant peasants who are easily deceived and corrupted by that class of opportunists, which consists of public officers thrown out of employment by the new system, and discharged clerks and servants without places. The work involves in its progress the entire reconstruction of the social relations of the population in a way never before attempted on anything so grand and great.

The Central Committee has just been divided into three committees, each having a distinct department, one the financial, another the administrative, and the third judicial. They are to examine a number of questions of the highest importance—such, for example, as the fixing the territorial boundary and the number of inhabitants of each commune; its interior government; the election of the persons charged with this government; the reorganization of the territorial police; and particularly the interdiction placed on landed proprietors to interfere in police affairs or in the communal administration; the institution of justices of the peace, and the publicity of judicial proceedings, &c.

The Emperor Louis Napoleon's railway train was the Parisian marvel a short time ago. It consists of nine carriages, presenting four sitting rooms in conjunction; the principal one destined for imperial seclusion, is lined with green watered silk and morocco leather, with a roof of bird's-eye maple. The next are constructed to open out as summer saloons, and through them the three apartments for the Prince and his governautes are entered; and attached are carriages for officers, a kitchen and offices. Should this pet little train some bright day encounter an infernal machine, what a woe of matter there would be, thinks a letter writer.

HEAVY VERDICT.—In the case of Ogier vs. the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, tried in Chester county lately, the jury rendered a verdict in favor of Mrs. Ogier, the plaintiff, of \$10,250. It will be remembered that the award of the arbitrators, from which the Company appealed, was \$15,000. The only case tried besides this was Bond vs. the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, in which the jury rendered a verdict of \$500 to the plaintiff. Herman Bond was in the carriage when Dr. Ogier was killed, and received some injuries from the collision. Each of these cases occupied a week.

Another of the ancient lights of the United States Senate is soon to go out. By the election of Mr. Breckenridge, from Kentucky, John J. Crittenden, the oldest member of the Senatorial body, retires from a public service that has been most honorable to himself and useful to the country. Mr. Crittenden is now in the seventy-fourth year of his age. He entered the Senate as early as 1817—42 years ago—although he then served but two years. It is a singular fact that Mr. Crittenden has never been a member of the House of Representatives. Besides his different terms in the Senate, Mr. Crittenden served the public as Governor of Kentucky, and Attorney General under President Harrison, and also under Mr. Fillmore.

Table titled 'GROWTH OF THE UNITED STATES.—At the taking of the first census under the Federal Constitution, in 1790, the population of the United States amounted to 3,929,827. At the interval of ten years, the census has been taken regularly, and the result, at each period, is as follows: Census of 1790, 3,929,827; Census of 1800, 5,302,925; Census of 1810, 7,235,514; Census of 1820, 9,638,131; Census of 1830, 12,866,020; Census of 1840, 17,069,453; Census of 1850, 23,191,876. The census will again be taken in 1859, and will show a population, within the limits of the United States, of more than 32,000,000.

ANTIDOTE TO STRYCHNINE.—Dr. Bowley, wishing to kill a mazy cur, and having read that the sixteenth of a grain will kill the largest dog, and determined to make sure of this very little animal by giving it about half a grain. But either Magend's statement was incorrect or the drug was adulterated, for at the end of ten minutes the dog, though suffering frightfully, was not dead. Dr. Bowley resolved to put him out of his misery at once, and accordingly mixed half a drachm of prussic acid with a little milk, and put it under the dog's snout. He lapped the milk with avidity, and in less than a minute vomited, got upon his legs, ran away, and recovered.

STEINWAYS PIANOS.

The subscriber now informs the citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity of the celebrated STEINWAY PIANOS. It is superfluous to say aught in their praise, as they are considered the VERY BEST INSTRUMENTS ever manufactured, and FAR ABOVE those of any other markets. Prices range from \$275 to \$1,000. They possess double the amount of tone of any others, and are unrivalled for strength and durability. They have the latest improvements, such as FULL IRON FRAMES, FELT COVERED HAMMERS, FRENCH GRAND ACTIONS OVERSTRING, &c.

Among the many who, within the last few months, have purchased Steinway's Pianos, are Rev. G. F. Rider, D. D. Locust Grove Seminary, Mrs. S. R. Hanna, Washington Seminary, Messrs. Westlake & Conwell, Indiana Seminary, Pa. St. Xavier's Female Seminary, Latrobe, Pa. House of Visitation Seminary, Wheeling, Va. St. Aloysius Seminary, Loretto, Pa. Rev. E. M. Van Dusen, D. D. Rev. A. M. Bryan, D. D. Rev. J. McMillan, Hon. N. Ewing, Uniontown, Pa. Capt. J. Birmingham, Supt. West'n Penitentiary, Mrs. C. Spencer, Rochester, Pa. Capt. W. McCloskey, McKeesport, Pa. Geo. S. Lahn, Canton, Ohio. Jos. Freese, Esq. do do. G. W. Beazell, Esq. Uniontown, Pa. H. KLEBER & BRO., No. 53 Fifth street, Pittsburgh, Sole Agents for the Steinyway Pianos. Dec. 22, 1859-6m.

Estate of Frederick Knepper, dec'd.

LETTERS of Administration on the estate of Frederick Knepper, late of Sumnerhill Township, dec'd., having been granted to the Subscriber, by the Register of Cambria County, all persons indebted to said estate are therefore requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same are requested to present them properly authenticated for settlement. WM. PALMER, Administrator. Wilmore, Dec. 22, 1859-6t.

Ebensburg & Cresson Railroad Company.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS. Notice is hereby given to the stockholders of the Ebensburg and Cresson Railroad Company, that the annual election for a President and twelve Directors of said Company will be held at the office of the Company on the second MONDAY, 9th day, of JANUARY, 1860, beginning at the hour of one and closing at four o'clock, P. M. A. C. MULLIN, Secretary. Ebensburg, December 22, 1859.

THE Protection Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Cambria County.

Notice is hereby given to the members of said Company, that the annual election for a Board of Directors will be held at the office, in Ebensburg, on the second MONDAY, 9th day, of JANUARY, 1860, between the hours of ten o'clock, A. M., and two o'clock, P. M. A. C. MULLIN, Secretary. Ebensburg, December 22, 1859.

RAILROAD HOUSE, Wilmore, Cambria county, Pa. (Near Penna. Railroad Station.) JAS. D. HAMILTON, Proprietor. An extensive Bowling saloon is connected with the House. The Table will be furnished with the best market affords, and the Bar supplied with the best of liquors, including Ales and Lager from approved breweries. Extensive and convenient STABLES are attached to the premises. Wilmore, August 23, 1859-6t.

WM. REYNOLDS, J. B. STEVENSON, JOHN HILL, WITH REYNOLDS, SMITH & CO., GROCERY & COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 40 N. Howard street, BALTIMORE, Oct. 20, 1859.

ARCADE HOTEL, Ebensburg, Pa. The subscriber, having leased, renovated and newly furnished the "Ebensburg House," is prepared to accommodate his friends and the public generally. The House has always been a favorite for visitors during the summer season, and I will spare no pains in making an agreeable home for all sojourners. My table will always be luxuriously supplied with the markets of the country and the cities. My Bar will be filled with liquors of choice brands. My STABLE is attended by expert booters, and my charges will be such as suit all. Expecting to receive a share of patronage, and fully intending to deserve it, I hereby throw open my house to the public. HENRY FOSTER. August 25, 1859-6t.

CABINET WARE-ROOM. R. EVANS respectfully informs the citizens of Ebensburg, and Cambria county generally, that he has on hand and for sale, at his Ware-room, one square west of Ball's Hotel, a large and splendid assortment of FURNITURE, which he will sell very cheap. COFFINS made on the shortest notice and at reasonable prices. Ebensburg, Oct. 6, 1859-6t.

FOR RENT. THE PENNSYLVANIA MILL PROPERTY, with 1,500 acres of land adjoining, being timbered—30 acres surrounding the mill is cleared, and under a high state of cultivation. Also, Blacksmiths' shops, Tracks, &c. The mill has one of Page's Circular Saws in it, as well as an upright saw, and three small mills for feet, &c., and is capable of making 10,000 FEET OF LUMBER PER DAY. The above described valuable property will be leased on favorable terms. Possession given at any time. Address: LLOYD & HILL, Hollidaysburg, or Wm. H. GARSDNER, Esq., Wilmore, Pa. September 1, 1859-6t.

RED LION HOTEL, St. Clair street, (near the new W. Bridge.) Pittsburgh, Pa. ROBERT P. GORDON, Proprietor. N. B.—Good Stabling and Wagon Yard attached to the House sufficiently large and well accommodated 200 head of Horses. Also very large Sale Stable. [dec. 22]

Agents Wanted! TO SELL CARV'S PATENT CAP AND BREAST LANTERN. Those furnishing satisfactory references a liberal salary and expenses will be made. The article is needed by every farmer and mechanic in the country, and will meet with ready sale. For particulars address: J. C. CARV, Patentee, 81 Nassau Street, N. B. 10-108. Dec. 13, 1859-6t.

STRAY SHEEP. CAME to the premises of the subscriber, Susquehanna township, about the 15th of August last, a red and white HEN about two years old, marked with white on the back and belly, and a white stripe on the right horn. The owner is hereby notified to prove property, pay charges, and take away, or she will be disposed of as an ordinary law. JAMES GRAHAM, Plaintiff. Dec. 13, 1859-6t.

PAY UP! PAY UP! ALL persons indebted to the firm of J. Glass & Co., are hereby notified to pay their accounts on or before the first day of January next. Times are hard, and we must live on money. E. GLASS & CO. Ebensburg, Dec. 8, 1859-3t.

1859. TINWARE! 1860. SHEET-IRON WARE. COPPER WARE. J. H. HERRINGTON. Desire to call the attention of the public to their new TIN SHOP now opened in the brick building on the corner of Market and Franklin streets, opposite the Mansion House, and next to the Banking House of Bell, Smith & Co., Johnstown, Pa., where he manufactures all kinds of TIN, SHEET-IRON AND COPPER WARE. Their work will be made by the best men and of the best materials. They are determined to sell all kinds of ware at the cheapest rates, wholesale and retail. P. S.—All orders for SPOUTING must be on the shortest notice and on reasonable terms. Johnstown, Dec. 8, 1859-6t.

WHO IS YOUR FRIEND? This question can be satisfactorily answered at the Good Samaritan Drug Store, Clinton Street, Johnstown, Pa. D. S. BOLSINGER, Proprietor. Where wounds may be healed, diseases removed, sorrows banished, and peace, happiness and joy be restored, by the application of the all-healing medicines there procured. Anxious to prove myself a philanthropist, have secured a large and well-selected assortment of Drugs, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, Dye Stuffs, all of which can be had at very low rates. And knowing that the inner man cannot remain healthy if the outer is not kept clean and pure, I hold myself ready, in the application of a benefactor, to supply the public with ALL KINDS OF SOAP (for a small consideration) which will be warranted to give satisfaction. I would particularly call the attention of the LADIES to a stock of Fancy Toilet Soaps, fine French and English Perfumery for the Ladies, Toilet, Toilet Soap, all of which will be sold at the lowest possible prices. Also a large stock of Gum and Hair Pins, Tooth Hair and Clothes Brushes, Hair Pins, &c. PAINTS of all kinds, with an endless variety of DYE STUFFS, always on hand, together with a good assortment of WINES and LIQUORS for medicinal purposes. D. S. BOLSINGER. Johnstown, Dec. 8, 1859-6t.