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New York, are duly authorized to solicit and receive subscriptions and advertising for the *New York Times*, published at Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Penna.

### FOR GOVERNOR IN 1866, HON. BIESTER CLYMER, OF BERKS COUNTY.

#### The Proclamation of Peace.

The President's proclamation published on our first page in this issue, is fit, well-timed, and will go far toward restoring tranquility and order to the Republic. It has long been known by everybody, and acknowledged by all, except a few tyrants, fanatics and demagogues, whose will is law, and whose purpose is anarchy, that the Southern insurrection was at an end, but the official recognition of that fact by Executive authority will leave the Revolutionists no pretext for their treasonable action, and violations of the plainest provisions of the Constitution. The National Congress can no longer, without outraging decency and justice beyond endurance, ignore a political condition that is palpable, self-evident, perceptible to the most limited comprehension of the multitude, and officially announced by the Chief Magistrate of the land. There is no longer an excuse for withholding the people of the South from Congressional representation, and those who do, do it in defiance of an established truth upon record and under the seal of the United States. The President, in his proclamation proves by the resolutions of both Senate and House at the commencement of hostilities, that we have attained the object then aimed at, and now that the war is over let that intention be carried out. There is at this time no obstacle in the way of reunion but the Northern Radicals. The Southern people have yielded the point for which they contended. They fought for it openly and bravely and were defeated; they now acquiesce in the result of the appeal to arms. They have, according to the advice of the President of the United States, passed laws annulling the ordinances of secession, ratified the amendments of the Constitution of the United States abolishing slavery, repudiated the rebel debts, and recognized the debt of the United States, and confess an entire willingness to abide by all constitutional qualifications of the United States in resuming their former relations with the Central Government. We have every reason to believe that they are sincere and zealous in their efforts of reunion. But the Radicals have taken up the disunion cause where the Southern people relinquished it. They are the disunionists and traitors to-day. They are leagued to overthrow the foundations of our political system. They are the conspirators against the principles of our form of government, the enemies of union, the anarchists and revolutionists, and as such they should be treated. The country will welcome the official announcement of peace. Every lover of his country will rejoice that the day of "military necessities" of the monstrous "war power," and of those tribunals formed in mockery "courts of military justice," is at an end, and that the reign of liberty, regulated and protected by law is restored. This is the effect of the proclamation just issued by President Johnson.

#### Connecticut Election.

The election in Connecticut on the 2d inst., was very close, the majority for Governor being but 599 on a vote of 85,000. The campaign was one of the most spirit-ed over known in the State. Last year the Republicans carried the State by 11,500 majority. The loss of almost 11,000 by the Radicals in one year is a terrible blow to the hopes of that party in the future, both in the State of Connecticut, and everywhere else. If they can hardly maintain themselves in a New England State like Connecticut, it is easy to see that they will be beaten by tens of thousands, in the great Central Middle and Western States. Had the Radicals shown their hands fairly they would have met with a most crushing defeat.

They merely saved themselves by openly professing friendship for the policy of the National Administration, while they were really utterly opposed to it. As it is, it can be claimed as a Democratic triumph, and its effect will tell upon the elections to take place this Fall.

The victory is as complete as if English had been elected. All hail! Connecticut!

#### Passage of the Civil Rights Bill.

On the 6th inst. the Senate passed the Civil Rights Bill over the President's veto, by a vote of 33 to 15. There is no doubt that the House will pass it with a like majority. It then remains to be seen whether the President will enforce a law, the unconstitutionality of which he has, himself, demonstrated, and which has only been passed over his veto, through the unconstitutional and revolutionary exclusion of Senators and Representatives from the seats to which they are entitled.

Since writing the above the Civil Rights Bill has passed the House by 12 years to 41 days, and becomes a law. The great question now asked is, will the President execute this unconstitutional law? It is generally believed by his friends that he will not.

Ex-PRESIDENT BOUCHANAN last week paid a visit to Harrisburg as the guest of Ex-Governor David B. Potter. He was visited by the Democratic members of the Legislature, and by a large number of other prominent men. It is said that he looks well, and enjoys remarkable health for a man of eighty years of age.

#### New Mode of Drawing Jurors.

Hon. George Landis, Senator from Bradford county, presented petitions to the Senate from citizens of this county, praying for the passage of an act changing the mode of selecting and drawing jurors in Columbia county. The petition we are informed, does not contain the name of one single Democrat, but all Republicans. This has been the work of the lugelmen of the Republican party of this county, but he will not succeed. There exists no cause for a change in the selection and drawing of jurors in this county; and so long as there are no grievances which demand redressing, the present mode will not be altered. Mr. Jacoby, in the House, has kept a watchful eye upon such legislation; and we trust while he remains in the Legislature, the people of this county will have no laws forced upon them that they do not desire. The bill introduced in the legislature to change the manner of selecting and drawing jurors in certain Democratic counties of this Commonwealth provides for the election of July Commissioners, one of each party, with equal privileges in making selections for the jury-wheel. This imposes an unnecessary expense upon those counties. These Commissioners are allowed two dollars per day for every day engaged in selecting and drawing Juries. Under the present mode of drawing Juries these officers are not needed and the expense saved.

#### Truth will out.

Believing it will be interesting to our readers many of whom, are making some inquiry about the course to be pursued by the new paper, which is soon to be started in this town, we venture to give below a specimen of the pledges made by the "disorganizers" in attempting to secure subscription for the *Columbia*.

*Republican*.—"What is your object?"

*Disorganizer*.—"We intend to establish a political paper which will not, personally, abuse the best men of the party."

*Republican*.—"Has Dr. John, abused any of our men?"

*Disorganizer*.—"Yes! Why he calls Isaac Monroe, 'The old Pharisee,' Wm. G. Harvey, 'The old Samaritan,' John Groz, 'Old Gray Fox' and Robt. F. Clark, 'The Statesman,' and G-d-d him, he came here a beggar."

*Rep.*—"Well, but ain't you in league with the Democrats?"

"No sir. We hate the Democrats as bad as Dr. John does; and we will do everything in our power for the destruction of the Democratic party."

*Rep.*—"But, in this course won't you, eventually, go with President Johnson, into the Democratic party?"

"No sir. We will not, at this time, follow Stevens, Sumner & Co., and if you will only help us, and aid us for awhile, until this Negro question gets a little settled then we will throw more Democrats into the Republican party than Dr. John can in a hundred years."

*Rep.*—"Well, I guess I'll take the paper awhile."

"Thank you, sir."

Thus it ended.

#### The President in Philadelphia.

Among the Political Preachers of the day he prefers the Rev. John Chambers, (Democrat.)

His Excellency, President Johnson, accompanied by the Hon. Wm. H. Seward and Edgar Cowan, unexpectedly arrived in Philadelphia on Saturday evening last. The distinguished party were driven to the Girard House, where rooms had been engaged for them. On their arrival becoming known it created quite an excitement among the sojourners of the Girard.

The distinguished party attended divine service Sunday afternoon at the First Independent Church, Broad and Sansom st., where the Rev. John Chambers is pastor.

Of the two evils, we endorse his action in choosing the least. But we take exceptions to his assertion, that he is following in the foot-steps, and pursuing the course of Mr. Lincoln, and the less he boasts of carrying out Lincoln's programme the more will be respected by both parties.

We understand that there are still some old enemies of the Democratic party, in this county, harping on the old theme of "no party" party. The Democrats have heard enough of this kind of twaddle. They will stand by the Constitution—they will stick to the old Democratic Association—they are not to be deluded and humbugged from the path of patriotism. Such schemes will not take at this time. The clever foot is visible, and the editor of the Republican laments, foams, and becomes "sausagey" because he has been educating a set of men in treachery and rascality, whom he cannot now control. Wonder if there is any honor among thieves?

**FENNY**—to hear tell of the high Sheriff of Columbia county electioneering for the disorganizers new paper! The Democracy say that it is intended as an oily and hence feel an interest in its success.—*N. Y. News.*

The above paragraph is a compound of wickedness, malice, deceit and falsehood, prepared by Dr. P. John, "Middle Medical Reformer," and put up for the "back townships." It will do no more harm than a dose of his catnip tea, and no more good. The paragraph alluded to has not even the shadow of fact for its foundation. The new paper, about which so much has been said; is, as every body knows, a purely Republican concern, owned by them, will be conducted by them, and will advocate their views and policy. The Sheriff never had, subscribed, or carried a prospectus for it. It is an affair altogether outside of the Democratic party, and its effect will tell upon the elections to take place this Fall.

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#### Disappearance of the Conservatives.

#### NOT SO NOISY AS IT WAS.

*Hark!*

Verily, verily it is very still all about here! A change has come clear over the spirit of the nation's bloody dream! There is no so much murkiness—so much threatening in the air as there was. There is not so much wool thrown on the coals as a few years since.

Lincoln was a good man and went to Heaven. That is to say! If we say he went there, folks say we speak in sarcasm. If we say we went to the other place, down there, they say we are prejudiced. But he went somewhere.

Now listen!

There are not so many sneaking, belling, lying, thieving minions of tyranny of the day, and the result has been a sudden reduction in the size of loaves. The *Examiner* says that one can easily buy a five cent loaf in each cheek, and a ten cent loaf in the middle, and then whistle Yankee Doodle without any difficulty.

The bakers in Richmond have "consolidated," as seems to be the fashion of the day, and the result has been a sudden reduction in the size of loaves.

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buy a five cent loaf in each cheek, and a ten cent loaf in the middle, and then

whistle Yankee Doodle without any difficulty.

And while it is so still let the work of conversion go steadily on. Democracy is again in the ascendancy. The star of hope has arisen in the east. We have a statesman for a President. We have a man of broad views, of clear brain, of Union loving sentiments, of nerve; a man who is a friend of laws, the people and the constitution.

The days of low wif, buffoonery, story telling, tyranny, usurpation, military despotism and intolerance are past forever, for the people of America will have no more such suicidal, murderous foolishness.

The lessons of the past have been too dear for us all. And now is the time to think of these things—to figure up which cost the country the most, Democracy and peace, or Republicanism and ruin, war, robbery and desolation. Look at the record and see for yourselves, brother working men of America.—*La Crosse Democrat.*

It is very still! So still it is almost painful! We used to denounce the President—but that other man!

We said he was a tyrant.

We said he was not brave.

We said he was no statesman.

We said he was a good story teller.

We said he was a man of wax in the hands of bad men.

We said he was naturally honest, but molded to suit the wicked ideas of others.

We said he was the head of a disunion party.

We said what we believed to be true, and what has proved most wondrous to the very letter of argument. For telling the truth we were called a traitor.

We were branded as a rebel, but a rebel no coward!

We were waylaid, insulted, mobbed, shot at, arrested, denounced as an enemy of our country.

We were pointed at as a traitor, simply for defending the constitution and standing by the people.

We were told that to differ from a President was treason.

That the President, even if a story teller, was the government.

That the President was accountable to no one.

That it was treason, rank and bold, to differ from the President.

That to war against a President was to war against the country.

We were told that cowardice was bravery.

That ignorance was ability.

That the art of stealing was the art of war.

That a fool was better than a wise man.

That a thief was better than an honest man.

That the general who stole cotton, robbed defenceless women of silverware, and orphans of their inheritances were better men than Washington.

That patriotism consisted not in honorable fighting but in stealing, robbing, swindling and murder.

We differed from the lying whelps who had the swaddling of the God and morality party, and came near losing life and property a score of times.

It is very still now!

The cowardly braves of them do not converse so freely as once! There is not so much laughing up on the front seats! The game of blood treason and plunder is over with, and into the earth an intelligent, law loving, Constitution defending people are grinding to powder the element that meddled with that which concerned him—notified the law—insulted their brethren—robbed those they o'er so much to blasphemous God—wroned man and tickled the victims of their cowardice with bayonets pointed with hate.

We stood by the laws, when to stand here was to snap your finger under the nose of death.

Thousands of brave men in the country stood by the Constitution in the dark hours of hope in the future which is now opening so bright for the people—so full of terrible retribution for the liars, thieves, knaves, swindlers, fanatics, traitors, usurpers, bigots, abolitionists and workers of ruin who have so long stood beneath the altar and baptized us in an innocent blood!

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It is very still now!

GEO. N. SANDERS has been arrested in London for debt. He owes the little

matter of ten thousand pounds sterling,

which he contracted on account of the

C. S. A. His trial has been postponed until the 23d inst.

The conspirators Spangler, Mudd and

O'Loughlin, at last accounts from the

Dry Tortugas, were taking their impre

sonably very philosophical, and con

ducted themselves so as to get released

from the heavy irons they have been

wearing.</p