. FROM WASHINGTON.

Wassington, Jan. 16, 1848. We are now inundated with resolutions, the most metaphysical of which priginate on the Calhoun side of the Sinere, and the most practical on the Cass side of that body. To the latter belong the following of the Hon. Edward A. Hennegan, of Indiana, the right hand of the old General in that State :-

Resolved, That no treaty of peace can be made with Mexico, baving a proper regard for the best interests of the United States, which does not establish as a boundary between the two nations, the most suitable line for military defence.

Resolved, That in no contiguency can the United States consent to the establishment of Monarchical Government, within the limits of Mexico, by the intervention of European power.

Resolved, That it may become necessary and proper, as it is within the constitutional capacity of this government, for the United States to hold Mexico as a territorial appendage.

Those are the views of Gen. Cass, of Mr. Dallas, of Mr. Walker, and, to a considerable extent, also those of the administration in gene-OBSERVER.

Gen. Scott Rounlind. Gen. Worth Relieved from Arrest, and Ordered to Rusume his Command.

WARRINGTON, Jan. 17-104 o'clock, P. M. Gen. Touson had not left for Mexico. The difficulties in the Army have been reconsidered in Cabinet Council, and Gen. Scott has this day been suspended and ordered to Washington. Gen. Worth is released from arrest, by order of the President, and restored to his command as Major General in the Army.

To-morrow Mr. Badger speaks in the Senate and will be followed by Mr. Foote, of Mississippi, who is in favor of the conquest and ultimate annexation of all Mexico.

Secretary Walker has called upon many members of Congress, to give him their views relative to the Mexican war. He is writing a long and claborate review of the whole question in which it is understood that he takes high ground in favor of the conquest of the whole OBSERVER.

Later from the Capital.

EXPEDITION AGAINST SAN ANGEL

The ship Cybele arrived at New Orleans on the 11th instant, with Vera Cruz dates of the 30th ult.

A train was about to leave Vera Cruz for the capital.

The dates from the capital are to the 30th ult., which is two days later than before receive.l.

General Cushing's brigade had marched from the capital with five pieces of artillery and eighty wagons. The expedition is supposed to be destined against San Angel.

RECALL OF VOLUNTEERS -Gen. Cameron, in a letter to a friend at Pittsburg, gives it as his opinion that the Pennsylvania volunteers will shortly be recalled. It is also said that the South Carolina regiment will have leave to return home. These regiments have seen hard service, and have suffered severely from the disasters of war. Ther are enlisted for the war, and cannot leave Mexico without being honors bly discharged from the service. If efficient service in the war entitles to a discharge, then have the Pennsylvanians really won such a favor. We see that a resolution was offered yesterday in the State Senate by Mr. Jordan that our Senators and Representatives in Congress that the Court has reversed the decree of the ask for the recall of the first and second regiments f.om this State, which was adopted.

THE RETURN OF PAREDES, OFFICIAL CORRES-PONDENCE.—The Washington Union publishes the official correspondence between Mr. Buchsnan, Mr. Bancroft, Lord Palmerston, Col. Wilson, and Secretary Marcy, in relation to the landing of Paredes in the British Mail Steamer. The circumstances, as far as they implicated the captain of the British steamer, were commanicated to Lord Palmerston by Mr. Bancroft with the opinion that the steamer was liable to confiscation. Lord Palmerston replied to Mr. Bancroft, as follows :

"I have the honor to state to you that the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty having investigated the circumstances of this affair, her Majesty's government have informed the directors of the Royal Mail Steampacket Company, to whom the steamer Teviot belongs, that the directors are bound to testify, in a marked manner, their disapproval of Capt. May's conduct Perhaps no woman in this country has more or in having thus abused the indulgence afforded to the company's vessels by the government of the United States; and the directors of the company have accordingly stated to Her Majesty's government that they will immediately suspend Captain May from his command; and that they publicly and distinctly condemn any act on the part of their officers which may be regarded as a breach of faith towards the government of the United States, or as an infringement or invasion of the regulations established by the United States officers in those ports of Mexico which are occupied by the forces of the United States."

"INDEMNITY AND SECURITY."-In the Benate on Wednesday, Mr. Clayton said that he had found out the meaning of these words now so frequently used. "Indemnity for the past" neans one half of Mexico; and "Security for he future" means the other half.

COSTLY PAINTINGS .- There are two ancien paintings in the convent of Pueble, Mexico, which cost \$300,000 each.

[Correspondence of the Public Ledger ] | ARRIVAL OF THE PRESENT STEAM-SHIP MISSOURS.

Six Days vator from France, [From the New York Son-Extra.]

By the arrival of the French steamship Missouri, which left H wre on the 23d ult. and arrived at this port this morning, we have six days later advices from France.

ITALY .- The Florence Gazette, Dec. 7, says that Louis Phillips sold to the State of Tuscany 5,000 purcussion guns, at the same favorable rates as those he so'd to the Pope, but did not furnish them as speedily,

A correspondent of La Presse, writing from Turin, Italy, Dec 10 says the off-irs of Naples were in such a states that it is fested there will be an insurrection shortly

Bands overrun the streets, crying seditious cries-every hour it is exp cled the signal will be given for a general insurrection. A deputation which left Palermo has presented to King Ferdinand a petition signed by thousands, to the effect that he must restore to them the Constitution of 1812, which comprises the complete separation of Naples from the other states -at the same time she remains under the same sovereign. In case the King refuses in three days to accede to their demand, they (the Sicilians) are sworn to overthrow him and give the regency to his oldest son, and place themselves under the protection of England. He replied that according to his conscience he would never yield. In the mean time he should sleep every night on a vessel of war, and that he relied upon his faithful 10,000 geris darines.

The following letter, received by way of Mar. seilles, was dated Malta, on the 13th of December. I have only time to write a few words. The Hamer has just arrived from Corfu, and brings the important news of an insurrection in Greece. At Patras, the garrison were fighting with the people. The Governor was a prisoner in the hands of the insurgents. There are stready many killed and wounded. It was said that Grivas was at the head of the insurrection.

The Marseilles Courier adds, that this news was brought by the war steamer Ardent, with the India mail on board, and that the English government messenger had orders to make the greatest baste.

MALTA -Advices from Malta state, that the insurrection at Patres has no political character, and is entirely confined to acts of insubordination, and pillage committed by irregular Greek troops. They speak of 100,000 francs, stolen from the Treasurer of the Bank.

It seems that the Grecian government, ha ving doubted the chief of these troops, wrote to Mr. Stouranas Governor of Patras, to arrest him ; but the suspected officer, warned of the intention of the Governor, was beforehand with him, and arrested the Governor himself, then at the head of a few bands of soldiers, drawn into the insurrection, he overran the city and pillaged the National Bank.

The population, far from joining, would have instant, tranquility was nearly re-established in Patras.

Most of our readers are no doubt aware that Mrs. Gaines, the wife of Gen Guines, has had in suit for some twelve or fifteen years a claim for an estate valued as low as \$10,000 000 and as high as \$30,000,000. The Circuit Court of Lou sians decided the case against her. Sie appealed, and the case was carried up to the Supreme Court of the United States, and intelligence has just been received from Washington Circuit Court. The decision is thus noticed in the National Intelligencer of this morning :

The following comments on the decision are

from the N. Y. Tribune :-"It will delight many of our readers-all in deed who have been acquainted with the merits of this case, which for the long period of fourteen years has been in the courts-to learn that the Supreme Court of the United States yesterday afternoon decided it on all points in favor of Mrs. Gaines. The suit has been among the most important and interesting ever before the American Courts. The costs of the litigation on the part of Mrs. Gaines alone, cannot have been less than eighty to ninety thousand dol

lars, but the result involves many millions. The history of Mrs. Gaines, as we gather it of the Supreme Court, is full of the most romantic and various incident. She is a woman of remarkable abilities, decision and generosity, and of manners singularly frank and engaging. warmer triends, and if she has any enemies, she owes it entirely to the remarkable position she has so long occupied as a defrauded and injured heires of one of the largest estates of the continent, held by a numerous and powerful confederacy, whose hopes of triumph were based upon

her supposed friendlessness and poverty. Mrs. Gaines formerly resided in this city. She married a Mr. Whitney, of Binghampton, N. Y., who removed to New Orleans, where he prosecuted the claim of his wife to her rightful property, but died before a decison was made. She afterwards married Gen. Gaines, who has, with the most untiring assiduity, maintained her cause to the present successful issue. The whole of this property, which has been so long in litigation, is situated in the city of New Orleans and, as we have before stated, is estimated to be worth from ten to thirty millions of dollars. Mrs. Gaines may now take rank with the Rothschilds and Astors and the other great millionaires of the world.

Joun Jacon Aston is said to be dangerously ill. He is now 90 years of age.



## THE AMERICAN

Baturday, January 22, 1848

V. B. PALMEN, Bog., at his Real Estale and Coal Office, corner of 3d and Chemit Streets, Philadelphia, at his Offic s No. 180 Nussan Street, Mic York, S. E. Corner Baltimore and Calvert ets., Baltimore, and No 16 State Street, Boston, is authorised to act as Agent, and receipt for all montes due this

office, for subscription or advertising. E. W. CARR, corner of Third and Dock Streets, Sun Buildings, opposite Merchants' Exchange, Philadelphia, is also authorised to act as our Agent.

FOR PRESIDENT. Gen. ZACHARY TAYLOR.

Democratic Central Taylor Com-

Hon John C Bucher, of Dauphin county Hon John M Read, of Philadelphia city Hon Richard Vaux Robert Allen, Esq do do Andrew Miller, Esq Philadelphia county Samuel D Patterson. Esq. Montgomery county Franklin Vanzant, Esq. Bucks county Joseph J Lewis Esq Chester county Dr William Gray, Delaware county Henry W Smith, Esq Berks county Hon Ellis Lewis, Luncaster county Charles W Hegins, Esq. Northumberland co Hon John Snyder, Union county Col James Burnside, Centre county Robert J Fisher, Etq York county Oliver Watson, jr. Esq Lycoming county Gen J. K. Morehend, Allegheny county Col Israel Painter, Westmoreland county Thomas J. Power, Esq. Beaver county Hon Edward Herrick, Bradford county Hendrick B Wright, Esq Luzerne county Francis W. Hughes, Esq Schuylkill county James L. Gillis. Esq Elk county lames Peacock. Esq of Dauphin county Hon William Dock Gen Simon Cameron do Benjamin Park, Esq do Gan Christian Seiler Philip Dougherty, Esq. do ). Barrett, Erq.

We are indebted to the Hon. Simon Cameron. Hon. James Pollock, and George A. Frick, Esqr., for public documents.

do

lames Brady, Esq.

Edward A. Lesley, Esq.

The WEATHER, after another soft and muddy spell, again set in cold on Tuesday last The river, at this place, has been closed and opened several times this winter. It is now closed for the third time, with good prospects for a good ice crop.

INAUGURAL ADDRESS -The inauguration of Gov. Shunk took place on the 18th. The inauguration for a second term is seldom attended finished by seizing his person. On the 10th with much display or interest. The address, which contains the usual topics of an inaugural, we will publish in our next.

> one of our most enterprising citizens, has erected a splendid steam saw mill on the bank of the river, immediately above town. The mill will be put into operation in about a week or ten days. The engine, which is 20 horse power, was built by Mr. McGinnis, of Minersville. The location is an excellent one, and in the hands of Mr. Clement, the mill will, no doubt, prove pro-

> TAYLOR MERTING .- We had intended to notice a large meeting, held in Philadelphia on the 8th inst, in favor of Gen. Taylor for the Presidency. The meeting was composed of the friends of Gen. Taylor, without distinction of party, and numbered about four thousand per-

> PENNSYLVANIA VOLUNTEERS -It will be seen that a movement has been made in Con gress, as well as in our legislature, for the re-call of the Pennsylvania volunteers. Our gallant volunteers have suffered severely in the service, and will, no doubt, be relieved.

RE CALL OF GEN. SCOTT -The difficulties among our generals in the army are much to be regretted, especially in the country of the ene my, where it must necessarily have an injurious effect. The matter has been before the cabinet from the record of the case prepared for the use at Washington, for some time past, and the Secretary of War has at last resolved to re-call Gen. Scott. Gen. Worth, it is said, is released from arrest. Gen Scott will, no doubt, be tried before a Court of Inquiry, at Washington. What the result will be, is hard to determine.

> Our friend Fitzgerald, of the City Item, whose paper deserves a free and wide circulation, is out in favor of a system of postage entirely free, and if that cannot be had, then papers free and letters two cents for any distance. Although this proposition of entirely free postage may be in advance of the age, we will venture to predict that it will not only be entertained, but adopted, before the expiration of the present century. A uniform rate of five cents or less, for letters, will be adopted in a very few

> By the arrival of the Cambria, we have news of a small rise in grain. The death of Maria Louisa, the Ex-Empress of Napoleon, took place on the 17th ult.

> BANKS .- The charter of the Carlisle Bank has expired. The North American quotes the Middletown Bank with a dash. We have, nowever, seen no notice of its failure.

> 07 John W. Hornbeck, member of Congress from Bucks and Lehigh, died at Allentown, on Sunday evening last,

The Jour Donesy -The last numbers of the John Donkey are filled with engravines and humorous satire. The engraving entitled "British Freedom," representing poor degraded English woman and girls harnessed to small coal cars, which they are obliged to drag, on their hands and knees, over the rail roads in the small veins, is a bitter satire on their celebrated max im, that "the momenta slave touches Englishground, he becomes free."

The engraving, entitled "Wilmot the Wiz ard," representing friend Wilmot, on account of his celebrated Proviso, viding a kind of "half horse half alligator" animal, is rather unjust to wards Mr. Wilmot, who is a man of more than mediocre talent.

OF LANCASTER USION AND TRIBUNE -This ournal, since it has passed into the hands of riend Hammersly, has been much improved. Mr. Hammersly possesses all the tact, talent and business habits requisite to produce a good paper, of which, the Union and Tribune is a sufficient evidence.

COLD WEATHER - At Freyburg, Me, on the morning of the 11th, the thermometer ranged from 36 to 39 deg below zero. Pure metcury in a sancer froze that it could be cut like lead At Franconia. N. H., on the same morn ing, the thermometer, with a spirit and mercury tube side by side-the spirit fell to 39 below zere: the mercury was congealed, but could it have resisted the cold, it would have gone down to 45. On the 26th of January, 1837, and on the 17th January, 1840, noted cold days, the spirit indicated but 37 deg below zero.

ARNOLD H. PLUMMER, of Venango, was elected Treasurer, on the first ballot on the 17th inst. In caucus, Mr. Plummer was nominated on the 5th ballot. His competitor was Jefferson K Heckman, of Northampton, who a Harrisburg correspondent says was warmly supported by the friends of the administration, while Mr. Plummer was supported by Gov. Porter and his friends. Mr. P. was formerly a member of congress. He is said to be an able man, and a good

The steamer Washington, from Liverpoo to New York, was obliged to put in at Halifax, for coal. She had a long and stormy passage, and sustained some damage.

THE OFFICIAL VOTE FOR GONERNOR -The of ficial vote of this State, given at the last election. was read on the 14th inst., Mesers. Benner and Ives being the joint committee. The following

the result :	
Shunk,	146,081
Irwin,	128,148
Reigart,	11,247
Shunk's plurality over Irw	in, 17,933.

VALUE OF THE NOTES of the Banks that have topped payment, as quoted in New-York, Jan. 18th, 1818.

New Hope & Delaware Bridge, worth 50 Susquehanna, Atlas Bank, Clymer N. Y. 60 The James Bank, Del. Northern Exchange Bank, It is reported that the Susquehanna Bank is

Montrose. The Notes of the Northern Exchange Bank, it is also stated, are worth about 90 cents on the dollar. Counterfeit 10s on the Sussex Bank, at Newtown, N J, a new issue, and not described in any of the detectors, have just made their appearance

The bill is a very bad imitation, though the name

of the President is telerably well done. THE VICTIMS -The owners of the Phoenix make the following statement of the number of souls on board the propeller at the time of her conflagration, November 31, 1847. Hollanders 154 : cubin and other American passengers 32 ; crew, including officers 20. Total 203. Number saved 45. Total Lost 161.

The Pottstown Ledger states that the Copper mining operations near that place are progressing rapidly; that several bundred tons of ore have been mined, and so soon as it can be smelted and its properties ascertained to be favorable of which there is strong probability, more extensive arrangements will be entered into to bring out the mineral.

ELINE BURRITT, the learned blacksmith, bas collected his 'stray leaves,' and they are published in London in a shilling volume by Gilpin, under the title of Sparks from the Anvil,'

THE MEXICAN MINT .- It is said that under the instructions sent from Washington to Gen. Scott, the mint at the city of Mexico, and the mints of Guanaxuato, Zacatecas, Guadalaxara, Durango, &c., will be put in operation, for the coinage of United States dollars and half dollars. The average annual coinage at these mints is about twelve millions of dollars.

A discovery has recently been made of Cannel coal, near St. Louis, Mo., possessing the qualities of the c-1-brated English cannel coal; and from a geological survey which has been made, it is supposed to be the largest known body of cannel coal in the world.

The Statute Law of New England has made profese swearing a fineable offence, to the amount of one shilling for the poor, two shillings for the second class, and five shillings for gen-

VERY HARD. - A lawyer in England transported three years ago for forgery, has been found to be innocent and sent for. When convieted be had a practice worth \$15,000 a year. A tew years ago he would have been hung.

The population of Boston is computed by Mayor Quiney at 120 000.

[Correspondence of the Public Ledger ] Legislative Proceedings.

HARRISBURG, Jan 13. SENATE - Petitions Presented .- Mr. Rich, for the repeal of the law authorizing the construction of dame in the Delaware.

Mr. Middleswarth, for a Bank to be located i Lewisburg, Union county.

Mr. Best, for the establishment of a Bank at Danville, Columbia county.

Bills in place -- Mr. Mason, a supplement to the act to amend the penal laws of this Common wealth

Mr. Brawley, a supplement to the act to reduce the State debt and for other purposes.

Mr. Darsie offered a resolution that the Comnittee on Education be requested to inquire into the expediency of passing a law requiring the Directors of the several School Districts of the Commonwealth, to make an annual report of their receipts and expenditures-which was adopted. Compliment to Gen. Scott .- On motion of Mr.

Sanderson, the joint resolution offered several days since, tendering a vote of thanks, on the part of the Legislature, to Gen Winfield Scott and the American army, was taken up and passed unanimously. The bill to abolish the Board of Revenue Com-

missioners came up on its passage, when, after a long discussion thereon, in which Messrs. Smith, Crabb, Gillis, Mason, Darsie, and others partici-Mr. Crabb offered an amendment, providing

that the act should not take effect until the lat of June, 1849, which was lost. The question was then taken on the bill, and

it was passed by the following vote:

Yeas-Messrs Boas, Johnson, (Erie.) John ston, (Armstrong.) Jordan, King, Levis, Middleswarth, Overfield, Potteiger, Richards, Saddler, Sanderson, Sankey, Smith, Smyser, Sterrett-16

Nays-Messrs Benner, Best, Brawley, Crabb, Creacraft, Darsie, Forsyth, Gillie, Hill, Mason, Matthias, Small, Streeter-13,

Compliment to Gen. Patt rson and Gen. Cad walade .- On motion of Mr. Forsyth, the Senate took up the joint resolution offered by him several days since, authorizing the Governor to pur chase two swords, one of which is to be presented to Gen. Patterson, and the other to Gen. Cadwalader, in consideration and appreciation of their bravery and services in Mexico.

Mr. Small offered an amendment, providing that the cost of each should not exceed \$250 -Which was agreed to.

And the resolution was then unanimously pas

The Senate adjourned.

Jan. 14 House -- Mr. Krick offered the following reso lution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the Committee on the Judiciary system are directed to inquire into the expediency of so amending the law relative to the revival of judgments upon the Prothonotary dockets by sciri fucias as to prevent the renewal of such judgments by scire facias more than once in any term of five years. Also, into the expediency of repealing the law which authorizes the attorneys at law to charge a docket fee by virtue of such revival of any judgment by scire fucius so issued.

SENATE -Mr. Bone submitted the following preamble and joint resolution, which were read and laid upon the table.

Whereas, the recent revolutions in trade, and the consequent extraordinary demand for money in Great Britain, bave so reduced the prices of iron in that country as to cause it to be imported | laws of this commonwealth, for the election into the United States, and sold at rates far below what it can be produced for in this country, or any other country, where labor receives a fair reward, thereby endangering and threatening to into convention. prostrate the great iron interests of Pennsylvania : therefore

Resolved, By the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in General Assembly met, that our Senators and Representatives in Congress, be requested to introduce and vote for a bill which shall restore the import duties on iron as they existed under the Act of 1842.

House .- Mr. Smith, of Bradford, from the Committee on the Judiciary, to whom was referred sundry petitions asking for an amendment of the Constitution so as to give the right of suffrage to the colored population of this State, made an adverse report thereon, accompanied by a resolution, asking that the said committee be discharged from the further consideration of the ter, to instruct the Committee on the Judi subject-which was agreed to. He also reported. to report a bill to abolish the death per from the same committee, a bill to establish the boundary line between Mifflin and Juniata coun-

Bill in Place - Mr. Smith, of Bradford, a supplement to the act to authorize the New York and Eric Railroad Company to construct their railroad through Susquehanna county.

The resolution submitted by Mr. Benedict, on Thursday last, was taken up, read a second time, considered, and agreed to in the following modi-

fied form :-Resolved. That the Secretary of the Common wealth be requested to furnish this House with a of the Governor elect, a large number of statement of the time that each bank was chart- gers from various parts of the country arri ered, or renewed; and also of the expiration of this borough to witness or take part in sc the charters of each of the banks of this Com-

The following resolution, submitted by Mr. Fernon on Friday, was taken up, read a second

time, considered, and agreed to :-Resolved. That the Auditor General be reques ted to furnish this House, as soon as practicable, with a statement, in tabular form, shewing the valuation of all property, trades, professions, &c., made taxable for State purposes, in the several counties of this Commonwealth, for the years 1845 and 1847; the amount of tax assessed therein, and the amount received therefrom, for the years 1841, 1842, 1843, 1844, 1845, 1846 and 1847, together with the amount now outstanding and due to the Commonwealth; also, the amount paid out of the State Treasury to the common

schools in the several counties during each of the years herein specified.

Banking .- On Thursday last, Mr. Elliott, as we stated in the Ledger, the following day, introduced a bill to authorize the business of banking. It appears that his constituents, in the county of Tioga, want a general banking law, based upon a pledge of State Stocks, to be deposited with the State Treasurer, at their market value, under such restrictions and regulations as will give perfect security to the bill holders, and equalize the currency of the State and guard against counterfeits, and secure equal rights and privileges to all. Adjourned.

SENATE -Mr. Overfield presented a petition for the recharter of the Farmers' Bank, Schuylkill county. And also one against the construction of dams in the Delaware.

Mr Best, three for the corporation of a Bank at Danville.

Mr. Sanderson, supplement to he act relative to Orphan Courts in this Commonwealth.

Mr. Small offered a resolution that the Committee on Military Affairs inquire into the expediency of abolishing militia trainings in this Commonwealth, and asking them to state what legislation is necessary, if any, to encourage the for-

mation of military companies, which was agreed

Mr. Jordan offered a resolution that our Senators and Representatives in Congress be instructed to ask the recall of the first and second Pa. Regiment of Volunteers, now in Mexico, which was agreed to.

The bill relating to last Wills and Testaments was taken up and passed.

Horse -- Mr. Ladly, from Chester and Lancaster, asking for certain changes in the law relating to the observance of the Sabbath.

Mr. Gratz, from Dauphin, Schuylkill and Northumberland, asking for the erection of a new county out of parts of the same. Referred to a select committee, composed of Messrs. Gratz, Boyer and Frick.

Mr. Blair, from Huntington, for a law to prevent the running of deer with dogs, and also to prevent the destruction of pike in the Juniata.

Mr. Fausold, for a change in the criminal laws of this Commonwealth.

Mr. Evans, of Chester, offered a resolution in structing the Committee on the Judiciary to re port a bill to abolish the death penalty, but th House refused to read the same a second timeyeas 38, nays 55.

Mr. Myers, from the Committee on the Jud ciary, reported back the Senate bill to abolic the Board of Revenue Commissioners, withou amendment.

Mr. Myers also reported the bill to provifor the payment of the interest of the publ debt falling due on the 1st of February and A gust next. (Appropriates \$2.000.000) It w taken up in Committee of the Whole, report without amendment and then read a second t third time and pased.

Pills in Place,-Mr Fernon-A supplem to the act entitled "An act to increase the renues of the Commonwealth," passed April 10

The bill proposes to repeal so much of the of 1845 as imposes a tax on private acts of sembly, except so far as relates to new coun

Mr. Eshleman, to provide for the immed cancellation of Relief Notes.

Mr. Frick, to exempt the real estate of mi ed women from the debts of their husbands.

Election of State Treasurer - At 12 o'cl this being the day fixed by the constitution State Treasurer, the Speaker and members o Senate were introduced into the hall of the H of Representatives, when the two bodies "

On the roll being called, it appeared that nold H. Plummer, of Venango, had receive votes and John Banks 53; therefore Mr. P. mer was declared duly elected State Treas for the ensuing year. Shortly after the Senhad retired, the house adjourned.

House -- Mr. Smith of Bradford, reported amendments.) a supplement to the Act, aut zing the New York and Eric Railroad Comp to construct the said Railroad through Su banna County.

Mr. Eshleman read in place a bill to pr for the Abolition of Militia Trainings. Abolition of Capital Punishment .- The lution yesterday offered by Mr. Evans, of coming up on second reading, Mr. Evans d

red his views at length on the subject of C Punishment and the necessity of its aboliti Mr. Frick offered an amendment to stril all after the word "Resolved," and inser the Committee on the Indiclary be reques inquire into the expediency of repealing th inflicting Capital Punishment.

The question being taken on the amend it was agreed to, year 46; mays 45

Inauguration of the Governor -This bei day fixed by the Constitution for the longu the ceremonies.

About half-past 11 o'clock, the heads partments and other officials, together wit zens and strangers, and the Carlisle Cade der the command of Capt. Henderson, re to the Executive office of his Excellence Governor, where, after paying their resp. him, they formed a procession and escort to the hall of the House of Representative

Precisely at 12 o'clock, the committee ! purpose appointed, introduced the Speak members of the Senate into the Hall of the of Representatives, in order to attend the ration of the Governor elect.

According to order, the joint commi both houses, appointed for that purpose, i ced Francis R. Shunk, the Governor elect