

TERMS OF THE "AMERICAN"  
H. B. MASSER, PUBLISHER AND  
JOSEPH EISELY, PROPRIETORS.  
H. B. MASSER, Editor.  
Office in Centre Alley, in the rear of H. Mas-  
ser's Store.

THE "AMERICAN" is published every Satur-  
day at TWO DOLLARS per annum to be  
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tinued till all arrearages are paid.  
No subscriptions received for a less period than  
six weeks. All communications or letters on  
business relating to the office, to insure attention,  
must be POST PAID.

### CHEAP WATCHES.

The Cheapest Gold and Silver Watches  
IN PHILADELPHIA.

GOLD Levers, full Jewelled,	\$45 00
Silver do. do.	30 00
Gold Levers, Jewelled,	15 00
Silver do. do.	10 00
Silver Quartzes, fine quality,	15 00
Gold Spectacles, plain,	1 75
Silver Spectacles,	2 00
Gold Pencils,	4 00
Gold Bracelets,	4 00

Also, on hand, a large assortment of Gold and  
Hair Bracelets, finger rings, breast pins, hoop ear-  
rings, gold pens, silver spoons, sugar tongs, thumb-  
screws, gold neck, curb and fish chains, guard keys  
and jewellery of every description, at equally low  
prices. All I want is a call to convince customers.

All kinds of Watches and Clocks repaired and  
warranted to keep good time for one year; old gold  
or silver bought or taken in exchange.  
For sale, eight day and thirty hour brass clocks,  
at  
LEWIS LADOMUS,  
Watch, Clock and Jewellery Store, No. 413 1/2  
Market street, above Eleventh, north side, Phila-  
delphia.

I have some Gold and Silver Levers, still  
much cheaper than the above prices.  
Philadelphia, Dec. 26, 1846.—1y

### CHEAP WATCHES & JEWELRY,

"Philadelphia Watch and Jewelry Store,"  
No. 96 North SECOND street, corner of Quarry.

GOLD Levers, full Jewelled, 18 carat cases,	\$45 00
Silver Levers, full Jewelled,	23 00
Silver Levers, Watches, se- sen jewels,	18 00
Silver Levers, Watches, finest quality,	14 00
Superior Quartz Watches,	10 00
Imitation Quartz Watches, not warranted,	5 00
Gold Spectacles,	8 00
Fine Silver Spectacles,	1 75
Gold Bracelets with stone stones,	2 50
Ladies' Gold Rings, 18 carats,	2 00
Gold Finger Rings 37 1/2 cts to \$8; Watch Glas- ses, plain, 12 1/2 cts; patent, 18 1/2; Lunet. 25. O- ther articles in proportion. All goods warranted to be what they are sold for. O. CONRAD.	

On hand, some Gold and Silver Levers, Levers  
and Quartzes, lower than the above prices.  
Philadelphia, Dec. 5, 1846.—1y

### IMPORTANT TO ALL COUNTRY HOUSEKEEPERS.

YOU may be sure of obtaining, at  
all times, pure and highly flavored  
TEAS.

By the single pound or larger quantity, at the  
Pekin Tea Company's Warehouse,  
20 South Second street, between Market and Ches-  
nut streets.

PHILADELPHIA.  
Heretofore it has been very difficult, indeed, al-  
most impossible, always to obtain good Green and  
Black Teas. But now you have only to visit the  
Pekin Tea Company's Store, to obtain as delicious  
and fragrant Teas as you could wish for. All Teas  
can here be suited, with the advantage of getting a  
pure article at a low price.  
June 27th, 1846.

### PREPARED PIANOS.

THE SUBSCRIBER has been appointed agent,  
for the sale of CONRAD MEYER'S CELE-  
BRATED PREMIUM RUSSIAN WOOD PI-  
ANOS, at this place. These Pianos have a plain,  
massive and beautiful exterior finish, and, for depth  
and sweetness of tone, and elegance of workman-  
ship, are not surpassed by any in the United States.  
The following is a recommendation from Capt  
DIXIE, a celebrated performer, and himself a man-  
ufacturer:

### A CARD.

HAVING had the pleasure of trying the excel-  
lent Piano Forte manufactured by Mr. Meyer, and  
exhibited at the late exhibition of the Franklin In-  
stitute, I feel it due to the true merit of the maker  
to declare that these instruments are quite equal  
and in some respects even superior, to all the Pi-  
anos I saw at the capitals of Europe, and during  
a sojourn of two years at Paris.  
These Pianos will be sold at the manufacturer's  
lowest Philadelphia price, if not something lower.  
Persons are requested to call and examine for  
themselves, at the residence of the subscriber,  
Sunbury, May 17, 1845. H. B. MASSER.

### Counterfeiters' DEATH BLOW.

The public will please observe that no Brandreth  
Pills are genuine, unless the box has three labels  
upon it, (the top, the side and the bottom) each  
containing a fac-simile signature of my hand-  
writing, thus—B. BRANDRETH, M. D.—These labels  
are engraved on steel, beautifully designed,  
and done at an expense of over \$2,000.—Therefore  
it will be seen that the only thing necessary to pro-  
cure the medicine in its purity, is to observe these  
labels.  
Remember the top, the side, and the bottom.  
The following respective persons are duly author-  
ized, and hold  
CERTIFICATES OF AGENCY  
For the sale of Brandreth's Vegetable Universal  
Pills.  
Northumberland county: Milton—Mackey &  
Chamberlin. Sunbury—H. B. Masser. M'Evansville—  
Ireland & Mezell. Northumberland—Wm. Forsyth.  
Georgetown—J. & J. Wells.  
Union County: New Berlin—Bogar & Win-  
ter. Selingsgrove—George Gudmund. Middle-  
burg—Isaac Smith. Beaverstown—David Hubler.  
Adamsburg—Wm. J. May. Millersburg—Mensch  
& Ray. Hartleton—Daniel Long. Freeburg—  
G. & F. C. Moyer. Lewisburg—Walls & Green.  
Columbia county: Danville—E. B. Reynolds  
& Co. Berwick—Shuman & Rittenhouse. Cata-  
wissa—C. G. Brobst. Bloomberg—John R.  
Moyer. Jersey Town—Levi Biesel. Washington  
Robt. McCay. Limestone—Ballou & McNinch.  
Observe that each Agent has an Engraved Cer-  
tificate of Agency, containing a representation of  
Mr. BRANDRETH'S Manufacturing at Sing Sing,  
and upon which will also be seen exact copies of  
the new labels now used upon the Brandreth Pills  
Boxes.  
Philadelphia, office No. 8, North 8th street.  
B. BRANDRETH, M. D.  
June 24th, 1845.

# SUNBURY AMERICAN.

## AND SHAMOKIN JOURNAL.

Absolute acquiescence in the decisions of the majority, the vital principle of Republics, from which there is no appeal but to force, the vital principle and immediate parent of despotism.—JAYKROW.

By Masser & Eiseley.

Sunbury, Northumberland Co. Pa. Saturday, Nov. 20, 1847.

Vol. 8--No. 9--Whole No. 373



[From the Dollar Newspaper.]  
THE WORKING-MAN.

BY CHARLES SATRE.

Hurrah! Hurrah! for the working-man,  
In every land and clime!  
Hurrah! for those who wield the press,  
Or work by rule and line!  
Earth cannot boast a nobler race,  
Nor one whose power has wrought  
Such wonders as the working-man  
To life and light has brought.

The working-man! the working-man!  
Brings change with every hour;  
He settles in the forest,  
And cities spring to power.  
Let those who scorn the working-man,  
For honest work make room,  
It is to him they owe the plough,  
The ship, the forge, the loom.

The working-man! the working-man!  
His mission must fulfil;  
His march is "onward!" and his mind  
Moulds earth unto his will;  
Who shall the heart's wild impulse tame?  
The mighty mind control?  
Or turn him from the purposes  
That wake in his soul?

The working-man! the working-man!  
Sheds light upon his path;  
He soars into the blue expanse,  
Braves ocean's stormy wrath;  
To far-off islands in the sea  
He bears our flag in pride;  
Proud emblem of a free-born race,  
That none may e'er divide.

The working-man! the working-man!  
The world will disenthral;  
When knowledge with the "million" rests,  
'Twill soon be free to all!  
Grant to the working-man his boon,  
A school-house on each hill;  
'Knowledge is power,' and through its aid  
High hopes will be fulfilled.

The working-man! the working-man!  
None is more free or brave,  
He claims dominion over earth,  
And rule upon the wave;  
In every hour of peril dark,  
When foes would overwhelm,  
The first to stem the battle's tide  
Were free-born working-men.

The working-man! the working-man!  
Brings from the hidden earth  
The iron and dusky coal,  
Treasures of untold worth;  
The choicest boon in nature's gift,  
Bestowed by power Divine—  
Richer by far than silver, gold,  
Or gems from Indian mine.

The working-man! the working-man!  
His labor scans with pride;  
The "iron horse" upon the land,  
The steamship on the tide;  
His genius rears him monuments  
In every land and clime;  
Press on, the prize is worth the race,  
The earth will yet be thine!

The working-man! the working-man!  
May boast a lineage high;  
Sons of the sires of seventy-six,  
Their fame shall never die;  
Fearless and free, their manly breasts  
Ne'er felt a craven throe;  
The first to grasp the battle-blade,  
The first to spang a foe.

A curse upon the craven few,  
Who would divide to rule,  
And let us write upon each brow—  
Foul traitor—coward—fool!  
Ours is a common cause, and let  
All working-men combine;  
Expunge each line "political,"  
From Main to "forty-nine!"

There comes a voice upon the breeze,  
That all may understand—  
Let there be light within the soul  
Of every child of man.  
And let each kingly brow that wears  
A glittering diadem,  
Remember that a nation's wealth  
Lies in her working-men!

And let it be the honest pride  
Of every son of toil,  
To guard the heritage, that God  
Has given them, from spoil;  
Keep evermore before your eyes  
The motto of the dead—  
"Be sure you're right in every thing,  
Then boldly go ahead!"

Aye, go ahead! and not a foe  
Shall dare to turn us back,  
With eye intent upon the prize  
And foot upon the track;  
None shall define our boundaries  
On this green earth so fair—  
The genius of the working-man  
Seeks empire every where!  
Holmsburg, Pa., 1847.

### LATE FROM MEXICO.

Action at Huanantla—Capt. Walker, the Tex-  
an Ranger, Killed—Atlixco captured by A-  
merican Forces—Mexican Government Sus-  
pended Santa Anna's Command of the Ar-  
my—Re-occupation of Puebla—Flight of  
Gen. Rea—Gen. Smith appointed Governor  
of Mexico—Sickness among the Army.

The steamship New Orleans arrived at New-  
Orleans on the 7th, with dates from Vera Cruz  
to the 1st of November.

Gen. Patterson was to leave Vera Cruz on  
the 1st inst. The whole number of the train  
and escort is 5,000 strong and 220 wagons—  
Capt. Briscoe's Rangers accompanying the train.

The brave Capt. G. H. Walker, of Texas,  
was killed in an action with the Mexicans at  
Huanantla.

The English courier arrived at Vera Cruz on  
the 31st ult., bringing news from the city of  
Mexico to the 29th ult. Nothing very impor-  
tant has transpired in the capital since the pre-  
vious advice.

We extract the following items from the Vera  
Cruz Genius of Liberty, of the 1st inst.  
Atlixco has been taken possession of by 1,000  
of our forces. The large city was yielded with-  
out the least resistance.

Orizaba is doubtless by this time also in pos-  
session of the American forces.  
The Mexican Government has suspended  
Santa Anna as the commander of the army.  
Gen. Rincon has been appointed to that office—  
Santa Anna loudly protesting against the viola-  
tion of his rights as the first Magistrate of the  
nation, as he styles himself, and refusing obedi-  
ence to the government, retires to Tehuacan.

Gen. Scott and staff have lately visited the city  
of Guadalupe.  
Gen. Almona reached Queretaro on the 7th  
ult.

The New York Regiment of volunteers have  
presented swords to Capt. A. W. Taylor and  
Lieut. J. Griffin.  
The city was filled with rumors of peace, and  
it was said that a quorum had met at Queretaro,  
and that the majority decided in favor of an am-  
icable adjustment of difficulties.

There seems to be but little doubt that a force  
of Americans have entered and taken possession  
of Orizaba, and it is altogether probable that the  
force did not exceed 400 men.  
Orizaba contains a population of something  
near 16,000 inhabitants, yet they had the good  
sense to surrender their city, notwithstanding that  
the force was so meagre that demanded it.

The following officers have leave of absence,  
and proceed to the United States—those who  
are not incapacitated by wounds or sickness,  
to recruit for their respective regiments:—  
Brevet Col. Garland, 5th infantry; Col. G. W.  
Morgan, 14th infantry; Ward B. Burnett, N. Y.  
volunteers; Garrett Dykman, N. Y. vols.; A.  
King, 15th infantry; Robert Porter, 2d Penn's  
vols.; Jas. Murray, do.; David Hopkins, do.; J.  
D. Potter, N. Y. vols.; Sweeney, do.; Lorimer  
Graham, 10th infantry; C. H. Jones, N. Y. vols.;  
W. Brown, do.; Llewellyn Jones, mounted Rif-  
les; M. A. Van Buren, do.; Henry A. M. Fill-  
more, 2d Penn's vols. W. C. Toby, of the Phi-  
ladelphia papers, has published a paper in the  
city of Mexico, called the North American. It  
is a beautiful sheet, the Delta says. The affairs  
in the city of Mexico were in a quiet state.

The following from the Genius of Liberty,  
of the 25th ult., contains the most important  
items we can gather from the Vera Cruz papers:  
From four French gentlemen, who left the  
city of Mexico on the 13th, and Puebla on the  
16th of the present month, we have received  
intelligence of a very important nature concern-  
ing the state of affairs in those quarters. Gen.  
Lane having arrived at Perote, was there joined  
by Capt. Walker and his command. Both ad-  
vanced together on the Puebla road till they  
reached the town of Vreyes. At this place  
Capt. Walker, by order of the commanding  
General, took up his line of march to Huanantla,  
by way of the towns of San Francisco and Guas-  
pastla. On his arrival at Huanantla a sanguin-  
ary engagement took place in the streets, be-  
tween the force of Capt. Walker, consisting of  
250 men, and that of the Mexicans, numbering  
1,000, the result of which was the total expul-  
sion of the enemy from the town, and its occu-  
pation by our gallant little army, which lost in  
the battle only six men; but the gallant Walker,  
after performing prodigies of valor and  
feats of the most daring character, fell, in single  
combat, pierced by the spear of an enraged  
father, who, goaded to actual frenzy by the death  
of his son, whose fall, beneath the arm of Capt.  
Walker, he had just witnessed, rushed forward,  
heedless of all danger, to revenge his death, and  
attacking the Captain with irresistible violence,  
plunged his spear into his body, and slew him  
almost instantly.

The Mexicans lost two hundred men and  
three pieces of artillery. The latter were  
thrown into a gully adjoining the town by the  
victors, who, after the achievement of their ob-  
ject, the dispersion of the enemy, for which they  
were despatched to Huanantla, evacuated the  
place and directed their course towards the

on the Puebla road, which they reached with-  
out opposition, and there meeting with Gen.  
Lane, the combined American forces continued  
its march upon Puebla.

Into this city in a state of insurrection it en-  
tered in platoons, delivering at every step a con-  
stant and well-directed fire of musketry, which  
ceased not until the enemy retreated, and order  
was restored in every quarter.

Gen. Rea, of whom we heard so much lately,  
fled with 400 guerrillas towards Atlixco.

Gen. Santa Anna was at the last accounts at  
Tehuacan de las Granadas, having been de-  
serted by all his followers, with the exception of  
two hundred.

A large American train was to have left the  
city of Mexico on the 31st ult., on its way down  
to Vera Cruz. The escort for its protection is  
composed of four or five companies of infantry,  
a battery, and some cavalry, under the command  
of Col. Harney.

The capital is already teeming with hotels,  
taverns, billiard rooms, cafes and theatres, all  
advertised in the American style.  
Some very severe shocks of earthquakes had  
been experienced in the capital.

The health of the army is far from being  
good. The climate of the valley of Mexico is  
not, as it appears, congenial to the constitutions  
of the South.  
It is just as enervating and fatal to the Sou-  
thern, as that of Vera Cruz to the Northern  
constitutions. The effective force of the entire  
army is reduced ten or fifteen per cent. in con-  
sequence.

Gen. Persifer F. Smith succeeded Gen. Qui-  
man as Governor of the city of Mexico. Col.  
Naylor, of the Pennsylvania volunteers, is Gov-  
ernor of the Palace and Keeper of the Ar-  
chives.  
Gen. Shields and Quitman will come down  
with the train, on their way to the U. States.  
The ship Ocean, from New York, with troops,  
arrived at Vera Cruz on the 30th ult.

From the N. O. Picayune.  
Further Extracts of Mexican News.  
Death of Col. Roberts, of the Pennsylvania Vol-  
unteers—Return of Midshipman Rogers, Major  
Gaines, &c.

From the Durango Journal, of the 14th ult.,  
is derived the information that the United  
States frigate Portsmouth arrived in the wa-  
ters of Mazatlan on the 23d of September, from  
Monterey, in California. The U. S. squadron,  
consisting of the frigates Congress, Dale, the  
Cyane, and a transport, left Monterey on the 1st  
of September, for Mazatlan and San Blas, and  
for those of Guaymas and Acapulco.

Major Gaines, Capt. Cassius M. Clay, Capt.  
Heady, Major Borland, Capt. Danley, and Mid-  
shipman Rogers came home, and we are happy  
to add our associate, Mr. Kendall.  
Mr. Bankhead, the British minister, arrived  
at Vera Cruz, on the 30th ult., and was received  
with military honors.

A duel was fought about the 24th ult., be-  
tween Capt. Porter, of the rifles, and Capt. Ar-  
cher of the voltigeurs. At the second fire  
Captain Archer was shot in the abdomen—a severe  
but not dangerous wound.

A duel was fought near Vera Cruz, outside  
the Gate of Mercy, on the 1st inst., between  
Warrington and White, with muskets, at sixty  
paces. At the first fire Capt. Warrington re-  
ceived a ball through the fleshy part of both  
legs, below the knee.

The "Leonidas" letter made a great stir in the  
army. One of the above duels grew out of it.  
DEATH OF OFFICERS.—We regret to learn  
from the Star that Col. Roberts, of the 2d Penn-  
sylvania regiment of volunteers, died at the cap-  
ital on the 3d of October. Lieut. Joseph D.  
Beacon, of the 8th Infantry, died on the 12th  
ult. of wounds received at the battle of Churu-  
busco. Lieut. E. B. Daniels, of the 2d Artil-  
lery, has died of his wounds. Lieut. Steena, of  
the South Carolina regiment, and Capt. Hud-  
dleston, of the 14th Infantry, are dead; the for-  
mer of his wounds, and the latter of a bowel  
complaint.

Dr. Wm. Roberts, of the medical staff, and  
attached to the 5th infantry as surgeon, died  
on the 12th ult., of a wound received at the  
King's Milla. Capt. Pierson, of the N. Y.  
regiment of volunteers, died on the 10th ult., of  
wounds received in storming Chapultepec. As-  
sistant Surgeon Tredwell died at Vera Cruz on  
the 24th ult., of vomit. Lieut. Shackleton,  
of the 2d artillery, has died of his wounds. As  
far back as the 14th ult., Generals Pillow and  
Shields were able to about.

The steam frigate Mississippi arrived at Ve-  
ra Cruz on the 22d ult.  
A court martial was in session at Vera Cruz  
on the 28th for the trial of Captain John H.  
King, Military Storekeeper.  
Gen. Marshall is ill at Vera Cruz and will  
not be able to go up with Gen. Patterson. He  
will wait till Gen. Butler's division arrives.

The steamer A. R. Hetzel, Capt. Decker, ar-  
rived at Vera Cruz on Mobile on the 30th. He  
had to throw overboard his horses, having  
encountered a bad weather. The steamer

Florida was in the same gale and had to throw  
overboard all her mules.

There were several shocks of an earthquake  
at the city of Mexico, on the morning of the 2d  
of October, and again at midnight on the 5th—  
They do not appear to have been very severe,  
as no damage was done in the city, with the  
exception of cracking a few walls.

A new paper has been established in the cap-  
ital, entitled La Razon. It is published en-  
tirely in Spanish, is a Democratic paper, and  
enters the re-establishment of the constitution of  
'24.

Gen. Mora y Villamil has been appointed  
Mexican Secretary of War.

THE DEATH OF CAPTAIN WALKER.—The  
Picayune, speaking of Capt. Walker's death,  
says:—  
Captain W. left the Castle of Perote in com-  
mand of three companies, in advance of Gen.  
Lane's train. Nine miles south of Puebla he  
met 900 Mexicans, said to be under the im-  
mediate command of Santa Anna. In charging,  
Capt. W. received a lance wound entirely  
through the body, and also lost a leg by a can-  
non shot. His personal antagonist in the  
charge, and who lanced him, was a celebrated  
guerrilla chief. It is said that he had sworn  
vengeance against Capt. W. But he, fell in  
the conflict, and by Walker's hands, receiving  
two balls from his revolver.

Captain Loyall and eighteen men of his com-  
pany of mounted Georgians, and from six to ten  
of the rifles, are also known to have been killed  
in the charge of Capt. Walker. A man, named  
Raborg, of Baltimore, interpreter for Captain  
Walker, lost a leg from a discharge of artillery.  
Col Wynkoop writes that the Mexicans were  
slaughtered after this like sheep.

The Delta also says:—Our correspondent,  
writing at a later date than the 25th ult., gives  
the following account of the death of Captain  
Walker:  
"The death of Captain Walker is fully con-  
firmed by a later arrival. It is stated that he was  
shot by a cannon ball from a masked battery, a-  
bout 12 miles from the main road, at a point  
some 16 leagues from Puebla. The ball also  
killed Capt. Loyall, of the Georgia Mounted  
Company, and eleven men are also reported to  
have been killed in the same action."

Torres, the editor of the Monitor Republicano,  
was cowdied for aspersing the character of a  
lady.  
Gen. Ripon and Bravo have been exchanged  
for Capt. Heady and C. M. Clay, and other En-  
carceration prisoners.

There has been a revolution in Guadalupe.  
Mr. Kendall thinks Gomez Farias is at the bot-  
tom of it.  
Senor Ross, the Mexican Secretary of State,  
has under the instructions of Pena y Pena, ad-  
dressed Santa Anna a note from Toluca, order-  
ing him to give up the command of the army to  
Gen. Rincon, until his conduct in the late bat-  
tle shall have been investigated by a military  
council or court martial.

The officers of the Mexican army who had  
gone to Queretaro and Tulca were hooded, it is  
said, by the population, both men and women,  
and scarcely dared to appear in the streets for  
fear of being shot.

The guerrillas are on the road between Que-  
retaro and the capital, and are plundering every  
traveller they meet.  
A letter dated the 12th ult., received at the  
capital from Queretaro, says Pena y Pena had  
just arrived, in company with a few deputies,  
making the total number in the capital about  
fifty. It was thought, says the Star, educa-  
tors would be made at once to organize a Gov-  
ernment, which would settle the question of  
peace or war. If a quorum of Congress could  
be assembled, the first question which would  
be brought up would be the presidency. Almona  
was spoken of as the candidate of the Palos and  
some of the Moderados, and Oliguibel, Governor  
of the State of Mexico, as the candidate of the  
opposing parties. Nearly all the officers of the  
dispersed army were at Queretaro, and it is  
said, found it hard to obtain subsistence.

The military force at Queretaro consisted of  
about 1,000 cavalry and infantry, with six pieces  
of artillery from Guadalupe, under the com-  
mand of General Heredia.

The Star is assured by a Mexican that the  
cathedral of Guadalupe had been sacked by the  
party opposing the church. The Star thinks  
there is something important and "deep-rooted"  
in this.  
The Star of the 16th says the assassination of  
American soldiers by the Mexicans had again  
commenced. Sergeant Sallife, of the Rifles  
was killed the night before. A private of one  
of the infantry regiments was also killed the  
same night, and it was reported that two others  
were killed.

Earthquakes, says the North American of the  
29th ult., are at the present time of very fre-  
quent occurrence in this beautiful country. A  
few days ago the village of Ocutla was totally  
destroyed. The Cerro de la Barea has also  
suffered a severe shake, throwing down houses  
and the tower of the principal church. We  
have had four of these unpleasant visitors in this  
city since our occupation of it.

### PRICES OF ADVERTISEMENTS.

1 square 1 insertion,	\$6 00
1 do 3 do	17 50
1 do 3 do	1 00
Every subsequent insertion,	0 25
Yearly Advertisements: one column, \$20; half column, \$18, three squares, \$12; two squares, \$9, one square, \$5. Half-yearly: one column, \$18; half column, \$12; three squares, \$8; two squares, \$5; one square, \$3 50.	

Advertisements left without directions as to the  
length of time they are to be published, will be  
continued until ordered out, and charged accord-  
ingly.  
Sixteen lines or less make a square.

LETTING OUT A LINK.—The following refers  
to Capt. Philip Kearney, a nephew of Gen.  
Kearney who lost an arm at Cherubusco. His  
private income is \$80,000 per annum; the en-  
joyment of which he left to serve his country on  
the battle-field. He was some years since in  
a commission, to visit Europe, to report upon  
the cavalry tactics of the several governments of  
the old world. In the prosecution of this duty, a  
portion of the commission visited Algiers, where  
they were hospitably entertained by the French  
officers, among whom was one of the sons of Lou-  
is Philippe. Soon after the return of the com-  
mission to France, a number of the French offi-  
cers who had thus entertained them, visited Pa-  
ris; and, as an expression of their appreciation  
of the generous treatment which Capt. Kearney  
and his associates had met with, he resolved to  
proffer them a banquet. The invitation was  
promptly accepted. The Captain felt himself the  
head of the American army, and determined  
that the feast should be worthy of the American  
name. He accordingly ordered a full set of sil-  
ver plate prepared for the occasion, upon which  
his initials, as an officer of the army, were en-  
graved; and when his guests arrived, they  
were astonished at the magic like magnificence  
of the scene which presented itself. It was the  
most costly banquet ever spread by an Ameri-  
can (with a single exception) in Paris, and well  
it might be, for it cost the Captain over \$50,000.

He is, in his whole deportment, quite unostentatious;  
but he "let out a link" upon this occasion,  
not to claim eclat for himself but in honor  
of the American name. The motive was ap-  
preciated by his fellow officers, and secured  
their grateful thanks.—[Albany Evening Jour.]

FUNDS IN MEXICO.—The financial difficulties  
of remitting money to Mexico disappeared some  
time ago. In the present state of things in that  
country, it is impossible for the English mer-  
chants to forward the dollars to the coast, which  
they collect from the mines and other sources  
in the interior. They have been glad, there-  
fore, to exchange these dollars for drafts on the  
Treasury of the United States, and to give  
\$105, and sometimes we are told as high as  
\$115, for \$100 payable here. The effect is to  
return our coin to England instead of Mexico.

We take the coin in Mexico which the Eng-  
lishman would send home, and deposit the same  
amount ourselves in London. This mode of op-  
eration is going on extensively, though exactly  
how extensively we cannot say.—[See. of Com.]

STOUT SOLDIERS.—Six men belonging to  
Captain Pritchard's company, at Louisville,  
who mess together, were detailed for some ser-  
vice a few evenings since. Their size at-  
tracting the attention of some curious person,  
they were asked to get on a pair of scales, when  
it was found that their united weight amounted  
to 1068 pounds. Four of them weighed 784  
pounds, which is an average of 196 pounds  
each. And what is the best of it, it is said that  
either of the six is entirely able to "whip his  
weight in wild cat"—and not calculating how  
many Mexicans.

"GONE TO AMERICA."—In the course of the  
present registration in this county, some opposi-  
tion was made to the retention on the roll of a  
missing freeholder; but, on inquiry, the revis-  
ing barrister saw reason to believe that the  
absent elector had only gone to America. "Oh,"  
said he, "that is nothing new to-day. I was in  
a counting house at Liverpool, a few weeks ago.  
The head of the firm had just received his A-  
merican letters; and on reading one of them,  
he handed it to his son and partner, quietly ob-  
serving, 'You had better go over; you'll settle  
the matter more readily in person than by letter.'  
The young man put on his hat, and was off to  
America with his carpet-bag the same day!"  
The learned gentleman, therefore, thought it  
quite unnecessary to strike the voter off the  
register merely because he had "gone to America."  
Gateshead Observer.

CURE FOR A COUGH.—As the best soon for coughs  
and colds is at hand, we recommend the follow-  
ing remedy, which we have used for several  
years, and never knew it to fail in relieving the  
most troublesome cough, in a few days' time.  
It is a pleasant, cheap, and almost infallible  
cure; and is worth more than a dozen of the  
nostrums so much extolled by interested quacks,  
and sold at ten times the cost:

Put a quart of honey and a quart of water,  
and boil it down to a pint. Strain it, and put  
the water to a pint of molasses, and simmer the  
whole down to a pint. Then add two or three  
sticks of liquorice, and a table spoonful of essence  
of lemon. Take a table spoonful of syrup three  
times a day, or as often as the cough may be  
troublesome.—[Delawarean.]

AT A LATE SALE OF BOOKS IN ENGLAND, the  
auctioneer put up "Drew's Essay on Souls,"  
which was knocked down to a shoemaker, who  
very innocently, but to the great amusement of  
the crowded room, asked the auctioneer if he  
had any more works on shoemaking to sell.