LATEST FROM THE ARMY. Gen. Taylor on the March to Scialuo-Gen. Patterson left in Continued at Camergo-Sickness among the Volunteers-Ampudia at Monterry.

We gather from the New Orleans papers, the Picayone and Delta, the following information respecting the movements of the army. The Picayone mys that 356 of the sick voluntours have arrived :---

On the 6th instant Gen. Taylor crossed the San Juan, and on the 7th took up the line of morch for Seralvo, where Gen, Worth, with his command, had halted. Hays' Regiment was to have left China for the same destination, intending to reach there simultaneously with Ceneral Taylor. General Taylor, in his march, is prepared for any emergency-either an advance or a retreat. He permitted no soldier or officer to take more baggage with him than he can conveniently carry on his back. A number of steamers had reached Matamoras with the extra baggage, and the Quartel of the Zapadores was converted into a depot for it. All the supplies for the Advancing Army, so far, have been sent on by pack mules, and the General expects to have thirty days' provisions for 12,-(RR) men at Seralvo when he reaches it. The reneral impression is that he will there make a halt, and not advance further till he has advices from Washington.

Notwithstanding the reports of the advance of a M-xican force, between San Lais Potos and Saltillo, the General believes he can enter Monterey and even Saltillo without encountering any opposition. The troops now on the rand between Camargo and Monterey number near 12.000; none were suffered to go but such as were able and willing to stand the fatigues of a long march. This had the effects of reducing considerably the volunteer regiments ; few of them exceeded 500 strong ; many of them numbered even less. These regiments are, one from Tennesser, one from Mississippi, one from Kentucky, one from Ohio, one from Texes, (Ilays'.) the Baltimore battalion, a part of the Texan Infantry, reorganized, and McCulluch's and Gillespie's Rangers.

There were near 600 sick volunteers in the baspitals at Camargo, and they were dying vesy fast. So many were sick that it required near a whole regiment to attend to them. Those whom the Tennesceans left behind seemed to be particularly unfortunate, for they ned to call on the Alabamians to attend the living and bury the dead. As fast as these men get able to leave the hospital they are discharged and sent home. In fact, Gen. T. shows a disposition to discharge all volunteers who are discontented and wish to return to their homes. Though the number of patients in the hospital at Matamoras is larger than at Camargo, the mortality is greater at the latter place-near 3 to 1. Those who are unaccustomed to a Southern climate, when once prostrated by the fever, seldom regain their former strength on the Rio Grande ; without a change of atmosphere they die off quickly, else become so enfeebled that they are unable to help themselves. A person who has visited the hospitals at the different posts, has said that if one half of the northern and western volunteers who went to the Rio Grande are effective men on the 15th October,



Baturday, October, 3, 1846.

Democratic Nominations.

CONGRESS ALLISON WHITE. ASSENBLY, SAMUEL T. BROWN. COMMISSIONER. ind All a WILLIAM FOLLMER. - de Lad - W AUDITOR.

V. B. P.AL.MER. Bog., at his Real Es. tate and Coal Office, corner of 3d and Chemut Streets, Philadelphia, is authorized to act as Agent, and receipt for all monies due this office, for subscription or advertising. Also at his Office No. 160 Nussan Street.

EMANUEL ZIMMERMAN.

Me York. And S. E. Corner of Baltimore and Calvert els., Ballimore.

OPRINTING INK .--- A fresh supply of superior summer ink just received, and for sale at Philadelphis prices.

07 Lost .- A Cameo Breastpin, white figure of Minerva on dark ground. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at this office.

OF Hon. SIMON CAMERON -- We refer our readers to the letter of the Hon. Simon Cameron, to the committee informing him that the delegates at the late county convention had nominated him for Governor. He declines being a candidate, for reasons assigned in his letter, and returns his thanks to the democracy of this county for the honor thus conferred on him.

Allison White, Esq.

We refer our readers to an article in another olumn, from the Lycoming Gazette, in favor of Allison White, Esq., the democratic candidate for Congress in this district. The editor of the Gazette speaks highly of Mr. White's character and abilities. Mr. White paid this place a visit on Tuesday last, and was well received by his democratic friends. On the great subject of the tariff, Mr. White, in his letter and in conversation, appears to give general satisfaction. Living within four miles of Farrandsville, an extensive coal and Iron district, it was natural he should be opposed to McKay's bill, which is calculated to prostrate the manufacturing and other great interests of Pennsylvania. Mr. White's prospects are certainly encouraging. It is well known that this district can be redeemed by a handsome majority, if the democracy are united and turn out at the election. The disunion which existed in Lycoming county has been adjusted and the democracy of that county, it is raid, will barmoniously unite in the support of Mr. White. His friends say that his majority there will reach five hundred, and in Clinton two hundred and fifty. In this county, if there is a turn out, his majority cannot be less then five hundred. Union county will not, it is said, give Mr. Pollock over 1,000, and many say not more than 800. Mr. White's election then, it will be seen, will depend wholly upon the activity of the democracy in turning out at the polls. They have now an opportunity of redeeming this district, provided they use proper efforts ; and if it is not done, the blame must rest, as it assuredly will, on themselves.

Wm. B. Foster and the Tax Payers.

Lut every farmer and tax payer remember thatevery vote polled in favor of Wm, B. Foster, is a vote in favor of increasing our already heavy taxes. Mr. Foster is now using the public money which ought to go into the treasury to pay the interest of our state debt, which amounts to nearly two millions of dollars per annum, for the surpose of electing himself to office. He has now employed on the West Branch canal thirteen foreman to do the work which was always done by six, even when the canal had been in jured by the late flood. The expenses on that line are now fifty dollars per day. And what is all this done for ? Why to get voters under his employment, and to quiet grumblers, by finding a place for them at the expense of the State, all of which must come out of the pockets of the people. Look again at the Shamokin Dam, which will cost ten or fifteen thousand dollars to repair. They have nearly 100 hands at work at 1124 per day. They are now paying, or have been paying eleven cents for square timber, which could have been got at four cents in the spring. And what is all this expense for ? Mr. Foster says to raise the water. Now if he was to raise the dam as high as the hills it would not raise the water, unless it was tightened ; and no man who looks at it will pretend that it will hold water. The money expended is therefore all thrown away. At the Nanticoke dam he has appointed an engineer at a good salary, when the Supervisor says that there is no use for one. Throughout the whole state he is engaged buying up men, by giving them an office of some kind, at the expense of the state. And now we would ask the tax payers, when is this thing to take an end, if Mr. Foster should again be elected. It was to prevent such extravagance that the Legislature took the appointment of canal Commission ers out of the Governor's hands and placed it in the hands of the people, intending they should elect a new man every year. If Mr. Foster is re-elected, then Mr. Hartshorne, who is Mr. Foster's shadow, and does just what he says, will also claim to be re-elected, and as these two constitute the majority of the Poard, they may, by the appointments on the canal, and the use of the public money, keep themselves in office for life. Will any man who has a drop of democratic blood in his veins submit to such an outrage ? We believe there are but few, and these are kept in ignorance of these facts, by leaders who are in of fice or who are looking for office. There is scarcely an editor warmly supporting Mr. Foster, who has not been promised or expects an office or reward for himself or his friends. But a great portion of the democracy of the whole state is up against Mr. Foster, and it would not be surprising if he was beaten ten or fifteen thousand votes.

OT THE TARIFF AND CANAL COMMINSIONES -Several anti-tariff papers, who have too much candor to deny Mr. Foster's free trade notions, say that the election of a Canal Commissioner is not in any way connected with the Tariff question. Now we think that it is. Indepen dently of the fact that the tolls upon our canal will be greatly lessened, and our taxes greatly increased by the operation of the British Tarifi of 1846, what interence will the South draw from the election of a free trade Canal Commissioner ! They will say at once that Pennsylvania is satisfied with the bill of 1846. She will adhere to the party, although her in nufactuers are destroyed and her coal thrusted out of market by British coal. Such an inference will have a most injurious effect upor any effort to modify the Tariff so as to protect the great staples of Pennsylvania. And the Southern free traders will point to the election of Wm B. Foster as an evidence that the Democracy of this state are in favor of these measures. We canno' see, therefore, how any Tariff Democrat-how any Penneylyanian can, with ary regard to her interests, vote for him. OF MR WILMOT'S DISTRICT .- This district, which is composed of the counties of Bradford, Susquehanna and Tioga, is now the scene of a most spirited political contest The Tariff democrats of the district refuse to support Mr. Wilmot, and have nominated Robert G. White, Esq., of Tioga, as their Candidate. The Whigs have made no nomination, and are going en masse in favor of Mr. White. Mr. White is a gentleman of fine talents, and highly popular in the district. His prospects are highly flattering, and his friends are sanguine of success. Tioga, which gives 1000 democratic majority. it is said, will give a handsome majority to Mr. White. Susquehanna is expected to do the same. In Bradford, Mr. Wilmot's own county, the democratic majority is but 300 or 400, which the Tariff democrate will most certainly carry for Mr. White. The rival candidates are both talented democrats. The one in favor of protection -the other in favor of free trade. For the sake of the great interests of the state, and the ascendency of the democratic party, we trust Mr. White may be anccessful, of which we have strong hopes. The demand for Pennsylvania White Ash Coal is now quite dull, and very little is being purchased-that which is going forward from the mines having been contracted for some time since. The Philadelphia Commercial List says that large quantities of Pictou Coal are coming into the Eastern States to be warehoused until December, next, and that one Factory at Taunton, Massachusetts, has contracted for 10,000 tons to be delivered before the first of January, and another at Fall River for 6000 tons to be delivered at the same time. VICOROUS PROSECUTION OF THE WAR .-- Gen. Gaines, the N. Y. Herald says, has received orders from Washington for the immediate transportation of all the troops now stationed on the Eastern Division to the Seat of War on the Rio the taking of Tampico. to mail makes shaw on

We commend to our readers the following article from the Democratic Courier, published at Johnstown, Cambria county, in relation to Wm. B. Foster, jr. Johnstown is situated west of the mountains, where the Portage Rail road connects with the canal to Pittsburg. The editor who is a democrat, has ample opportunities of seeing the corrupt management of our public works, by which Mr. Foster is now trying to re-elect himself to office, and is determined to defeat him. The honest tax paying democrats all along the line of canal and rail road, who see how the public money is squandered upon favorites and politicans, have come out against Mr. Foster. From present appearances, we should not be surprised to see him besten ten thousand votes.

William B. Foster, Jr.

It will no doubt be asked why we do not raise his gentleman's name at the head of our ticket. as the democratic candidate for Canal Commis sioner. We cannot do so. We are aware Mr. Foster received the nomination by the democratic convention of the 4th of March last, but we are as well aware that that nomination was effected through corruption and traud of the most bold and reckless character-by a combined prostitution of the executive departments and Canal Board, to perpetuate themselves in office. Mr. Foster was not satisfied, like his predecessors, with the ONE TERM PRINCIPLE, (though a two thirds rule man himself,) but he must have a second term. For that purpose the State Administration and the Canal Board were made political buckster shops-their patronage was thrown into market-the appointments were put off until after the nominating convention. A rod of terror was held over the heads of the incumbents, applicants were invited. Prosecuting attorneys, Deputy surveyors, Harbor masters, Inspectors, Notary publics, Superintendents, Supervisous, Collectors, Weigh-masters, &c., were as delegates, or have their friends there. Applicants were largely courted, and promises held out to them and their friends, that if they would support Foster they would get appointments. The 4th of March came, and with it came such before witnessed at Harrisburg. The convention assembled, and in the matter of determining contested seats, the only question asked, was, is he a Foster man ! Foster was of course nominated, but not without the protest of the delegates from nearly all the democratic counties in the State. Foster's nomination we regard as fraudulent; the man we know to be politically dishonest, and not worthy of the confidence of a confiding people. He has sacrificed the interests of the public works, and prostituted the office of Canal Commissioner, for his own personal aggrandizement. He has removed the best of officers, and the best of men for no other reason under the sun than to put men in power to destroy the democratic ticket, as is the case in this county. He pledged himself before the nomination to appoint certain individuals to office, provided certain delegates would vote for him in the cunvention. He has continued in office certain unqual fied incompetent officers, in contempt of the protestations of the state. He has proscribed a large portion of the democratic party, if not a majority, for opinions sake. He is a factionist of the most disorganizing reputation. His dem-

CONMUNICATED. Misrepresentation.

Ma. Epiton :-Allow me to correct, through your columns, a misstatement made in the last Sunbury Gazette," in an article pretending to give " the sentiments of the democ-ney of Pennsylrania." The article in question contains the following extract :

"While the tariff bill was pending in Congress, Daniel Webster was requested by a number of manufacturers, among whom were the proprietors of furnaces, rolling mills, collieries, cotton and woollen mills, to make a proposition to the friends of the new tariff bill, to reduce the tariff of 1842 85 per cent., which they said would still afford them ample protection. This proposition might have been accepted, and the tariff question set-

To the first part of the paragraph I take no exception ; but deny, without fear of contradiction, the truth of the concluding sentence, and will that the editor has made a most palpable attempt at misrepresentation; whether intentional, or through sheer ignorance of what he has stated, attending a properous community. the public will determine.

It is well known by all sensible persons-and if the editor of the " Gazette" does not know, he should-that no proposition, however just and liberal, could have been made which would have proved acceptable to those persons who were determined to force the bill through with all its acknowledged imperfections. Is not the editor aware of the fact-who, as a public journalist, should be-that immediately before the question on engrossment was taken, the Hon. Simos Camrnon, as a last resort, and to test the hypocritical brawling of some invested with the garb of authority, that Pennsylvania could have had all the protection she desired but for the obstinacy of her representatives, offered two amendments similar to the proposition submitted to Mr. Webster, and had them both signally defeated equired to be in attendance at the convention, His two amendments were for reducing the rates of the act of 1842 25 per cent. on articles above 30 per cent., and reducing the duties on coal and iron 25 per cent. below those imposed by that act. No person with a same mind will assert, that had the amendments offered by Mr. Cameron an array of the interested parties as was never been proposed by Mr. Webster they would have met with different treatment.

> However much inclined the public may be to forget the treachery and foul dealing of those in whom implicit confidence had been placed, this attempt of the " Gazette," at palliation, in uttering a falschood so glaring, will be frowned down by every person the least conversant with the proceedings of Congress. Pretended ignorance, as exhibited by the editor of the "Gazette," of a fact which is now a matter of history, indicates a degree of cringing and sycophantic subservieney only fit for the demagogue who will resort to any means for political elevation.

Notwithstanding the efforts of the dough-fuced editors of the Foster faction to smooth over the injuries inflicted upon Pennsylvania by the nulli fers of the south, there is every reason to believe that the democracy of the Keystone State will show. at the coming election, its utter abhorrence for any man whose views upon the tariff question preserved and her prosperity secure. are in unison with those of men who have declared that this State would submit to anything. "BIGHT OR WRONG." A proper independence demands it of the democrats to hurl this slauder back by defeating WM. B. FOSTER, the man ocratic principles are in proportion to his feed. who has expressed himself favorable to the measures of our enemies. That Mr. Foster's elec

cratic party, I of course endorse the sentiments of those who have so confided in me. Believing as I do that the great interests of Pennsylvania have been rather overlooked in equalizing the act of '46, and that it is the duty of every Pennsylvanian, to use all fair and honorable means for the repeal or modification of such items, as materially eff. et the interests of the State,

The doctrine of incidental protection has been recognized by the Democratic party, and no change in the politics of our county has yet taken place to justify a ceparture from this time honored and wholesome policy. It is also a fact well know to the people of Northumberland county, that I have ever been the advocate of the protective policy. As a manufacturer it is a duty I owe myself as well as the state I reside in, to advance her interest with show, from facts which cannot be controverted, my own. I am therefore in favor of adequate protection to home industry and domestic manufactures ; a fixed and stable policy is a blessing

I am, Gentleman,

Respectfully your obt. Servant. SAMUEL T. BROWN. Messrs, Charles W. Hegins, Wm. L. Dewart, John Farnsworth, Reuben Fagely, Geo. C. Welker, Jacob Young.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Between the Hon, Simon Cameron and the Committee appointed by the Democratic Convention of Northumberland County, to forward him a copy of the resolution passed by that body, nominating him for Governor 1

SUNNURY, September 19th, 1816 HON. SIMON CAMERON,

Dear Sir -- In compliance with the request of the late Democratic County Convention, held in Sunbury, on the 7th inst., we have the honor to forward you the subjoined resolution, passed by that body; and in doing so, permit us to congratulate you upon the high estimation in which your character and public services are held, the Democracy of Northumberland county

A native of her soil, and personally known to most of her citizens, the ability and ardor with which you had always advocated the great prin ciples of the Democratic party had been noted aud admired by them. and it was, therefore, with peculiar pleasure they hailed your elevation to the Senate of the Union. Your enlightened and independent course in that body has not dis-formed of your character and abilities-your conduct upon all the great questions of the day has met their decided approbation, and your indefatigable exertions in defence of American labor and productions will ever be remembered by them with gratitude.

They therefore, with the utmost reliance upon your democracy and sound views of public policy, invite you to take hold of the helm of State. confident that in your hands her honor would be

> With assurances of our high regard, Your fellow citizens, CHARLES W. HEGINS, JESSE C. HORTON, JOSEPH NICELY. HUGH H. TEATS, J. B. PACKER.

Gen. Patterson has been left in command of all the country from Camargo to the mouth of the river, and he has been instructed by General Taylor to issue an order prohibiting the entrance of strangers into the river and at Camarro. This order was brought down to Capt. Ogden by the officers of the Whiteville. Therefore, any person who has not already an established business in the country, will find it rether difficult to land there-at least such is the opinion now. A different interpretation of the order may, however, be given.

Gen. Butler was the man Gen. Taylor designed leaving in command of the lower country, but as Gen. Patterson did not reach Camargo as soon as was expected, the order of things was changed. Gen. P. is represented as being very much mortified at not being allowed to accompany the advance.

Ampudia has issued another extraordinary "Proclama," warning the citizens, on pain of death, not to barter with the Americans, and the Alcalde of Camargo had also put forth a "Bando," prohibiting the Mexicans from working on our steamboats. Some of the duck peal of the same." hands accordingly ceased their labor, but an intimation from some of their employers that the functionaries might be brought in close proximity with a lazo, he releated and the men resumed their labor.

From Lavacca we have by this arrival verious rumore touching Col. Harney and his movements. The account which appears to us the most authentic is that Col. Harney became impatient of his long detention at San Antonio, and accordingly took up his line of march for Mexico on the route to be followed by Gen. Wool, with the dragoons under his command and a force of Texan volunteers. He reached the Rio Grande, crossed the river, and was penetrating the country, when he received an order from Gen. Taylor directing his return to Sin Antonio and placing him under arrest. The Texas Advocate says there has been either gross misunderstanding or wilful disobedience of orders on his part, and adds that he disconcerted the operations of Gen. Wool to no inconsiderable degree.

few days since, at St. Johns, N. B., a man, named John Moore, afflicted with pain in his bowels, cut himself open, and having pulled out his bowbut was too weak to perform the act.

in gates to a second to a

OF Sons or TEMPREANCE - A grand gather ing of the order was held at Northumberland, on the 24th ult. On the occasion a bible and banner were presented, by the ladies of Northumberland, to the Division at that place. A number of neat addresses were delivered. The address of our young friend David Taggart, Esq. we have beard highly commended as an eloquent production.

OF A large meeting of the democracy was held at New Berlin, on the 22d ult. Allison White, Esq. was called on to address the meet. ing. The Lewisburg Chronicle says, "he avowed bimself an ardent and warm supporter of protection-opposed to the tariff of 1846, and pledged himself, if elected, to vote for, and urge the re-

OT THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE AND WM. B. FORTER .- This committee, in its address glorifying Mr. Foster, mys that Mr. Foster received the votes of 85 delegates on the first ballot. Will the committee be good enough to state how many delegates came opposed to Mr. Forter, and who were changed, by receiving apintments for themselves and friends, and whether the only delegate from Bucks county who voted for him was not appointed as collector at Middletown 1

CF EDITORIAL CHANGES .--- Col. Tate has dis posed of his interest in the Luzerne Democrat. to Chester Tuttle. He will return to Berwick, to take charge of the "Enquirer."

Wm. P. I. Painter has retired from the Mut. cy Luminary, which is now conducted by Geo. P. I. Painter.

107 Hon. Richard Coulter, of Westmoreland county, has been appointed Judge of the Supreme court, in place of Judge Kennedy, deceased.

OF ARRIVAL OF THE GARAT WESTERN .- This vessel brings aix days later news from Europe. The failure of the potatoe crop is universal in the United Kingdom, as well as in France, Belg um, Holland and Prussia. In France the harvest Grande. This looks as if the war is to be pushed els, he hacked them to pieces. Finding his death has been poor, and in England but an average with vigor. Letters from Washington also state too lingering, he attempted to cut his threat, one. American produce of all kinds is therefore that orders are to be transmitted to the Gulf for advancing in price. The States burn beating

He is a free trade man, a supporter of Wilmot and Piolett, his fellow county men, in their ef forts to destroy the interests of Pennsylvania him because our democratic subscribers are all of the State. opposed to him, and in nine-tenths of the counties in which democratic meetings have been held, he has got the cold shoulder, which is a sufficient evidence of his unpopularity, and the correctness of our position.

If, however, the office of Canal Commissioner was filled by one man, or if it would be made Whig by the election of Mr. Power, we believe our love for the democratic party would induce us to swallow the pill, bitter and nauscous as it is. Happily for the democratic party, this is not the case. The Canal Board is filled by three persons, so that the election of Mr. Power will not change the political complection of the office. Democrats can, therefore, vote for Mr. Power without compromising their democracy, and it is their duty to do so, under the peculiar circumstances of Foster's nomination and censurable conduct.

Hon. ELLIS LEWIS, President Judge of this Judicial District, has been appointed Professor of Law and Medical Jurisprudence in Franklin College, Penn's. Will the Judge accept ? If he does, the College will have secured the services of one of the first legal minds in the country. and will have much cause to rejoire in their suc cess.-Columbia Spy.

REPORTED CAPTURE OF SANTE FE BY COL KEARNEY, WITHOUT OPPOSITION -- A gentleman arrived at St. Louis, from Independence, Missouri, informs the editors of the Republican. that previous to his departure a traveller had arrived at that place, who stated that at the crossing of Kansas river he fell in with an express from Col. Kearney, on his way to Fort Leavenworth, who reported that Santa Fe had been taken pomession of by the forces under that officer. Governor Armijo was there, but made no opposition. The rumor was generally accredited at Independence.

Oscuanne.-At the West, efforts are me king to establish large fruit orcharde, on a scale which probably has never been equalied in any part of the world. One farm in Cleviand, Ohio. has 6000 trees. They have 1300 apple, 680 quince, 600 or 800 cherry, 200 plum, and the rest peach. It is no uncommon effair to find forme in New Jersey with 5000 peach trees.

tion will be heralded as a free trade victory, there is nothing much more certain. Let every demo-Knowing as we do that every charge preferred erat, then, who cherishes the doctrines recognized against Foster is true, we would be doing our. by Washington, Jefferson, Madison, Monroe, and selves and the public great injustice were we to Jackson, exert himself to defeat the man who support him. Furthermore, we cannot support entertains sentiments averse to the best interests | Simon Cameron, as a worthy son of Oid North-INDEPENDENT.

Sunbury, Oct. 1, 1846.

Mr. Brown's Views on the Tariff Question.

SUNBURY, Sept. 16, 1546.

DRAR SIR-Having been selected as the Demo cratic candidate to represent Northumberland County in the next Legislature, we desired to know your opinion, and the course you intend to pursue in the event of your election, on the subject of the Tariff. Every candidate for office ought to declare his opinions on the great questions of the day freely and frankly, and expecting that you will have no besitation to do so, as fellow democrats we now address you, and we request that you will give us a candid answer to GENTLEMENthe following queries:

Are you in favor of affording adequate protec. tion to home industry and domestic manufactures, by means of our revenue laws ?

Are you opposed to the tariff of 1846, and the principle upon which it is based, viz : the laying of revenue duties without regard to the amount ticle ?

If elected, will you vote to instruct our Senators to go for the repeal of the Tariff of 1846. and productions, against foreign labor and foreign wavering democratic county. productions ?

Your reply will, of course, be laid before the public.

	very neupernany, jours,
	JOHN FARNSWORT
	REUBEN FAGELY.
ACTION ONLY	C. W. HEGINS,
	GEO. C. WELKER,
t here, sold	JACOB YOUNG,
in the set	WM. L. DEWART.
SANCEL T	BROWN, Esq.
in all escal	Manager would be a sum of the will be here

Mauron, September, 20th 1846. GENTLEMES .--- Your note has been duly re-

ceived, addressing a number of inquiries to me. on the subject of the Tariff. I must cheerfully comply with your request, or enswer your "queries," as far as my ability will enable me to do so. It is a right due the public, to know my assurance of my centinued friendship. opinion on that important question.

In consenting to become the candidate for the Legislature, and nominated by the damo- Packer, Maurer, and others, Committee, &

FELIX MAURER, and others, Committee, &c.

RESOLUTION : "On motion of Samuel D. Jordan, Esg.,

"Resolved, That we are proud to hail the Hon umberland-a true scion of her independent democracy-a true-hearted Pennsylvanian, able, fearless and unflinching in defence of her rights and her interests. We owe him much, and we now evince our appreciation of his merits, by nominating him as the candidate of the Democratic party for the gubernatorial chair of this State in 1817, subject to the decision of the Democratic State Convention

"Resolved, That C. W. Hegins, Joseph Nicely, Jesse C. Horton, Jacob Gearbart, Hugh H. Teats, J. B. Packer and Felix Maurer, Esgs. be appointed a committee to forward a copy of the foregoing resolution to the Hon. Simon Cameron."

MIDDLETOWN, Sept. 26th, 1846.

I have received your letter conveying to me the resolution of the Democratic Convention of the county of Northumberland, nominating me for the office of Governor.

I feel greatly flattered with this compliment, coming from the county which presented the great and good Snyder to the Democracy of Pennof protection they will afford, but solely to raise sylvania, and conveyed to me, as it is, by genthe largest amount of revenues from a given ar- tlemen who have known me from my earliest boyhood. Whether in private or in public life, every good man must be gratified with evidences of friendship from those who know him best ; for the passage of such a Tariff Bill as will af. and nothing could be more grateful to my feelford ample protection to home labor and home ings than this compliment from that steady, ur.

The Chief Magistracy of this great Commonwealth is a post which the ablest and proudest citizen might be glad to occupy. It should be the highest honor of the faithful public officer, to be cartied with him into retirement, as the reward of his services. I feel that I have no claim to it ; and having recently been elevated to a high place, mainly to aid in the protection of the interests of my native state, I could not, in accordance with my sense of propriety, desert that post while those interests are in danger, for any personal distinction high or bonorable as it might

I beg you, therefore, Gentlemen, to convey to the democracy of Northumberland my gratitude for their kindness, and my respectful decliantion of the nomination. For yourselves, receive the

SIMON CAMERON To Mesers. Hegins, Horton, Nicoly, Tents.