Franklin Repository.

LOCAL ITEMS.

GOSSIP WITH OUR FRIENDS.—Last week a promise was recorded by your Gossip that he would relate how "he succeeded in piling brick, and what he made by it." That promise shall now be redeemed. Some people may think piling brick a low sort of business for an editor, but that depends entirely how it is done, and the *animus* (as the lawyers have it) with which the work is performed. There are three ways of accomplishing the operation. The first is to pile them so that they tumble down: the second so that they will stand, and the third way is to pile them well and philosophically. A philosopher (your Gossip is one) always wants to know all about his work. For instance, I now know that bricks are quite an ancient institution; for did not the Babelonians, with the memory of the flood fresh in their minds, say one to another, "Let us make BRICK, and *burn them thoroughly*," (we don't always do that now); and does not Moses add, "And they had BRICK for stone, and (s)lime had they for mortar?" The civilized nations of the East used bricks at a very early date. The Israelites had a time harder than the bricks they made for their Egyptian task masters, as they were *baked*—not *the Israelites*, but *the bricks*. The Greeks perfected the art; and the Romans were regular bricks at bricklaying, and put their mark on every brick. There are houses standing in England this day, made of the brick imported into that country by the Romans. Until the commencement of the present century bricks were made entirely by hand, while now machinery has been introduced to great advantage in their manufacture. Other things being equal, much depends upon the quality of the clay. Sand and clay make a stronger brick than pure clay. The Pug-Mill—but I have said enough on the subject to illustrate what I mean by the philosophical part of piling brick. I tried to pile philosophically *all* the time, but an insecure pile (the first way) would disturb my equanimity, and once pinched my fingers badly. When the work became too monotonous I relieved myself thus: *one*, fun; *two*, few; *three*, free; *four*, sore; *five*, thrive; *six*, fix; *seven*, Heaven; *eight*, fate; *nine*, fine; *ten*, then. After which I alternated in this original manner:

"*One, two*—buckle my shoe;
Three, four—open the door;
Five, six—pick up sticks;
Seven, eight—you've come too late;
Nine, ten—a good fat hen."

Then I changed my metre in this wise:

One, two, three—the blacks are free!
(As all men can see.)
Four, five, six—good for nix!
(These *three* bricks.)
Seven, eight, nine—put them in line!
(I fear they incline.)

It is positively surprising how these expedients "administer to a mind distressed" with the sameness of piling brick. The changes from piling on edge or side; laying them this way and then that way; binding them at the ends; commencing a new pile in a new place, etc., expedite and relieve the labor. Piling on the slope of a hill, too, is artistic. One pile reminded me of the leaning tower of Pisa; another of Fort Sumter, A. D., 1865; and still another of "my own, my native land"—Chambersburg! You can form no conception of the excitement caused by the striking of the hub of a cart wheel against a newly completed brick pile. The arrival of a cart is a sort of an oasis in the piler's mind. A balky horse, a broken single tree, a premature delivery, or an out and out stall are agreeable episodes; and the occasional clashing of judgment between the horse, the driver and the brick-piler, adds to the life of the work. And then the appetite consequent upon the exercise *pays* one amply; so does the dirt, for once really dirty you can lie down anywhere, regardless of broadcloth or cassimere. It is true that perspiration and brick dust mixed well together produce rather an Aboriginal effect upon the complexion, and is hard upon a white shirt, but then *remember the appetite;* and who ever heard of a brick piler blacking his boots? Here allow me to remark that I have replaced my sheep skin gloves by a pair of buck skins, which answer admirably.

ANSWER TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Mrs. Grundy is a character frequently referred to in Morton's comedy of "Speed the Plow;" though the old lady does not appear on the stage, thus giving her a Delphic odor which has never worn away. Dame Ashfield is constantly repeating, "What will Mrs. Grundy say?" much to the discomfort of her husband, an honest farmer. The play being popular, and the idea pertinent, Mrs. Grundy has grown to be a celebrity. She represents the French "on dit," and the English "they say." Long live Mrs. G., even if she does at times bring her massive umbrella upon our household corns. She *means* well, and I honor her intentions. Even the best of men wish to be on good terms with her.

I have been deeply exercised in my mind lately with regard to what was to take the place of Dr. Franklin upon the Court House cupola; and feared greatly that the old Doctor would have to give way to some new fangled notion, but I rejoice to say that Mr. Seibert has exhibited his usual good taste by concluding to restore the County's God-Father, lightning rod and all. Hurrah for Franklin (county)! I also made myself a special committee to examine the Court House, and was much gratified to see the improvements that have been made in the interior arrangements. The heating accommodations are excellent, as well as the disposal of the offices and jury rooms. The Court Hall will be elegant, and far more commodious than before. Mr. Seibert and the Commissioners will have the thanks of the present and future generations of Franklin county people.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.—The unterrified Democracy of Franklin county met in Convention in this place on Tuesday of last week. We say the unterrified, for if the Democracy can appeal to the people this fall after the events of the present year contradicting everything they professed and predicted to the people last year, they must be courageous, indeed. But hopeless, desperate and embarrassing as their cause must be before the people they attempted to deceive into a betrayal of their country but one year ago, they have gone through the motions and now present a ticket for the support of the same voters.

Until within ten days before the Convention, the contest was confined exclusively to the candidates for Sheriff. The nomination of M'Lellan for the legislature, as also that of Doyle for Treasurer and Duncan for Senator were conceded; but at the eleventh hour J. M'Dowell Sharp was trotted out, rather by his friends than by his own efforts, and the struggle for Senator became one of exceeding bitterness. It was not doubted that the popular wishes of the party were for Mr. Sharpe, confessedly its most accomplished leader; but Duncan had been alone in the field so long, and Sharpe refused to make a personal effort to secure it, and the result was that muscle won over brains. There was a widespread desire on the part of the better class of Democrats to have an abler and more experienced man on the ticket for Senator, in view of the vast interests the border has in future legislation; and when Duncan finally prevailed there was profound regret felt on every hand save among the more reckless party leaders.

The Convention met in the School House at 11 o'clock and organized by the election of Mr. D. K. Wunderlich as President; Dr. Isaac Clugston and Hiram Sowers Vice Presidents, and B. A. Cormany and W. H. Blair as Secretaries. The Convention then adjourned until 1 o'clock, P. M., when ballots were had as follows for

SHERIFF.

	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.
Wm. Reber	11	11	9	*
Wm. M'Clure	13	12	17	22
G. W. Wolf	20	17	19	17
S. R. Boyd	23	34	40	49
M. Wineman	9	5	*	
S. P. Harbaugh	11	17	11	8
Wm. Forbis	*			

*Withdrawn.

Mr. Boyd, of Chambersburg, was declared the nominee, and a ballot was then had for

TREASURER.

Joseph M. Doyle..... 68 | Wm. B. Gabby..... 28

Mr. Doyle was declared nominated, and Wm. S. Stenger was nominated for District Attorney and Wm. M'Lellan for Assembly, by acclamation. A ballot was then had for

SENATOR.

C. M. Duncan..... 54 | J. M'D. Sharpe..... 43

Mr. Duncan was declared the nominee, and the following ballots were had for

COMMISSIONER.

	1st.	2d.	3d.
John Lindsay	*	*	*
Wm. Bossert	41	35	43
John Croft	6	*	
C. D. Lesher	7	4	*
Henry Stonehouse	35	39	45
*Withdrawn.	11	11	

Mr. Lesher was declared nominated, and Hugh Auld was unanimously nominated for County Surveyor: Samuel Secrist for Director of the Poor: John A. Sellers for Auditor, and Dr. W. A. Hunter for Coroner without the formality of a ballot. Geo. W. Brewer, Esq., was appointed Representative Delegate to the next State Convention. Speeches were then made by Mr. M'Lellan, Mr. Stenger and Mr. Brewer. It was noticeable that Mr. M'Lellan disclaimed a nomination as a partizan and declared that he accepted the nomination only with the hope of promoting the interests of the sufferers of the border.

The Convention adopted the resolutions of the Democratic State Convention (published in our last issue), with the following addition:

Resolved, That the citizens of Franklin County, in common with the citizens of all the Border counties of this Commonwealth, recognize the fact that protection is the price of allegiance, and, that having been loyal throughout the long and bloody civil strife just ended; and having suffered not only the common calamities of war, but also ravages from friend and foe common only to the border counties, that they now recognize the obligation and duty of Pennsylvania to compensate her citizens for the losses thus sustained; and that our Senator and Representatives be instructed to use all legitimate exertions to secure the passage of the necessary legislation for that purpose.

Resolved, That we have viewed with satisfaction and entire approbation the legislative course of Hon. William McSherry, our late Senator.

Resolved, That Hon. J. McDowell Sharpe, by his ardent support of the interests of Franklin, as well as the other border counties, in the last Legislature, merits our unqualified approbation.

Resolved, That we pledge ourselves to cordially support the ticket this day nominated.

The Convention then adjourned.

WE direct the attention of parents to a notice of the School Directors of Chambersburg in another column of to-day's paper. It will be observed that by a change in the school law, no child under six years of age can be admitted into the schools of this Commonwealth. The schools will open on Monday, the 18th inst.

INFORMATION WANTED.—Mrs. Mary Hardwick is anxious to know the whereabouts of her husband, Jno. Hardwick, who left Port Republic, Rockingham County, Va., in December, 1863, with the intention of going to Ohio. She can be addressed by letter directed to Waynesboro', Franklin County, Pa.

CAPT. A. S. ASHMEAD, formerly Quarter-master in this place, has been brevetted and appointed Chief Quarter-master on the staff of General Humphreys, commanding the district of Pennsylvania. He is a most excellent officer.

THE Hagerstown Savings Bank having been changed into the First National Bank of Hagerstown has commenced operations under the National Banking Law. The old issues are all being called in and destroyed.

SQUIRREL SHOOTING.—The period fixed by law for the shooting of squirrels begins on the first of September and closes on the last day of December. It is illegal to shoot these animals at any other time.

WITHDRAWN.—The slate farm near St. Thomas, one of three advertised by hand-bill by Messrs. Bossert and Dietrich, has been taken by the heirs, and is therefore withdrawn from sale. The others will be offered as stated in the bills.

CAPTS. PATTON & DAVIDSON, of the 21st cavalry and 126th infantry, have purchased the stock of T. C. Grove, in Mercersburg, and are now conducting the business.

A CARD TO INVALIDS.—A clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the Cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by lonely and vicious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *Free of Charge*.

Please inclose a stamped envelope, addressed to yourself. *Address* JOSEPH T. INMAN,
oct 19-1y] STATION D. BIBLE HOUSE, *New York City.*

WE go to Clippinger & Thompson's to get the truest pictures. Mr. John W. Odiorne, late of Gutekunst's Imperial and Morgan & Reusstar's Excelsior Gallery, *is operating for them.* Mr. Odiorne, from past experience of nine years, deems himself competent to make pictures equal to any made in the first cities Galleries of New York, Philadelphia or elsewhere, therefore they can assure their patrons to give them satisfaction in all cases. Dont forget the place, *Sign of the Red Flag, Second Street.* June7-3m

WE advise all who want to buy goods to retail again to call and examine GELWICKS and BURKHART'S large stock of merchandise before going to the city or before buying elsewhere, as you can do as well with this firm on all goods and on some articles better than in the city.

AT CRESSLER'S DRUG STORE.—A new and extensive stock of Toilet Articles, foreign and domestic, are now offered, many of them at reduced prices. Call and examine.

WE advise all who want good pure white Kerosene Oil free from smell and smoke, to go to GELWICKS and BURKHART'S, either at wholesale or retail.

THE best selling $20 Family Sewing Machine in the world advertised in this issue by Lathrop & Co., 142 South 6th St., Phila. Read Advertisement.

REMEMBER Gelwicks and Burkhart keep everything and sell cheap.

THE STULTIFIED SOLDIER.

The Philadelphia *Press*, after a scathing review of the Democratic platform of this State, thus refers to Col. Davis, the soldier who has accepted a nomination for Auditor General on a platform that is a blistering libel upon his heroism in the field:

And it is a soldier that crowns this revolting pyramid! The candidate for Auditor General is Colonel W. W. H. Davis, of Bucks county. We take it for granted that he will accept the nomination, indeed it would be safe to say that he sought that doubtful honor. Colonel Davis though, a good soldier, was one of the very few men who fought against the rebellion in the field and allowed his name to remain at the head of a newspaper in Bucks county, in which the war and the Administration under which it was conducted were steadily opposed and misrepresented. Had the counsels of his newspaper, the Doylestown *Democrat*, been followed, Colonel Davis would now be one of the spectators of (if not one of the mourners over) a divided and sub-divided Republic: each fragment at war with the other, and all ready for a foreign master in preference to a reunion among themselves. Vain in that case, had been his Sword against the theories of the Pen that wrote in his newspaper. Once it was given out that the soldier was not the editor—that the words of the Doylestown *Democrat* were not the words of Colonel Davis, and that he would take an early chance to say so. Time passed. His regiment, the 104th, has closed its service, been mustered out, and the officers and men have for months been at their homes. But the Doylestown *Democrat* has contained no card from the military editor, rebuking his substitute for the sentiments that made it so vile an echo of the Woods and the W. B. Reeds during his absence. We have, instead, his nomination as candidate for an important State office on the most odious platform ever adopted by any party since the rebellion commenced. We question whether the avowals which burried the Democratic party under an avalanche in Ohio in 1863, which lost Jesse D. Bright his seat in the Senate in 1861, or which now constitutes the basis of the Copperhead opposition in Kentucky, was or is more repulsive. It is certain that in none of the lately rebellious States have any of the late enemies of the Republic enunciated opinions at once so revolutionary and dangerous. We are constrained to believe, therefore that Colonel Davis approved the disreputable course of his paper during his absence in the field; and that he accepts the new and demoralizing position assumed for the Democratic party by the Convention of which he is a candidate. Now, while he deserves his share of credit for fighting for his country, that credit becomes a doubtful commodity when it is trumpeted to give solvency and repute to a bankrupt and dishonored cause. No bravery can make such a cause acceptable to the American people. What bitterer insult to a soldier can be conceived than to charge him with fighting not for principle but for pay? How instinctively this question is understood by the bravest men of our conquering armies, is proved in the overwhelming fact that all of them, without distinction of former party attachments, voted for or recommended the re-election of Abraham Lincoln, and hence the election of Andrew Johnson. Grant, Sherman, Sheridan, Hancock, Meade, Hooker, Butler, Geary, all of them, stood on this high level, because they regarded it as a religious duty—in fact, as part of the obligation they assumed when they embarked in the war against the rebellion.—Such a Convention as that which met at Harrisburg on Thursday last, would have been guaranteed by them under the army regulations to prevent a contagion from spreading, and such a platform as that which Colonel Davis stands upon, would have been regarded at a very long range with their best field-glasses, and finally pronounced a rebel masked battery filled with the deadliest missiles. And so Col. Davis and the Democracy of Pennsylvania will find it to be in October next.

THE PUBLIC DEBT.

Secretary McCulloch has published a statement of the public debt, as appears from the books, Treasury returns and requisitions up to the 31st of August, 1865.

The recapitulation is as follows:

Amount of outstanding debt bearing		
Interest in coin	$1,168,310,191	81
Interest	64,500,490	50
Debt bearing interest, lawful money	1,274,478,103	16
Interest	73,531,037	74
Debt on which interest has ceased	1,503,020	09
Debt bearing no interest	373,398,256	38
Total debt	2,757,689,571	43
Interest	138,031,628	24
Legal tender notes in circulation:		
One and two years 5 per cent. notes	33,954,230	
United States notes (old issue)	402,968	
United States notes (new issue)	432,757,601	
Compound Interest notes, (act March 3 1863)	15,000,000	
Compound Interest notes, (act June 30, 1864)	202,024,160	
Total	$3,624,138,959	

As contrasted with the statement of the public debt, published on the first of July, the principal has been increased only $295,000 within the last month, while the interest on the debt has decreased nearly $231,000.

The legal tender notes have been reduced $1,097,000. The amount of coin now in the Treasury is nearly forty-five millions and a half, or about ten millions more than a month ago.

The currency now in the Treasury is nearly forty-three millions as against eighty-one and a half millions, showing a reduction of currency in the Treasury for the past month of thirty-eight millions and a half. The suspended requisition amounts to a little over two millions

The United States Consul at Port Mahon, in a letter to the State Department, dated August 12th, says: "Should the advance of the cholera, for the next twenty days, be as steady as it is now, it must be looked for in England."

The total number of freedmen in the District of Columbia, in the charge of the Freedmen's Bureau, is nearly 26,000, of whom 519, are receiving rations from the Government, without rendering any equivalent.

"Applications for the shipment of these should be made in writing to the proper officers of the customs, who will forward them to the Department for its decision, accompanied with such recommendations as they may be disposed to make."

"H. MCCULLOCH,
"Sec'y of the Treasury."

DARING BANK ROBBERY.—From the Somerset *Democrat* of the 23d ult., we clip the following account of a recent slight-of-hand performance among the "frosty sons of thunder:" On last Sunday night the bank of M. Tredwell & Co., of this place, was robbed of its entire contents. About twelve thousand dollars in 5-20 and 7-30 Government bonds, and eight thousand dollars of Government funds, revenue stamps, &c., were taken. The burglars, it seems, picked the lock and entered the front door. From the instruments used and the manner in which they opened the safe, it is evident that they are professional burglars. They must have known the number and kind of safe, for they drilled a hole to the bolt on the inside of the door with measured accuracy. There was a steel box about 10 inches by 6 within the safe, containing the valuables, which they carried off. They left the following articles in the bank, on their exit: 1 common wrench, 1 steel crowbar, three feet in length, 1 patent wrench, 10 drilling bits, 1 tenant saw, 2 gimlets, 1 file, 1 box of tools, 1 can and one bottle of sperm oil and 1 gum piano cover.

A reward of $1000 is offered for the apprehension of the burglars and the recovery of the money, or $500 for either.

THE ship Brother Jonathan, plying between San Francisco and Portland, Oregon, was wrecked near Camp Lincoln in the latter State, on the 30th of July, and all on board except fifteen were drowned. The passengers and crew numbered between two and three hundred. Among the lost was Brig. General George Wright. Brigadier General Wright is not the old commander of the 6th Army Corps. He was the colonel of the 9th Regiment United States Infantry, but was at the time of the disaster brigadier general of volunteers, and was on his way to take command of the district of Oregon. He was a soldier noted no less for his bravery and judgment than for his goodness of heart and many social qualities.—Lieutenant E. Waite, of the same regiment, was also lost. He, too, proved himself a good and faithful officer. Both will be regretted by friends all over the country.

THE BRIDAL CHAMBER, an Essay of Warning and Instruction for Young Men—published by the How ard Association, and sent free of charge in sealed envelopes. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. feb-1y.

MARRIED.

HENSHEY—WINTERMUTE.—On the 24th ult., in Terra Haute, Indiana, by Rev. Mr. Stimpson, Mr. B. B. Henshey (formerly Druggist in this place) to Miss Emma Wintermute, of Terra Haute city.

HECKMAN—GELWICKS.—On the 3d inst., at the residence of Mr. John Gelwicks, by the Rev. S. McHenry, Mr. John A. Heckman to Miss Maggie Gelwicks all of St. Thomas township.

WILSON—ANDERSON.—On the 20th ult., at the Sanders' Hotel, St. Louis, Mo. by the Rev. Samuel R. Foreman, Mr. W. M. Wilson, of Leavenworth, Kansas to Miss Ellie S. Anderson, of Juniata county, Pa.

DIED.

CAMPBELL.—On the 21st ult., near Concord, John Johnston Campbell, aged 35 years and 4 months.

CRAWFORD.—On the 25th ult., at her residence in Guilford township, Mrs. Elizabeth S. Crawford, widow of the late Mr. Hugh Crawford, in the 99th year of her age. Mrs. Crawford has been for many years a believer in Jesus and the genuineness of her faith has been proved by a consistent life. She was gentle amiable and retiring in her disposition, and endured with patience the suffering of life, and sympathized deeply with all who were in affliction. She loved the house of God, and rarely failed to be present at public worship when her health would permit. For years she has labored under the infirmities of old age and often longed to depart and be with Christ. When the summons at length came, she departed in faith calmly trusting herself to the Savior whom she had so long served.

REPORT OF THE MARKETS.

Chambersburg Markets.

CHAMBERSBURG, September 5, 1865.

Flour—White	$11 00	Butter	25
Flour—Red	10 00	Eggs	15
Wheat—White	2 10	Lard	22
Wheat—Red	2 00	Tallow	9
Rye	96	Bacon—Hams	20@2[illegible]
Corn	60	Bacon—Sides	22
Oats	35	Soup Beans	1 50
Clover Seed	8 00	Washed Wool	80
Timothy Seed	2 00	Unwashed Wool	50
Flaxseed	1 50	Pared Peaches	7 00
Potatoes—Mercer	60	Unpared Peaches	4 00
Potatoes—Pink Eyes	50	Dried Apples	1 50

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

Philadelphia Markets.

PHILADELPHIA, September 6, 1865.

Flour dull—Sales confined to want of home consumers at $7@7.50 for Superfine; $7 75@8 25 for Extra; $9@9.50 old stock Extra family; $10@10.50 for fresh ground.—100 bbls. Rye Flour sold $6,25. Corn Meal held at $4.75.

Wheat steady; 4000 bushels old red sold at $2,21 small lots of new at $2.05@2.10. Rye commands $1. Corn is scarce. Sales of yellow at 96c. mixed Western at 95c. Oats steady 52 for new and 57 for old. Whisky firm at 2,30.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

Philadelphia Stock Market.

PHILADELPHIA, September 5.

Stocks steady. Pa. fives, 90½; Morris Canal 82, Long Island,—; Reading 53½; Penna. R. R., 57½; Gold 144½; Exchange in New York par.

New Advertisements.

LADIES' IVORY BUTTON GAITERS. Call and get them at FREY & FOLTZ'S.

LOST, STOLEN OR DESTROYED.—Certificate No. 1285, extra dividend of 1859, in the accumulated capital of Penn Mutual Life Insurance Co., issued in the name of J. L. Suesserott.
Application has been made for a new certificate.
sept6-6t SAMUEL S. SHRYOCK, Agent.

NEW STYLES OF WIRE BRIM Hats, selling cheap, at FREY & FOLTZ'S.

ESTRAY.—Came to the premises of the subscriber, on the pike 1 mile west of town, in July last, a RED COW. The owner is hereby notified to come and prove property and pay charges of keeping, or she will be dealt with according to law.
sep6-3t HENRY GREENAWALT.

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, AT FREY & FOLTZ'S, 5 doors South of the Market House.

THE MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGANS, forty different styles, adapted to sacred and secular music, for $80 to $600 each. THIRTY-FIVE GOLD or SILVER MEDALS, or other first premiums awarded them. Illustrated Catalogues free. Address, MASON & HAMLIN, BOSTON, or MASON BROTHERS, NEW YORK. sep6-1y.

LADIES' PATENT COMBINATION Gaiter. Call and see them at FREY & FOLTZ'S.

WANTED.—Agents, MALE or FEMALE, to introduce the best selling $20.00 FAMILY SEWING MACHINE in the world. All complete—Hemmer, Self-Sewer, Binder, Baster, Tucker, &c., &c. We let good agents pay for the machines after they sell them. For particulars address or call on LATHROP & CO.,
sep6-3m No. 142 South 6th St., Phil'a., Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration on the Estate of Jacob Stewart, late of Antrim township, dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned.
All persons knowing themselves indebted to said Estate will please make immediate payment; and those having claims present them properly authenticated for settlement.
aug30-6t MARY ANN STEWART, Adm'rx.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that Letters Testamentary to the Estate of Dr. Samuel D. Culbertson, late of Chambersburg, dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned.
All persons knowing themselves indebted to said Estate will please make immediate payment; and those having claims present them properly authenticated for settlement.
E. CULBERTSON,
J. P. CULBERTSON, } Ex'rs.
T. B. KENNEDY,
sep6

FAYETTEVILLE SEMINARY.—The FALL TERM of this Institution, heretofore under the care of Mr. Swinney, will re-open *on the 10th of September.*
The services of Mr. CALVIN S. GERHARD have been secured, who comes with the highest recommendations, both as regards attainments and character, from gentlemen well known in this community.
The Boarding Establishment will be in charge of Mrs. Rebecca C. Weagley, who is every way qualified to do justice to those who may wish a pleasant and healthful place to board.

Robert Black,	Rev. E. B. Wilson,
John Downey,	S. E. White,
Dr. C. Hartzell,	J. W. Barr,
J. B. Cook,	H. K. Byers. [sep6-2t]

REGISTER'S NOTICE—All persons interested will please take notice, that the following Accountants have filed their Accounts in the Register's Office of Franklin County and that the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court for confirmation, *on Tuesday, the 3d day of October*, 1865, in Chambersburg:
144 The acct. of W. W. Britton and John R. Weist, Adm'rs D. B. N. C. T. A. of Jacob Keasy, late of Letterkenny twp. dec'd.
147. The acct. of John Adams, Adm'r of John Gilbert, late of Washington twp., dec'd.
148 First and final acct. of Benj. F. Need Guardian of Samuel G. Croft, minor child of Rapley G. Croft, late of Chambersburg dec'd.
147. The acct. of Thomas Pawling Guardian of Mary C. Mitchell minor child of Geo. Mitchell, of Antrim twp.
sep6 H. STRICKLER, Register.

FOR SALE.—A valuable FARM of 130 ACRES of excellent LIMESTONE LAND, 30 Acres of which are in good TIMBER, situated ¼ of a mile from the Welsh Run Post Office, Franklin county, Pa., and about 7 miles from the Franklin Railroad in a high state of cultivation, with A No. 1 improvements, consisting of a new double two-story STONE HOUSE 50x30 ft; a good new Stone and Frame Barn, 47x80 ft. Also, an excellent Well of Water and two large Cisterns which hold from 75 to 100 hogsheads of water. There is also a fine young Apple and Peach Orchard, Ice House, &c. It is also very near shops of all kinds and mills, which make a good market for grain. Title good and clear of all incumbrances. Possession given immediately. Apply to the owner, on the premises.
☞ If not sold until the 12th *of September* 1865, it will on that day be offered at public outcry. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M. [sep6] JOHN S. ANGLE.

LETTERS REMAINING UNCLAIMED In the Post Office at Chambersburg, State of Pennsylvania, September 5th, 1865.
☞ To obtain any of these Letters, the applicant must call for "advertised Letters," give the date of this list, and pay two cents for advertising.

Addington Carri B	Jones Mrs M (col)	Southers Henry 2
Allen Mrs. Mary P	Karmorchey Sam'l	Snyder B C
Baker Miss Martha	Lehman Henry E	Tritle Miss Ellen
Bowers Geo H	Lee O D	Tyler Austin
Bowman Bolivar	M'Gill George	Taylor Miss Mary C
Cooper Mrs Mary J	Martinness Mary O	Waugh Will P
Colman John	Musselman Jacob	Wilson Mrs Ella
Davis Jno P	Reed D C	White Winfield
Dickson Alfred A	Silbey George	Williams Henry
Grove John W	Shoff Frederick	Williams Wm
Hays Wm	Sheeman Reuben	Wilt John A
Hays James	Smith Jno H B	Witherspoon Wm
Hoover Mrs Sarah	Spangler James	

J. W. DEAL, P. M.

PUBLIC SALE!—The undersigned will offer at Public Sale, *on Saturday, the 23d day of September* 1865, the FARM situate in Letterkenny township, on the road leading from Strasburg to Roxbury, two miles from the former and two and a-half miles from the latter place, adjoining lands of Abraham Wenger, Henry Rife, John Rife and others, containing 124 Acres & 84 PERCHES OF SLATE LAND; about 5 acres of the above are well Timbered, and 20 Acres in Meadow, the balance is under good cultivation and well fenced. The improvements are a two-storied Rough-Cast HOUSE, with a one-storied Kitchen, Frame Weatherboarded Barn, and all necessary out buildings. There is running water through the land and a well of excellent water at the kitchen door. There is also an Orchard of Choice Fruit on the premises. Persons wishing to view the property can do so by calling on Wm. Creamer, residing on the Farm.
☞ Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, when the terms will be made known by
sep6 HENRY H. WENGER.

ALLEN & CO., REAL ESTATE AGENTS, STAUNTON, VA., Have for sale some CHOICE LANDS in Augusta, Rockbridge, Fauquier and Albermarle counties Va. There are five or six FARMS in Augusta, averaging about 200 Acres, each with good improvements, a very valuable farm of about 200 Acres within three miles of Lexington, in Rockbridge county, well improved; about 3,000 Acres of the finest Grass and Wheat Land in Fauquier county, on the Manassas Gap Railroad, which will be divided into farms to suit purchasers; the celebrated BLENHEIM ESTATE, in Albermarle county, containing about 800 Acres, with improvements of the best kind, and a large tract of land abounding with Iron Ore and well Timbered on the Central Railroad, in Augusta county, with a Furnace thereon now in full operation, and other lands exceedingly desirable. Entire peace and perfect order exist in the counties in which these lands lie. Address
sep6-6t* ALLEN & CO., Staunton, Va.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.—The Public Schools for the Borough of Chambersburg, will open *on Monday, the 18th day of September.* Scholars will report to their former Schools except those from Broad Street School who will report to the Secretary for assignment.
The attention of Parents is called to the following Act of Assembly, passed on the 27th day of April, 1854:
SECTION 3. Act No. 66, Page 63 Pamphlet Laws for 1855. That the words "above the age of five and under twenty-one years" in the twenty third section of the act of the eighth of May, A.D., 1854, relative to the regulation and continuance of a system of education by Common Schools, be so changed as to read "between the ages of six and twenty-one years."
It will thus be seen that no child under six years of age can be admitted into the Public Schools of this Commonwealth.
It is to be hoped that Parents will observe this Act of Assembly, and thereby save the Directors the unpleasant duty of sending home all children under six years of age. By order of the Board of Directors
sep6-2t J. N. SNIDER, Secretary.

IN PARTITION.—John Slichter vs. Susan Sahm, widow, & Jacob Rife, Guardian of Abraham Sahm, Anna Mary Sahm, Susan E. Sahm and Johnathan Sahm, heirs at law of Abraham Sahm, dec'd. In the Court of Common Pleas of Franklin County, Pa., No. 21, April T. 1864. Brevede partienne facias, June 6, 1865. The Court order and decree a sale of the Real Estate.
Notice is therefore given by the undersigned that in pursuance of said order and decree he will expose to public sale, on the premises, *on Saturday, the 30th of September next* the following described Real Estate, viz: a tract of land in Letterkenny township, in said county, containing 249 ACRES and 115 PERCHES, neat measure bounded by lands of Jacob Rife, Michael Dice, Daniel Slichter, John Brake, Frederick Deck, John Deck and others. The improvements are a two-storied LOG DWELLING HOUSE, a Stone Bank Barn and other necessary out buildings.
Terms:—The sum of one thousand dollars to be paid at the time of sale, and the balance on the first day of April 1866. [sep6-4t] SAMUEL BRANDT, Sheriff.

VALUABLE FARM AT ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—By virtue of an Order issuing out of the Orphans' Court of Franklin County there will be exposed at Public Sale *on Saturday, the 30th day of September*, 1865, on the premises, the following Real Estate viz:
The MANSION FARM late the property of Jas. Lawson dec'd, situate in Montgomery township, containing 136 *Acres and 71 Perches* neat measure, with a large and comfortable DWELLING HOUSE, a good Barn and other necessary improvements thereon erected; two hundred and eighty Acres of which are good Farm Land, part Limestone and part Slate; the balance is set with thriving Chestnut, Poplar Hickory, and Oak Timber.—There is also a valuable Meadow belonging to the Farm, and two *never-failing Springs of water near the Dwelling* House, with running water in every field. Also, a thriving Young Orchard of Good Fruit. The Farm is convenient to Stores, Mills and Churches, and will be sold in whole or separate tracts to suit the purchaser. Any one wishing to see the property can do so by applying to the undersigned or to the Messrs. Lawson on the premises.
Also, A tract of TIMBER LAND, situate on the Clay Lick, well covered with Pine, Chestnut and Rock Oak Timber, containing 33 Acres and 113 Perches, neat measure.
Sale to commence at 12 o'clock, on said day when the terms will be made known. WILLIAM BOYD,
Adm'r *de bonis non* with the will Annexed of James Lawson, dec'd. sep6-4t

New Advertisements.

ARMY AND NAVY SHOE BLACKing at FREY & FOLTZ'S.

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE. The undersigned, Executors of the last will and testament of Henry Brewer, late of Warren township, dec'd, will offer at Public Sale, on or near the premises, *on Saturday, the 30th day of September*, 1865, the following described Real Estate, to wit:
No. 1. The MANSION FARM, adjoining lands of Jacob Myers, Jonathan Yeakle and Samuel Furry, containing 25 ACRES and 95 PERCHES, with a WEATHER-BOARDED DWELLING HOUSE, Frame Barn and other improvements thereon erected.
No. 2. A tract or messuage of LAND, adjoining lands of Fred'k Fritz, Joseph Phenicie and others, containing 236 ACRES and 13 PERCHES, with a two story STONE DWELLING HOUSE, Bank Barn and other improvements thereon erected.
No. 3. A tract or messuage of LAND, adjoining lands of Samuel Zimmerman, Solomon Cook, John H. Thomas and John Zimmerman, containing 111 ACRES and 40 PERCHES, with a LOG DWELLING HOUSE Log Barn and other improvements thereon erected.
No. 4. A tract of MOUNTAIN LAND, adjoining lands of Denton Brewer, Joseph Phenicie and the mountain survey, containing 82 ACRES and 159 PERCHES.
The above described property is well supplied with good water, and well Timbered, with a reasonable number of Fruit Trees on the same.
Sale to commence at ten o'clock, A. M., on said day when terms will be made known by
SIMON BREWER, } Ex'rs.
sep7 DENTON BREWER,

TWO FARMS AND MILL FOR SALE!—The undersigned, Executors to the Estate of Jacob Deitrich, late of *Hamilton township, dec'd.* will offer at Public Sale, the following Real Property, late the Estate of said decedent, viz:
A SLATE LAND FARM, situate in Hamilton township, on the road leading from St. Thomas to Strasburg, about seven miles from Chambersburg, containing *One Hundred and Eighty-Two Acres.* This Farm has been well limed within the last ten years, and is now producing heavy crops of Hay and Grain. The improvements are, a two-Storied Weatherboarded and Brick Dwelling House; large Bank Barn; two Wagon Sheds; two Carriage Houses; and a large STONE MILL 45 feet by 40, lately repaired and now in the best order, and is located in a good neighborhood for Grain and Custom Work, which gives it a decided advantage over many other Mills. About 18 acres of the above Tract are Meadow, and about 10 acres Timber Land. This Farm will be divided to suit purchasers.
Also, Three Lots of TIMBER LAND, adjoining lands of Henry Keefer, Martin Detwiler and William Bossert, containing, respectively, 23 Acres and 104 Perches, 19 Acres and 10 Perches, and 20 Acres.
The above property will be sold *on Wednesday, the 20th of September.*
Also, A LIMESTONE FARM, situate in St. Thomas township, within a half-mile of St. Thomas, containing 150 ACRES. This Farm is well improved, has lately been limed, and all under good fence, the greater part being post-and-rail. About 15 Acres are in good Timber.—The improvements are a large BRICK HOUSE and Bank Barn, nearly new, and all the necessary out-buildings. This Farm will be sold *on Thursday, the 21st of September.*
☞ Sale to commence at 10 o'clock on each day, when the terms will be made known.
W. BOSSERT,
JOHN DIETRICH,
sep6 3t Executors of J. Dietrich, dec'd.

PROCLAMATION!—*GENERAL* ELECTION.—Whereas, in and by an Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania entitled: "An act relating to the Elections of this Commonwealth," passed the 3d day of July, Anno Domini 1839, it is made the duty of the Sheriff of every county within the Commonwealth to give public notice of the General Elections, and in such notice to enumerate—
1st—The Officers to be elected.
2d—Designating the places at which the election is to be held. Therefore,
I, SAMUEL BRANDT, High Sheriff of the County of Franklin, do hereby make known and give this PUBLIC *Election to the Electors of the County of Franklin*, that ON THE 3d TUESDAY OF OCTOBER NEXT, (being the 10th day of the month,) a General Election will be held at the several Election Districts established by law in said county, at which time they will vote by ballot for the several officers, &c., hereinafter named:
One person for Auditor General of the State of Pennsylvania.
One person for Surveyor General of the State of Pennsylvania