Franklin Repository.

LOCAL ITEMS.

GOSSIP WITH OUR FRIENDS.—While walking past the Germantown depot, the other day, a curious sight arrested my steps—a carriage, driven by a white man, and containing a negro and two little darkies. That innate curiosity which makes one a bad citizen, but a good gossip, impelled me to try to discover who the sable travelers were. The wool of the man was sprinkled with grey; and the boys, severally eight and ten years old, had that look-about-where-are-we-air, that marks the stranger, black or white. The carriage drove up to the depot, and the party descended, the old man saying in true Virginia pathos (*I know the tones, its tricks and its manners*); for did not Lee's army occupy our town for three weeks: "Now, chill-un, tote you' traps; be keerful. How much, sah?" he said, turning to the driver. "Two dollars," was the prompt reply. From one pocket and another came, here a twenty-five cent and there a ten cent note, and now some fives, and then some pennies, until the amount was made up. With true editorial pertinacity I followed the party into the ticket office, and into the cars, where I seated myself beside the old man, and elicited the following recital, which I will not attempt to clothe in his dialect: "I am sixty years old. I have lived in Virginia all my life. I was a slave until Mr. Lincoln made me free, about seven months ago, since which time I have served in the army as cook, and in the forage department at $25 a month. I am as glad to be free as though I were ten years old. These boys are mine; and I hope they will *grow up to enjoy* what I am almost too old to use as I should. For the last seven years I have been hired out by my master in Petersburg. I was separated from my wife and boys, and have been looking for them a long time. She was looking for me and the boys too. *Once we were on opposite sides of the river for a* whole month, dying to see each other; but neither of us could find out where the other was. At last I heard they were away North. I earned enough money to bring me here, and yesterday I found my old woman in Germantown, where she has a *good place. She told me the children were in* Salem. I went down there for them, and here I am on my way to Germantown, to show them to her. We are all going South again, where we can now live together, and where we can work for ourselves. Bless God and Mr. Lincoln for it." I asked how his money held out, and why he spent two dollars on a carriage. He answered, "I am almost out of money, and I hired a carriage because I could not find my way. *I am a stranger.*" I *returned* the old man a very small part of what *the white man* owed him; and he reverently ask God to bless me. It is true he said, "May God Amighty bress you," but I think God Almighty understood him. For the sake of truth, justice and mercy, let us be kind to the negro. We have been fearfully scourged, North and South (and old Chambersburg has come in for a full share) for our participation in this monstrous evil of slavery. We have not done *all* when we have freed the slave. We are yet deeply in his debt. Will we, dare we repudiate?

New York is now nearly at its heighth in dirt, and mud, and dust, and stink. Were it not for the occasional pleasant breeze from the sea, that rich and poor can alike enjoy, it would be almost uninhabitable. Monday of last week I saw a man dying from sun-stroke on the side-walk, and the day after winter clothes felt quite comfortable.

Our female correspondent who accompanied Jeff. Davis from Irwinsville to Fortress Monroe, has reached New York, and is preparing a careful account of her conversation with J. D. Mr. Bennet has seen the manuscript as far as it has progressed and professes to be much pleased. He says "it will please the public taste as well as though it was false." This unqualified praise from so eminent a journalist is sufficient to advertize the forthcoming pamphlet, which will be entitled

"THE LAST TIMES
of
JEFFERSON DAVIS, ESQ.
and a full account
of his
APOTHEOSIS,
with minute details of how
he became his own
MOTHER."

Business is very dull—every one holding off for lower prices. Manufacturers, jobbers, retailers and consumers acting in council.

Barnum has a large painting on the outside of his museum illustrative of the capture of J. D., and every window of the print stores exhibits pictures of all sizes and at all prices commemorative of the same historical event. How grateful these exhibitions must be to the representatives of the Southern chivalry who had made their homes in N. Y. We had a big meeting at the Cooper Institute, last Thursday night, which Gen. Grant honored with his presence. Such a crowd was in and outside of the Hall that the Police were almost useless, and indeed were as enthusiastic as any of the great unwashed. Grant made a speech exactly seven seconds in length, and was quite exhausted in consequence. He can't make a speech as well as McLellan, but " " he took Richmond.

"His deeds exceed all speech."

There, Shakespeare makes a good ending.

NEW YORK, June 10, 1865.

EARNINGS OF TELEGRAPH COMPANIES.—A statement in the money article of the *Journal of Commerce* of the 31st ult., setting forth the monthly earning of telegraph companies, is calculated to convey erroneous impressions with regard to them, and makes it proper that the facts should be so stated as to convey the truth.

In the first place it should be known that the lines of the Western Union and American Telegraph Companies, and such lines as are leased and controlled by them, are the consolidation of the oldest lines of telegraph in this country, and are understood to be represented by a joint capital of from 25,000,000 to 30,000,000 of dollars. Until a very recent date they have had a complete monopoly of the use of electricity in the conveyance of intelligence, not only for the public and the press, but since the war began, for the government.

On the other hand, the United States Telegraph Company was organized only last August, with a nominal capital of 6,000,000 of dollars, a little more than one half of which, or about 3,500,000 has been placed for the purpose of paying for the lines purchased by it and of building additional lines already completed, and those now in the course of construction. It is true that it has lines "working to many of the same points with the other two companies," and when its lines are finished with less than half the amount of capital stock, upon which to pay dividends, its lines will reach all the principal points that are reached by the other two companies, including the principal points in the mining districts of Colorado and Nevada, and the principal cities and towns in California; a contract for the construction of a first class, two wire line, having just been completed with parties fully able to carry it into effect in the shortest possible time, running from Chicago, and St. Louis to the Pacific, at San Francisco.

Up to the present time, however, several of the principal cities and towns of the West have not been reached by the lines of the United States Telegraph Company, principally in consequence of the factions opposition of the old companies in their effort to maintain their monopoly—such as Cincinnati and St. Louis. But notwithstanding, its monthly earnings have gradually and permanently increased, as might have been ascertained from a little further examination of the U. S. assessor's books, from which it appears that its earnings for

January 1865 were	$33,663
February, do	42,199
March, do	50,078
April, do	56,085

The total earnings of the assessor's books of the Western Union and American Telegraph Company, for six months, is $1,791,415, which is a little over 5½ per cent. on $30,000,000.

The total earning of the United States Telegraph Company, taking the average of its earnings for the last four months, as per the assessor's books, will be for the current six months $273,048, which is about 8 per cent. on $3,500,000, the amount of its stock placed, and which will complete its lines to Cincinnati and St. Louis, and several other important points in the West, to be done in a brief period.—*Cor. of Journal of Commerce.*

MAJ. GEN. CRAWFORD.—In the great military procession of Pennsylvania troops in Philadelphia on Saturday, Gens. Meade and Crawford—the two Pennsylvania Major Generals who passed through all the battles in Virginia and returned with their honors and scars to meet the cordial welcome of a grateful people—received the heartiest plaudits of the citizens. Gen. Crawford is a son of the Rev. Dr. Crawford, of this county. He was born in Philadelphia, graduated at the University of Pennsylvania, and was attached to the command of Major Anderson, as a Surgeon, when his superior officer, in December, 1860, made his sudden and unexpected removal from Fort Moultrie to Fort Sumter. When on the memorable 12th of April, 1861, the confident Beauregard opened his fire upon the devoted fort, Surgeon Crawford had been detailed to the command of a battery, and he was the first to open upon Fort Moultrie. He was one of the garrison who was allowed to leave the fort with the honors of war.

Coming to the loyal States, he sought more active service than he could hope to obtain as an army surgeon. His first commission was as Colonel of volunteers, under Rosecrans, in Western Virginia. His behavior there won for him a Brigadiership. He then served under Banks, in the Shenandoah Valley, and after Banks' retreat he assumed command of the column, leading the right brigade at Cedar Mountain, where he was commended for conspicuous gallantry by Pope. He commanded the first division of Banks' Corps at Antietam, where he was severely wounded. After recovering, he was placed over the Pennsylvania Reserves, whom he led at Gettysburg in their famous charge. He was subsequently promoted to a Major Generalship for gallantry. He continued in command of the Reserves in the Wilderness, at Spottsylvania Court House, North Anna, and Bethesda Church. He afterwards commanded the consolidated First Corps of Reynolds, and took an active part at Petersburg, Weldon Railroad, Hatcher's Run, Dabney's Mills, and finally at Five Forks and in the pursuit and surrender of Lee.

He is a Major in the regular army, but will doubtless be speedily promoted.

NEWS IN OLD TIMES.—We have before us a copy of the Hartford (Conn.) *Courant*, dated October 29, 1764—more than a century ago, in which we notice an important item of news from what is is now Franklin county A letter is published, dated Williamsburg, Virginia, Sept. 14th, containing an extract from a letter dated Fredericksburg, Va., Sept. 3d. in which important intelligence is given from the troops operating against the Indians in this region. The following is the extract, by which news from the troops in what is now Franklin county as late as the 26th of August, reached Hartford by way of Fredericksburg and Williamsburg by the 29th of October.

"Lieutenant Colonel Reid, of the Highland Regiment, got as far as Fort Ligonier, with the first division of the troops under Col. Bouquet's command, the 25th ult., without any loss from the enemy; and Col. Bouquet marched from Fort Louden, in Pennsylvania, on the 31st, with the rest of the troops. A party of 4 Indians killed several people near Strasburg on the 22d ult. and took one Mary Dillener prisoner, but by the activity of the militia employed at the advance posts they intercepted the Indians, scalped one on the 26th, and retook the prisoner. Several small parties are down, conducted by white men, who have lived with the Indians, and turned as savage as they; *but such* dispositions are made for pushing and intercepting them, that it is hoped they will not have an opportunity of committing any outrages. Sir William Johnson has sent some Northern Indians to Fort Pitt, to reclaim the Ohio Indians, and a general peace is soon expected."

OIL DEVELOPMENTS.—Oil lands like prophets seem to have honor save in their own country. Foreign companies are now boring for oil in Franklin, Bedford, Fulton and Juniata counties, while the citizens of those counties do little toward the enterprises beyond selling or leasing the lands. The "Concord Imperial Company" is testing the lands of the estate of Alex. Irvin, dec'd, near Concord, and the "Juniata Independent Oil Company" is boring on the same land. We learn that large tracts of land have been leased in the upper end of Path Valley for oil purposes, and a Carlisle Company is about trying its *fortune in the same locality.* Tuscarora Valley, Juniata county, is about to be bored for the precious grease, and several companies have located in Fulton county. The citizens of Harrisonville have held a meeting, and resolved to bore a well forthwith; a company is boring near McConnellsburg, and *the Hancock Company is testing the* Bowles farm near that place. We shall be glad to hear of the success of any of these enterprises, but like Burns we "guess and fear."

THE VANDAL M'CAUSLAND.—It is a common impression that Gen. M'Causland, who burned and sacked Chambersburg is dead. He was routed by Gen. Averill at Moorefield soon after he left this place, and was afterwards reported dead. In all the subsequent battles in the valley McCausland did not figure, and it became a general belief that he had been killed. We have before us reliable evidence however, that he is still alive. His troops became so brutalized under his command that they were inefficient as soldiers, and they did not participate in any of the late battles. He surrendered himself to the Union troops near Charlestown, Va., recently, and was paroled at that place by Colonel Oley, of the 7th Western Virginia Cavalry, and is now living on his farm near Point Pleasant, West Va., nearly opposite Gallipolis, Ohio. He is said to be very comfortably fixed, and living in luxury. We have the information from a reliable officer in the Veteran Reserve Corps.

THE following card appeared in the Philadelphia *Episcopal Recorder*:

The undersigned, at the request of the Bishops and of the South Central Convocation of the Diocese, is collecting funds for a church building at Chambersburg, where an old parish organization still exists. The services of the missionary were interrupted by the burning of the town, and without a building they cannot be resumed. It is proposed to give final success to previous efforts in behalf of this destitute portion of the Diocese, by the erection now, of a suitable building as the thank-offering of the Diocese for our deliverance out of the alarms and horrors of war, and for the restoration of peace. A site is secured; collections and subscriptions amounting to nearly *$1000 are* already in hand, contributed in Carlisle, Harrisburg, York, Columbia and Lancaster, and with testimonials of approval from the Rev. Drs. Newton, Howe, Morton, Goddard, Suddards, Phillips, Brooks, and others, it is felt that "efficient help may be obtained" from the churchmen of Philadelphia. The Advancement Society is trustee of the funds already collected, and Mrs. Hamilton (123 Chestnut street) has kindly consented to receive donations. *The Subscription list is there.* Additional acknowledgments: From the Rev. Dr. Newton, $25; from parishoners, by the Rev. Dr. Morton, $13; by Dr. Goddard, $5; Miss S. E. Farnum, $35, and a pulpit Bible. Donations are respectfully requested.

FRANCIS J. CLERC,
Rector of St. John's, Carlisle.

THE Waynesboro *Record* of the 9th says that the annual meeting of the Snow Hill Society, known as the Seventh-day Baptists, was held at the Nunnery near that place on Saturday last. The weather was fine and the attendance unusually large. The number of persons present has been estimated at from 3000 to 5000. Judging from the throng of horsemen and vehicles which passed through our streets the latter estimate does not exagerate the number.

THE REPOSITORY BUILDING.—The Repository Association have purchased the lot lately occupied by the Franklin Hall, on the North-east corner of the Diamond, for $5,000, and have issued proposals for the erection of a fine three-story brick building to be completed by the 1st of January next. The building will contain the counting room and editorial rooms of the REPOSITORY, and some five stores and offices on the first floor, and a well ventilated and commodious Public Hall will be on the second floor. The attention of builders is invited to the advertisement for proposals in to-day's paper.

DIED OF STARVATION.—The friends of Mr. George S. Eyster, a member of Company E, 11th Penna. Cavalry, who was captured by the rebels on the Weldon Railroad last summer, have received information of his death in the prison at Florence, S. C., on the 1st of February last, of starvation. Mr. E. was among the first to respond to the call of his country at the outbreak of the rebellion, and after serving respectively in the three and nine month service, entered the 11th Cavalry for three years.

CONSOLIDATION OF RAILROADS.—At a meeting of the stock holders of the Cumberland Valley and Franklin Railroad Companies, held at Chambersburg on the 31st of May last, the agreement previously entered into by and between the Boards of Managers of said Companies to merge both Companies into one under the charter of the Franklin Railroad Company, was unanimously sanctioned. One consolidated road now extends from Harrisburg, Pa., to Hagerstown, Md., a distance of 78 miles.

THE FOURTH OF JULY.—What is doing in *Franklin to insure a proper celebration of the approaching 4th of July?* Our war-worn veterans are home again—the "cruel war is over"—Peace with its countless blessings again dawns upon our beloved country, and we should celebrate the natal day of the Republic as it has never been celebrated before. Let steps be taken at once to have suitable celebrations in the different parts of the county.

PROMOTED.—The people on the border will be gratified to learn that Maj. Jno. S. Schultze, the efficient and gentlemanly Adjutant of the Department of Pennsylvania, has been breveted by the President to the rank of Colonel "for faithful and meritorious services" as stated in the general order announcing the fact. His promotion dates from the 13th of March, 1865.

MUSTERED OUT.—Battery A. 1st N. Y. Artillery, which has been on duty here for some months, left for Elmira last week to be mustered out. It was a splendid organization, under capable officers and maintained excellent discipline. Lieut. Kingsbury has been in command, and he retires enjoying the respect of our entire community.

RETURNED.—The companies of Capts. Kuhn (formerly M'Culloch's) and M'Knight returned home on Wednesday last—having been honorably discharged. They participated in some of the severest battles of the Richmond campaign under Sheridan, and were present at the capture of Lee.

RELIGIOUS.—The second Quarterly meeting of the M. E. Church will commence on Saturday next Preaching on Saturday evening at 8 o'clock, and on Sunday at 10 A. M. and 8 P. M., by the pastor, Rev. S. H. C. Smith.

SUNDAY SCHOOL.—The Sunday School Convention for this (Carlisle) District, East Baltimore Conference, M. E. Church, held its Fourth annual session at Mifflintown, Juniata Co., Pa., June 6, 1865.

HAIL STORM.—A destructive hail storm passed near Mercersburg on Friday last. At Bridgeport it was very severe, breaking most of the glass exposed to it, and doing great damage to the crops.

CAPT. JNO. HARMONY, of the 21st Cavalry, is an aid on the staff of Gen. Gregg, who has his head-quarters at Lynchburg, Va.

WE go to Chippinger & Thompson's to get the truest pictures. Mr. John W. Odiorne, late of Gutekunst's Imperial and Morgan & Rensstar's Excelsior Gallery, is operating for them. Mr. Odiorne, from past experience of nine years, deems himself competent to make pictures equal to any made in the first class Galleries of New York, Philadelphia or elsewhere, therefore they can assure their patrons to give them satisfaction in all cases. Dont forget the place, *Sign of the Red-Flag, Second Street.* june7-3m

GELWICKS & BURKHART have *returned from* Philadelphia and New York with a new and very heavy lot of goods. It is their determination to make this business pay them by selling great quantities of goods, and not by large profits. We advise all who wish to buy goods cheap and to have the largest and most varied stock to make their selection from, to call with this firm before buying elsewhere.

ANODYNE CORDIAL, the Mother's Friend and Child's Relief—This valuable medicine is again for sale at MILLER'S NEW DRUG STORE, next door west of Brown's Hotel. It is far superior to all Soothing Syrups, or any other preparation for children in Teething, Cholic, Diarrhea, or inward pains.

LOOK out for the Big Hand, when you come to town, and by following its direction you will arrive at the cheap Hat, Cap, Boot and Shoe Store of FREY & FOLTZ, 5 doors South of the Market House, Sign of the Red Flag.

GO TO Gelwicks and Burkhart's for confectionary, they manufacture; have always a fine assortment and sell cheap wholesale and retail.

THE only place to get a pleasant and refreshing drink of Soda Water, is at CRESSLER'S, *where the* choicest fruit syrups are always kept.

AN ELOQUENT ADDRESS.

GOV. Curtin has issued the following eloquent and patriotic address to the people of Pennsylvania, *announcing the close of the war and the* preservation of our common liberties:

PENNSYLVANIA EXECUTIVE CHAMBER,
HARRISBURG, PA., June 10, 1865.

To the People of Pennsylvania:

The bloody struggle of four years is ended.—The fires of rebellion are quenched. The supremacy of law and right is re-established. The foulest treason recorded in history has been beaten to the earth. Our country is saved.

These blessings we owe—under God—to the unequaled heroism—civic and military—of *The People.* In the darkest hours—under the heaviest discouragements—falter who would—*they* never faltered.

They have been inspired with the determination to maintain the free Government of our fathers—the continued Union of our whole country—and the grand Republican principles which it is their pride and duty to defend, for the sake not only of themselves, but of the human race.

I glory in saying that the people of Pennsylvania have been among the foremost in the career of honor. Their hearts have been in the contest. Their means and their blood have been poured out like water, to maintain it.

The remnants of the heroic bands; that left her soil to rescue their country, are now returning, having honorably fulfilled their service. They have left tens of thousands of their brothers on many a bloody field.

Their memories will be preserved on our rolls of honor. For their widows and families, a grateful country will suitably provide.

Let the survivors, who are now returning to us, have such a welcome as it befits a brave and patriotic people to give to the gallant men, who have *saved the country*, and shed new lustre on Pennsylvania.

I recommend that in every part of the State, on the approaching Anniversary of Independence, special observances be had of welcome to our returned defenders and of commemoration of the heroic deeds of themselves and their comrades who have fallen.

A. G. CURTIN.

SUICIDE—About 8 o'clock on Monday morning, a Mr. McCacheny, a tailor, residing in Plainfield, West Pennsboro' township, was found lying upon the floor of his shop, quite dead. Not more than half an hour before he had been seen entering his shop, and when discovered life had not been extinct *probably* more than a few minutes. The suicide accomplished this tragic result by attaching his silk neckerchief to the beam of a heavy sewing machine, which was standing upon a table in his shop, the end of a neckerchief reaching to within a few inches of the floor. Spreading a buffalo robe on the floor beneath the noose, he slipped the latter over his head, and laid himself calmly down to sleep his last sleep.—*Carlisle Herald, 9th inst.*

FREDERICK SMYTH was inaugurated Governor of New Hampshire on the 8th. The State debt is $3,978,000. The year's interest will be $258,000. The estimated receipts are $932,000, or $674,060 above the interest. The expenditures to be provided amount to $2,642,000. The Governor recommends rigid economy, and the issue of seven-thirty currency interest bonds. The Governor recommends, also, care for the families of disabled soldiers, and negro suffrage.

THE barn of Mr. Jas. Burns, of Napier tp., Bedford County, was destroyed by fire a few days ago. It is not known how the flames originated.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

The demand for the Second Series of the 7-30 Notes was so great that the Treasury Department was unable to print them with sufficient rapidity to fill the orders. It will be remembered that a hundred millions were subscribed and paid for in a single week. The printing presses have finally surmounted the difficulty, and on Wednesday, June, 7th, the deliveries of the Third Series commenced, and will be continued with the same promptness that marked the supply of the notes of the first and second series. It has been this interruption of delivery at the time of subscription which has given an appearance of a falling off in the popular taking of the loan,—the great body of small takers being unwilling to pay their money unless they receive their notes right in hand, to carry them home. It is expected that after this week the daily subscriptions to the Seven-Thirties will *run up into millions*, as they will undoubtedly be stimulated by the opening of the farmers' wool markets East and West. It is not at all likely that the Government will ever again offer so desirable a security as these notes, and about two hundred millions only remain to be taken.

With the close of the war the national expenses will be vastly reduced, and investors must look for a sharp reduction in the rate of interest as soon as the present loans become due, and can be paid off. There is no reason why the United States credit for *money* should ever again fall below its credit for *courage*. The same spirit that preserved the *geographical* integrity of the country will place its *pecuniary* integrity on a par with that of the most favored nations—and that will represent a rate of interest under rather than over four per cent.

The Secretary of the Treasury has published a correct statement of the public debt, as appears from the books of the Treasurer's returns in the Department on the 31st of May, 1865. The recapitulation shows the amount outstanding, bearing interest in coin, to be eleven hundred and eight million, one hundred and thirteen thousand, eight hundred and forty-two dollars—the interest being sixty-four millions four hundred and eighty thousand four hundred and eighty-nine dollars and fifty cents. The debt bearing interest in lawful money is $153,476,371—the interest being $60,158,384,52. The debt on which interest has ceased is $786,270. The total indebtedness is $2,636,205,753 50. The interest both in gold and paper being $124,638,874. The amount of legal tender notes in circulation is $659,160,559. These include $432,687,966, of the new issue, and $143,620, of the compound interest notes under the act of June 30th, 1864. The uncalled for pay requisitions is $40,000,000, and the amount in Treasury notes is over $25,000,000. The amount of fractional currency is $24,664,000.

The first National Bank of Waynesboro', has declared a semi-annual dividend of five per cent.

—The following are the latest quotations of the sales of stocks and bonds in Philadelphia:

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY
JOS. F. YOUNG & CO., No. 12 MERCHANTS EXCHANGE.

U. S. 81's	100½	Eldorado	½
U. S. 5-20's	103	Farrell Oil	—
Reading R. R int. off	44½	Franklin Oil	—
Penna. Railroad	47	Great Western	—
Catawissa Railroad	12	Germania	—
Catawissa R. R.—Pref.	21	Globe Oil	—
North Penna. Railroad	23½	Rowe's Eddy Oil	—
Phila. & Erie R. R	20	Hibbard	—
Long Island Railroad	—	Hope Island	—
Schuylkill Navigation	21	Hyde Farm	2½
Schuylkill Nav.—Pref.	26½	Irwin Oil	—
Susquehanna Canal	8	Jersey Well	1½
Big Mountain Coal	5	Keystone Oil	¾
Butler Coal	—	Krotzer	—
Clinton Coal	—	Maple Shade Oil	15
Connecticut Mining	—	M'Clintock Oil	2½
Diamond Coal	—	Mineral Oil	½
Fulton Coal	6	Mingo	2½
Feeder Dam Coal	—	M'Elheny	3½
Green Mt. Coal	2	M'Crea & Cherry Run	1½
Keystone Zinc	—	Noble & Delamater	2
Monocacy Iron	—	Oil Creek	4½
N. Y. & Mid. Coal	—	Organic Oil	—
N. Carbondale	—	Olmstead	1½
New Creek Coal	—	Pennsylvania Pet	—
Penn Mining	—	Perry Oil	1½
Swatara Falls Coal	—	Philada and Tideoute	—
Atlas	½	Pope Farm Oil	½
Allegheny River	—	Petroleum Centre	—
Allegheny & Tideoute	—	Phila & Oil Creek	½
Big Tank	1½	Philips	—
Brandon Island	—	Revenue	—
Beacon Oil	—	Roberts Oil	—
Bruner	—	Rock Oil	—
Bull Creek	—	Rathbone Petroleum	—
Briggs Oil	—	Sherman	½
Burning Spring Pet	—	Seneca Oil	—
Continental Oil	—	Story Farm Oil	½
Crescent City	½	Schuylkill & Oil Creek	½
Curtin	—	St. Nicholas	1½
Corn Planter	2	Story Centre	—
Caldwell	2½	Sunbury	—
Cow Creek	—	Tarr Farm	—
Cherry Run	2½	Tarr Homestead	4
Dunkard	½	Turtle Run	—
Dunkard Creek Oil	—	Union Petroleum	½
Densmore	1½	Upper Economy	—
Dalzell	3½	Venango Oil	½
Excelsior Oil	½	Walnut Island	1½
Egbert	2½	Watson	—

MARRIED.

EVERETT—REED.—On the 6th inst., at the residence of the bride's parents, in this place, by the Rev. Dr. Williams, of Pittsburg, Wm. S. Everett, Esq., to Miss Charlotte S. Reed.

REEDY—COPP.—On the 13th inst., at the M. E. Parsonage, Chambersburg, by the Rev. S. H. C. Smith, Mr. J. M. Reedy to Miss Lydia C. Copp, both of Shenandoah county, Va.

CREIGH—BARBER.—On the 6th inst., in West Chester, by Thomas Creigh, D. D., of Mercersburg, James Jacob Creigh, Attorney at Law, to Miss. Emma C., daughter of John Barber, both of West Chester.

DIED.

WALKER.—On the 20th ult., Robert Elliott, son of John H. and Caroline Walker, in the 4th year of his age.

REED.—On the 1st inst., in New Franklin, after a lingering illness endured with Christian resignation, Miss. Susana Reed, aged 50 years, 8 month 1 day.

BURKET.—On the 26th ult., in Fayetteville, of Scarlet Fever, John Barr, son of Frederick and Eliza Burket, aged 7 months and 13 days.

One little grave on earth,
Another angel home:
A sad and lonely heath
But joy in Heaven's high dome.

Gone 'mid the ransomed throng
To bask in Jesus love—
Father, O bear us along,
Till loved ones are united above.

LEADER.—On the 26th ult., at Pokagen, Cass county Michigan, at the residence of his son, Dr. Henry Leader, Maj. Henry Leader, formerly of this place, aged about 79 years.

TOSTEN.—On the 6th inst., near Welsh Run, Rosannah Tosten, aged 29 years, 5 months and 13 days.

MATRIMONIAL.—Ladies and Gentlemen: If you wish to marry you can do so by addressing me. I will send you, without money and without price, valuable information, that will enable you to marry happily and speedily, irrespective of age, wealth or beauty. This information will cost you nothing and if you wish to marry, I will cheerfully assist you. All letters strictly confidential. The desired information sent by return mail, and no reward asked. Please inclose postage or stamped envelope, addressed to yourself. Address, SARAH B. LAMBERT, Greenpoint, Kings Co., New York may24-3m.

EYE AND EAR.—*Prof. J. Isaacs, M. D.*, Occulist and Aurist, formerly of Leyden, Holland, is located permanently at No. 51 *Pine Street, Philadelphia*, where persons afflicted with disease of the Eye or Ear, will be scientifically treated and cured, if curable.

☞ ARTIFICIAL EYES inserted without pain. No charges made for Examination.

N. B.—The medical faculty is invited, as he has no *secrets* in his mode of treatment. july6-ly

QUANTITY VS. QUALITY.—Hembold's Extract Sarsaparilla—The dose is small. Those who desire a large quantity—and large doses of medicine—ERR.

THE BRIDAL CHAMBER.—A note of warning and advice to those suffering with Seminal Weakness, General Debility, or Premature Decay, from whatever cause produced. Read, ponder, and reflect! Be wise in time.

Sent FREE to any address, for the benefit of the afflicted. Sent by return mail. Address JAMES S. BUTLER, 429 Broadway, New York. April19-3m.

WHY Injure the Complexion by Powders and Washes which choke or fill up the pores of the skin, and in a short time leave it harsh and dry? It is in the blood, and if you want smooth and soft skin use Hembold's Extract of Sarsaparilla. It gives a brilliancy to the complexion.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS and unprincipled dealers endeavoring to dispose of their own and other preparations, on the reputation attained by Helmbold's Genuine Preparations.

A GENTLEMAN cured of Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and the effects of youthful indiscretion, will be happy to furnish others with the means of cure. *(free of charge).* This remedy is simple, safe, and certain. *For full particulars*, by return mail, please address JOHN B. OGDEN, 60 Nassau St., New York. june7-3m.

A CLEAR, Smooth Skin and Beautiful Complexion follow the use of Hembold's Concentrated Fluid Extract Sarsaparilla. It removes black spots, pimples, and all eruptions of the skin.

A THING OF BEAUTY IS A JOY FOREVER.—Those who desire brilliancy of complexion, must purify and enrich the blood, which Helmbold's Concentrated Extract Sarsaparilla invariably does. Recollect it is no patent medicine. Ask for Helmbold's. Take no other.

OLD EYES MADE NEW.—A pamphlet directing how to speedily restore sight and give up spectacles, without aid of doctor or medicine. Sent by mail, free, on receipt of 10 cents. Address, E. B. FOOTE, M. D., feb1-6m 1130 Broadway, New York.

HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT BUCHU is the Great Diuretic. Helmbold's Concentrated Extract Sarsaparilla is the Great Blood Purifier. Both are prepared according to rules of Pharmacy and Chemistry, and are the most active that can be made.

REPORT OF THE MARKETS.

Chambersburg Markets.

CHAMBERSBURG, June 13, 1865.

Flour—White	$8 25	Butter	20
Flour—Red	7 75	Eggs	18
Wheat—White	1 40	Lard	18
Wheat—Red	1 25	Tallow	8
Rye	65	Bacon—Hams	20@23
Corn	60	Bacon—Sides	18
Oats	45	Soup Beans	2 25
Clover Seed	15 00	Washed Wool	80
Timothy Seed	3 00	Unwashed Wool	50
Flaxseed	1 75	Pared Peaches	7 00
Potatoes—Mercer	1 35	Unpared Peaches	4 00
Potatoes—Pink Eyes	1 00	Dried Apples	1 50

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

Philadelphia Cattle Market.

PHILADELPHIA, June 13, 1865.

About 1500 head of Cattle arrived and partly sold at 17@18c. for extra; a few choice at 20c; fair to good at 14@16c. and common at from 10@13 ₱ pound, as to quality.

Sheep—5000 head arrived and sold at from 6@6½ cents ₱ lb. gross for clipped. Lambs are selling at $3@9 ₱ head.

Cows—125 head sold at from $30 to $55 for springers, and $35@80 ₱ head for cow and calf.

Hogs—About 1800 head arrived and sold at the different yards at from $11@13 the 100 lbs. net, as to quality.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

Philadelphia Markets.

PHILADELPHIA, June 13, 1865.

Wheat dull; sells slowly at $1,75@180 for red, and $2,10@2,20 for white. Rye sells at 90@95c. Corn—3000 bus. yellow sold at 90@91c. Oats are dull at 70c. Whisky moves slowly at $2,10@2,12.

Flour—A few small lots sold at $6 25 for superfine, $7 25 for extra, and $7 75@8 25 for extra family. No change in Rye Flour or Corn Meal.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

Philadelphia Stock Market.

PHILADELPHIA, June 13.

Stocks steady. Penna. fives, 88 Moris Canal, —; Long Island, —, Reading 47¾, Penna. R. R., 55½; Gold 142½; Exchange in New York par.

New Advertisements.

AT THE SIGN OF THE "RED FLAG," on Second St., 5 doors south of the Market House, you will find FRY & FOLTZ'S.

B. L. MAURER & CO. ARE PREPARED to furnish ALL KINDS of BUILDING and other LUMBER on short notice and reasonable terms. If you wish to build, give us a call, june14

LADIES, a new and Beautiful style "water-fall" Hat, at FRY & FOLTZ'S.

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the subscriber by note or book account, will please pay without delay to John Downey, Fayetteville.
JOSHUA KENNEDY.
Fayetteville, June 14th, 1865-1m

LADIES, the best and prettiest Buckle Gaiters—all kinds at FRY & FOLTZ'S.

POCKET BOOK LOST.—Lost (by a returned wounded soldier.) on Friday, the 2nd instant, either on the road between Greencastle and the residence of my father, or in the cars between Greencastle and Chambersburg a Pocket Book containing two $50 U. S. Bills. A reward of *ten dollars* will be paid for the return of the Book and contents to G. W. Zeigler. june14-2t JONATHAN STINE.

HARVEST SHOES.—The best Shoe for Harvesters—very cheap, at FRY & FOLTZ'S.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration on the Estate of Rev. Joseph Clark, late of Chambersburg, dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said Estate will please make immediate payment; and those having claims present them properly authenticated for settlement.
A. K. M'CLURE, Adm'r.
June14 6t

GENTS, a new and beautiful Buckle Gaiter, every description of Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, at FRY & FOLTZ'S.

ELLEN GOINS, BY HER NEXT Friend, Samuel Keller, vs. George Goins—in the Court of Common Pleas of Franklin county, No. 67, January Term, 1865. Subpœna in Divorce. Returnable to the January Term. Returned *nihil habit.* Alias subpœna to April Term, and same return.

Notice is hereby given to George Goins, the defendant above named, to appear before the Court of Common Pleas of said county, *on the second Monday of August next*, to answer the complaint of the plaintiff above, or be proceeded against according to law.
SAMUEL BRANDT, Sheriff.
June14-4t

PROPOSALS.—Sealed Proposals will be received by the REPOSITORY ASSOCIATION until 12 o'clock on Saturday, July 1st, 1865, for erecting and completing, according to the plans and specifications, a THREE-STORY BRICK BUILDING, on the lot lately owned by the Franklin Hall Association. The plans and specifications can be seen at the REPOSITORY office on and after Monday the 19th of June. Persons bidding for the work must give bonds in the sum of ten thousand dollars, with good sureties, for the faithful fulfilment of the contract. The building must be completed throughout for occupation on or before the 1st of January, 1866.
A. K. M'CLURE,
June14-2t President Repository Association.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE TIMBER LAND.—The undersigned will offer at Public Sale, *on Friday, the 23d day of June, A. D.*, 1865 at 10 o'clock, on the Farm formerly owned by James and Catharine Beatty, dec'd, in Antrim township, about one and a half miles from Marion Railroad station, on the Franklin Railroad, and about one mile from Brown's Mill, adjoining the lands of Hassler, John Grove and Michael *Deal, formerly Grove, Sr.*, THIRTY-ONE ACRES of LIMESTONE LAND, heavily covered with choice TIMBER consisting of Walnut, Oak, Hickory, Ash, and Locust, which will be divided into four lots of about Seven Acres each and one lot of four Acres. Terms made known on the day of sale.
D. O. GEHR.
June14 2t

LETTERS REMAINING UNCLAIMED in the Post Office at Chambersburg, State of Pennsylvania, June 13, 1865.

☞ To obtain any of these Letters, the applicant must call for "advertised Letters," give the date of this list, and pay two cents for advertising.

Adams Miss Hanh	Fisher Mrs	Ovelman Miss H E
Allison Miss Sallie	Flannagen Wm	Reuckert J F
Beal John D	Hawbecker Eman l	Shighter Joseph
Bisecker Miss M A	Harmony John	Small Henry
Breckenridge Miss Emma	Hancock Solomon	Snyder Miss Rubamah
Brown G	Jeffres Wm H	Snyder B Courtney
Bothelt James	Kaufman Jacob	Tanney Miss Kate
Buchannan J W	Keys John F	Todhunter Miss H
Buchanan J	Lippincott J Haines	Tillman Miss
Campbell James E	Lobaugh Mrs Mary	Timmons Mis Ma
Clary Mrs Rebecca	McMoore Mis Lizzie	Linda A
Dehl Lewis	Miller Samuel G	Taylor Geo W
Detriech Jacob	Miller Christopher	Walk Jacob
Eley Mrs Lizzie	Mayberry Miss M	Winger E B & Co
	Myers B	Week Charles

J. W. DEAL, P. M

STATEMENT OF THE ACCOUNT OF the Borough of Chambersburg, from the 4th day of May, 1864, to the 4th day of May, 1865, with the Treasurer of said Borough:

			Dr.
Balance in hands of Treasurer at last settlement			$398 85
Amount of Duplicate for 1864-5		7,371 09	
Errors in Dupl