The Old Flag

A Campaign Paper for the People!

LINCOLN and JOHNSON!

UNION AND FREEDOM!

FOR THE RIGHT OF SUFFRAGE TO SOLDIERS!

The Proprietors of the REPOSITORY will issue,

On Thursday, July 21st,

and weekly thereafter until the full returns of the Presidential election can be given,

THE OLD FLAG:

a neatly printed Campaign paper of TWENTY COLUMNS, devoted exclusively to the election ABRAHAM LINCOLN and ANDREW JOHNSON. It will contain

Portraits of Lincoln and Johnson,

and other eminent men;

MAPS OF BATTLES & BATTLE-FIELDS,

and will wage relentless war upon Copperheads until their decisive discomfiture in November next.

THE OLD FLAG is designed for universal circulation among the People, and will be printed at the lowest possible rates. Two numbers will be issued before the special election to decide upon the amendments to the Constitution allowing our gallant soldiers to vote, and it will earnestly advocate the right of our heroes to cast their suffrages on the field to sustain the sacred cause for which they are periling their lives.

TERMS--CASH IN ADVANCE:

One Copy, - - -	**50 cts.**
10 Copies to one address,	**$4.50**
20 " " "	**8.00**
30 " " "	**10.50**
50 " " "	**15.00**

And at the same rate (30 cents per copy) for any number over fifty.

☞ Let every earnest Union man at once commence to raise a club for his immediate neighborhood, so that all the numbers can by secured.

☞ The first number will contain a Portrait of President Lincoln, and the second will contain a Portrait of Andrew Johnson.

Address M'CLURE & STONER,
Chambersburg, Pa.

SPEECH OF GOV. JOHNSON.

A Union mass meeting was held at Nashville on *Friday night, the 10th inst.*, at which Gov. Johnson was the principal speaker. We find the following report in the Nashville *Times:*

The appearance of Gov. Johnson on the steps of the St. Cloud Hotel was greeted by the vast crowd with loud applause. All were anxious to hear and see the next Vice President of the United States.

After thanking the assembly for the compliment they had bestowed on him, and a few other preliminary remarks, Gov. Johnson proceeded to say that we are engaged in a great struggle for free government in the proper acceptation of the term.

So far as the head of the ticket is concerned, the Baltimore Convention has said, not only to the United States, but to all the nations of the earth, that we are determined to maintain and carry out the principles of free government. [Applause.] That Convention announced and confirmed a principle not to be disregarded. It was that the right of secession, and the power of a State to place itself out of the Union, are not recognized. The Convention had declared this principle by its action. Tennessee had been in rebellion against the Government, and wages a treasonable war against its authority just as other Southern States had done. She had seceded just as other States had, and left the Union as far as she had the power to do so. Nevertheless, the National Convention had declared that a State cannot put itself from under the national authority. It said by its first nomination that the present President, take him altogether, was the man to steer the ship of State for the next four years. [Loud applause.] Next it said—if I may be permitted to speak of myself, not in the way of vanity, but to illustrate a principle—"We will go into one of the rebellious States and choose a candidate for the Vice Presidency." Thus the Union party declared its belief that the rebellious States are still in the Union, and that their loyal citizens are still citizens of the United States. And now there is but one great work for us to do, that is to put down the rebellion. Our duty is to sustain the Government and help it with all our might to crush out a rebellion which is in violation of all that is right and sacred.

Gov. Johnson said he had no impassioned appeals to make to the people in his own behalf. He had not sought the position assigned him by the National Convention. Not a man in all the land can truthfully say that I have asked him to use his influence in my behalf in that body, for the position allotted to me, or for any other. On the contrary, I have avoided the candidacy. But while I have not sought it, still being conferred upon me unsought, I appreciate it the more highly. Being conferred on me without solicitation, I shall not decline it. [Applause.] Come weal or woe, success or defeat, sink or swim, survive or perish, I accept the nomination, on principle, be the consequences what they may. I will do what I believe to be my duty. I know there are those here who profess to feel a contempt for me, and I, on the other hand, feel my superiority to them. I have always understood that there is a sort of exclusive aristocracy about Nashville which affects to contemn all who are not within its little circle. Let them enjoy their opinions. I have heard it said that, "Worth makes the man, and want of it the fellow." This aristocracy has been the bane of the slave States, nor has the North been wholly free from its curse. It is a class which I have always forced to respect me, for I have ever set it at defiance. The respect of the honest intelligent and industrious class I have endeavored win by my conduct as a man. One of the chief elements of this rebellion is the opposition of the slave aristocracy to being ruled by men who have risen from the ranks of the people. This aristocracy hated Mr. Lincoln, because he was of humble origin, a rail-splitter in early life. One of them, the private secretary of Howell Cobb, said to me one day, after a long conversation, "We people of the South will not submit to be governed by a man who has come up from the ranks of the common people, as Abe Lincoln has." He uttered the essential feeling and spirit of this Southern rebellion. Now, it has just occurred to me, if this aristocracy is so violently opposed to being governed by Mr. Lincoln, what in the name of conscience will it do with Lincoln and Johnson? [Great laughter.] I reject with scorn this whole idea of an arrogant aristocracy. I believe that man is capable of self-government, irrespective of his outward circumstances, and whether he be a laborer, a shoemaker, a tailor, or a grocer. The question is whether man is capable of self-government. I hold with Jefferson, that government was made for the convenience of man, and not man for the government. The laws and constitutions were designed as mere instruments to promote his welfare. And hence, from this priciple, I conclude that governments can and ought to be changed and amended to conform to the wants, to the requirements and progress of the people, and the enlightened spirit of the age. [Loud applause.] Now, if any of your Secessionists have lost faith in man's capability of self-government, and feel unfit for the exercise of this great right, go straight to rebeldom, take Jeff. Davis, Beauregard, and Bragg for your masters, and put their collars on your necks.

And here let me say that now is the time to recur to these fundamental principles, while the land is rent with anarchy and upheaves with the throes of a mighty revolution. While society is in this disordered state, and we are seeking security, let us fix the foundations of the Government on principles of eternal justice which will endure for all time. There is an element in our midst who are for perpetuating the institution of slavery. Let me say to you, Tennesseeans and men from the Northern States, that slavery is dead. It was not murdered by me. I told you long ago what the result would be if you endeavored to go out of the Union to save slavery, and that the result would be bloodshed, rapine, devastated fields, plundered villages and cities; and therefore I urged you to remain in the Union. In trying to save slavery you killed it and lost your own freedom. Your slavery is dead, but I did not murder it. As Macbeth said to Banquo's bloody ghost,

Never shake thy gory locks at me,—
Thou canst not say I did it.

Slavery is dead, and you must pardon me if I do not mourn over its dead body; you can bury it out of sight. In restoring the State leave out that disturbing and dangerous element, and use only those parts of the machinery which will move in harmony.

Now, in regard to emancipation, I want to say to the blacks that liberty means liberty to work and enjoy the fruits of your labor. Idleness is not freedom. I desire that all men shall have a fair start and an equal chance in the race of life, and let him succeed who has the most merit. This, I think, is a principle of heaven. I am for emancipation for two reasons, first because it is right in itself, and second, because in the emancipation of the slaves, we break down an odious and dangerous aristocracy. I think that we are freeing more whites than blacks in Tennessee. I want to see slavery broken up, and when its barriers are thrown down, I want to see industrious, thrifty emigrants pouring in from all parts of the country. Come on! We need your labor, your skill, your capital. We want your enterprise and invention, so that hereafter Tennessee may rank with New England in the arts and mechanics, and that when we visit the Patent Office, at Washington, where the ingenious mechanics of the free States have placed their models, we need not blush that Tennessee can show nothing but a mousetrap, or something of about as much importance. Come on! We greet you with a hearty welcome to the soil of Tennessee. Here is soil the most fertile in every agricultural product; a delightful and healthy climate, forests, water power, and mines of inexhaustible richness; come and help us redeem Tennessee, and make her a powerful and flourishing State.

But in calling a convention to restore the State, who shall restore and re-establish it? Shall the man who gave his influence and his means to destroy the Government? Is he to participate in the great work of re-organization? Shall he who brought this misery upon the State be permitted to control its destinies. If this be so, then all this precious blood of our brave soldiers and officers, so freely poured out, will have been wantonly spilled. All the glorious victories won by our noble armies will go for nought, and all the battle-fields which have been sown with dead heroes during this rebellion will have been made memorable in vain. Why all this carnage and devastation? It was that treason might be put down and traitors punished. Therefore I say that traitors should take a back seat in the work of restoration. If there be but five thousand men in Tennessee loyal to the Constitution, loyal to freedom, loyal to justice, these true and faithful men should control the works of re-organization and reformation absolutely. [Loud and prolonged applause.] I say that the traitor has ceased to be a citizen, and in joining the rebellion has become a public enemy. He forfeited his right to vote with loyal men when he renounced his citizenship and sought to destroy our Government. We say to the most honest and industrious foreigner who comes from England or Germany to dwell among us, and to add to the wealth of the country, "Before you can be a citizen you must stay here for five years." If we are so cautious about foreigners, who voluntarily renounce their homes to live with us, what should we say to the traitor, who, although born and reared among us, has raised a parricidal hand against the Government which always protected him? My judgment is, that he should be subjected to a severe ordeal before he is restored to citizenship. A fellow who takes the oath merely to save his property, and denies the validity of the oath, is a perjured man, and not to be trusted. Before these repenting rebels can be trusted let them bring forth the fruits of repentance. He who helped to make all these widows and orphans who drape the streets of Nashville in mourning, should suffer for his great crime.—The work is in our own hands. We can destroy this rebellion. With Grant thundering on the Potomac, before Richmond, and Sherman and Thomas on their march toward Atlanta, the day will ere long be ours. Will any madly persist in rebellion? Suppose that an equal number be slain in every battle, it is plain that the result must be the utter extermination of the rebels. Ah, these rebel leaders have a strong personal reason for holding out to save their necks from the halter. And these leaders must feel the power of the Government. Treason must be made odious, and traitors must be punished and impoverished. Their great plantations must be seized and divided into small farms, and sold to honest, industrious men.—The day for protecting the lands and negroes of these authors of rebellion is past. It is high time it was. I have been most deeply pained at some things which have come under my observation. We get men in command who, under the influence of flattery, fawning and caressing, grant protection to the rich traitor, while the poor Union man stands out in the cold, often unable to get a receipt or a voucher for his losses. [Cries of "That's so!" from all parts of the crowd.] The traitor can get lucrative contracts, while the loyal man is pushed aside, unable to obtain a recognition of his just claims. I am telling the truth. I care nothing for stripes and shoulder-straps. I want them all to hear what I say. I have been on a gridiron for two years at the sight of these abuses. I blame not the Government for these wrongs, which are the work of weak or faithless subordinates. Wrongs will be committed under every form of goverment and every administration. For myself I mean to stand by the Government till the flag of the Union shall wave over every city, town, hill-top and cross-roads, in its full power and majesty. The nations of Europe are anxious for our overthrow. France takes advantage of our internal difficulties and sends Maximilian off to Mexico to set up a monarchy on our borders. The day of reckoning is approaching. The time is not far distant when the rebellion will be put down, and then we will attend to this Mexican affair, and say to Louis Napoleon, "You can set up no monarchy on this continent." [Great applause.] An expedition into Mexico would be a sort of recreation to the brave soldiers who are now fighting the battles of the Union, and the French concern would quickly be wiped out. Let us be united. I know that there are but two parties now, one for the country, and the other against it, and I am for my country.

I am a Democrat in the strictest meaning of the term. I am for this Government, because it is Democratic—a Government of the people. I am for putting down this rebellion, because it is war against Democracy. He who stands off stirring up discontent in this State and higgling about negroes, is practically in the rebel camp, and encourages treason. He who in Indiana or Ohio makes war upon the Government out of regard to slavery is just as bad. The salvation of the country is now the only business which concerns the patriot.

In conclusion, let us give our thanks, not formal, but heartfelt thanks, to those gallant officers and soldiers who have come to our rescue, and delivered us from the rebellion. And tho' money be expended, though life be lost, though towns and cities be desolatee, let the war for the Union go on, and the stars and stripes be bathed, if need be, in a nation's blood, till law be restored and freedom firmly established.

Gov. Johnson retired amid loud and continued cheering, and the large crowd dispersed to their homes.

Real Estate Sales.

FARM FOR SALE.—A valuable Farm, containing 118 ACRES and 82 PERCHES of first-rate LIMESTONE LAND, situate in Montgomery township, Franklin county, Pa., within 2½ miles of Mercersburg, and ½ mile from the Turnpike leading to Greencastle, bounded by lands of Dr. J. M. Heister, Noah Myers and others. The above described Farm is in a high state of cultivation, and over 500 panels of good Post Fence. The improvements are a new two-storied BRICK HOUSE, with good Log Kitchen and Dining Room attached, a good Double Log Barn, sheeded all around, with two floors, Brick Granery, good Carriage House, Wagon Shed, Smoke House, &c. A good thriving Orchard of first-rate Grafted Fruit, a never-failing Well of Water with Pump in the yard, and Running Water convenient for stock. A small portion of said Farm is of good TIMBER. There is also good Water Power and Mill Seat on said premises. Also, about 17 ACRES of good TIMBER LAND, about ¼ mile from said Farm, which will be sold with or without the above, to suit purchasers. If the above property is not sold at Private Sale before the *1st of September*, it will be sold at Public Outcry on that day. Any person wishing to view said premises can do so by calling on the undersigned, Executor, residing on said Farm.

JAMES WITHERSPOON,
may18-ts] Ex'r of John Witherspoon, dec'd.
[Lancaster Examiner copy 3t and send bill for col.]

FARM FOR SALE.—Containing 133 ACRES of good SLATE LAND, and nearly all fresh Limed. Bounded by lands of Daniel Miller, Abram and Noah Myers. The above Farm is in a good state of cultivation, with over 300 panels of good Post Fence. The improvements are a good LOG HOUSE, good Log and Frame Barn, sheaded with Wagon Shed and Corn Crib. A good Young Orchard of choice Fruit and a never-failing Well, with Pump, in the yard. About 20 Acres of above Farm is covered with good TIMBER. This Dwelling is a very pleasant and comfortable situation, about 3 miles from Mercersburg, on the road leading to the Corner. The above Farm, if not sold at private before, will be offered at Public Sale *on the 1st day of September*, when an indisputable title will be given by the undersigned, Executor.

JAMES O. CARSON,
Executor of the Estate of John Little, dec'd.

☞ Any person wishing to view said farm can do so by calling on the subscriber, residing about ½ mile from said Farm.

may18-ts JAMES WITHERSPOON.
[Lancaster Examiner copy 3t and send bill for col.]

VALUABLE FARM AT PRIVATE SALE.—The undersigned will offer at Private Sale, his FARM, situated in Lurgan township, Franklin county, Pa., adjoining lands of John E. and John M'Clay, Daniel Clippinger, Joseph Mowers and others, near the Conodoguinett creek, and about 5 miles from Shippensburg. Containing 268 ACRES of good SLATE LAND, well limed. 70 acres of this tract is well TIMBERED, 25 acres in MEADOW and the balance in a high state of cultivation, all in excellent order and well fenced. The improvements are a two storied log WEATHER-BOARDED HOUSE, new Bank Barn 72 feet long, wagon shed and all other necessary and convenient out-buildings. There is a Well of never failing Water at the door and two ORCHARDS of choice Fruit on the premises. *There is also a good* TENANT HOUSE on the farm with a Well of Water convenient and all necessary out-buildings. Persons wishing to view the Farm can do so by calling on the subscriber, living in Hamilton township, or on John E. M'Clay, adjoining the farm.

june8-tf JOHN ZOOK.

VALUABLE STEAM TANNERY FOR SALE.—The undersigned will sell at Private Sale, his TANNERY, known as the Corner Tannery, with Steam and Water Power, SAW-MILL, Chopping-Mill, Stocks for breaking hides, &c. The Tannery has 8 Leeches, 32 Vats, 2 Limes and Water Pool, and is capable of tanning 800 heavy hides a year. There are two LOG DWELLING HOUSES, Barn, Stable and other necessary out-buildings connected with the Tannery, and about 60 Acres cleared, with good fruit. He will sell any quantity of land with the Tannery, from 100 to 700 Acres. Over 600 Acres are Timber, and an ample supply of Chestnut Oak Bark to run the Tannery for fifty years. It is situated about 7 miles South-east of Mercersburg, on Licking Creek. Terms made easy. For further particulars address the undersigned, at Mercersburg, Franklin co., Pa. [aug12-tf] C. METCALF.

IMPORTANT TO IRON MANUFACTURERS AND STOCK RAISERS.—I will sell at Private Sale, 1,300 ACRES OF PATENTED LAND, situated in St. Thomas township, Franklin county, Pa., on the Public Road leading from Guyer's Tavern to Loudon, *6 miles from the latter place.* About 100 Acres of this tract are cleared, the balance covered with thriving Chestnut and other TIMBER, which would answer for Cord-wood or Rails. There is also good appearance of IRON ORE on the premises. Coal hearths are leveled on most of the Timber land. The improvements are a LOG HOUSE, Log Barn and 4 Tenant Houses, and a good Apple Orchard, Peach, Cherry and Pear Trees. Also—A SAW MILL and CHOPPING MILL, *in good running order*, with 18 feet of head and full. This property would afford a good opportunity to make money. For terms apply to the subscriber, residing on the premises. [feb3-tf] FRED'K GILBERT.

PUBLIC SALE.—In pursuance of an Order of the Orphans' Court of Franklin county, Pa., *the* undersigned, Administrator of the Estate of Samuel Filson, late of Guilford township, dec'd, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, *on Saturday, the 25th day of June next*, the following valuable Real Estate, viz: The TAVERN STAND in the Village of Marion, now kept by Mrs. Elizabeth Filson—and doing a very fair business—with TWO ACRES OF LAND annexed. The HOUSE is well located, is in good repair, and has all conveniences necessary for the accommodation of the traveling public. The Land is of good quality, and the greater part of it covered with an excellent ORCHARD.

☞ Sale to commence at 2 o'clock, P. M., when the terms will be made known by

june 1-4t* C. H. M'KNIGHT, Adm'r.

SMALL FARM FOR SALE.—The subscriber will sell at Private Sale, the SMALL FARM on which he now resides, situate in Antrim township, Franklin county, about six miles from Greencastle, on the Cashtown road, adjoining lands of Samuel Myers and others, containing about 40 ACRES, all cleared land, in good order and under good fence. There is a YOUNG ORCHARD of thrifty trees on the place, and a Well of excellent Water. The improvements consist of a two-story LOG DWELLING HOUSE, a Bank Barn 42 feet long, and well finished, and all other necessary out-buildings. Possession will be given on the 1st of April, 1864. Terms will be made known on application to the subscriber, residing on the premises.

oct21-tf SAMUEL C. KRIDER.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE IN the borough of M'Connellsburg, Fulton county, Pa. Large Double TWO STORY HOUSE, Eleven Rooms, Kitchen, Wash House, &c.; TWO LOTS OF GROUND, choice Fruit and Shrubbery; Stabling for thirty-five horses. Location and buildings suitable for a Hotel, having been used as a Tavern for a number of years. First-rate Well of water at the door. All in good order. The subscriber will sell at a bargain and give possession at any time. For information call on or address

ROBERT AULTZ,
may11-tf] M'Connellsburg, Fulton County, Pa.
☞ Geo. A. Smith, Esq., my Attorney, will give all necessary information in my absence. R. A.

VALUABLE TOWN PROPERTY FOR SALE.—The HOUSE and LOT on West Market street, Chambersburg, now occupied by Hon. F. M. Kimmell, is offered at private sale. For price and terms apply to JOHN M. M'DOWELL.

may23-tf

TAVERN STAND AT PRIVATE SALE.—I will sell or exchange the INDIAN QUEEN HOTEL for property in Chambersburg or vicinity. [ap20-tf] JOHN W. TAYLOR.

KEROSENE LANTERNS,
Kerosene Lamps,
Kerosene Oil, at
feb17. BOYD'S Grocery.

JOB PRINTING in every style done at the Office of the FRANKLIN REPOSITORY.

Financial.

U. S. 10-40 BONDS.—These Bonds are issued under the Act of Congress of March 3th, 1861, which provides that all Bonds issued under this Act shall be EXEMPT FROM TAXATION by or under any state or municipal authority. Subscriptions to these Bonds are received in United States notes or notes of National Banks. They are TO BE REDEEMED IN COIN, at the pleasure of the Government, at any period *not less than ten nor more than forty years* from their date, and until their redemption FIVE PER CENT. INTEREST WILL BE PAID IN COIN, on Bonds of not over one hundred dollars annually and all other Bonds semi-annually. The interest is payable on the first days of March and September in each year.

Subscribers will receive either Registered or Coupon Bonds, as they may prefer. Registered Bonds are recorded on the books of the U. S. Treasurer, and can be transferred only on the owner's order. Coupon Bonds are payable to order, and are more convenient for commercial uses.

Subscribers to this loan will have the option of having their Bonds draw interest from March 1st, by paying the accrued interest in coin—(or in United States notes, or the notes of National Banks, adding fifty per cent. for premium,) or receive them drawing interest from the date of subscription and deposit. As these Bonds are

Exempt from Municipal or State Taxation,

their value is increased from one to three per cent. per annum, according to the rate of tax levies in various parts of the country.

At the present rate of premium on gold they pay

OVER EIGHT PER CENT. INTEREST

in currency, and are of equal convenience as a permanent and temporary investment.

It is believed that no securities offer so great inducements to lenders as the various descriptions of U. S. Bonds. In all other forms of indebtedness, the faith and ability of private parties or stock companies or separate communities only is pledged for payment, while for the debts of the United States the whole property of the country is holden to secure the payment of both principle and interest in coin.

These Bonds may be subscribed for in sums from $60 up to any magnitude, on the same terms, and are thus made equally available to the smallest lender and the largest capitalist. They can be converted into money at any moment, and the holder will have the benefit of the interest.

It may be useful to state in this connection that the total Funded Debt of the United States on which interest is payable in gold, on the 3d day of March, 1864, was $768,975,000. The interest on this debt for the coming fiscal year will be $45,937,126, while the customs revenue in gold for the current fiscal year ending June 30th, 1864, has been so far at the rate of over $100,000,000 per annum.

It will be seen that even the present gold revenues of the Government are largely in excess of the wants of the Treasury for the payment of gold interest, while the recent increase of the tariff will doubtless raise the annual receipts from customs on the same amount of importations, to $150,000,000 per annum.

Instructions to the National Banks acting as loan agents were not issued from the United States Treasury until March 25, but in the first three weeks of April the subscriptions averaged more than TEN MILLIONS A WEEK.

Subscriptions will be received by the.
First National Bank of Philadelphia, Pa.
Second National Bank of Philadelphia, Pa.
Third National Bank of Philadelphia, Pa.
AND BY ALL NATIONAL BANKS
which are depositaries of Public money, and all
RESPECTABLE BANKS AND BANKERS
throughout the country, (acting as agents of the National Depository Banks,) will furnish further information on application and,
AFFORD EVERY FACILITY TO SUBSCRIBERS. [may4-2m

EXHIBIT OF THE RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES of the Franklin County Mutual Insurance Company, from May 1st, 1863, till May 1st 1864:

RECEIPTS.

Premiums paid on Policies, embracing No. 3,132	$1,054 33
Received from John Grove, Collector, on Assessments Nos. 1 and 2	854 50
Balance in hands of Treasurer May 1st, '63	1,138 87
Balance due Treasurer	236 65
	$3,283 35

EXPENDITURES.

1864. Feb'y 4. Paid John D. Van Lear, Jr., and Joseph Van Lear's heirs, on loss by fire	1,420 00
Feb'y 29. Paid Andrew Detor on loss by fire	1,600 00
Mar. 14. Paid Peter Feldman, hire	4 00
May 2. Paid J. B. Cook and others, holding election	3 00
Secretary's salary	100 00
Treasurers commission	156 35
	$3,283 35

Number of Policies	1125
Amount of Premium Notes	$124,730 07
Amount Insured	1,593,192 88

june8 WM. M'LELLAN, Treasurer.

NOTICE.—The Books of ETTER & HAMILTON are placed in the hands of H. B. DAVISON, Esq., for immediate collection. Please call before further costs are added.

june1 4t ETTER & HAMILTON.

Wants.

WANTED—A good TANNER. Good wages and steady employment will be given. Apply to the undersigned, near Mercersburg.

ap27-tf C. METCALF.

A GOOD, PRACTICAL BAR-TENDER can get employment at the Indian Queen Hotel, Chambersburg, Pa.

june15-3t* JOHN W. TAYLOR.

1864 "COSTAR'S"
RAT, ROACH, &c.
EXTERMINATORS.
"15 years established in N. Y. City."
"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

☞ Sold by all Druggists everywhere.
☞ !!! Beware !!! of all worthless imitations.
☞ "Costar's" Depot, No. 482 Broadway, N. Y.
☞ Sold by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists in Chambersburg, Pa. [mar9-8m

COUSIN LIZZIE'S LITTLE JOKER. A bright, sparkling little journal which every little boy and girl (and older ones, too) should subscribe for. It is well filled with interesting matter and will give satisfaction to all who are not *very* hard to please. Terms, 25 cents a year. Address "COUSIN LIZZIE," No. 48 Ann St. New York.

ma25y-3m

JOHN C. HOPKINS. JOHN M'ELVENEY
JOHN C. HOPKINS & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
CHINA, GLASS AND QUEENSWARE,
No. 612 Market Street, Philadelphia.
For further particulars apply to S. S. SHRYOCK, Chambersburg, Pa. se23-1y.

Hotels.

FRANKLIN HOTEL.
EAST SIDE OF CARLISLE STREET,
GREENCASTLE, PA.

The undersigned respectfully announces to the Traveling Public that this Hotel has been *remodelled.* The ROOMS are large and comfortable, and are all well furnished with good new Furniture. Persons stopping at this Hotel can have either Double or Single Rooms, with or without Fire in them. The TABLE is always supplied with the best in the market, and his BAR filled with the choicest Liquors.

There are also a fine LOT and a pair of HAY and STOCK SCALES connected with the Hotel, for he accommodation of Drovers and Butchers.

His STABLE will always be provided with good, wholesome Provender for stock, and attended by careful Ostlers.

june1-3m JOHN H. ADAMS, Proprietor.

UNION HOTEL.—This Hotel is situated on the corner of Main and Queen Streets, Chambersburg, Pa.

The undersigned respectfully announces to the traveling public that this Hotel has been remodled. It has been raised to THREE STORIES in height. A fine three story Back Building has been added to it, giving an immense amount of room for the accommodation of the public generally. The Rooms are large and comfortable, numbering in all, thirty-five. They are all well furnished with good New Furniture. Persons stopping at this Hotel can have either double or single rooms, with or without fire in them. The Table is always supplied with the BEST in the MARKET, and will seat over 100 persons.

THE BAR is filled with the *Choicest Liquors.* The Stable is two stories, of the most modern style, and the best in the Borough of Chambersburg.

june17, 63 JOHN FISHER, Proprietor.

WHITE SWAN HOTEL, *North Main Street, Chambersburg, Pa.*—Having purchased this well-known Hotel, (long known as Miller's, and recently as Grove's,) the Proprietor pledges himself that no pains shall be spared to minister to the wants of his guests.

HIS TABLE will at all times be spread with the luxuries and substantials of the season.

HIS CHAMBERS are large, well ventilated, and fitted up in modern style.

HIS BAR will be well supplied with a large and choice selection of the very best Liquors.

HIS STABLE will always be provided with good, wholesome Provender for Stock, and attended by careful Ostlers.

There are also TWO LOTS and a pair of HAY and STOCK SCALES connected with the Hotel, for the accommodation of Drovers and Butchers.

ap6,64] DANIEL TROSTLE.

JONES HOUSE,
Corner Market Street and Market Square,
HARRISBURG, PA.

The subscriber would most respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Chambersburg and the surrounding country to the accommodations of the JONES HOUSE, assuring them they will find every thing that can contribute to their comfort and convenience.

The House is located far enough from the Depot to avoid the noise and confusion incident to railroad stations, and at the same time only a few minutes walk from the same.

☞ An Omnibus will be found at the Depot on the arrival of each train.

m27-3m C. H. MANN, Proprietor.

FRANKLIN HOTEL.—*West side of the Public Square*, Chambersburg, Pa.—The subscriber would respectfully inform the Traveling Community that he has leased and taken possession of this Commodious Hotel. He hopes to make it one of the most desirable places for strangers and others to stop that can be found in any country town.

The character heretofore sustained by the House as a comfortable Home for the Sojourner, shall not suffer in my hands if a constant effort to please and accommodate will sustain it.

No pains will be spared to render entire satisfaction to all his guests; and pledging himself to endeavor to please all, he solicits a liberal share of the public patronage. [ap6,64] WM. G. M'NULTY.

DAVID H. HUTCHISON has become the Proprietor of the UNITED STATES HOTEL, near the Railroad Depot at HARRISBURG, Pa. This popular and commodious Hotel has been newly refitted and furnished throughout its parlors and chambers, and is now ready for the reception of guests.

The traveling public will find the United States Hotel the most convenient, in all particulars, of any Hotel in the State Capital, on account of its access to the railroad, being immediately between the two great depots in this city.

HARRISBURG, June 17, '63-tf.

INDIAN QUEEN HOTEL, *Main Street,* Chambersburg, Pa. JOHN W. TAYLOR, Proprietor. Fine accommodations and low charges.

☞ *Stock Yards* and *Scales* are connected with the premises for the convenience of Drovers. Also, Extensive Stabling and Yards for Horses and Carriages. [June 17, '63.

Military Notices.

MILITARY CLAIMS.—*To all whom it may concern.*—The undersigned Board of Appraisers appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County, (see act of 22d April, 1863,) to investigate the claims arising from the Stuart raid, the militia claims, and the Anderson Cavalry impressment claims, all occuring in the year 1862, in Southern border counties of Pennsylvania; have now so far as regards the Stuart raid claims concluded their labors; having returned cases to the number of four hundred and fifty (450) to the Honorable the above mentioned court. The Anderson Cavalry and Militia claims remain to be heard. But the same having both been reported upon by Commissioners appointed by His Excellency Gov. Curtin. A law is now in the course of passage through the Legislature (having passed the House and being at present under consideration in the Senate) whereby the action of the said Commissioners shall be legalized if upon examination by the present Board the same shall be found to be just. The Legislative action will be determined at the adjourned session to be held in August next.

Now, therefore, this is to give notice to all persons having certificates of adjudicated claims under the Anderson Cavalry impressment and Militia damages, respectively, returned by Messrs. D. O. Gehr and Samuel Reisher in the Anderson Cavalry cases, and Messrs. W. H. M'Dowell and Chas. M. Burnett in the Militia cases aforesaid; that they deposit the said certificates with Messrs. M'Lellan & Kimmell, said Attorneys being duly authorized to receive and register the same for consideration by the said the undersigned Board of Appraisers, when the current legislation shall have been duly ascertained. Cases may be marked for appeal should such be the desire of any of the claimants, but appeals must be substantiated by the clearest evidence to be successful as confidence is entertained to a high degree by this Board in the justice and probity of the Commissioners before named. Should the legislative action prove to vary from what is anticipated, due notice will be given immediately after the adjournment of the Legislature, for the hearing of said claims in accordance with the statute aforesaid passed April 22d A. D., 1863.

A. O. HEISTER,
JAMES WORRALL,
WM. CLARK,
Board of Appraisers under the Act of April 22nd, 1863. june1-3m

HEADQUARTERS OF PROVOST MARSHAL, SIXTEENTH DISTRICT PENNA., Chambersburg, June 7th, 1864.

Drafted men are not allowed to enlist as Volunteers after being drafted. Where any such enlist after draft, the credits will go to the township from which they were drafted, even although local bounty has been paid them by some other locality.

GEO. EYSTER,
june8-3t Capt. and Pro. Mar. 16th Dist. Pa.

Legal Notices.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that Letters Testamentary to the Estate of Hon. James Nill, late of the Borough of Chambersburg, dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned, residing in said Borough.

All persons knowing themselves indebted to said Estate will please make immediate payment; and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

SAMUEL MYERS, } Ex'rs.
june8 T. J. NILL,

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that Letters Testamentary to the Estate of Catharine Snider, late of Hamilton township, have been granted to the undersigned, residing in said township.

All persons knowing themselves indebted to said Estate will please make immediate payment; and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

may18 JOHN N. SNIDER, Ex'r.

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE a large lot of HOOP SKIRTS, direct from the manufactory, at

june8 METCALFE & HITESHEW'S.

Legal Notices.

A JOINT RESOLUTION PROPOSING CERTAIN AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION.—*Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met,* That the following amendments be proposed to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article thereof:

There shall be an additional section to the third article of the Constitution, to be designated as section four, as follows:

"SECTION 4. Whenever any of the qualified electors of this Commonwealth shall be in any actual military service, under a requisition from the President of the United States, or by the authority of this Commonwealth, such electors may exercise the right of suffrage in all elections by the citizens, under such regulations as are, or shall be, prescribed by law, as fully as if they were present at their usual place of election."

SECTION 2. There shall be two additional sections to the eleventh article of the Constitution, to be designated as sections eight, and nine, as follows:

"SECTION 8. No bill shall be passed by the Legislature, containing more than one subject, which shall be clearly expressed in the title, except appropriation bills."

"SECTION 9. No bill shall be passed by the Legislature granting any powers, or privileges, in any case, where the authority to grant such powers, or privileges, has been, or may hereafter be, conferred upon the courts of this Commonwealth."

HENRY C. JOHNSON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JOHN P. PENNEY,
Speaker of the Senate.

OFFICE OF THE SEC'Y OF THE COMMONWEALTH, HARRISBURG, April 25, 1864.

PENNSYLVANIA, SS:

I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of the original Joint Resolution of the General Assembly, entitled "A Joint Resolution proposing certain amendments to the Constitution," as the same remains on file in this office.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Secretary's office to be affixed, the day and year above written. ELI SLIFER,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

The above Resolution having been agreed to by a majority of the members of each House, at two successive sessions of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, the proposed amendments will be submitted to the people, for their adoption or rejection, ON THE FIRST TUESDAY OF AUGUST, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article of the Constitution, and the act, entitled "An Act prescribing the time and manner of submitting to the people, for their approval and ratification or rejection, the proposed amendments to the Constitution," approved the twenty-third day of April, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

ELI SLIFER,
may4-13t] Secretary of the Commonwealth.

MARY FERRY, BY HER NEXT friend, Alexanker Fahnestock, vs. Edmund Ferry:—In the Court of Common Pleas of Franklin County, Pa., to January term, 1864, No. 68, Sub. in Divorce, to April term, 1864, No. 18, returned *Nihil habet.*

To EDMUND FERRY:—You are hereby notified to be and appear before the Judges of our Court of Common Pleas, at Chambersburg, in and for the County of Franklin, *on the second Monday of August, A. D.* 1864, being the 8th day of said month, to answer the matters charged against you in said libel for divorce.

june15-4t SAMUEL BRANDT, Sheriff.

BANK OF CHAMBERSBURG, June 4, 1864.—A meeting of the Stockholders of this Bank will be held at the Banking House, *on Tuesday, the 5th of July next*, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to consider the question of becoming an Association for carrying on the business of Banking under the laws of the United States. The Act of the General Assembly of this State, approved January 6th, 1864, extending the Charter of this Bank for five years *from the expiration of its present Charter, May 1st,* 1865, will also be submittid to the meeting.

By order of the Board,

june8-4t G. R. MESSERSMITH, Cashier.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration on the Estate of John S. Ludwig, late of Chambersburg, dec'd, have been granted to the subscriber.

All persons knowing themselves indebted to said Estate will please make immediate payment; and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

june15 GEORGE LUDWIG, Adm'r.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration on the Estate of Allen Nesbit, late of Fannett township, dec'd, have been granted to the subscriber, residing in said township.

All persons knowing themselves indebted to said Estate will please make immediate payment; and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

june15 ABRAHAM ELDER, Adm'r.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration on the Estate of John Witherow, Esq., late of Metal township, dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned, residing in Fannettsburg.

All persons knowing themselves indebted to said Estate will please make immediate payment; and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN H. WITHEROW, } Adm'rs.
may25 WM. S. HARRIS.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration to the Estate of Joanna K. Davis, late of the Borough of Chambersburg, dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned, residing in said Borough.

All persons knowing themselves indebted to said Estate will please make immediate payment; and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

may25-6t* W. S. EVERETT, Adm'r.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is